"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Cloudy today; Sunday, rain; moderate, variable winds, becoming east and increasing.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,953. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

POWERFUL REDS AID MRS. SHERIDAN, SUSPECTED AS SPY

She Gets Safely Out of Russia, Hearing at the Last the Story of the Czar's Dethronement.

VANDERLIP'S HUGE CHECKS

They May Still Be Printing Paper Rubles to Pay for His Birds of Paradise.

VIEW OF THIEVES' MARKET

And How Trotzky's Wife Was Caught in a Raid on It — How Woman Fares Under Sovietism.

[This is the fifth and last instalment of the diary of a visit to Russia by Mrs. Clare Sheridan, the English sculptress.]

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—In concluding her diary Mrs. Clare Sheridan relates her parting adventures and impressions in Russia:

"Oct. 31 (continued).—This evening Litvinoff gave a banquet for the departing Chinese General. It was a great event. The dishes as they appeared were like the things we have seen in dreams. The party consisted, besides the General, of three of his staff, two interpreters, one being professor of Chinese at the University of Petrograd; Tchitcherin, Karahan and his wife, Vanderlip, Rothstein and myself.

"We were invited for 9 P. M., but it was half-past eleven before we began, in true Russian fashion, two hours and a half late. It was for Tchitcherin we had to wait. He has no idea of time.

"The hours preceding were rather tedious as conversation through an interpreter is not a success. One Chinaman talked French. He was President of the Union of Chinese Workers. I sat between him and Litvinoff at dinner.

"Litvinoff did the host extremely well and was clever in placing us all. He created so many posts of honor that every one felt gratified. He put Tchitcherin at the head of the table, so that the General and W. D. Vanderlip, on either side of him, felt they were guests of honor. He put me on one side of him and Mrs. Karahan at the end of the table opposite Tchitcherin.

"I ate so many excellent hors d'oeuvres, thinking I was never going to eat again and that nothing else was coming, that I had little room left for anything else. It was a joy to have fresh salad and cauliflower, and even when one could eat no more it was a joy to look at the dishes.

Happy Servant All Dressed Up.

"Our old man servant was awfully happy. He had on a collar and tie and was washed, and organized everything beautifully. He had got out even salt cellars and cut glass decanters, and I suppose he just felt he was back in the old pre-revolution days and serving his master's friends. He took intense pride in it all. We had our jokes with him. As he went by handing me a dish of boeuf a la mode he said 'Magnifique!' Litvinoff was reprimanded by him for using his knife for his vegetables and was told he would not get another. When the apple dumplings came round I was done, quite. I said to the old man after: 'Tomorrow I do hope we get some remains.'

"Then followed speeches. Anything more deplorable to listen to without understanding than Russian being translated into Chinese and vice versa is hard to imagine. Tchitcherin spoke for quite a long time. The Chinese General's face was immovable. After the professor had translated, the General replied, with much the same sort of face.

"After dinner we adjourned to Karahan's big rooms opposite. Tchitcherin was evidently embarrassed at meeting me again. I had no feelings on the subject and merely laughed. I said jokingly: 'Kamerade Tchitcherin, you have treated me very badly.' He was again quite flustered.

"Nov. 2—Felt ill, symptoms of abdominal typhus. Panic on the part of my friends. They say they do not want to lay my body under the Kremlin wall. If they do, I have told them, I don't mind speeches, but I would like a prayer.

"The answer to that was, 'Are you really croyante?'

"'Well,' I said, 'there are two children praying every night that I may return safe and soon, and the thought of that gives me a certain security.'

"'What! You teach your children to pray?'

"'But surely they must have something to guide them as they start life?'

"'You should teach them reality and not fantasy.'

"'It is not fantasy to believe in a Divine power.'

"'You should believe only in your own power.'

"This is a conversation I have had as the result of my slight indisposition. It is a conversation that confirms the general idea I have met in others since I have been here. I know these men are idealists and selfless, but I did not know these qualities could go hand in hand with atheism. On this point my friend corrected me. He did not even want to be regarded as an idealist. That was too unpractical.

"'We are idealistic materialists,' he said.

"To prove their tolerance of religious thought the churches are all open, but

Continued on Page Two.

Tonight at THE PLAZA
Army-Navy Night in the Grill Room. Tea Dances in Rose Room and Grill Room.—Advt.

To Test Anti-Cigarette Law Of Kansas in Supreme Court

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 26. — The Kansas anti-cigarette law will be tested before the Supreme Court of the United States, attorneys announced today when the State Supreme Court allowed a writ of error, which permits an appeal to the Federal court.

Immediately following the State Supreme Court's decision several weeks ago, upholding the law, Miss Lucy Page Gaston of Chicago, representative of the National Anti-Cigarette League, began a campaign in the State to have the law enforced. Local officers have conducted raids, confiscating cigarettes and prosecuting vendors in various parts of the State, according to reports received by Richard J. Hopkins, Attorney General.

LEAGUE DECIDES ON MANDATE BOARD

Five Nations Not Holding Mandates to Sit With Four Who Do on Commission.

BRITISH LOSE THEIR FIGHT

Compulsory Court Feature Removed—Cecil Urges America to Take Armenian Mandate.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Nov. 26 (By Telephone to Paris).—Commission No. 6 of the League Assembly has appointed a permanent Mandate Committee of nine members, five of whom are from non-mandate holding States. In any controversy over a mandate, the representative of the nation holding the mandate will not be entitled to vote.

The committee is to receive reports from all States holding mandates and to transmit them to the Council, which in turn will submit them to the Assembly. It will have power to hear complaints against the mandataries and give its opinion, which will not be binding, but for the guidance of Council and Assembly.

The project for a court with power to summon nations against whom complaints were addressed was abandoned today as being a step in advance of what the powers of the earth are ready for. Commission No. 3 announced that it had appointed a committee of ten jurists to draw up a project for the court and had given them instructions to omit this feature. Thus the court will have jurisdiction only when both parties are willing, that is only when the party complained against thinks fit.

M. Bourgeois, Chairman of the commission, said the question of compulsory jurisdiction might be brought up again later. The decision against it was a victory of the big powers over the little ones, as, he added, "in the commission and Assembly there is a majority in favor of compulsory jurisdiction, but the big powers base their opposition on Article XIV. of the covenant, which says the court should try cases "submitted to it." Balfour and Bourgeois argued that this implied submission to it voluntarily by both parties concerned. The constitution court as drafted at The Hague contained the principle of compulsory jurisdiction. Senator Root, one of the drafting committee, said the court would have few cases unless the compulsory principle was retained and would be in reality an arbitration board.

Perhaps the big powers wanted to await the decision of the United States before introducing so novel a plan.

The committee of jurists will submit a double project to the Assembly, the first that the court be constituted immediately, the second that the various delegations notify their respective Governments and ask them to appoint a commission as soon as possible to set up the court. The Assembly will choose the project it prefers.

British Defeated on Mandates.

GENEVA, Nov. 26 (Associated Press).—The difficulty of any single power or influence dominating the League of Nations was demonstrated today when the Council of that body, in spite of determined protests by the British member, decided finally to give control in the permanent mandates commission to non-mandatory powers. This commission will be composed of representatives of five non-mandatory powers and four of the mandatory States.

Today's action was a confirmation of the decision taken at the Brussels session of the Council. The decision has been fought by the British since it was announced after the Brussels meeting. They obtained a reconsideration of the question, but again were outvoted.

Honorio Pueyrredon, Argentine dele-

Continued on Page Two.

HYLAN HOLDS UP CRAIG WARRANTS FOR $1,000,000

Mayor Refuses Payment on Contracts Until City Is Fully Protected.

WHALEN ANSWERS CHARGE

Denies He Had Anything to Do With Ash Dumping in Court House Hole.

HE ATTACKS UNTERMYER

Martin Conboy Starts Fresh Proceedings to Block Lockwood Inquiry.

Although the Lockwood Committee held no hearing yesterday, the ramifications opened by its disclosures of collusion in bidding for city contracts and of bribery in building operations extended over a wide area. It became known that Mayor Hylan had held up warrants for payments on city contracts aggregating $1,000,000, pending receipt from Controller Charles L. Craig of information as to what steps had been taken to protect the city's interest, and had turned them over to Commissioner of Accounts David Hirshfield for investigation.

Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, issued a statement in reply to the suggestion of Samuel Untermyer, counsel of the Lockwood committee, that the city should sue him for the $400,000 which it will cost to remove from the Court House site the ashes which were dumped there by Holland & Co., with which Mr. Whalen was connected. The latter declared that his connection with Holland & Co. ended in 1917, and said that Mr. Untermyer's attack upon him was the "most baseless, vilest and most contemptible defamation of a public official in the history of city government."

Mr. Untermyer, who had previously refused to confer with any city official, had a conference during the day with Meier Steinbrink, who has been appointed to act as associate counsel in the inquiry which the Board of Estimate intends to make of alleged collusive bidding on city contracts. As a result of this conference Mr. Untermyer and members of the Lockwood Committee will meet in executive session with the Board of Estimate at noon on Monday for the purpose of discussing only the proposed form of contract and the proposed form of affidavit to be used in the future on city contracts.

Mr. Untermyer made it clear to Mr. Steinbrink that he would not discuss any other phase of the inquiry or permit matters of controversy between the committee and the board to be brought into the discussion. Mr. Untermyer was said to have expressed a wish for the attendance of Controller Charles L. Craig, who has so far been absent from the board's meetings at which its inquiry was discussed, and was said to have said that he would make a personal request of Controller Craig to be present.

Renews Attempt to Block Inquiry.

Another attempt to block the work of the Lockwood Committee was made before Justice Henry D. Hotchkiss in the Supreme Court, when Martin Conboy, attorney for the Builders' Supply Bureau and the Association of Dealers in Masons' Building Materials, made another attempt to have vacated the subpoenas issued by the Lockwood Committee for the secretaries of these two organizations. Justice Hotchkiss said he would render a decision as soon as he had opportunity to read the mass of documents presented.

The Mayor's course in delaying action on pay warrants sent to him by the Controller and in referring them to the Commissioner of Accounts for investigation marked a widening of the breach between these two most important city officials.

Controller Craig forwarded the warrants to the Mayor for the latter's signature several days ago. Mayor Hylan directed Commissioner Hirshfield to ascertain just what steps the Controller had taken to protect the city's interest before issuing each warrant. Commissioner Hirshfield was said to have failed to obtain this information from the Controller, with the result that the warrants were still held up.

Great resentment was expressed by some of the contractors at the delay in their payments, and some of the contractors working on the docks on Staten Island have threatened mandamus proceedings against the city. Other contractors have objected to the proposal to withhold 25 per cent. in the usual progress payments until the completion of the work, instead of 10 and 15 per cent., as at present.

Controller Craig said that the warrants

Continued on Page Three.

Soviet Orders Troops to India Border Avowedly to Bring England to Her Senses

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 26.—A dispatch to the National Tidende from Helsingfors says that General Sokolnikov, Commander of the Bolshevist troops on the Turkestan front, has ordered them to take up positions on the Afghan-Indian frontier. The Krasnaya Gazeta of Moscow, commenting upon General Sokolnikov's order, says that this ought to bring the British Government to its senses. M. Tchitcherin, the Bolshevist Foreign Minister, in a note to the Georgian Government confirms reports that the Soviet Government is planning the invasion of the Caucasus. Tchitcherin says that the Soviet Government considers the British occupation of Batum as a menace to Russia's Bolshevist ally, Azerbaijan, and is therefore obliged to concentrate troops in the Caucasus.

At hotel, theatre or restaurant, whenever music is played, request the newest hit—"CARESSES"—Society Fox-Trot.—Advt.

PALL MALL Rounds—You'll like the idea—a free and easy draught.—Advt.

Top of Mont Blanc Slides Off; Avalanche Sweeps for Ten Miles

Millions of Tons of Rock and Snow Crash Through Forests and Come to a Stop Just Outside the Village of Pourtud.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—The top of Mont Blanc fell off three days ago and started an enormous avalanche, which rolled down into Italy along the gorge of the Brenva Glacier, destroying in its course the whole forest of Pourtud.

The origin of the avalanche was unknown till yesterday, when the weather cleared, and powerful telescopes could be brought to bear on the mountain. Then it was found that part of the limestone pyramid which forms the summit of the greatest mountain mass in Europe had split and fallen. It looks as if several score feet had been taken from the height of the mountain, which is given in books of reference as 15,782 feet.

The avalanche was one of the biggest and most destructive known for some time. The rock and ice tumbling from the summit dislodged immense snow fields, which in turn tore out rock, and the great mass went rumbling down the mountainside for nearly ten miles. It plunged along the glacier bed, leaped the valley of the Doire, throwing pine trees and boulders about like corks in a waterfall, and came to rest almost miraculously at the entrance to the little Italian village of Pourtud. Several houses, which stood almost in its path, were spared by a width of only a few yards, and so far no loss of life has been reported.

No estimate can yet be formed of the millions of tons of rock and snow dislodged, but the whole character of the countryside has been changed, and one of the most beautiful Alpine forests, of great timber value, has been destroyed.

Mont Blanc, or rather the Mont Blanc Range, the monarch of the European mountains, quite as famous for its beauty as it is for its lure to the mountain-climber and the hundreds of resorts for Summer tourists which cluster in the vales separating its most famous peaks in France, Switzerland and Italy, has an average height of 15,782 feet—average, because of the varying altitude of the icecap which crowns its highest peak.

Mont Blanc is forty miles south of Lake Geneva. Its highest peak is in France, seven miles south of the Swiss boundary. The highest point, which is known individually as Mont Blanc, is covered with a cap of ice with an average thickness of seventy-five feet.

What have been designated as "aiguilles" (needles), practically surround Mont Blanc itself. Two meteorological and astronomical observatories are located on it, one built in 1890 at an altitude of 14,324 feet, the other in 1893 on the summit.

In all books on mountain climbing the pages assigned to Mont Blanc number more than those given to any other mountain in the world. Most of the large cities of Europe and some in America have their Alpine clubs.

The avalanche must have been clearly seen from the Italian side, weather conditions permitting, from the Hospice of the Madonna della Salute, which overlooks the vale of the Ferret and the Grandiosa Glacier of the Brenva, toward which the mass of snow and granite descended. The forest which has been destroyed is that of San Nicolo, which ascends the mountain from the village of Pourtud, where almost the entire population of 300 is engaged in making silver ornaments.

REAFFIRMS CONTROL OVER STATE RATES

Commerce Commission, Deciding Illinois Case, Defends Its Rights Under New Law.

DEFINES CONGRESS INTENT

Harmful Discrimination Is Certain, It Holds, if the States Can Keep Rates Low.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The Interstate Commerce Commission today rendered a decision in the Illinois intrastate rate case which affirms its recent action ordering that intrastate passenger rates and intrastate rates on milk fixed by the New York Public Service Commission of the Second District, should be increased to conform to the higher interstate rates, and defends the constitutionality of its course. The commission asserts that its construction of the recent transportation act is not a violation of State rights.

Today's decision discusses in detail the contention that the Federal body cannot overrule rates fixed within a State by the official body in that State. In the Illinois case the commission holds that passenger fares for intrastate travel that are lower than interstate rate, subject interstate travelers and places outside of Illinois, to unjust discrimination. It orders the railroads to make a 20 per cent. increase in passenger fares and establish a surcharge of 50 per cent. on parlor car and sleeping car berths within the State. The points raised concerning intrastate freight rates and commutation and excursion fares are reserved for later consideration, as in the New York case.

Commissioner Eastman, who dissented in the New York case, noted his dissent in the Illinois case.

In discussing the question of trespass upon State rights, the commission says:

"From the debates, committee reports, and the act itself, Congress evidently concluded that a crisis threatened the transportation of the country. Notwithstanding the constant efforts of the Railroad Administration to improve conditions and because of the mounting cost of operation, the excess of operating expenses over revenues during the period of Federal control and after was steadily increasing, resulting in great losses to the Government. The primary purpose of Congress was to return the roads to private ownership, surrounded by such safeguards as would assure the people of the whole country adequate service. To rehabilitate the railroads so that they might perform the duties necessary to the very life of the nation, Congress determined upon a definite plan.

What Congress Designed.

"It extended the guaranty period for six months beyond the termination of Federal control. It directed us to initiate, modify, establish, or adjust rates so that carriers as a whole (or as a whole in each of such rate groups or territories as we may from time to time designate) will, under honest, efficient and economical management and reasonable expenditures for maintenance of way, structures and equipment, earn an aggregate annual net railway operating income, equal as nearly as may be to a fair return upon the aggregate value of the railway property of such carriers held for and used in the service of transportation.

"It provided that in determining the fair return to the carrier we 'shall give

Continued on Page Eight.

Club de Vingt, The Dansant, Daily Della Robbia Room, Vanderbilt Hotel—Advt.

REPUBLICANS PLAN TO OUTLAW BOXING

Up-State Leaders Propose Repeal of Law or Drastic Cut in Purses.

SEEK REVENGE ON SMITH

Would Limit Profits in Baseball and All Sports and Amusements.

If plans being considered by up-State Republican leaders are carried out the present Boxing Commission, appointed by Governor Smith, will be reorganized, if not abolished, at the next legislative session. At the same time, all lines of sport which have to do with the handling of large purses or extravagant gate receipts will be curtailed or handled in such a way that the State will get a considerable share of the proceeds.

Confiscation of all purses offered for prizefights above a certain figure, possibly $20,000, will be made by the State authorities, it is contemplated, while baseball will be called upon to help swell the income of the State Government. The plan is being urged upon Republican leaders by up-State representatives of law and order organizations, although the leaders need little urging to do everything to make the friends of Governor Smith in New York City pay heavily for the enormous vote given to him here on Election Day.

The Republicans remember that Governor Smith made many friends among sporting men by his favorable attitude toward sports in general, including Sunday baseball and prizefights, and they believe that a curtailment of these privileges is due to the up-State sentiment that opposed it and rolled up a huge Republican plurality. Whatever the representatives of law and order and the opponents of Sunday sports want probably will be given to them by the Republican leaders.

Just how far this sentiment will affect the sporting situation in New York City is uncertain, as some of the leaders are in favor of repealing the Sunday baseball law and the boxing law, while others are inclined to believe that modification of such laws will be sufficient if it works to the advantage of the State's coffers.

Opposed to Big Purses.

One up-State leader, talking yesterday with State Chairman George H. Glynn, declared in favor of placing a curb on the present system of certain persons making large sums from various sports.

"Present day sports have degenerated into huge gambling affairs," he said, "and it is time something should be done to limit it. If the people want sports they can enjoy them without large money inducements being made. There is no reason why a prize-fight purse of several hundred thousand dollars should be offered, whereby a number of wealthy men should be made still richer.

"The up-State sentiment is against prize fighting altogether, and the present boxing law will likely be repealed. If the law remains, however, it will be so amended that the 'manly art of self-defense' will be continued for its own sake, and not to help out a lot of sportingmen. Baseball is rapidly getting in the same class. It is more a money making business than a wholesome sport, and something should be done to curb its degeneracy to commercialism."

Brooklyn Republicans are inclined to side with the up-State leaders. They

Continued on Page Eight.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

ANOTHER WITNESS SAYS BOLLING GOT SHIP DEAL MONEY

Former Department of Justice Investigator Asserts He Saw Sands Present Check.

BENSON CONTINUES INQUIRY

T. F. Fuller Declares He Has Documentary Proof That Officials Got Bribes.

DOWNEY NOTES ARE SIFTED

Sands, Recalled, Testifies He Got $40,000 Long Before $100,000 Credit Was Arranged.

The transaction through which R. Wilmer Bolling, brother-in-law of President Wilson and Treasurer of the Shipping Board, is alleged to have shared in a $40,000 gratuity paid by Wallace Downey to procure a Shipping Board contract has not been closed by the Department of Investigation of the Shipping Board, according to John T. Meehan, Deputy Chief of the department, who testified yesterday before the Congressional Committee on Shipping Board Operations.

Mr. Meehan was asked to explain statements in an affidavit made public in Washington last Saturday, in which he charged A. M. Fisher, chief clerk and statistician of the Shipping Board, with having made a false statement in connection with this transaction, and further asserted that the attack on Mr. Bolling was Bolshevist propaganda. The witness admitted he had not made an exhaustive investigation of the alleged transaction. He said he had somewhat changed his mind concerning the charges since he made the affidavit.

L. Franklin Fuller, a food salesman, formerly an agent of the Department of Justice, swore he had seen Tucker K. Sands, formerly Vice President and Cashier of the Commercial National Bank of Washington, pay to Mr. Bolling $600 or $800, which the witness understood to be part of the proceeds of the Downey notes.

Sands Recalled to Stand.

Among other developments of the day were statements by Sands showing that the Downey Company already had obtained contracts when Sands got the $40,000, which Mr. Downey maintains was for his services in arranging a loan of $100,000 from the Commercial National Bank, that the $40,000 in notes was paid to Sands several months before the loan was actually arranged and that, while Mr. Downey appeared to have been endeavoring to strengthen the finacial condition of his company through the negotiation of the $100,000 loan, the Credit Department of the Shipping Board had prepared a report showing that his company already was considered to be in a favorable position financially to undertake the construction work for the Shipping Board.

Mr. Meehan said he began his investigation last February. He went to Alonzo Tweedale, then Treasurer of the Shipping Board, who was about to relinquish his place to Mr. Bolling. He told Mr. Tweedale of rumors concerning Mr. Bolling and said Mr. Tweedale told him investigation of the charges had been made at Mr. Bolling's request, and that Mr. Tweedale was satisfied with Mr. Bolling's explanation. Mr. Tweedale also had talked the matter over with Mr. Fisher and had concluded the charges had no basis in fact. Mr. Tweedale later expressed the opinion that Mr. Bolling was the victim of a blackmail attempt.

The witness told of having investigated George W. Beckerly, formerly an employe of the Shipping Board, on wooden ship construction. Beckerly subsequently was removed. The witness said a partner in the brokerage firm of Connally, Robinson & Bolling had turned over to Beckerly some of the concern's assets, and he felt Beckerly would be able to supply information concerning any transaction between Mr. Bolling and Sands. From Beckerly's report he concluded Mr. Bolling did not share in the proceeds of the four Downey notes.

$25,000 Asked of Brokers.

Mr. Meehan said Beckerly told him that Sands had demanded $25,000 from the Bolling brokerage firm for services in helping to finance that concern. His demand was made under threat of exposing Mr. Bolling, according to the witness. Meehan was also informed by the brokerage concern of a plan by which their assets were turned over to Beckerly as a dummy to keep them away from Sands. Subsequently, according to Mr. Meehan, Beckerly became very uncommunicative.

When Chairman Walsh asked the witness whether his investigation had been thorough, Mr. Meehan said it had not been closed; that although he believed Mr. Bolling innocent, he was not prepared to give him a "clean bill of health."

"On what theory," asked Representative Kelly, "do you think Mr. Downey was induced to put his notes into the hands of a man like Sands?"

"I told counsel for the Shipping Board," replied the witness, "that Downey did it to bolster up his standing as affecting his credit with the Shipping Board. Sands did not want this in the record, for he knew too much about the national banking laws. This is merely an opinion on my part."

"Mr. Meehan," asked Chairman Walsh, "do you want this committee to understand that you made an investigation of the Bolling matter?"

"To some extent," replied Mr. Meehan. "Is it not a fact, Mr. Meehan, that

Continued on Page Three.

American Missing in Germany; Had Million Marks With Him

BERLIN, Nov. 26. — An American named Chase, who was en route to Berlin with his family, has disappeared from the Dortmund railroad station, the newspapers report.

Two American acquaintances also are missing. Chase, a goldsmith, is known to have had a million marks in his possession. The police are searching on the assumption that he was murdered.

BANKS TO PROTECT ALLAN RYAN'S ASSETS

Guaranty Trust, Chase National, First National and Others Come to His Assistance.

A SURPLUS OF ASSETS

Reported to Be $20,000,000 to $25,000,000, Against Liabilities of $16,000,000.

An echo of the Stutz Motor stock corner and the subsequent decline of a number of the securities in which Allan A. Ryan was interested came yesterday in news that a committee of bankers was being formed to take charge of Mr. Ryan's affairs. Among the banks interested are the Guaranty Trust Company, the Chase National Bank, the Mechanics and Metals National Bank, the First National Bank, the Empire Trust Company, the Lawyers Title and Trust Company and several others. Representatives of these institutions will meet on Monday, at which time it is expected the committee will be organized. The Guaranty Trust Company is taking the leadership in the matter.

Mr. Ryan's position, from what can be learned, is intimately connected with the great decline which has occurred in the stock market in the last six months. In quarters familiar with the details of his transactions it was said yesterday that the liabilities involved totaled approximately $16,000,000. These are represented chiefly in bank loans. What Mr. Ryan's assets will amount to is not known and probably will not be for some days. It has been stated that they will more than cover his liabilities, totaling perhaps between $20,000,000 and $25,000,000.

In course of financing various properties during the past year and a half, including the Stutz Motor Car Company, the Stromberg Carburetor Company, Continental Candy Company, the Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company, the Hayden Chemical Company and other concerns, he found it necessary to borrow extensively from local banks. When the market began to decline the collateral value of securities receded so rapidly that, it is learned, the bankers found it necessary to take joint action to protect their situation.

Mr. Ryan is ill and confined to his rooms at the Hotel Lorraine. This has added difficulties to the task of clearing up his affairs by making it impossible for him to take the active part in the transaction which would be possible if he were in good health.

Rumors about Mr. Ryan's affairs were first circulated in Wall Street a week or more ago. Inquiry at that time indicated that the Guaranty Trust Company and the Chase National Bank were taking an active interest in his affairs and were attempting to consolidate his obligations so as to facilitate the liquidation of his indebtedness.

Probably the best known of Mr. Ryan's holdings is Stutz Motor Car Company of America, in which he negotiated a corner on the New York Stock Exchange last April. As a result of the corner, trading in the shares was suspended by the Exchange, and subsequently, in the outside market, the stock rose as high as $700 a share. The settlement price for the shorts was about $550 a share.

It was popularly believed that Mr. Ryan had cleaned up about $1,000,000 as a result of the corner.

Following the Stutz corner, Mr. Ryan was expelled from the New York Stock Exchange, and later entered suit against the Exchange for heavy damages in connection with the Stutz corner.

The Continental Candy Corporation was organized on May 27 of last year, and on June 19 purchased two plants formerly owned by a subsidiary of the Corn Products Refining Company. One plant is located in Jersey City and the other at Chicago.

The company at present manufactures over 225 different kinds of candy. Buddy Buds, Incorporated, with a capital stock of 200,000 shares of no stated par value, is a subsidiary of Continental Candy. The capital stock of the Continental Candy Corporation consists of 500,000 shares of no stated par value, carried as a liability in the general balance sheet of last year at $2,500,000.

SEARLES WILL ACCEPTED.

Court Proceedings Omit Reference to Settlement of Contest.

SALEM, Mass., Nov. 26.—The will of Edward F. Searles, the millionaire recluse of Methuen and New York, was allowed today after a brief hearing in the Probate Court. The proceedings included no reference to the terms of settlement by which Albert V. Searles of Boston, a nephew of the testator, who receives only $250,000 of the millions disposed of by the will, abandoned his contest that was based on charges of fraud and incompetency.

In the courtroom was Arthur T. Walker of New York, who was made residuary legatee of the estate and who has been the sole executor since the withdrawal of Louis L. Delafield of New York. The latter testified today as a witness to the will.

GRIFFITH ARRESTED; WILL BE INTERNED, DUBLIN REPORTS

John MacNeill, His Son and Two Other Sinn Fein Leaders Are Seized.

MORE TO BE ROUNDED UP

All Suspected of Connection with Republicanism Are to Be Taken.

REPORT PREMIER SURPRISED

London Hears Lloyd George Had Not Ordered Arrests and Does Not Approve.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Nov. 26.—Arthur Griffith, acting "President of the Irish Republic," and other members of the Dail Eireann (Sinn Fein Parliament) were arrested in the early hours of this morning. No official explanation so far has been given of the reasons for their arrest, but it is understood from an authoritative source that recent documents discovered show that the link between the Dail Eireann and the Irish Republican army was very close indeed, and that the Dail Eireann was collecting funds for the Republican army.

"It was undoubtedly known," adds an official, "that the Republican army was engaged in a very extensive murder campaign, and it is impossible for funds to have been voted by the Dail Eireann without some control of the purpose for which these funds were used."

It is said that the authorities contemplate some form of internment for those associated with the Irish Republican army. Several instances have come to light recently of forced contributions to their funds. I was told today of one instance in Wexford district where a farmer was asked if he had contributed to the munition fund. He replied that he knew nothing about it. His caller then told him he had a bill for £17 to collect. The farmer handed over £5 and was informed that others would be found to collect the balance.

Four Other Leaders Taken.

The number of arrests today is not yet officially stated, but it is believed that about twenty people were taken into custody during extensive raids last night and today. In addition to Griffith, among those arrested were Professor John MacNeill, of the Nationalist University of Ireland and Sinn Fein Member of Parliament for Londonderry City, his son, and Eamonn Duggan, M. P. for the South Division of Dublin, and Joseph MacBride, M. P. for the West Division of County Mayo.

With regard to the case of Griffith it was stated from Dublin Castle that "Mr. Arthur Griffith was arrested at his residence, Lawrence Road, Dublin, at 2 o'clock this morning. A large quantity of literature was taken from his home. No arms were found. Mr. Griffith was in bed at the time and was taken away in a motor lorry. He made no statement to his captors and the arrest was effected without any trouble."

Mrs. Griffith was with her husband at the time. She says that he had not been at home for nearly a week. At 1:20 she was awakened by the sound of crashing glass. She went to a window and found seven men below belonging to the auxiliary police. They pointed revolvers at her and told her to come down at once. She cried to her husband, who was still asleep, "Here they are, Arthur; jump." She threw on a dressing gown, and on the way downstairs met men on the landing who gained admittance by smashing a pane of glass in the door and cutting the chain.

They went into a bedroom and placed her husband under arrest. With him they went from room to room, making a careful search. Carpets were torn up, floors and walls sounded, and the piano taken completely to pieces. Immense quantities of literature, letters, pamphlets, books and photographs were taken. The search was in progress for more than two hours. Her husband was not roughly treated, although when she asked the auxiliaries where they were going to take him one replied, "We are going to shoot him or hang him, as he jolly well deserves." This frightened their little girl in the room, and she became hysterical, but as the men drove away one shouted, "We are taking him to the Bridewell."

People Throw Ammunition Away.

I am told also that the police in Dublin are finding arms and explosives on the streets in various parts of the city. It is believed the people are getting concerned over the systematic raids now being carried out, and are anxious to get rid of any arms and ammunition in their possession which a search might reveal.

From Nenagh it is reported that Denis Carey, hardware merchant, was taken from his home last night by uniformed men and shot.

A report on an explosion today in Cork was issued from Dublin Castle. It states: "At 9:30 A. M. today two men, Christopher Morrissey and William Mulcahy, were killed by an explosion in a carpenter's shop at No. 10 Blackpool, Cork, and Dennis Kelleher, an apprentice, was wounded. The two men killed appear to have been examining a bomb, which exploded. On the premises the police found a large quantity of ammunition, which had been hidden there. The men were Sinn Feiners."

Report Lloyd George Surprised.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—Arthur Griffith's arrest in Dublin, it is stated, came as a great surprise to Premier Lloyd George and the Irish Office. It is even declared that it brought forth some ad-

verse criticism from the Premier and from those in the inner circles of 10 Downing Street, the Premier's official residence.

No orders for the arrest of Griffith had been issued here, it is said. Higher officials have considered him one of the strongest moderating influences in the Sinn Fein organization and no evidence to the contrary, report says, has been forwarded to them from Dublin.

The Irish Office, in stating at noon that Arthur Griffith had been arrested in Dublin at 2 o'clock this morning, said no formal charge had yet been preferred against him. He was taken away in a lorry to a destination which was not made public.

Sir Hamar Greenwood, Chief Secretary for Ireland, in the House of Commons this afternoon read a telegram from Dublin concerning the arrest of Mr. Griffith, saying he was taken into custody during the systematic raids which were being made throughout Dublin, following last Sunday's murders of British officers. The message said a quantity of documents had been found in Mr. Griffith's house which necessitated further investigation and that Mr. Griffith was being detained pending its result.

In the absence in America of Eamon de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," Arthur Griffith has been probably the most active spokesman in Ireland for the cause of Irish independence. It was only on Thursday night, in an interview cabled to this country, that he charged the policy of reprisals in Ireland was determined upon by England more than a year ago and inaugurated last March with the assassination of Lord Mayor MacCurtain of Cork. Everybody in Ireland deplored the bloodshed, Mr. Griffith said, "but England started it, and she could get it stopped in twenty-four hours if she so wished." At the outset of his interview Mr. Griffith disclaimed any responsibility for the operations of the "murder gang," the existence of which was charged by Sir Hamar Greenwood, Chief Secretary for Ireland, in a recent speech. The real "murder gang" was in Dublin Castle, Mr. Griffith declared.

Arthur Griffith began to come into prominence in the Sinn Fein movement in Ireland in 1917, and he presided at the opening of the Sinn Fein conference in Dublin in October of that year. In a bye-election in June, 1918, he was elected to the House of Commons for East Cavan, and was returned for this constituency and Northwest Tyrone in the general election of the same year. Like the other Sinn Fein members, however, he refrained from taking his seat after the general election. Last year he was elected one of the Vice Presidents of the Sinn Fein organization. During the hunger strike of Lord Mayor MacSwiney of Cork he was the author of an appeal to President Wilson and all the heads of Governments on behalf of the Lord Mayor.

Professor John MacNeill is professor of law in the National University of Ireland. In May, 1916, he was found guilty by a court-martial of complicity in the Easter rebellion of that year and sentenced to life imprisonment, but was released during 1917, and during the round-up of Sinn Fein leaders by the British the next year he was one of the few prominent Sinn Feiners who were not arrested. In the general election of 1918 he was chosen to Parliament as a Sinn Feiner, but did not take his seat.

Forbid Manchester Meeting.

MANCHESTER, England, Nov. 26.—The Lord Mayor and Chief Constable of Manchester, acting with authority from the Home Secretary, issued an order today prohibiting the meeting which the Irish Self-Determination League had proposed to hold on Saturday and Sunday. It was at these meetings that Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Fein, who was arrested in Dublin this morning, had promised to speak.

The authorities explained that they had reason to apprehend that the holding of such meetings would conduce to a breach of the peace and promote disaffection.

WEEK ONE OF MOST TRAGIC.

Thirty-eight Killed, 79 Injured and 29 Court-Martialed.

DUBLIN, Nov. 26.—A statement issued at Dublin Castle today says that the week ended on Saturday, Nov. 20, which was comparatively calm, the number of serious outrages falling to the lowest on record during the last six months, was succeeded by the commencement of a week "of tragic eventfulness, without parallel in the history of Ireland since the rebellion of 1916."

"In the space of forty-eight hours," says the statement, "thirty-eight persons met with violent death and seventy-nine were wounded or injured. The statistics of minor outrages were exceptionally light. One vacated police barracks was destroyed. Raids on the mails fell from twenty-six to sixteen. trials by court-martial resulted in twenty-nine convictions and eleven acquittals. There were sentences to imprisonment at hard labor varying from two years to eighty-four days imposed in twenty-five cases."

LONDON, Nov. 26.—A despatch to the Central News from Nenagh, Tipperary, Ireland, says that Denis Carey was taken by uniformed men from his lodgings into the street today, where several bullets were fired into his body. Carey is reported to be in a hospital in a dying condition.

OFFICIAL REPORT ON DUBLIN KILLINGS

British Embassy Gives Out Detailed Statement of the Murder of 14 Officers.

EXPLAINS CROKE PARK RIOT

Believes Firing on Police Was Intended to Start Panic in Which Slayers Would Escape.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 26.—The British Embassy tonight gave out the following:

"The following is an official report issued by the British Government on the murders perpetrated by Sinn Feiners in Dublin on Sunday. There were eight raids made by members of the Sinn Fein murder gang, which resulted in fourteen men being killed and six being injured, including one Sinn Feiner. Four of the murderers were caught red-handed. The details of the murders are as follows:

"Case A, 28 Erisfort Terrace—One murder. The murderers' leader rang the bell and asked the maid for Colonel Fitzgerald. She disclosed the whereabouts of the bedroom of Colonel Fitzgerald. The leader then called on about twenty men, who were placed in position in the hall. The leader entered Fitzgerald's room. The maid heard his shouts and the assassin's voice say 'Come on.' Four shots were fired into him in rapid succession. The police found the body in bed in a pool of blood. The forehead was shattered with bullets, there was another throuhg the head, and one through the wrist, which had been held up to ward off the attack. All the shots were fired at pointblank.

"Fitzgerald was unarmed and was the son of a Tipperary doctor, who had been recently employed as defense officer at the police barracks in Clare. Some time ago he was kidnapped by Sinn Feiners, who tried to shoot him with his own revolver, which miraculously missed fire. They then twisted his arm until it was dislocated, dragged him to a field, propped him against a wall and fired at him. He leaped over the wall and escaped and had come to Dublin for surgical treatment for his arm. He was only a few days out of the hospital before he was assassinated.

Pickets Kill Two Cadets.

"Case B, 22 Lower Mount Street. One murder. Two further murders resulting near by. House bell was rung and as the maid opened the door, twenty men rushed in and demanded to know the bedrooms of Mr. Mahon and Mr. Peel. Mahon's room being pointed out they entered and five shots were fired immediately at a few inches range. Mahon was killed. At the same time other Sinn Feiners attempted to enter Peel's room. As the door was locked seventeen shots were fired through the panels. Peel escaped uninjured.

"Meanwhile another servant hearing the shots shouted from an upper window to a party of officers, who had left Beggars Bush Barracks to catch the early train southward for duty. These officers at once attacked the house after dispatching two of their number, Temporary Cadets C. A. Morris and Frank Garnish, to their depot for reinforcements. They chased the assassins through the house and captured one whom their fire had wounded and three others, all of whom were armed.

"Reinforcements on arrival were asked as to the whereabouts of Morris and Garnish. They replied: 'We know nothing—they never arrived at the depot. We came on hearing the firing.' Search was made and the bodies of Morris and Garnish were found by a Red Cross nurse, lying in a neighboring garden. They had apparently been intercepted by the murderers' pickets who led them to the back of a house, placed them against the wall and murdered them.

"Morris lived at Mitcham, was Lieutenant Machine Gun Corp, with which he had served in France. He was aged 22, and Garnish had fifteen years' service in the army and lived in Hull. The brutal circumstances of these officers' death has caused great indignation among their comrades. Mahon on the previous night had told Peel to be especially watchful as he was being followed.

"Case C, at Briama, 117 Northampton Road—Murder of one officer and two civilians. Just before 9 in the morning a party of between twelve and twenty armed men knocked at the door and it was opened by a boy of 10 years, the son of Mr. Smith, the householder. The men rushed into the house and dragged Mr. Smith and Captain McLean (who were in bed with their wives) into a front spare bedroom. Mr. Caldow, the brother of Mrs. McLean, was thrust in beside them and all three were shot in cold blood. Captain McLean and Mr. Smith were dead before an ambulance could arrive. Mr. Caldow is meritously wounded. Mr. Thomas Henry Smith, a civilian, about 45 years of age, leaves a wife and three children. Captain McLean, who served with the rifle brigade during the war, along with his brother-in-law, John Caldow, a native of Prestwick, Scotland, had come to Ireland with the view of securing employment in the police. Captain McLean leaves a wife and child.

"Both Mrs. Smith and Mrs. McLean were in the house when their husbands were murdered. It is said that the assassins dragged their victims to an empty room to murder them, as Captain McLean, when overpowered, implored them not to murder him under his wife's eyes. On completing their dastardly work the murderers ran out of the house and disappeared.

Fails to Save Her Husband.

"Case D, 92 Lower Laggot Street—One murder. A party of raiders, numbering a dozen, were let in by the landlady, Mrs. Slack, and asked for Captain Newbury, court-martial officer, who lived there with his wife. Seeing the crowd, the landlady rushed upstairs in terror and saw nothing of the subsequent happenings. The murderers knocked at Newbury's door.

"Mrs. Newbury opened it, and seeing the crowd of men with revolvers, slammed the door in their face and locked it. The men burst open the door, but the Newburys escaped to an inner room. Captain Newbury and his wife together tried to hold the door against them and almost succeeded in shutting it when the men fired through the door wounding Newbury who, though blood was running from his wounds, managed to get to the window, flung it open and was half way out when the murderers burst into the room. Mrs. Newbury flung herself in their way, but they pushed her aside and fired seven shots into Newbury's body. The police found the body half in and half out of the window covered with a blanket which his wife, though prostrated, had placed over it.

"Mrs. Newbury's resolution and her subsequent grief strongly affected the police. The police officers especially noted that the murderers in this case, as in two or three others, made diligent search for papers, hoping, perhaps, to find and abstract documents or evidence on which military law officers were working.

"Case E, 28 Upper Pembroke Street. Two officers murdered and four wounded. The residence of Mrs. Gray was raided at 9 this morning by about twenty men, some of whom came on bicycles. The house consists of several flats. The raiders, armed and undisguised, held up a maid on the stairs and Mrs. Gray, the proprietress, who was leaving her room. The house appeared to be familiar to them, as they broke into parties and went to various parts of the house. Ten to twelve shots were fired, and the assassins decamped.

"Mrs. Gray and her maid visited the rooms immediately and found Major Dowling (Grenadier Guards) had been shot dead at his bedroom door. Captain Price of the Royal Engineers was found dead in his room. Next door was Captain Kenlside (Lancashire Fusiliers), whose wife most gallantly struggled with the murderers and thereby frustrated their purpose. He was wounded in the arm. Colonel Woodcock was fired at as he came down stairs. He appeared to have taken the raiders who were in the hall unawares. He called out to Colonel Montgomery, who, coming out of his room was wounded in the body. Turning toward his room to secure a weapon, Colonel Woodcock was also wounded.

"Colonel Woodcock and Colonel Montgomery both belong to the Lancashire Fusiliers. A sixth officer, Mr. Murray, of the Royal Scots, was also wounded as he descended the stairs. A lady resident in the house went from room to room seeking help and in every room found only dead, dying or wounded men.

"Case F, 38 Upper Mount Street. Two murders. House entered 9.40 A. M. Twenty armed and unmasked men let in by a servant, Katherine Farrell, who unwillingly pointed out rooms occupied by Lieutenant Ames of Grenadier Guards and Lieutenant Bennett of R. A. S. C. Motor Transport. The maid rushed upstairs and told officers sleeping on the upper floor and another male lodger that murder was being done down stairs. A fusillade of shots were heard, when they came down stairs they found two bodies in a pool of blood, Ames's bedroom. Bennett was evidently dragged from his own bedroom into his brother officer's room, where both were shot together, their bodies lying side by side.

"Case G, Gresham Hotel, Sackville Street. Two murders. A party of fifteen to twenty men entered open door of hotel. They held up the boots and the head porter. With revolvers they forced the latter, Hugh Callaghan, to lead them to the rooms occupied by ex-Captain Patrick McCormack, Army Veterinary Corps, and Lieutenant L. E. Wilde. One of the Sinn Feiners carried a huge hammer. They knocked first at Room 14, occupied by Wilde. He opened and asked, 'What do you want?' For answer three shots were fired into his chest simultaneously. The party then moved to Room 24. They entered the room and found McCormack sitting in bed reading a newspaper. Without a word five shots were fired into his body and head as he sat there. The bed was found saturated with blood. The body, and especially the head, was horribly disfigured. It is possible that the hammer was used as well as revolver shots to finish off the victim.

"Case H. 11 9 Lower Baggott Street. One murder. Raid presumably as in other cases. Captain Baggally, court-martial officer, shot dead. When police arrived every occupant of the house had left and no witnesses were available to describe the circumstances. Baggally had lost a leg in the war and was a barrister by profession.

The Croke Park Affair.

"The occurrences at Croke Park in the afternoon were as follows: The civil authority had reason to believe that the Sinn Fein gunmen responsible for the cold blooded, carefully planned atrocities described above were in the crowd at the football match. As was their duty, they sent a force of police supported by soldiers to the place to arrest the murderers. As they surrounded the park the police were fired on by Sinn Fein pickets. The fire was returned in self-defense and ten men were killed. The firing was not indiscriminate and no woman was hit. Some arrests were made.

"It was the intention to warn the crowd at the football park through a megaphone of the intended search. The resistence encountered at the outset made this impossible, and the firing produced a panic and stampede in which men and women trampled on and injured one another. It appears probable that the desperadoes who opened fire on the police deliberately counted on producing a panic, in the hope that in the confusion the murderers would escape.

"It is wholly contrary to the facts to suggest that this deplorable occurrence partook in any way of the nature of a reprisal."

LONDON PAYS HONOR TO MURDERED OFFICERS

Government Leaders Attend Funerals in Westminster Abbey and the Catholic Cathedral.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—Through silent crowds lining two miles of streets and banked in masses on vantage points, the bodies of nine officers assassinated last Sunday in Dublin were borne this morning to Westminster Abbey or Westminster Catholic Cathedral.

There was a great military display, the most imposing seen in London since the war, but it was the long string of guns, each bearing a coffin covered with the Union Jack and wreaths of flowers, that brought home to the spectators the horror of the tragedy. There were so many of them and they took so long in passing that there was time to realize how complete the tragedy had been, young men shot down without a chance to defend themselves, and nothing left for their relatives, who marched in deep black behind the gun carriages, but to seek comfort in the honor and sympathy bestowed upon them. There was no lack of that.

Just before the funeral was due in Whitehall the flag on the Houses of Parliament fluttered down to halfmast and the bell of the Abbey began to toll. The Coldstream Guards mounted a guard of honor at Euston Station, whence the procession started, and squadrons of Household Cavalry and four battalions of the Guards, with their colors draped in crepe, paraded with the massed bands of the Guards playing funeral marches. Behind came the long line of coffins, each with its own bearers and firing party. There were contingents of the Royal Irish Constabulary and Black and Tan Auxiliaries, and after the mourners came Dennis Henry, Attorney General for Ireland, and a group of officers with companies of the London police and wartime special constables to bring up the rear.

To both the Abbey and the Cathedral the King had sent a General of high rank as his representative, while in the Abbey were the Prime Minister, Sir Hamar Greenwood, Chief Secretary for Ireland, and in the Cathedral Bonar Law and Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, attended to pay the last respects of the Cabinet.

Along the route crowds stood with bared heads to see the bodies of the murdered men pass by and it was noticed that while at the last big funeral in London, when the Lord Mayor of Cork was carried to Euston, strong troops of mounted police had led the procession and a line of police had enclosed it on either side, today there was held to be no need to take special precautions. Only the customary four mounted men rode at the head of the cortège, and the crowd on the sidewalks was kept in bounds by a few men scattered among them. There was no need for more, as perfect order and the deepest reverence everywhere prevailed.

At both the Abbey and the Cathedral the services were simple and beautiful. Six biers had been erected before the steps to the sanctuary of the Abbey and around it were grouped the mothers, wives and sisters of the murdered men. Members of Parliament and the King's representative, General Lord Horne, were seated in the choir and the general public was admitted to the nave. The dean in his purple cope, and the choir received the bodies at the west door, and they were borne to their places before the altar as the choir chanted, unaccompanied the funeral sentences. After the blessing the trumpeters of the guards sounded the Last Post.

Cardinal Bourne and Bishop Keating, principal Catholic chaplain to the forces, who sang the requiem mass, met the bodies of three officers at the west door of Westminster Cathedral. A large contingent of the Royal Irish Constabulary and the auxiliary police marched in behind them, and General Lord Cavan was placed in the golden chair of state as representative of the King. The cathedral was crowded to the doors, in the congregation being a number of delegations of Roman Catholic organizations who had come to express their horror at the murders. The choir sang the impressive responses and the Cardinal pronounced the absolution.

At the conclusion of both services the bodies were handed over to relatives for private burial.

DE VALERA TO STAY HERE.

He Says He Will Remain Until His Mission Is Finished.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 26.—Eamon de Valera, self-styled "President of the Irish Republic," arrived in Worcester this afternoon to attend a conference of New England delegates called to organize the new "American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic." When informed of the arrest of Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Fein, in Dublin today by British police, and asked if the arrest would make any change in his plans, he said it would not.

He said he was in the United States for a special mission as "President of the Irish Republic," and he would remain here until that mission was concluded.

GUARD UNION CLUB AFTER FLAG RIOT

Policemen in Front of Building and Shattered Windows Evidence of Attack.

THREE HELD FOR TRIAL

One Man Fined—Will Put Out British Flag When Occasion Requires, Club Officials Say.

Shattered windows covered by large squares of white paper and three or four policemen in front of the building were visible evidence yesterday of the attack Thursday by Sinn Fein sympathizers on the Union Club, at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-first Street, emphasizing with stones and bricks their demand that the British flag be removed from the clubhouse. The flag was not displayed yesterday. It was explained at the club that this was because the period for celebrating the landing of the Pilgrim Fathers was ended.

Interest shifted to the Yorkville Court, where the four men arrested during the riot were arraigned. The courtroom was crowded, but though the spectators were evidently in sympathy with the prisoners there was no attempt at a demonstration. One prisoner was fined and the others were held for trial.

When William Donlon of 17 Walcott Street, Brooklyn, was called before Magistrate Francis X. McQuade on a charge of disorderly conduct, Sergeant John Schrey of the East Fifty-first Street Station told of having seen Donlon throw a stone at the clubhouse. He said that when he reached Donlon the latter had two stones in his left hand. He dropped them and the Sergeant said he picked them up. As he said this he laid two stones on the Magistrate's desk.

Donlon denied the stone throwing. He said he had been caught in the jam in front of the clubhouse. Mrs. Anna Whittacker of 862 Hornaday Place, the Bronx, and Mrs. Catherine O'Connor of 1,039 Third Avenue were called to corroborate Donlon. Both said they were close to Donlon, and that had he thrown a stone they would have known it. Magistrate McQuade found him guilty and fined him $25.

Held for Carrying Sword Cane.

William Hoffman of 36 West Fifty-first Street, who was arrested in the crowd when it was found he was carrying a sword cane, was next arraigned. Detective John J. Walsh said the cane was partly open. He said he asked Hoffman what he was doing with it and got the reply, "It's the first time I have carried it in a long time." At no time was the cane out of the case, Walsh told J. B. Olcott of 80 Maiden Lane, who appeared for Hoffman.

Hoffman said he was on his way to St. Thomas's Church when he was attracted by the crowd. He could give no reason for taking a sword cane to church with him, and added that the sword had worked its way loose in the sheath of its own accord. As he had a permit to carry a revolver he took it for granted that this covered other forms of weapons. He was held for trial in Special Sessions.

Malicious mischief charges were pressed against Hugh O'Rorke of 151 West 117th Street and Michael Kennedy of 100 Vandeventer Avenue by Edward J. Haynes, clerk of the Union Club. He said they had broken two of the 8150 windows of the clubhouse. Both were held.

The Congress of State Societies yesterday sent this letter of protest to Mayor Hylan, who a short time ago gave the Freedom of the City to Eamon de Valera, President of the so-called Irish Republic:

CONGRESS OF STATE SOCIETIES.
Headquarters,
HOTEL GREGORIAN,
New York City.
President,
MRS. THOMAS J. VIVIAN.
Nov. 26, 1920.

To His Honor, Mayor Hylan:

The Congress of States, representing every State of the Union, hereby makes a protest against the public act of tearing down the British flag from the Union Club Building on Fifth Avenue on Nov. 25th by an irresponsible mob and recommend that steps be taken at once to prevent the recurrence of such acts of violence.

MRS. THOMAS J. VIVIAN,
President.
For Board of Directors.

Explains Why Flag Is Down.

At the Union Club it was said that the British flag was not flying because there was no longer occasion for displaying the flags of the Allies. When there was occasion, it was said, the flag would again go out. It was explained that when the flags were ordered displayed it was not known by the management that there was to be a mass in St. Patrick's Cathedral for the repose of the soul of Terence MacSwiney, Lord Mayor of Cork. Major Murphy, manager of the club, said that he did not know of the Sinn Fein gathering in the street until a doorman told him. He said he had ordered that the offending flag, as well as that of France, be taken down and this was done before the first attack on the club.

Later, he said, Arthur W. Weeks, Chairman of the House Committee, arrived and was told of the trouble. The Chairman, he said, ordered both flags put back as a matter of principle. This was done and the British flag was not taken down until sundown when all flags were taken in.

During the trouble Mgr. Michael Lavelle, rector of St. Patrick's Cathedral, came into the clubhouse. To J. Frederic Tams, Vice President of the club, he is said to have expressed regret over what had been done by his recent congregation. He said that though he had pleaded with the rioters he had been powerless to stop the stoning of the club.

FINDS IRISH PROBLEM HERE.

British Delegate Says America and England Together Should Settle It.

Harold Spender, British journalist, biographer of Premier Lloyd George and a member of the Mayflower Tercentenary Commission to the United States, said in an address to the League of Political Education in the Park Theatre yesterday that Thursday's flag riot in Fifth Avenue was regrettable.

"The Irish may think badly of the British flag, but the British flag has a tender spot in its heart for Ireland," Mr. Spender declared. "Both England and America have an Irish problem. Why shouldn't we put our heads together on the Irish problem? It makes me sad to think of the assassinations and reprisals over there, and there should be a settlement. We must have settlement, and America can aid in it, not by supporting the Irish in their extreme views, but by advising Ireland to meet England along conservative lines.

"I am a Home Ruler, and have always been. Now that England offers Ireland Home Rule, Ireland does not want it. Let us not be divided over this Irish problem, but rather let us work together for settlement—that is all that matters."

ENVOY IGNORES FLAG RIOT.

No Complaint Made by British Embassy Concerning Club Incident.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—No representations have been made to the American Government by the British Government as a result of the attack yesterday by Sinn Fein sympathizers on the Union Club in New York for raising the British flag, Sir Auckland Geddes, the British Ambassador, spent more than an hour this afternoon in conference with Secretary of State Colby. Later the Ambassador was asked if the British Embassy had made any representations to the State Department concerning the flag incident.

"Good Lord, no," the Ambassador replied. "I would not think of taking up the time of the Secretary of State concerning such a matter."

WILSON STOOD FIRM FOR ALSACE RETURN

Told Tardieu What He Meant by the 'Wrong Should Be Righted.'

PARIS, Nov. 26.—Captain André Tardieu, former French High Commissioner to the United States, in his weekly article in L'Illustration today concerning the framing of the Versailles Treaty, refers to the part taken by President Wilson in the return of Alsace-Lorraine to France, and says "from the very beginning of the Peace Conference President Wilson proved a stanch and active friend in our Alsace-Lorraine revendications."

Captain Tardieu states that when he went to the United States in 1917 as French High Commissioner the question of Alsace-Lorraine was misunderstood by a great majority of the American people. "To the majority of Americans," he says, "Alsace was a country where German was spoken, and that settled it."

President Wilson's first reference to Alsace, according to Captain Tardieu, was made on Jan. 8, 1918, in a speech before Congress, in which he declared "The wrong done to France by Prussia in 1871 in the matter of Alsace-Lorraine, which has unsettled the peace of the world for nearly fifty years, should be righted, in order that peace may once more be made secure in the interest of all." Captain Tardieu continues:

"Stephen Pichon, then Minister of Foreign Affairs, requested me to ask President Wilson for a definite interpretation of the above words. President Wilson said: 'I think I have spoken plainly. To redress wrong has only one meaning, namely, place matters where they were before the wrong was done.' President Wilson at Paris, having laid down the principle, faithfully seconded us in seeking the necessary guarantees on the Alsace-Lorraine question."

PARIS LOAN GROWING.

Subscriptions Have Passed the 26,000,000,000-Franc Mark.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—The new French 6 per cent. loan, including yesterday's "Commerce Day" subscriptions, has passed the 26,000,000,000-franc mark, according to figures made public in financial quarters here today. It is expected that subscriptions, when the loan closes four days hence, will total 30,000,000,000 francs.

BUILD WALL AROUND PREMIER'S HOUSE

Barrier Eight Feet High Will Also Surround British Government Ofifces.

BISHOP ASKS PROTECTION

Galway Prelate Tells Sir Hamar Greenwood He and His Priests Are Threatened.

LONDON, Nov. 27 (Associated Press).—The erection of barriers eight feet high, which will exclude the public from Downing Street and adjacent Charles Street, was begun last night, with instructions that the work should be continued until it is completed.

Both streets lead from Whitehall to a group of Government departmental offices, including the Foreign Office and the India Office, and also the official residences of Premier loyd George and Andrew Bonar Law, the Government leader in the House of Commons.

The barriers are to be of a substantial character, foundations having been dug to receive them.

Gates wide enough to admit an automobile are to be provided for in the barriers.

At the same time the light barriers raised at the other ends of the two streets to check the pressure of the crowds on the occasion of the unveiling of the cenotaph for the men killed in the war are being strengthened.

Nothing has been announced publicly regarding the unusual precautions, which are assumed in some quarters to indicate that the Government has reason to expect an attack on the centers of Government from quarters which at present can only be surmised.

BISHOP ASKS PROTECTION.

Tells Greenwood He and His Priests Are Threatened.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—Denunciation of the "horrible Government outrages to which the people of Ireland are subjected" is voiced in a long letter written to Sir Hamar Greenwood, Chief Secretary for Ireland, by the Most Rev. Thomas O'Dea, Bishop of the United Dioceses of Galway and Kilmacduagh. The Bishop warns Sir Hamar that his own life and those of other clergymen have been threatened and that the Irish executive is responsible for their safety.

"Government outrages," the Bishop declares, "have been incomparably greater in volume than those on the other side. The murder of Father Griffin of Oranmore was due to Government forces, and marks a new departure in the campaign, which, apparently, indicates the beginning of an attack upon Catholics and religion."

When the Bishop returned from the funeral of Father Griffin, he asserts, he found at his home a letter addressed to himself and bearing a Galway postmark. The letter read:

"If any members of his Majesty's forces are interfered with in Galway you will meet Griffin's fate."

Bishop O'Dea adds that Father A. J. Considine, Father John W. O'Meehan and Father John W. Cunnane, priests in his diocese, have been threatened with death, and that Father Cunnane's house has already been fired upon. He says a sacred shrine was smashed and vessels used in the celebration of the mass were stolen.

F. A. PESQUEIRA SUSPENDED

Consul at Douglas Had Refused to Vise Senator Fall's Passport.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., Nov. 26.—F. Alfonso Pesqueira, brother of Roberto Pesqueira, confidential agent of the Mexican Government at Washington, has been suspended as Mexican Consul at Douglas because he refused to accept an order from Mexico City to visé the passport of United States Senator A. B. Fall of New Mexico.

LEAGUE DECIDES ON MANDATE BOARD

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

gate to the assembly, announced today that the Argentine delegation would protest to the assembly the rejection by Commitee 2 of all amendments to the Covenant of the League. He said also that he would bring up on the floor of the assembly a resolution providing for election of all members of the council by the assembly.

Talk on this quiet day centred about the expected arrival from Berne of Major Marlborough Churchill, head of the American Army Intelligence Service, who, it has been reported, is coming to watch the League developments for any action that might interest his department.

The attitude among delegates of the assembly toward the appeal of the League to President Wilson to act as mediator in the Armenian situation appears to be one of hope without expectation that the United States will relieve Europe and the League of an embarrassing question.

Behind the admitted necessity of doing something for Armenia there is a conflict of European interests involved. Great Britain, it is understood, would look with great disfavor on intervention by any power having rival interests. Action by the United States in Armenia, it is held, would involve no such complications.

In default of action by President Wilson, general opinion here is that France is the country most likely to offer favorable reply to the mediation appeal made by the Council of the League yesterday to the various powers, at the same time the message to President Wilson was sent. Acceptance by France, however, it is understood, would be on condition of full support by the other powers.

The activities of the Assembly have been transferred for the time being from the Hall of the Reformation, where the full sessions of the body have been held, to the headquarters of the Secretariat. Here the committees and subcommittees were holding sessions throughout the day. They will continue their labors until Tuesday, when the Assembly will reconvene, hear the first reports of the committees and take up the resolution of George Nichol Barnes of Great Britain, asking the Council to explain why it did not intervene to prevent the clash between the Poles and Russian Bolshevist last summer.

Committee No. 6 of the Assembly has finally settled upon the principle of its report on disarmament, the French viewpoint prevailing. The recommendation will be that disarmament be imposed only with due regard for the security of the different States.

While a sub-committee is drawing up this report the committee is taking up the question of an economic blockade as an arm of the League against offending nations.

CECIL SAYS AMERICA CAN BEST STOP TURKS

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Nov. 26 (By telephone to Paris).—Lord Robert Cecil said today that $20,000,000 quick would save Armenia. He spoke as a member of the committee of six chosen by the Assembly last Monday to consider how Armenenia might be saved in the event the negotiation project voted by the Assembly fell through. Cecil's statement gave the impression that the men required, 40,000 to 60,000 in number were available and that all they needed was money to arm, equip and maintain them.

Lord Robert said an appeal for funds had already been addressed to Governments and big organizations. He did not say this included America, but did add a moment later that he was sure America would be glad to help. He scoffed at a question whether the $20,000,000 would be used to buy off Kemal and said the money was required only if the negotiations failed. He thought America a suitable country to negotiate with Kemal, as it had no axe to grind, and Kemal doubtless had great respect for America.

GENEVA, Nov. 26 (Associated Press).—The United States would be the best nation to accept the mandate for Armenia, in the opinion of Lord Robert Cecil, who is acting as one of South Africa's delegates to the League of Nations Assembly, as expressed to the American newspaper correspondents tonight. The United States, he added, probably would have more influence with Mustapha Kemal (the Turkish Nationalist leader who is conducting a campaign against the Armenians) than any other nation.

Lord Robert said $20,000,000 would supply the necessary military assistance to put Armenia on her feet.

While refusing to name the number of troops necessary, Lord Robert stated it would be quite easy to obtain a volunteer force composed of Armenians and the Nationals of neighboring States.

After declaring that the work of the Assembly had been extraordinarily successful, Lord Robert continued:

"No one foresaw that the Assembly would become a corporate body with real life in it. The Assembly, above all, has a genuine belief in its own utility and regards itself, and rightly so, as the supreme international authority so far as such authority can exist.

"I think the Assembly will do something of great value. It will accept the International Court of Justice, will pass on the admission of new members, and, I hope, it will take a large and generous view of that subject, and it will review the present international situation and the work of the Council. Not the least encouraging symptom is that the Assembly is taking things very seriously."

Lord Robert expressed the hope that there would be one woman member of each delegation, but said this was not possible for the first sessions. He indicated that the Assembly would make no change in the duration of mandates, saying, "Mandates must be, in effect, trusts, and the mandatories should not be changed unless the trust fails."

POWERFUL REDS AID MRS. SHERIDAN

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

to enter the sacred gateway which leads to Red Square it was necessary in prerevolution days for men to pass uncovered. A tablet now has been inserted in the wall engraved with the inscription, 'Religion Is the Opiate of the People.' Hardly ever have I passed that by without having it pointed out to me with great pride. I never quite understood the spirit of it, and as for the people, they seem to disregard it, to judge by many who cross themselves as they pass. The shrine seems to be always full of devotees, who pause to pray. The religious feeling of the people will not easily be obliterated and, after all, they need all the comfort and hope they can get, even if intellectuals do not.

"My stay in Russia is nearing its end. Already I see my departure in the near distance. People at home will think I am a Bolshevik on account of my associations, but I am much too humble to pretend I understand anything about it. The more I hear the clearer it seems to me that economics is the basis of all these arguments, and, when it is a question of political economy, something happens to my mind, just as it used to when I was a child and had to learn arithmetic. The Bolshevik who can be defeated by argument is not worthy of the name. Therefore, I am not a Bolshevik, but I have tried to understand the spirit of communism and it interests me overwhelmingly.

Question of Communist Politeness.

"There are little incidents I like to recall that belong to my strange Moscow experiences and contribute in no way to lessen my love of the people, as, for instance, when the weather began to get cold the other day and I was unable to explain in Russian what I wanted, I went myself to a back garden to fetch over a load of logs for my fire. I had to make a long journey by the back stairs, through the kitchen, down corridors, and finally through the drawing room. I have never minded carrying my own wood, but I did think that two men, my Communist friends, who were idling in Louis XVI. chairs as I passed through the drawing room, might have opened the doors for me. Because they did not I most unforgivably lost my temper and said I was glad I was an English woman and not a Russian man. The effect of my attack was different on each of them.

The one I like least said: 'But it is quite right you should carry your own wood. Communism means each should help himself.'

"I replied that that was nothing new, that self-help was the oldest deep-rooted feeling in the world, and that if communism wanted to be original it must teach the doctrine of helping the other. That was the one I liked least.

"The one I liked best followed me to my room in a state of apology and distress. He brought me two apples and a cigarette and told me that if I peeled the birch bark off the logs it made an excellent substitute for kindling. With his advice he did much to help me light my fire. I have never quite made out in my own mind if they were typically Russian or typically Communist. I am still wondering.

"I was terribly laughed at one day because I made Mr. Vanderlip in the street shoulder a woman's burden and carry it for her to the woman's house. She was a frail, well-dressed woman, obviously exhausted by a long walk over the cobblestones, and was utterly incompetent to carry the bundle containing her rations. I would have taken it for her myself if I had been alone, but as Mr. Vanderlip was champion in chief of the frail and the well dressed, I thought he might as well do it. Litvinoff was awfully amused when he heard about it and said Mr. Vanderlip might really find a good deal of work to do in Moscow on these lines.

"Mr. Vanderlip was horrified one day. He told me with great concern that a weak little bourgeoise friend of his, once rich but now a stenographer, had received a paper ordering her in the event of snow falling to enlist her services among those who were to shovel the street clear in front of their doors.

"'Terrible!' said Mr. Vanderlip.

"'Why terrible?' I asked.

"'Terrible that women, well bred and unused to manual labor, should be called upon to shovel snow.'

"'But,' I argued, 'she has had better food and care when young than the working classes, and might therefore be physically stronger and more able to do this work than many another.'

"I thought of some of my friends in England who a year ago in the strike had made most efficient railway porters. I told Mr. Vanderlip I would take pride if I were a Russian bourgeoise in showing the people here that I could do as good a day's work as any one else, and that I was not just useless and helpless as they imagined. Mr. Vanderlip disagreed. He said (and I wonder if it is an American point of view) that women ought not to work at all. They ought to be worked for. It was quite useless to talk to him about the co-operation or economic independence of women. Besides, it was not about women, it was about the Communist that I wanted to talk.

Vanderlip's Purchases Amuse Reds.

"Mr. Vanderlip is the source of some merriment to the Communists. He has discovered a shop in Moscow that is allowed to sell the only remaining things the Government has not requisitioned. They are birds of paradise. He has bought yellow ones, black ones and white ones of every conceivable description. He had written checks for more rubles than the Soviet bank can find notes for. Rumor says he will have to wait three weeks until they print more notes. All Moscow has heard of his purchases. It seems to me emblematical of all he stands for and of all the women 'who do not work but are worked for' who will receive them.

"How long and rambling this is, as the result of no occupation and enforced stay within doors! It is useless to write letters home, and this is a sort of unburdening. I often wonder about my family, whether they are anxious about me, knowing nothing of the peaceful truth, or whether they are too disapproving to be anxious. With all its discomforts I love the bedrock of things here, the vital energy, the absence of hypocrisy and conventions. I am happy. Sometimes I am frightened at the way I have taken root. If I had no children I would remain here and work. The food problem worries me far less than it does any one else, and I would rather live in discomfort in an atmosphere of gigantic effort than in luxury among the purposeless.

"Nov. 4—I asked Litvinoff to let me see the Sukharefski. It is some way off, and I had not been able to get there. It is a market that is legally allowed to take place once a week, but as a matter of fact it carries on every day. It is nicknamed the 'thieves' market,' and is the only place where people can sell their belongings or, for exorbitant sums, buy a few items of food. Occasionally the Government raids it, which means it is encircled and everybody is arrested, buyer and seller alike, for buying and selling is called speculation, and in big cases is punishable with death. Once when the Sukharefski was raided I am told that Mme. Trotzky, who was trying to supplement her butter ration, was among the arrested crowd and, failing to locate Trotzky on the telephone, she spent all night in prison. But that was some time ago, and the regulations are less stringent now.

Litvinoff Guide to Illicit Market.

"It seemed to me to be rather piquant to get Litvinoff to show me the illicit market. Long before we got there the roads converging on the place showed signs of animation. Crowds seemed to be flocking to market. It seemed to be the very pulse of Moscow. For the first time, and so late in my visit, I saw people really human and excited. It was a mixture of an Irish fair and an Oriental bazaar. Whether the people were selling their precious remaining

REDS WARN KEMAL TO STOP ADVANCE

Toll Turkish Leader Further Movement Into Armenia Will Be Cause of War.

TO GUARD NEW GOVERNMENT

Soviet Republic at Erivan Gets Promise of Support and Full Supply.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 25 (Associated Press.)—The Moscow Government has notified Mustapha Kemal Pasha, leader of the Turkish Nationalists, that it would regard a further Turkish advance into Armenia as a cause for war. The message, it says, was sent as a consequence of the change in the Government of Armenia. George Tchitcherin, the Soviet Foreign Minister, demanded withdrawal of the Turks on the west bank of the Arpa-Chai River and informed the Nationalist Government at Angora officially that the treaty of Brest-Litovsk was considered invalid.

It is reported that Legrand, Soviet representative in Erivan, the Armenian capital, gave assurance to the new Government that the Soviets would not tolerate aggression on the part of Azerbaijan against the new Soviet Republic and promised at the same time to furnish it with 500,000 pounds of fuel.

The new Armenian Government has released the political prisoners.

WANTS SOVIET RECOGNIZED.

Senator France to Introduce Resolution at Coming Session.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (Associated Press).—Re-establishment of trade relations with Russia is provided for in a resolution prepared by Senator France, Republican of Maryland, under which the President would be "advised" to take steps to that end. The Senator plans to introduce his proposal at the coming session of the Senate.

The resolution would further advise the President to "instruct" the State Department to raise the embargo against the shipment of goods to Russia, consider and advise as to best method of arranging credits, to enter upon negotiations "concerning any explanations or reparations which may be due from this country because of our invasion of Russian territory" and to congratulate the Russian people "for having overthrown a despotic Government" and to express a desire to cooperate with them in their efforts to "establish institutions which will insure to them an ordered liberty."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The declaration of Premier Leygues to a committee of the French Chamber of Deputies that he favors removal of French restrictions against trading with Russia while gratifying to the American Government did not come as any surprise to officials of the State Department.

As understood here France in this respect has brought its policy respecting trade with Russia into exact line with the American policy under which some months ago announcement was made that all American restrictions against trading with Russia had been lifted, but that Americans so trading would do so at their own risk in the absence of recognition of the Soviet Government by the United States Government.

France, according to the understanding here, does not intend to follow the example of Great Britain and negotiate a treaty with Soviet Russia, but, on the contrary, maintains that diplomatic intercourse cannot be carried on with a Government which neither represents the Russian people nor keeps its promises. French citizens who, after the removal of all existing physical obstructions to resumption of trade and commerce between France and Soviet Russia, undertake to trade with that country will do so at their own risk, under the policy adopted by the French Government.

This is and for some months has been the American Government's attitude.

IF ALLIES FIGHT KEMAL.

Foch Is Consulted by League Council as to Number of Troops Needed.

By G. H. PERRIS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Nov. 26.—France, who stated her views in London today, had already uttered most remarkable words through the mouth of one of her greatest leaders in the League Assembly, which she was supposed to scorn.

"Try negotiation with Mustapha Kemal," was Viviani's revolutionary advice. Some of his hearers were shocked. "How can you negotiate with a chief of brigands?" asked Balfour. Others, including, I think, Lord Robert Cecil and his friends, were skeptical. The resolution which was carried did not repeat the word "negotiate," which Viviani had clearly and repeatedly used, but only asked that a power should be found and "charged to take the necessary measures with a view to ending hostilities between Armenia and the Kemalists."

Accordingly, the League Council has addressed telegrams to all its members, great and small, and also to the United States, asking if alone or jointly they will accept this mission. They are informed that it "does not involve any permanent obligation," which is perhaps not absolutely certain. They are not informed whether it is proposed to proceed by arms or negotiation, or both. I learn, however, that Marshal Foch's staff is being consulted as to the dimensions a military expedition would have to take, and at least one eminent British soldier is here to give advice of the same kind.

It is not thought likely that the United States will accept this more limited mandate. If it did, many present calculations would be upset.

APPLAUDS COLBY'S NOTE.

Montreal Star Says His Protest Demands a Hearing.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Nov. 26.—The refusal of the United States, as voiced by Secretary Colby, to be excluded under mandate rights is discussed by The Montreal Star, which says:

"The United States is treading on delicate ground in pressing its rights to participation in the mandates provided by the treaties of peace, and for this reason the moderate tone of the note sent by Secreary Colby to Earl Curzon will earn general commendation. * * * No fair-minded critic can read Mr. Colby's temperate but firm note without acknowledging that he has at least made out a good case for the claim which he has enunciated."

As to the contentions of Secretary Colby respecting the San Remo arrangement The Star remarks:

"The United States is exceedingly careful to avoid any shadow of a claim to participation in the mandate as a possible or potential member of the League. Secretary Colby says in effect America entered the war for certain ideals. She spent her men and her money freely in the pursuit of those ideals. She played a party worthy to rank with the efforts of the powers with which she was associated, and it was on the basis of the fourteen points propounded by her President, with certain modifications, that the first steps toward an armistice were taken.

"In a scrupulously literal interpretation of the letter of the League it would not be difficult to exclude her claim to participation in the mandates on a technicality, but on the broader basis of equity and justice her protest demands a hearing."

FIGHT WITH RAZOR.

Realty Man and Doctor Held After Row in Room—Former May Die.

Ralph Burkhardt, 30 years old, of 100 Cathedral Parkway, manager for a real estate firm, and Dr. John W. McElroy, 32 years old, were both wounded by razor cuts in a fight in Dr. McElroy's room at the Hotel Albert last night. The stories told by them were so conflicting that the police held each on a charge of felonious assault. Burkhardt received three wounds in the neck and was removed to St. Vincent's Hospital, where it was said they might be fatal. Dr. McElroy was cut in the left arm, and was placed under arrest at the Mercer Street Police Station.

Dr. McElroy was telephoning when Burkhardt entered his room unannounced, and the telephone operator heard part of the quarrel and notified E. D. Fowler, the manager. Mr. Fowler found Burkhardt on the bed and Dr. McElroy standing with a wound in his arm. Mr. Fowler told the police that Dr. McElroy admitted that he had slashed Burkhardt, whom he said he had never seen before, but that he did it in self-defense after Burkhardt had attacked him.

Burkhardt, who admitted that he was unknown to Dr. McElroy, told the police that he had gone to see the latter to remonstrate over his treatment of a nurse. He said that Dr. McElroy became angry and attacked him with a razor which he took from a trunk.

Dr. McElroy served in the war as a First Lieutenant of the Gordon Highlanders and entered the American Army after the United States entered the war, being discharged with the rank of Major. He is now attached to the staff of the Post Graduate Hospital.

MAYOR OF BERLIN RESIGNS.

Communist Defection Overthrows Wermuth, Who Has Favored Labor.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 26.—The resignation of the first Mayor of Greater Berlin, Adolph Wermuth, represents the first success of the communist members of the City Council. In the recent electric workers' strike his refusal to exercise his authority against the strikers evoked grave criticism by all members of the Council except those of the labor parties, and the Conservatives had decided to make trouble for the Mayor at today's session.

Consequently the labor members of all three parties—the regular Socialists, the Independent Socialists and the Communists—met several days ago and planned to move a vote of confidence in Wermuth today, so as to keep him in office despite the opposition. But, meeting separately yesterday afternoon, the Communist members decided to withdraw their support of the vote of confidence, which would have caused Wermuth's downfall at today's session if he had not forestalled it by his sudden resignation. Herr Wermuth, who is 65 years old, held high office in the Imperial German Treasury before he was elected Mayor of Berlin for the first time in 1912. Until the revolution he was regarded as a Conservative, but stuck to his post during the social upheaval, and then, obeying the demands of the time, made the best of the situation with the almost undivided support of the labor members. Though the Conservative parties gradually have withdrawn their support from him, their organs today recognize unreservedly Herr Wermuth's high ability and great achievements. In 1893 Herr Wermuth acted as German Imperial Commissioner to the World's Fair in Chicago.

His successor in the Mayoralty will probably be a regular or Independent Socialist.

Murphy Ruling to Stand.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court yesterday denied the application by Colonel William Rand Jr., Special Assistant Attorney General, for permission to appeal to the Court of Appeals from the Appellate Division ruling that Supreme Court Justice Wagner may decide the motion to dismiss the case against Charles F. Murphy, Tammany leader; the Corn Products Refining Company, and the other defendants indicted by the Extraordinary Grand Jury.

RENT LAWS UPHELD IN TWO DECISIONS

Constitutionality of New Acts Is Supported by Supreme Court Justice Wagner.

BACKS LEGISLATIVE POWER

Justice McAvoy Rules That to Grant Ejectment Plea Would Nullify Measures.

The validity of the housing laws, passed by the last Legislature for the protection of tenants, was upheld yesterday in decisions of two Justices of the Supreme Court; Justice Robert F. Wagner and Justice John V. McAvoy. Of the two, the decision of Justice Wagner was the more far-reaching in that it upheld the constitutionality of the laws under a direct attack. This was said to have been the first decision on the constitutional question involved after an actual trial of the issues.

The case before Justice Wagner was that of the Ullman Realty Company against Kintara Tamur, a tenant in its apartment house at 435 East Sixty-sixth Street. The plaintiff contended that Tamur had unlawfully withheld possession of the premises since Sept. 24, and asked the Court to award to the realty company possession of the apartment and back rent.

Attorneys for the opposing sides sought a trial of the case on the issue of constitutionality. The realty company contended that the apartment was worth $35 a month, and Tamur claimed that he had accepted a reasonable increase when his rent was previously shifted from $23 to $30 a month, and based his right to continued occupancy on the new housing laws.

Upholds Lawmakers' Power.

"I cannot subscribe to any doctrine that hinders or restrains our legislative power from enacting a clear and reasonable design to relieve the actual distress of the thousands of tenants in this community who would otherwise be made homeless," said Justice Wagner in his opinion. "I think their rights to homes in which to live, during an emergency of the kind that now confronts us, is transcendentally paramount to any private rights of property. The protection of their health and morals commands a vastly more important position to my mind and of far greater moment to the welfare of the State than any strict adherence to the individual's private property.

"A condition of affairs existed concerning which our Legislature exercised its granted right to enact laws for the protection of the health and welfare of its people. If the end be a legitimate one, all means which are not arbitrary and oppressive, but are appropriate and reasonable and adapted to that end, are within the legislative grant of power. I think there can be little doubt that the enactments in question bore a just relation to the protection of the public within the scope of its power and were reasonable and appropriate in character.

"For a century and a half our constitutional restraints have received interpretations befitting every emergency and public need. The statutes in question were enacted to avert a crisis. No constitutional right of the owner of property was transgressed. No sound reason is advanced that the governmental aid was not lawfully exerted."

Denies Ejectment Plea.

The case before Justice McAvoy was that of the Versailles Holding Corporation against Stein, in which an order was sought requiring the latter to vacate. In refusing to grant it Justice McAvoy said that to do so would constitute a nullification of laws passed by the Legislature without asserting their unconstitutionality. Justice McAvoy declared that the Legislature without question had the power to abolish the remedy which it granted to recover possession of real property by summary proceedings and would, under the police power, if an emergency existed, be entitled to suspend the action of ejectment for a prescribed period.

The decisions of Justices Wagner and McAvoy were characterized as "expressions of opinion in the court of first instance" in "highly technical legal skirmishes" in a statement last night by Julius H. Zieser, a member of the Legal Committee of the Real Estate Investors, Incorporated, which was organized to test the validity of the new laws. Mr. Zieser said that it was highly desirable that the tenants pay the old rent pending an authoritative decision.

FIVE JURORS PICKED AT TRIAL OF BACKER

Early Verdict Expected in Case of Wealthy Builder Accused of Perjury.

The first trial growing out of the exposure of bribery and grafting in the building situation started yesterday before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions, where five jurors were selected to try George S. Backer of 137 Riverside Drive, a wealthy builder, on the charge of perjury.

The indictment against Backer for perjury was found by the Grand Jury because of alleged conflicts in his statements to the Lockwood Committee regarding the charge that he had received $25,000 from Ephraim B. Levy to be used to buy off strikes. Edmund L. Mooney, who appeared with Robert Manley and Samuel Levy for the defendant, told the court that he thought the trial would require three days. The prosecution is in the hands of Emory R. Buckner, Robert S. Johnstone and Stanley Richter.

William G. Thompson of 2,798 Eighth Avenue, a foreman in a repair shop of the American Can Company, was the first man accepted and became foreman of the jury, subject to a later exercise of the peremptory challenge.

The other jurors selected were P. Broadus Powers, manager of a wholesale clothing place at 44 East Fourteenth Street; Joseph J. Ahearn of 231 East Fiftieth Street, an employe of the Continental Insurance Company; Samuel L. Kern of 520 West 148th Street, and John A. Kershaw of 582 East Eighty-sixth Street, an employe of the Riverside Ice Company. Court was adjourned until Monday morning.

Robert P. Brindell and Peter Stadtmuller pleaded not guilty yesterday before Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions to the indictments charging extortion which were handed down by the Grand Jury on Wednesday. On application of Martin W. Littleton leave to make any necessary motion or to amend or withdraw the plea was extended by the Court until Nov. 30.

VOTE ON BRINDELL FUND.

Building Council Proposes $10 Assessment to Defend President.

It was announced yesterday by the Building Trades Council that the seventy local building trades which make up the Council are taking a referendum on the question of a defense fund for Robert P. Brindell, President of the Council, who is under indictments on charges of extortion. They propose to assess every member $10 for Brindell's defense.

Some opposition has developed, it was said, but leaders in the movement for the fund said they felt confident that virtually all the unions would take favorable action. They are counting on Brindell's efforts to negotiate a general wage increase of $1 a day for the 115,000 workers in the building trades to offset opposition to the fund.

OBREGON IN CAPITAL FOR INAUGURATION

Despite Official Denials, Reports Persist That His Illness Is Still Serious.

FESTIVITIES SOON TO BEGIN

Special Trains Leave the Border Carrying Two Governors and Many Other American Visitors.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 26.—General Alvaro Obregon, President-elect of the Mexican Republic, who has been out of the city for a few days for the purpose of recuperating from an indisposition, arrived here yesterday with his family, for the inauguration ceremonies.

Notwithstanding official statements that General Alvaro Obregon, the President-elect of Mexico, is not seriously ill, persistent rumors are prevalent here that he is more than slightly indisposed. In some quarters the continued absence of General Obregon from his downtown office, where he was accustomed to work seven hours daily, is taken as giving credence to the reports of his illness.

General Obregon today canceled several engagements and simultaneously announcement was made that a banquet planned for tomorrow in his honor by the Confederation of Chambers of Commerce of Mexico and the United States had been postponed until Monday.

Several weeks ago General Obregon was threatened with pneumonia, and his continued indisposition is thought to be a consequence of that attack.

Fernando Torre Blanca, private secretary to General Obregon, speaking today concerning the condition of the President-elect, said: "General Obregon is quite well."

There is no indication that the plans for the inauguration have been altered because of the state of health of the President-elect or that of Provisional President de la Huerta, who is now daily at the national palace following a threatened attack of appendicitis.

The inaugural period, which will begin Dec. 1, promises to be the most festive in years. The Government has taken over two of the principal hotels here for the entertainment of visiting American officials. According to the latest announcement of the Foreign Office, the American visitors will include thirteen Governors—of Texas, Arizona, New Mexico, Colorado, California, Alabama, Kansas, North Dakota, Wyoming, Missouri, Indiana, Mississippi and Arkansas.

EL PASO, Nov. 26.—Two special trains, one carrying Governor O. A. Larrazolo of New Mexico and his party and the other carrying five Pullman carloads of business men from Arizona, left Juarez at noon today for Mexico City to attend the inauguration of General Obregon as President of Mexico.

A special train of Californians will arrive at 7 o'clock tonight and will cross into Juarez from El Paso on its way to the Mexican capital. Governor Larrazolo received a telegram today from Governor Hobby of Texas saying that he and Mrs. Hobby would leave Laredo tonight to attend the inauguration.

LAREDO, Nov. 26.—General M. Perez Trevino, representing President-elect Obregon of Mexico, has arrived at the border with a staff of officers to prepare a reception for Governor W. P. Hobby of Texas.

HYLAN HOLDS UP CRAIG WARRANTS

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

included payments on other contracts than building contracts, and were in some cases for supplies. He would not comment upon the Mayor's action, except to say that the city's interests had been protected. He explained that in construction contracts the payments were always a month or two behind the work and that the city was protected by the work done during this period, in addition to the retained percentages.

Controller Craig said that Edward M. Grout, former Controller, as attorney for the Uvalde Paving Company had applied for a writ of mandamus to compel the city to make payment on three contracts with that company, for $33,840, $750.48 and $28,255.06, respectively. The Controller said he believed Mr. Grout intended to contend that the Controller's power of audit did not extend to any determination as to whether the price was reasonable or not when the contract had been let by public bidding.

Mr. Whalen's statement was in reply to the letter of Mr. Untermyer to Joseph Haag, Secretary of the Board of Estimate, in which Mr. Untermyer attacked both Mayor Hylan and Mr. Whalen and accused them of an attempt to "draw a red herring across the trail" of the committee's investigation. Mr. Whalen said:

"In order to appraise properly the action of Mr. Untermyer in canceling an appointment made with the Corporation Counsel and me it is necessary to note that this appointment to call at his home at Greystone was made at Mr. Untermyer's solicitation, and that the purpose of this appointment was to go over the form of agreement which the Board of Estimate had decided upon at the suggestion of Mr. Untermyer. When such form was submitted to Mr. Untermyer he said he could not take it up then, that he would have to take it up at his home, and he asked Mr. O'Brien to go to his home on Saturday afternoon, Nov. 20, for this purpose. At the same time he requested the Commissioner of Plant and Structures to attend the conference.

Says Untermyer "Backs Away."

"In backing away from this appointment, which was entirely of his own making, Mr. Untermyer has merely run true to form, for the record of his dealings with the Board of Estimate and Apportionment shows him again and again backing away from the successive positions taken by him. He has the habit of backing away. He was eager to investigate city contracts. Then he positively refused to do so.

"With reference to Mr. Untermyer's statement that the city ought to sue Holland & Co. and make me a party to the action for filling in of the Court House site, I have this to say:

"That I had nothing to do with the dumping of ashes on the Court House site.

"That my partnership with Holland & Co. had terminated in 1917.

"That Holland & Co. was only one of sixty-one contractors who had permits to dump on the site.

"That all facts and data in connection therewith will be presented before the proper tribunal at the proper time supported by official documents, and when that work is completed a public record will be made that will prove Mr. Untermyer's attack to be the most baseless, the vilest and most contemptible defamation of a public official in the history of city government."

Mr. Untermyer made no reply to Mr. Whalen's statement.

Defends Untermyer on Port Plan.

Julius Henry Cohen, counsel of the New York Port and Harbor Development Commission, defended Mr. Untermyer's appearance before the Board of Estimate in advocacy of the proposed port treaty as entirely proper and actuated by public spirit. The Mayor declared that the treaty was an attempt by "powerful interests" to grab control of the Port of New York and place it in private hands, and intimated that Mr. Untermyer's attacks upon him constituted part of a scheme to discredit him for opposing this and other attempts to "exploit the people." Mr. Cohen said:

"In fairness to Mr. Untermyer it should be said that his appearance at the hearing before the Board of Estimate and Apportionment on the port treaty was solely in the public interest. He was then Chairman of the Yonkers Waterfront Development Commission and was urged by Mayor Wallis of Yonkers, as well as myself, to appear in support of the treaty. In addition, the Merchants Association requested him to appear, and he agreed to serve without compensation.

"The statement by the Mayor that the treaty is intended to grab and control the Port of New York, the result of which would be turning over of the Port of New York practically into private hands, with the privilege of mortgaging the city to develop Newark Bay and adjacent Jersey territory in the interest of the railroads,' shows that the Mayor has not read the proposed treaty, nor Governor Smith's special message to the Legislature of March 29 last, in which the Governor said: 'Articles in the proposed compact safeguard the municipality's waterfront property.' Article 6 of the proposed compact provided that 'no property' whether 'now or hereafter vested in or held by * * * any county, city, borough * * * or other municipality, shall be taken by the port authority, *without the authority or consent of such* * * * county, city * * *"

Conboy Tries to Block Inquiry.

The proceedings before Justice Hotchkiss for the vacating of subpoenas issued by the Lockwood Committee were considered of particular importance, as involving the power of the committee to issue such subpoenas. Martin Conboy, who appeared for the Builders' Supply Bureau and the Association of Dealers in Masons' Building Materials, asked that the subpoenas issued for the secretaries of these organizations be vacated on the ground that the committee had no power to seize documents.

The subpoenas issued were subpoenas duces tecum and required the production of the books and records of both organizations before the Lockwood Committee.

Mr. Untermyer said that an attempt was being made to check the activities of the committee and that it was necessary and advisable that the powers of the committee be decided once and for all.

"If this right to secure possession of these books by a subpoena duces tecum is not recognized," he said, "we can never break up alleged illegal combinations which are doing business to the detriment of the public."

Justice Hotchkiss said he would make known his decision as soon as he could after a careful reading of the briefs, memoranda and other papers.

ANOTHER WITNESS ACCUSES BOLLING

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

your investigation stopped with the report made by the Department of Justice and your talks with Mr. Tweedale and Mr. Bolling?"

The witness admitted this substantially was the limit of his investigation, but he wanted it understood that no one had suggested that his investigation be dropped for fear of involving some one in high authority.

Favored Immunity for Sands.

The witness reminded the Chairman that at a conference in the committee room he had advised Mr. Walsh and Mr. Fisher that he favored granting immunity to Sands, if any evidence could be found to establish the guilt of Mr. Bolling.

In view of the fact that Mr. Meehan had testified he was incredulous of the charges against Mr. Bolling because of the character of Sands and Fuller, he was asked by Chairman Walsh:

"You were investigating a crooked transaction and you would expect crooks to be interested in it, wouldn't you?"

Mr. Meehan admitted this.

"Yet you satisfied yourself with Bolling's examination?" queried Chairman Walsh.

The witness said Mr. Bolling had convinced him of the truth of his explanation, and also apparently had convinced Mr. Fisher.

In all his talks Mr. Bolling had made no reference to having accepted $500 from Sands as profit on a house, although Sands had said the money was part of a thousand-dollar commission he received for procuring a contract for some pipe-bending machinery.

Under cross-examination by Representative Kelly Mr. Meehan admitted he had never investigated the reasons for which Mr. Downey paid the $40,000 commission to Sands. Representative Kelly suggested he should have started by asking the Credit Department to ascertain whether it was necessary for Mr. Downey to bolster up the credit of his company. Mr. Meehan thought this unnecessary because the Shipping Board had let contracts to concerns which had practically no financial standing.

Then Mr. Kelly read into the record a report from the Credit Department showing that the Providence Engineering Company, in which Mr. Downey was interested and which had applied for a contract, was in excellent financial condition and had adequate facilities for delivery as well as a sufficient plant to undertake a contract for the board.

Sands Made Loans to Bolling.

Mr. Meehan testified Mr. Bolling had told him of several small loans obtained from Sands. Asked why he hadn't gone to Sands's office to look into his accounts, he said he and his assistants had been subjected to much criticism by Congressmen and others as a result of their investigations.

"Don't you think it would have been proper to have gone to this bad, desperate man, Sands, and this eminently proper person, Bolling, and have checked up their accounts?" insisted Representative Kelly.

"No, I was convinced there was nothing in the charge, and Admiral Benson also was of the opinion that Mr. Bolling was all right," replied Mr. Meehan.

"Yes, but the Admiral got his impression from you, did he not?"

"No; Bolling went to the Admiral at the time the story was being circulated and told him of the whole affair."

"You did not, as a fact, check up these accounts of loans?"

"No."

"Nor ask Bolling for the aggregate of the loans?"

"Not that I recall."

In the course of this examination the witness suggested it was possible Sands had been telling the truth and that Bolling had been lying.

L. Franklin Fuller, who admitted he had been indicted in the Federal Court in the District of Columbia in 1918 for uttering a forgery, after which he was engaged as an agent by the Department of Justice, was first examined by Chairman Walsh, who asked:

"Were you present at a meeting between Sands, Bolling, Sisler and Cranor?"

"I have been in Mr. Sands's room a number of times and met all these gentlemen," replied Mr. Fuller.

"Did you ever hear any conversation between R. Wilmer Bolling and Mr. Sands relative to these contracts with the Downey Shipbuilding Corporation?"

"No, I haven't," said the witness, who was then asked when he first learned about the alleged transaction.

Fuller said that either in the late Spring or early Summer of 1918, Sands told him he could "make some money by buying some good notes." Sands then offered to sell him four notes aggregating $40,000 for $35,000. He finally induced Sands to take $25,000, but he (Fuller) backed out of the bargain after getting commercial reports on the Downey Corporation.

He told of a visit to Sands's rooms in the Spring of 1918, when Sands is alleged to have handed a check for $600 or $800 to Mr. Bolling. He testified that he had remarked to Bolling:

"Pretty soft for you," to which Mr. Bolling is alleged to have replied, "No, it's pretty tough."

"Well, I'm sorry for you, because I'm going to make a big ripple," the witness said he replied.

After Mr. Bolling departed, the witness said, he asked Sands about the check, and was told the money was on the Downey notes. He swore that "these fellows" knew of it as soon as Sands had cashed the notes, and came to get some of the proceeds. He said he had seen Mr. Bolling at least half a dozen times in Sands's rooms.

"Did you ever hear Bolling and Sands discuss Sisler and the efforts he was to make to get the contract?" asked Chairman Walsh. Fuller had not.

Questioned further about Mr. Bolling, Fuller said he knew the latter well and had had transactions with him before the incident he had just described.

"Don't you think it was unusual," asked Chairman Walsh, "that an experienced banker should tell you he had bribed a Government official?"

"He didn't tell me that," replied the witness.

"You understood what was going on?"

"Yes, pretty well. I knew that there was a lot of that stuff going on in Washington all the time, and I paid little attention to it."

Says He Has Proof of Bribery.

"Do you mean to say you know of other cases in which Government officials have been bribed?" asked Chairman Walsh. "Yes."

"Can you furnish documentary proof?"

"I can furnish some."

In describing his indictment Mr. Fuller told the committee an appeal was pending and that in the meantime he had been engaged by the Department of Justice in the packer investigations which have resulted in the indictment of one company on 137 counts. He said he was at present employed by the Nestles Food Company.

When Sands was recalled to the stand he told of a controversy between himself and Wallace Downey which resulted in a reduction of the amount of the commission from $40,000 to $25,000. Mr. Downey, he said, insisted the money had been paid for the assistance given by Sands in securing financial accommodation, and could not be carried on the books in any other way. He said he told Mr. Downey then that he understood the money was paid for his aid in procuring the Shipping Board contract.

"Mr. Downey gave you the $40,000 a long time before any arrangements were made for that loan from the bank?" asked Representative Kelly.

"Yes," replied Sands.

"You are sure about that?"

"Yes."

"Was this credit arranged at the bank purely for the purpose of strengthening Downey with the Shipping Board?"

"I suppose it was," replied the witness, who explained that Mr. Downey already had $50,000 on deposit with the Commercial National Bank when the $100,000 loan was negotiated.

The witness was directed to furnish all canceled checks dealing with the disposition of proceeds of Downey notes. He was asked if he knew a Mr. Robertson, and said he formerly was connected with the bank, but later entered the brokerage business with Mr. Bolling.

"Did you have anything to do with that firm?"

"No; I only furnished them money."

The witness said the name of the firm was F. A. Connolly & Co., and explained that it had gone out of business and liquidated its assets as a result of a "leak."

"What leak?" asked Chairman Walsh. "We haven't heard of any leaks except leaks in ships."

Sands testified he did not remember having received any commission from Mr. Downey for services in procuring a contract for pipe bending rolls. Neither could he recall having had any conference with Mr. Bolling relative to such a contract or having divided a fee for such services.

"Did you ever write an anonymous letter to the Shipping Board or the Department of Justice?" asked Chairman Walsh.

"I have never written an anonymous letter in my life," protested the witness.

"Did you ever threaten Mr. Bolling that you would make it hot for him or expose him?"

"I never did."

The hearing will be continued this morning at 9:30 o'clock.

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

A Reduction Sale of

Men's Winter Overcoats

at $57.50

will be continued to-day (Saturday)

on the SIXTH FLOOR

The models are fashionable in every respect, and include a number of Imported Overcoats, made of fancy mixed fabrics; as well as Dress Overcoats made of Oxford gray melton cloth, lined throughout with satin.

A Clearance Sale of

Men's Boots and Oxfords

(the greater number of Balta make)

will be continued to-day (Saturday)

on the Sixth Floor

The assortment includes

Men's Boots of enameled leather, with Scotch grain tops and wing or straight tips

at $6.75 per pair

Men's Boots of black, Russia tan or cordovan brown calfskin

at $8.75 per pair

Men's Oxfords of genuine shell cordovan in black or dark brown; very special

at $7.50 per pair

The values are exceptional in every instance. All sizes and widths may be obtained, but not in every style.

Store Closes at 5 P. M.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Unusual Reductions in

Street and Afternoon Gowns for Women

$30.00

Tricotines
Velveteens
Jerseys
Satins

TAKEN from our regular stock and sweepingly reduced for quick disposal. This is a remarkable opportunity if you can find your size in the style you like, for the models are smart, the materials excellent, and the prices not to be duplicated.

Third Floor

Hundreds of New Family Accounts for Knickerbocker Ice

That *good* news travels not only fast but far and wide seems evident. Patrons who have registered—by letter and telephone—satisfaction with Knickerbocker Service have also undoubtedly told friends and neighbors about the purity of the ice and the comfort of the service that is so regular you can "almost set your clock" by the driver's arrival.

A satisfied customer is the best advertisement any company can have, so old and new patrons may rest assured that no effort will be spared to make Knickerbocker Service 100%.

Knickerbocker ICE Company

LAMBERT EST. 1880

"BETTER APPAREL for MEN"

"Didn't I Buy A Bargain

in this overcoat?" said one of our customers to a friend.

"How much?" asked the friend.

"$37.50" was the answer.

"I'll say so, it looks like $75.00 to me," and he was right. Lambert Overcoats and Suits are marked way down now.

LAMBERT

254 FIFTH AVE. Bet. 28th & 29th Sts.
39 CORTLANDT Bet. 6th & 9th Av. "L."
124 NASSAU ST. And New Haven, Conn

CHAUFFEURS' OUTFITS

All Wool Oxford Whipcord

$88 *Complete*

Coat or Suit $42.50. Cap $3

Buy Direct from the Maker!

Brooks Uniform Co.

(Opp. Met. Opera House)

143 W 40 Street

PILGRIMS MARK 300TH ANNIVERSARY

Gen. Nivelle at Carnegie Hall Celebration Pays Tribute to American Soldiers.

MESSAGE FROM KING READ

Dr. Phelps Declares First Settlers Gained Their Philosophy From the Bible.

Irish and Irish sympathizers, who attacked the Union Club on Sunday for displaying the British flag, were not represented at the Tercentenary Celebration in honor of the Landing of the Pilgrims at Carnegie Hall last night, where the British flag was displayed with others, tributes paid to England and other countries of the Allies, and a message read from King George. The hall was surrounded by policemen. The celebration, however, was attended with perfect peace inside and outside of the hall.

General Robert Georges Nivelle, the hero of France, who was at the celebration as a descendant of the Huguenots, the French spiritual kin of the Pilgrim Fathers, paid a tribute to the American soldiers and then told the story of the Kaiser asking what ship they all came over in and being informed that it was the Lusitania.

"You have been told tonight," he said, "that the Mayflower was a ship of but 140 tons. But I am sure that she sailed in 1917 side by side with the ideal Lusitania, and that she brought also to France her share of the American troops."

Professor William Lyons Phelps, admitting what other speakers had said, that all but one of the Mayflower Pilgrims was uneducated, continued:

"But, although they did not bring a library, they brought a Book to New England. The King James Version of the Bible was then a new Book. It was only nine years old. That Book is the best-written book in the English language, greater than any philosopher or nevelist, because it contains in its own pages the greatest novels, the greatest short stories, the greatest essays and the greatest philosophy and the greatest beauty of thought any language combined, greater than all the other books in the world can rival."

Professor Phelps added that no group of people could be rightly described as uneducated, who read and knew the Bible. Because of their intensive training in the Bible, the Puritans, he said, were educated in the best thought, philosophy and religion.

A message from King George, transmitted by the British Embassy, said:

"I join you gladly in honoring the men and women of the Mayflower whose memory is one of the abiding inspirations of America."

The Rev. Dr. Samuel A. Eliot presided over the celebration, and other speakers were the Rev. Dr. Frank Mason North, the Rev. Dr. Cornelius Woelfkin, the Rev. Dr. Charles E. Jefferson, E. Harold Spender and the Rev. William I. Haven. Among the official representatives of other nations at the celebration were President R. C. Gillie of the Free Church Council of Churches of Christ in America, Canon A. E. Borroughs of Peterboro, the Rev. Dr. Alexander Ramsey of England, Dr. A. J. Barnouw of Holland, Colonel Paul Azan and Dr. Jean André Monod of France, and Pierre Mali, the Belgian Consul General.

VIENNA SENDS US THANKS.

Mayor Expresses "Deep Gratitude and Respect" for American Aid.

VIENNA, Nov. 25 (Associated Press).—The Mayor of Vienna today asked that the following Thanksgiving Day message to the American people be transmitted:

"I wish to express the city's deep gratitude and respect for the American people and Government, who in times of immeasurable distress, from motives of purest philanthropy, have succored hundreds of thousands of men, women and children, and I assure them that their generosity is indelibly engraved in the hearts of the population of Vienna, who are animated by the wish that friendly intercourse between the nations may endure forever."

LEGISLATORS HEAR PLEAS OF TEACHERS

Organizations in City and State Seek More Pay and Various Reforms.

Representatives of teachers' organizations from many parts of the State and city officials appeared before the Joint Legislative Committee on Education, of which State Senator John B. Mullan is Chairman, at City Hall yesterday to present their views on the subject of salaries and the best method of financing future increases.

Abraham Lefkowitz, speaking for the Teachers' Union, argued that a "cultural" wage, rather than a living wage, should be paid to the teachers of the city. The value of the dollar in 1920, as compared with the dollar of 1914, he declared, required a minimum salary schedule for the elementary schools of $2,500 a year and a maximum of $4,900; and for the high schools a minimum of $3,000 and a maximum of $5,300.

One of Mr. Lefkowitz's recommendations was that teachers of the same experience—the same "cultural standing"—be placed on the same salary schedule, whether they taught in kindergarten or high school. He quoted statistics from the Bureau of Labor to show that there had been increases of from 50 to 120 per cent. in the cost of food, clothing and other necessities over 1914, while the salaries of teachers had not increased proportionally. Despite the so-called increases in salaries, there was neither quantity nor quality in teaching today, he added, while 110,000 teaching posts stood open.

Speaking for the Federation of Teachers' Associations, Mrs. Grace Strahan Forsythe asserted that the schedule Mr. Lefkowitz submitted was an ideal one, but the associations she represented were interested in having made permanent the schedules as they now exist. She disapproved of any equalization of salaries beyond 6 B grade, on the ground that an incentive to climb was needed to recruit the ranks of the profession.

The hearing was adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

WIFE SUES PROF. WATSON.

He Resigns as Member of Faculty of Johns Hopkins University.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 26.—Suit for divorce has been filed by Mrs. Watson against Professor John Broadus Watson, head of the Department of Experimental Psychology at the Johns Hopkins University. Professor Watson has resigned as a member of the Hopkins faculty. The daughter of a prominent family in the city is named indirectly in the divorce action.

The suit was filed on Nov. 4 by Mrs. Watson, and the papers are now in the hands of an examiner, the testimony having been taken outside of court, which indicated that the defendant has not contested the proceedings.

Professor Watson, who was a Major in the Aviation Service during the war, is alleged to have been unduly intimate with the corespondent, and it is said that one of the meetings occurred in an apartment in New York City.

Our Apologies

to the 600 fine people who had to turn away from us last Thursday

for lack of room. We appreciate your good spirit and regret we couldn't seat you all.

But we serve just as good every day. Thursday was only a "sample" of what we serve every day.

Now watch for Christmas surprise.

Upstairs Luncheon 90c.
Dinner $1.50.
A la Carte also, all hours.

WENNING'S

"THE QUALITY RESTAURANT"
121 W. 45th St., bet. B'way & 6th Av.
No Check Room, No Cover Charge.
Nice Music Noon and Evening.

TIFFANY & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET

WATCHES AND CLOCKS

J.M. Gidding & Co.

564-568 and 568 Fifth Avenue. 46TH AND 47TH STS.

First-of-the-Season-Sales

Reductions throughout the various departments *continue*—*savings* in many instances averaging from *25% to 50%*.

RICH FUR-TRIMMED SUITS
DAY COATS AND WRAPS
HANDSOME DAY DRESSES
BEAUTIFUL EVENING GOWNS
LUXURIOUS FUR-TRIMMED WRAPS
BLOUSES—ACCESSORIES
FURS AND HATS

Macy's Macy's

Men's Winter Overcoats

$37.50

An Added Assurance

When you buy a Suit or an Overcoat at Macy's you have the assurance that, quality considered, it is priced *lowest-in-the-city*.

Our stock of Men's Clothing is priced on the basis of what we could buy the garments for under present market conditions.

Models: Boxcoat, ulster, ulsterette, and Chesterfield with velvet or self collar.

Continuing the Reduct on Sale of

Men's Suits, $32.50

Formerly up to 49.75

Still a Good Selection.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front.

R.H. Macy & Co. Inc.

HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

Macy's Macy's

Macy's Macy's

MEN'S

Lounging Robes, Dressing Gowns and Blanket Robes

The Men's Robe Section is showing a complete collection of Men's Robes and Gowns.

Blanket Robes from $6.74 to $24.74

Cloth Dressing Gowns from $14.74 to $31.75
Tax Additional

Matelasse and Silk Brocade Dressing Gowns

The Collection of Matelasse and Silk Brocade, Velour and Corduroy Dressing Gowns is most complete.

Just Arrived from Abroad!

CLOTH LOUNGING ROBES

Excellently tailored. Silk cord trimmed throughout. In rich English weaves and colorings.

Special $29.50 *and* $23.17 *Tax Included*

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

R.H. Macy & Co.

HERALD SQUARE *Inc.* NEW YORK

Macy's Macy's

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

An Extraordinary Hosiery Event

Twelve Thousand Pairs of

Women's Black Full-Fashioned Silk Hosiery

with lisle tops and soles, will be placed on sale to-day (Saturday)

at the amazingly low price of

$1.25 per pair

this being one-half the regular price

This Sale is especially timely in view of the rapidly approaching holiday season

(First Floor)

Saks & Company Announce for Saturday

A Very Special Presentation of

$5.95 Wonder Hats

—EVERY ONE NEW—VERY SMART—AND AN UNEQUALED VALUE!

HAVE you seen SLYNX—the soft furry grey skin like curly lamb's wool? It's the very newest trimming—and usually quite expensive. But you can have it in this Russian Cossack turban *pictured*, with top of cire satin and facing of grey slynx, or in a host of small-brim models in the collection of $5.95 Wonder Hats presented for Saturday. Other styles are to be had in gleaming silver-embroidered satin, the richest of faille silks, or all satin with flirting sashes of Georgette Crepe.

BROADWAY **Saks & Company** AT 34th STREET

Amusing, inspiring fiction

RECREATIONS OF A PSYCHOLOGIST

By G. Stanley Hall $2.50

This Is An Appleton Book

15 columns of advertisements are crowded out of The New York Times today because of lack of space.

Saks & Company

Broadway SPECIALISTS IN APPAREL at 34th Street

Saturday—We Have Made Extensive Preparations to Hold a

SALE OF

Women's Fashionable Wraps, Wrap Coats and Coats

At a Substantial Saving in Price

At 45.00

Coats and wraps in the very newest styles, carefully fashioned of bolivia, silvertone, luella and duvet, many with collars of sealine or Australian oppossum furs. Silk lined and warmly interlined.

At 58.00

Coats and wraps in smartly belted models and loose wrappy effects, developed in frost glow, bolivia, luella and silvertone, many with large collars of Australian oppossum, taupe nutria, mole and raccoon. Silk lined.

At 75.00

A really splendid collection of individualized wraps and coats, featuring the very smartest variations of the new mode. Produced in bolivia, frost glow, veldyne, luella, chamoistyne, with collars of self materia' or Australian oppossum, taupe nutria. mole and squirrel, many with fur cuffs as well.

Fourth Floor

Saturday We Shall Offer the Most Remarkable Values of the Season in Misses'

Fur-Trimmed Winter Wraps

—models are the newest—the regular prices 139.00 to 165.00

Saturday 98.50

Wraps more captivating in their clever lines have not been introduced. Note the fabrics, the most luxurious woven for Winter wear—

Marvella, Evora Superior, Vel de Cygne, Camelora, Cashmere, Bolivia and Ondulette

with large collars of taupe nutria, blue mole, Australian oppossum or squirrel; also many with deep cuffs. Each model handsomely silk lined and warmly interlined. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

MISSES' WRAPS AND WRAP-COATS

Special 59.50

Loosely draped wraps and very smart semi-wrap coats, for business and street wear. Each model tailored with painstaking care, and beautifully finished. Velour and duvet de laine are the materials, with deep collars of nutria or Australian oppossum fur. Sizes 14 to 18 years. *Second Floor*

Junior Girls' Fashionable

WINTER COATS

Special 29.75

Carefully made of finest quality polo cloth in two smart models, one pleated in back to give the desired flare—the other with its fullness caught at the waist with belt. Many trimmed with fur collars. Sizes 12 to 16 years. One style illustrated.

GIRLS' FROCKS

Special 21.75

Youthful frocks of soft velour and fine serge, some with fitted bodices and pleated skirts, others in straight-line effects, adorned with gay and effective hand embroidery and harmonizing sashes. Sizes 12 to 16 years. One frock *pictured*

Exquisitely

BEADED BAGS

from France

will be presented on the Main Floor Saturday

at 19.50

Bags so beautifully and *perfectly* beaded no feminine heart can resist them. The designs are as new as they are varied, including novel flower effects against dark grounds, and quaint figures in odd but very tasteful colorings. Drawstring and shell frame models, *all*-silk lined.

Saturday—An Exceptional Sale of

WOMEN'S TAILORED CLOTH FROCKS

FORMERLY 25.00 AND 29.50

At 18.50

Frocks of tricotine, serge and wool Jersey—materials known for their splendid wearing qualities. One model with embroidered panels and white satin vestee, another in chemise effect with waist and bottom of skirt effectively beaded—and many other charming variations of the mode. Sizes 34 to 44, but not in every model.

Fourth Floor

MESH BAGS

—in green gold finish—

Saturday at 7.50

Very handsome indeed for personal use or gift giving—made with etched frame in wishbone model, with full skirt of fine reversible mesh. Finished at bottom with three mesh tassels. *Main Floor*

Saturday—A Special Collection of Women's

MODISH WINTER SUITS

Specially Priced at

45.00

Trim of line and smart of fabric—suits that make you feel comfortable and well dressed—in all the desirable models sponsored by Fashion for immediate wear.

Some are trimmed with fur, others lavishly hand embroidered, and still more in trig tailleur effect. Produced in duvet de laine, silvertone and velour.

Sizes 34 to 44. *Fourth Floor*

Saks Clothing for Boys

is the finest in New York, and our prices *the lowest* consistent with the quality of garments presented.

Specially Priced for Saturday:

Boys' Junior Coats . . . . . at 10.95

Smart button-to-neck models and others with convertible collars, well tailored in a wide range of youthful overcoatings and warmly lined. Sizes 3 to 10 years.

Boys' Winter Overcoats . . . at 14.95

For boys of 10 to 18 years. Spirited double-breasted models, with convertible collars that may be worn open or buttoned snugly under the chin. Warmly lined throughout.

Boys' Mackinaws . . . . . at 10.95

Every active boy wants a mackinaw. These are in entirely new models, with large pockets, shawl or convertible collars. Plaids and heather mixtures—sizes 8 to 18 years.

Boys' Suits with Extra Knickers 15.95

Exclusive single and double-breasted styles, tailored in suitings of a very high order. Really wonderful values that should be taken advantage of *immediately*. Sizes 8 to 18.

Reduced—Boys'

Suits with Extra Knickers

Now 10.50

Broken assortments from regular stock. Norfolk models—every one a remarkable value. Sizes 9 to 16 years. *Second Floor*

GIRLS' BEAVER HATS

Special at 3.50

Made of excellent quality beaver, in youthful mushroom shapes. Trimmed with band and streamers of wide gros-grain ribbon. Excellent values!

Second Floor

TAILORED TRICOTINE FROCKS

For Misses

—in the slim silhouette of the mode—

At 39.50

Perfectly tailored frocks that will *always* look smart—and give you unusual service at the same time.

Made of navy or black tricotine in youthful straight-line model, with row after row of chain silk braid running from neck to hem, finished with narrow tie belt.

Other models in velveteen, satin and wool velour. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Misses' Tailleur and

FUR-TRIMMED SUITS

REGULARLY 69.50 to 98.50

At 58.00

Every suit taken from our regular stock—every suit made to sell at a considerably higher price. Fashioned of cordoval, yalama, rayonier, velour and duvet de laine in a variety of trig styles to suit every taste. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Fourth Floor

The Saks' Fur Department Will Offer Saturday

FINE FUR COATS and SCARFS

AT LIBERAL SAVINGS THAT MAKE IMMEDIATE SELECTION GREATLY TO YOUR ADVANTAGE

Hudson Seal Coats in sports model	**$295.00**
Near Seal Coats with skunk collar and cuffs—sports model . . .	195 00
Marmot Coats in sports model .	95.00
Skunk Scarfs	95.00
Dyed Blue Fox Scarfs . . .	95.00
Baum Marten Scarfs . . .	65.00
Stone Marten Scarfs . . .	35.00
Fox Scarfs	27.50

Plaids and Stripes Add Color to These

NEW SPORTS SKIRTS

at the special price of

13.95

For sports and business wear, you will get much pleasure and service from one of these skirts—they will wear splendidly and always look smart. Developed in plaids and stripes in a number of attractive models, featuring the newest of color combinations. *Fourth Floor*

Dainty Crepe de Chine and

WASHABLE SATIN BLOUSES

—in simply tailored models or with trimming of pretty Venise lace—

Special 5.00

We have presented many beautiful blouses at five dollars, but never any so dainty and exclusive as are these. Those in crepe de chine may be had in white, flesh or bisque, and those in washable satin in flesh color and white. The satin model has the new Peter Pan collar, very effectively edged with double frillings. What would make a more acceptable gift than one of those pretty blouses? Sizes 34 to 46. *Third Floor*

HUNT FOR WOMAN WHEN HAMON DIES

Authorities Charge Ex-Secretary With Shooting Oklahoma National Committeeman.

ACCIDENT, SAYS MANAGER

Republican Official, Shot In Hotel, Made Fortune in Railroads and Oil Lands.

ARDMORE, Okla., Nov. 26.—Jacob L. Hamon, Republican National Committeeman from Oklahoma, who was wounder here last Sunday night in a hotel room, died this morning at 8:15 o'clock.

Following the death of Mr. Hamon, Carter County authorities redoubled their efforts today to locate Clara Smith of Ringling, Okla., charged with shooting Mr. Hamon. Russell R. Brown, county attorney, reiterated his belief that the woman had not left the county, but was in a nearby town. A warrant for her arrest, charging assault with intent to kill, was placed in the hands of the Sheriff of Carter County last Tuesday.

Mr. Brown charged, in an information, that Clara Smith, said to have been Mr. Hamon's secretary, fired the shot which resulted in his death. Following the death of Mr. Hamon, Mr. Ketch issued the following statement:

"Jake Hamon died at 8:20 o'clock this morning from the effects of a gunshot wound accidentally self-inflicted. Funeral services will be held in Ardmore, Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and burial will by made here, by request of Mrs. Hamon."

A statement issued last night by Mr. Hamon's physicians stated that his condition was "not so favorable." The statement also said that Mr. Hamon had taken food yesterday, the first nourishment other than liquids that he had taken since being wounded. At that time, according to the statement, no complications had developed, but the absence of continued improvement led to the unfavorable report.

The career of Mr. Hamon is a story of oil and railroads. He was born at Sedan, Kan., in 1875. In 1898 he was graduated from the law department of the University of Kansas and came to Indian Territory to seek his fortune. His first job was as a clerk in a store at Newkirk, Okla.

When the Kiowa-Comanche country was opened to settlement, Mr. Hamon went with the first rush of new settlers to Lawton, becoming that town's first city attorney. He was later chairman of the Republican territorial committee and for many years continued active in the leadership of the party in Oklahoma.

One of his first big ventures was the building of two big railroads, one from Lawton to Ardmore, the other from Wichita Falls, Tex., to Oklahoma City. After futile years of trying to get his paper roads bonded, he decided to start the job himself. Backed by John Ringling of New York, the circus man, he built thirty-one miles of railroad from Ardmore to Ringling, Okla. Later he became owner of the Hamon-Kell railroad in Texas.

Mr. Hamon made his first venture in oil when the Healdton field came into prominence as a prospective producer and is said to have amassed $5,000,000 from oil operations in three years.

WERTHEIM WILL GIVES $100,000 TO CHARITY

Bulk of Estate, Estimated at $2,000,000, Goes to His Family.

The will of Jacob Wertheim, philanthropist and retired manufacturer, who died Nov. 14, leaves $100,000 to the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies, in which he had been interested for many years. The value of the estate was not disclosed by Herbert A. Cone, who filed the will, but it is said to be more than $2,000,000.

The realty interests are large, including the Thoroughfare Building, occupying the block from Fifty-seventh to Fifty-eighth Streets and from Broadway to Eighth Avenue. Mr. Wertheim had an interest in the Forty-sixth Street and Broadway Realty Company, owning the office building at Broadway and Forty-sixth Street, and the Gaiety and Fulton Theatres. His holdings included large blocks of stock in the Underwood Typewriter Company and Sears, Roebuck & Co.

Trust funds are provided for six sisters, the principal to go to their issue. The sisters and their gifts are: Bertha W. Schloss, $50,000; Hattie W. Hiller, $75,000; Emma W. Byck and her husband, Paul J. Byck, $50,000; Sophie Goldstone, $50,000; Belle Wertheim Kahn, $50,000; Julia Rose and her husband, Charles Rose, $25,000. Mr. Wertheim left bequests of $1,000 to $10,000 to other relatives and friends, and from $100 to $200 to employes.

The residuary estate is divided into four parts, one of which goes to the widow, Sarah Wertheim of 182 West Fifty-eighth Street, in trust. The other three parts are divided among five children, Emma Stern Wertheim, Viola Stern Wertheim, Angelika Wertheim, Bijur Wertheim and Maurice Wertheim.

Maurice Wertheim and the Central Union Trust Company are named as executors and trustees.

FIND BRINES SLEW DREWES.

Coroner's Jury Hears Mother of Murdered Collegian Testify.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26.—Elmer C. Drewes, Dartmouth College senior, whose body, with a bullet hole through the head, was found in the outskirts of this city on Oct. 17, came to his death "from a gunshot wound of the brain inflicted by William P. Brines," according to the verdict of a Coroner's jury returned today. The verdict was reached after the jury had listened to a large number of witnesses, including Mr. and Mrs. Christian T. Drewes, parents of the victim.

Brines, a sophomore at the University of Pennsylvania and a close friend of Drewes after their high school days in West Philadelphia, was held without bail for the Grand Jury. He is 20 years old and a veteran of the World War, having served overseas in the Marine Corps.

The Commonwealth did not reveal the motive for the killing, if it has found one, and counsel for Brines gave no intimation as to what the defense would be.

A feature of the inquest was that Coroner Knight permitted attorneys to question witnesses directly. Brines maintained the same stolid silence at the hearing that has characterized him since he surrendered on Oct. 25. He declined to answer any questions after the verdict was rendered.

Japan's Navy Costs More.

TOKIO, Nov. 26.—The Jiji Shimpo announces that the next naval estimates of Japan will be 500,000,000 yen, an increase of 150,000,000 yen over the previous estimates.

The newspaper asserts that the increase is due mainly to the higher costs of maintenance.

TROOPS TO RE-ENTER MINGO COAL FIELDS

West Virginia Governor Asked for Federal Aid to Restore Law and Order.

HE WANTS MARTIAL LAW

Declares "Time of Temporizing Is Past"—Soldiers Were Withdrawn Six Weeks Ago.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Nov. 26.—Governor John J. Cornwall announced here tonight that he had asked the Government to send Federal troops into the Mingo County, W. Va., coal strike zone, and added that as soon as the soldiers took charge he would ask President Wilson to declare martial law.

Federal troops controlled the Mingo region for some time, but were withdrawn about six weeks ago, when the situation quieted down. Since that time many disorders have occurred, a number of persons have been shot and killed, and gangs of unidentified men have attacked coal properties.

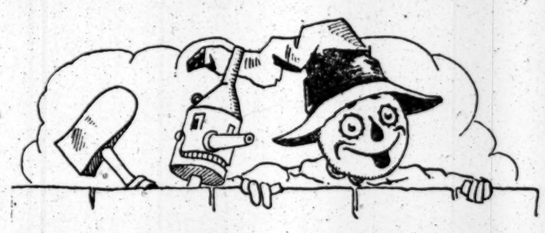
The State Government is totally unable to cope with the situation in Mingo County, the Governor said. "I hope with all my heart," he added, "that martial law will be declared immediately after an investigation has been made, but I am totally unable to venture an opinion upon what the eventual military action will be."

The Governor said that he had conferred with Mingo County officials on the situation a week ago, when he made the request for troops, and that they had expressed the opinion that the soldiers could handle the situation without martial law. In his statement tonight, the Governor said he did not concur in that view, "for the time of temporizing is past."

CHILLICOTHE, Ohio, Nov. 26.—A provisional battalion of 400 picked men from the Third and Nineteenth Infantry troops will be used for strike duty in the Mingo County coal mine district. The detachment is equipped for an indefinite period of service.

Time to Save
For your cereal eat that self-sweetened, ready-to-eat food
Grape-Nuts
Every bit eatable
"There's a Reason"

GIMBEL BROTHERS
32nd STREET - BROADWAY - 33rd STREET NEW YORK CITY



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With Scraps And the Shaggy Man And Tik-Tok—And

all the wonderful people in the great big wonderful book. And all these Oz books at **$2.00 each**

The Land of Oz.
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Dorothy and the Wizard in Oz.
The Road to Oz.
The Emerald City of Oz.
The Patchwork Girl of Oz.
7. Tik-Tok of Oz.
8. The Scarecrow of Oz.
9. Rinkitink in Oz.
10. The Lost Princess of Oz.
11. The Tin Woodman of Oz.
12. The Magic of Oz.

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Kneetime Animal Stories—
Squinty, the Comical Pig.
Slico, the Jumping Squirrel.
Mappo, the Merry Monkey.
Tum Tum, the Jolly Elephant.
Don, A Runaway Dog.
Dido, the Dancing Bear.
Blackie, A Lost Cat.
Flop Ear, the Funny Rabbit.
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Chunky, the Happy Hippo, Etc.

Children's Blue Bird $1.75
By Madame Maurice Maeterlinck. Charmingly illustrated.

at $1.50
Child's Garden of Verse.
Water Babies.
Pinocchio.
Robinson Crusoe.
Heidi.
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Swiss Family Robinson.
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Andersen's Fairy Tales.

at 75c
Five Little Peppers.
Dorothy Dale Series—12 volumes; ea. 75c.
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Boy Scout Fire Fighters.
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Boy Scouts Afloat.
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at $1.25
Billy Whiskers Series.
By Mrs. Francis Trego Montgomery.

And These Gift Books For Christmas

Shakespeare Complete: $2.50
All the plays and sonnets, too, with nearly 400 illustrations by Sir John Gilbert. One volume, bound in sheepskin.

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Those exceedingly popular short stories that have made the author the joy of all readers—the envy of all writers.

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12 vols. O. Henry—12 books of life and laughter as only O. Henry can write them—at his very best. And
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Winston Handy Classics: 89c a vol.
Many titles to choose from. Bound in limp leather—*real* leather.

GIMBELS BOOK STORE—Main Floor

An extraordinary sale of
Boys' Norfolk Suits
With One and Two Pairs of Pants
Sizes 8 to 18 years

$15.75
Formerly $25

These suits are the finest from every standpoint—you will admit—that you have so far seen in a sale this season—at their price. The fabrics are of all wool—of that sturdy sort that looks rich to the eye, but is hard to wear out—and the styling and tailoring are on a parallel with that found in garments sold for greater amounts. All seams are well reinforced and both coats and trousers are nicely lined throughout. Cheviots, cassimeres, homespuns and tweeds are among the fabrics available for choice.

Boys' All Wool
Mackinaws
$13.75
Formerly $18 & $20
Browns, Greens and Oxfords in heather effects and Plaids
Sizes 8 to 18 years

Boys' All Wool
Overcoats
$10.75
Formerly $18.75
Cheviots and Tweeds in handsome solid colors and mixtures
Sizes 2½ to 8 years

Boys' Hats and Furnishings

Boys' Blanket Bath Robes
$3.95
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Splendidly made and styled—Sizes 8 to 16 years.

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Formerly $7 to $10.50
Velour, Plush and Beaver—Sizes 3 to 10 years.

Boys' Blouses
$1.95
Formerly $2.45
Made of Woven Madras—Separate Collars—Sizes 8 to 15 years.

Boys' All Wool Coat Sweaters
Special—$9.25 and $12.50
In many colors and models—Sizes 8 to 16 years.

Boys' Four-in-Hand and French Ties
Special at 55c

James McCreery & Co.
Boys' Shop—Third Floor

Stern Brothers
WEST 42d ST. *(Between Fifth and Sixth Avenue)* WEST 43d ST.

Kirschbaum
OVERCOATS
FOR YOUNG MEN AND MEN

$50.00 Overcoats less 25 per cent. **$37.50**

$60.00 Overcoats less 25 per cent. **$45.00**

In all New York, you will not find comparable overcoat value—in fabric quality, in workmanship or in price. Ulsters, motor coats, town ulsters, dress overcoats and Chesterfields.

25 PERCENT DISCOUNT ON OUR MEN'S CLOTHING STOCK
Original closely-marked prices remain untouched upon all garments—discounts made at time of purchase.

$32.50 garments	**$24.38**	$55.00 garments	**$41.25**
A saving of $8.12		*A saving of $13.75*	
$40.00 garments	**$30.00**	$60.00 garments	**$45.00**
A saving of $10.00		*A saving of $15.00*	
$45.00 garments	**$33.75**	$65.00 garments	**$48.75**
A saving of $11.25		*A saving of $16.25*	
$50.00 garments	**$37.50**	$70.00 garments	**$52.50**
A saving of $12.50		*A saving of $17.50*	

Necessary alterations at cost.

All suits, all overcoats, all dress suits, all tuxedos, all leather coats, all raincoats included.

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR

Macy's Macy's

Panama and the Canal

President-Elect Harding's visit to Panama has focused attention on that country and the Canal. This great artificial waterway, its possibilities and position in world affairs is a topic of every-day discussion.

Not alone in commerce and shipping, but in international politics, is the Canal of great significance to this country. These various angles have been written about interestingly by men familiar with the Republic of Panama and the Canal. We present four books:

The Great Adventure of Panama—
Phillippe Bunau-Varilla **$1.54**
The author was the engineer of the old French Canal Company. The book discusses the political difficulties connected with the starting of construction.

The Panama Canal and Commerce—*Emory R. Johnson* . **$2.64**
An interesting discussion of the commercial possibilities of the Canal. Also contains routes, rate zones and other data of interest to shippers.

Panama, The Canal, The Country, The People—
Arthur Bullard **$3.54**
A revised edition of a book which has been termed "the most authoritative and up to date of any yet published on Panama."

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Instant Postum

appeals to those who like coffee.

Its attractive flavor usually satisfies the "coffee taste"—yet Postum contains none of coffee's harmful elements.

Then again Instant Postum is more economical than coffee. It is made more quickly, with less trouble and there is no waste.

Postum Helps Where Coffee Hurts

"There's a Reason" for Postum

Sold by grocers everywhere

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

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STEEL FURNISHED AND ERECTED BY McCLINTIC-MARSHALL CO.

While we do not specialize on large strctuural steel work, yet it is interesting to notice how often the most representative concerns in various industries have been served by this organization.

McClintic-Marshall Company
General Offices: Pittsburgh, Pa
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McClintic-Marshall
Steel Bridges & Buildings

Relieving Callouses
on the sole of the foot by taking off the pressure which caused them

When from ill fitting shoes or other causes, the muscles and ligaments of the feet weaken so that one or more of the little bones that form the ball of the foot, slip out of place, this condition increases the pressure on some point in the sole and a callous is formed.

Inserts of different thicknesses in the overlapping pockets of

Wizard Lightfoot Arch Builders
and Callous Relievers

raise the displaced bones to their original positions, giving instant relief.

THEY CONTAIN NO METAL

Our Foot Expert has been specially trained in the Wizard System of Foot Correction, and all of our salespeople are trained shoe fitters.

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32nd St.—BROADWAY—33rd St.

PLAZA ART & Auction Rooms, Inc.
5-7 EAST 59TH STREET (At 5th Av.)

A SALE OF
ORIENTAL CARPETS AND RUGS
in number about Two Hundred and Fifty
MASTERPIECES OF EASTERN LOOMS
in the Finest Weaves and Assorted Sizes.

The Art of Persia represented in unusual Keshons, Kermanshahs, Sennahs, Bokharas, &c.

BY ORDER OF
One of the Largest Importing Concerns in America
ALSO THE PROPERTY OF
A WELL-KNOWN RESIDENT OF TARRYTOWN, N. Y.

NOTE—The prospective purchaser has an exceptional advantage, as these pieces have been carefully selected by one of the most discriminating collectors of the present time.

FINAL SALE TO-DAY
at 3 o'clock
Exhibition Until Time of Sale
EDWARD P. O'REILLY, Auctioneer

You want to be Happy!

To be happy you must have good health—and to live you must eat.

"Eating to Live Long" is really a guide to happiness. If you are ill, or out of sorts, read this book to learn how to **eat your way to health.** If you are well you need it to learn how to stay well.

"Eating to Live Long" is by a famous physician. Of it "Clinical Medicine" (a leading medical journal) says: "The Reviewer urges his readers to get this little book, by all means, and to read it. Then study it, and let your patients buy and study it likewise. It will help you a lot."

The price is low—$1.50

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I guarantee every pipe marked **"E. WILKE, N. Y. C."** *Sweet from the first puff—no paint or varnish to burn off; pores left open, absorb the moisture; color like a meerschaum—absolutely no "breaking in." Years ago I originated a secret process of curing the imported briar root that puts the WILKE pipe beyond the reach of imitators.*

Come in and Let Me Tell You All About Them

REPAIRING—
Yes, I'm an expert at meerschaum and amber work—

WILKE PIPE SHOP 287 BROADWAY (CORNER READE ST)

SAYS CONSTANTINE CAN'T HOLD GAINS

Venizelos Declares That He Can't Be "King of All the Greeks."

APPRECIATES ALLIES' VIEW

But Suggests That Greek People Should Not Be Punished for Changing Their Government.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—Although no definite announcement of his intention has yet been made, it is considered likely here that Premier Venibelos, who arrived at Nice yesterday, will almost immediately go to London to take part with Premiers Lloyd George and Leygues and Count Sforza, the Italian Foreign Minister, in conversations on the Greek situation. His functions will, of course, be merely consultative and unofficial, zut it is considered only natural that the Premiers should wish to hear his opinion.

On his arrival at Nice yesterday M. Venizelos gave to the correspondents of several French newspapers interviews in which he insisted that the Greek people must not be blamed too severely for what had happened. He took the blame on himself.

"I thought," he said to Jules Sauerwein of the Matin, "that no sacrifice was excessive which would secure for Greece a glorious future and definite security. I was wrong, but I can not repent, and I am sure that after me no Government and no power can follow any other policy without betraying its duty to the country."

Two years of mobilization after the close of the war, he said, had been too much for the Greek people. They could not be blamed for that, he said. Any other people might have felt the same and done the same. He had hoped to be able in a few eeks' time to reduce the number of men under arms and yet be able with the support of the Allies to maintain what had been won for Greece by the Treaty of Sèvres.

"But these guarantees of alliance cannot be given us," M. Venizelos continued, "if Constantine goes back to reign at Athens. My friends and I are not enemies of the dynasty. I hoped that if Prince Paul refused we would come to an agreement with the Crown Prince.

"They are young men. Perhaps they have talked lightly, but they have done nothing culpable. Constantine, on the other hand, has sold his soul—has sold his soul forever to Germany. How can Serbia remain his ally? Only three weeks ago I received a letter from the Serbian Minister at Athens in which he recalled how ten days before Bulgaria traitorously attacked the Serbs in 1915 Constantine wrote to the Bulgarian Minister: 'Go boldly against Serbia. I can guarantee that not a single Greek soldier will move to her support.'

"As for the Allies, they can not forget how Constantine decorated the sotorious German spy Liodis, who was working to defeat all their plans. I can well understand, in view of incidents like that, that France considers friendly relations with Constantine impossible.

"But between that and wishing to change the map of the East and make the Greek people pay for changing their Government through weariness of war is a big step. Among those who voted against me were many who told me themselves they did so to show opposition ao mobilization. But if Constantine comes back what will happen will be this, that the burden can not be lessened: for Constantine cannot come forward with the abandonment of Thrace and Smyrna as a program.

"I see that Constantine is asking for a Plebiscite. It is a fact that a great part of Greece and a great part of the army looks on him with distrust. He wants to be King of all the Greeks: he cannot be now. There must be some other arrangement to produce internal peace and insure that Greece shall not lose the fruits of her sacrifices and my work through provocation of the Allies."

M. Sauerwein adds to this account of the details that Venizelos has left power as poor as he began, and that it was with difficulty that he and his companions raised among them the 40,000 lire for their special train through Italy.

GREEKS FALL BACK AS TURKS ADVANCE

Offer No Resistance, and Kemal's Nationalists Occupy Townships on Smyrna Front.

SMYRNA, Nov. 24.—Turkish Nationalist forces have advanced in the Ushak sector, about 100 miles east of this city, and have occupied the townships of Ineguel, Simav and Demirji. The Greek troops that have been holding the line in this region withdrew without fighting, it is said. In addition, word has been received that the Nationalists have occupied Yenishehr, twenty-five miles northeast of Brusa and near the Sea of Marmora.

Discipline is being maintained in the Greek Army, with the exception of a number of minor incidents. The situation, however, seems to be uncertain.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—Confidence that the people of Greece will not tolerate a departure from his policy in Asia Minor was expressed by former Premier Venizelos of Greece to correspondents of Paris newspapers at Nice last night. The Premier, whose régime suddenly collapsed following the election in Greece on Nov. 14, reviewed the war record of King Constantine, and declared he had urged Bulgaria to attack Serbia.

"No, I tell you," said M. Venizelos to the correspondents, "Constantine cannot return to Greece, in spite of all the noise made around his name. The Greek people do not know much, but, all the same, they know it was Constantine who early in the great war gave up Fort Rupel in Macedonia to the Germans and Bulgarians. Serbia knows that late in June, 1915, Constantine sent for M. Passarof, Bulgarian Minister in Athens, and asked why Bulgaria did not attack Serbia, saying: 'Go ahead, you have nothing to fear while I am here, for I will never allow the Greek Government to go to the aid of Serbia.'

"Even if the country be weary, and perhaps unjust, too, the Greek Army remains at its post. It has not suffered from the demoralization created in the rear. It holds firm under its new Commander-in-Chief, and—this I can say emphatically, for it is a question I have carefully studied with the most competent of my assistants—we can hold defensively the front in Greek Asia.

CONFEREES DEFER DECISION ON GREECE

Lloyd George and Leygues Discuss Preliminaries Till Sforza Arrives.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—Speaking to The Associated Press after two hours of conversation with Premier Lloyd George today, the French Premier, Georges Leygues, said that all outstanding questions, including those concerning the Near East, had been touched upon, but only in a preliminary way. He explained that no definite decisions would be possible until after the arrival of Count Sforza, the Italian Foreign Minister, who is expected to reach London Sunday evening. This would leave only one clear day for reaching an understanding, as Premier Leygues is due in Paris Tuesday, desiring to attend the railway debate in the Chamber of Deputies.

M. Leygues's conversations with Mr. Lloyd George will be renewed tomorrow.

An official communication issued this evening concerning the conference between the allied statesmen on the subject of Greece and other matters says:

"At a meeting this afternoon between Premier Lloyd George, Andrew Bonar Law, Earl Curzon of Kedleston, M. Berthelot and Ambassador Cambon, there was preliminary exchange of views pending the arrival of Count Sforza (the Italian Foreign Minister) upon a number of questions interesting Great Britain and France. The meeting was adjourned until tomorrow."

81,926 PUPILS ON PART TIME

October Registration in Elementary and High Schools Was 857,102.

There were 75,915 elementary school pupils and 6,011 high school pupils on part time in October. The registration in all schools was 857,102. The number of part time pupils in the different boroughs follows:

	Elementary.	High.
Manhattan	5,366	1,610
Bronx	11,980	2,464
Brooklyn	46,084	2,537
Queens	8,530	..
Richmond	976	..

The evening schools in October had an enrollment of 71,281.

Good Health and Disinfection Are Partners

Homes in which proper disinfection is an every-day habit are seldom visited by contagious diseases.

Frequent disinfection kills the germs of typhoid, diphtheria, grippe, influenza, or any other communicable disease.

Lysol Reg. U. S. Pat. Off. **Disinfectant**

Toilet-rooms, sinks, drains, floors, window-sills, garbage cans, dark corners—all are favorite birthplaces for disease germs.

Sprinkle a solution of Lysol Disinfectant frequently in all such places. Insist that Lysol Disinfectant be added to scrubbing water, too.

Used regularly, Lysol Disinfectant kills germ life or prevents its creation.

A 50c bottle makes five gallons of powerful disinfectant; a 25c bottle makes two gallons.

Remember, there is but one genuine Lysol Disinfectant—made, bottled, signed, and sealed by Lehn & Fink, Inc.

Lysol Toilet Soap — *25c a Cake*
Contains the necessary proportion of the antiseptic ingredients of Lysol Disinfectant to protect the health of the skin. It is also refreshingly soothing, healing, and helpful for improving the skin. Ask your dealer. If he hasn't it ask him to order it for you.

Lysol Shaving Cream — *in Tubes*
Contains the necessary proportion of the antiseptic ingredients of Lysol Disinfectant to render the razor, strop, cup, and shaving-brush aseptically clean, guard tiny cuts from infection, and give an antiseptic shave. If your dealer hasn't it, ask him to order a supply for you.

Lehn & Fink New York

Stern Brothers
West 42nd and 43rd Streets

ILLUSTRATED BOOKS
Suitable for Christmas Gifts will be featured To-day.

Shakespeare's The Tempest—Illustrated by Dulac $9.00
Arabian Nights—Illustrated by Dulac . . $9.00
Stories from Hans Andersen—Illustrated by Dulac $9.00
Edmund Dulac's Fairy Book $9.00
Sinbad the Sailor—Illustrated by Dulac . . $5.40
The Sleeping Beauty—Illustrated by Dulac $5.40
The Poetical Works of Edgar Allan Poe—Illustrated by Dulac $5.00
My Days with the Fairies—Illustrated by Dulac $5.00
Rubaiyat of Omar Khayyam—Illustrated by Dulac $4.50
Rubaiyat of Omar Khayyam—Illustrated by Brangwyn $7.50
The Scarlet Letter—Illustrated by Hugh Thomson 10.00
The Courtship of Miles Standish—Illustrated by Wyeth $3.00

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

It's the Time to Buy Skirts for Your Winter Outfit

At a special purchase we've just secured smart models to offer at a low price

$15.00

Wool Plaids and Stripes—knife, side, or box pleated models—the very thing for Winter wear with fur coats and sweaters.

A range of rich harmonious co orings and attractive styles, really exceptional values.

Third Floor

BLOOMINGDALES
59TH TO 60TH ST. — LEXINGTON TO 3D AVE.

For Immediate Wear
Silk Velvet Hats
REDUCED TO
$2.45

A charming off-the-face model that is equally becoming to miss and matron. Fashioned of mirrored silk velvet, with pleated brim and full, soft crown, this smart little hat is indeed a find at this price. It is lined and ready to wear. In Copper, Rose, Taupe, Henna, Black, Brown, Beaver, Navy, Red Sapphire and Copen.

Bloomingdales—Main Floor.

Free Synagogue
CARNEGIE HALL, 57th Street and Seventh Ave.
SUNDAY MORNING AT 10:45
JOHN SPARGO
"THE REAL JEWISH PERIL,"
or
"THE MENACE OF ANTI-SEMITISM TO AMERICA."
ALL ARE WELCOME.

For repairing china, glassware, furniture, meerschaum, vases, tipping billiard cues: USE

MAJOR'S CEMENT

Major's Rubber and Leather Cements are good. At all dealers.
Established 1876. Major Mfg. Co., N. Y. C.

A CITY SINKING IN PENNSYLVANIA. The City of Scranton of Pennsylvania in parts is sinking into the earth on account of the coal shafts giving way. This is illustrated in splendid pictures in this week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL. Seventy-five etchings, big news events the world over, maps. League of Nations Conference, President-elect Harding, Terence MacSwiney, Petrograd, the "City of Dreadful Night"; historic football pictures, the drama. On news stands.—Advt.

WANAMAKER'S
Broadway and Ninth, New York — Store Hours 9 to 5:30

SALE TO-DAY

In the face of a general shortage, we offer—

10,500 Double Face Operatic Records

Standard European Records for use on any phonograph

Double-face records made by the great artists of Europe, to be sold at the price of single-face records or less..... **$1** Each

Artists well known here

Amato	Didur	McCormack
Anselmi	Bonci	Stracciari
Barrientos	Kubelik	Pacini
Bassi	Melis	Sammarco
De Luca	And many others.	Zenatello

Also well known Bands and Orchestras

Municipal Band of Naples, Municipal Band of Milan, Grenadier Band of London, La Scala Orchestra, Republique Guarde Band of Paris

These names have been selected from a large catalog, simply to indicate the general character of the artists and organizations that made these records in Italy. There are arias, concerted numbers, complete operas, overtures and other selections in wide variety.

When our representative was in Italy

—last summer he purchased these records from a well-known Italian concern that was closing out its product, and it is interesting to note that in addition to the standard operas regularly sung in New York there are selections from operas that cannot be found in any catalog of American-made records.

These records are looked upon as the best phonograph records recorded in Europe; and at the price quoted above the opportunity to add to your musical library is one that is seldom offered. These records can be played on all phonographs; and they will be arranged on tables so that you can browse among them as much as you like.

Records, of course, are not returnable; and we cannot fill C. O. D. or mail orders.

In the Wanamaker Auditorium—First Gallery, New Building.

BROADWAY **Saks** *At 34th STREET*
METROPOLITAN CLOTHES *for* MEN

We are now offering

Exceptional values in

MEN'S SUITS

—every one made to sell in our regular stock at a higher price and now regrouped to sell at

$50

SUITS strictly Metropolitan in every line, designed by our own organization, and up to that standard of workmanship which in the past has placed our clothing *first in America.* The styles are the very newest created for the present season, produced in a variety of cloths so inclusive satisfactory choosing is assured.

MEN'S WINTER OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS

Specially Priced for Saturday

$48

Any coat you select will prove to be a really wonderful value.

FIFTH FLOOR

MAYNARD QUESTIONS LT. MOSLEY'S SPEED

"Flying Parson" Thinks Pulitzer Race Winner's Rate Was 167 Miles an Hour.

VICTOR TO TRY AGAIN TODAY

Ralph Pulitzer and Army Air Chiefs Attend G. C. Loening's Dinner In Flier's Honor.

The Pulitzer Trophy, won in the aerial derby on Thanksgiving Day by Lieutenant C. C. Mosley, now becomes the property, until the next race, of the Aero Club of California, of which the winner is a member, according to Caleb Bragg, Chairman of the Contest Committee of the Aero Club of America. Under the deed of gift, the Aero Club in this city retains the right to hold next year's contest for the cup here. It is possible, however, said Mr. Bragg, that the next race for the trophy will be held on the Pacific Coast.

Belvin W. Maynard, the clergyman-flyer, who won the transcontinental race, was inclined yesterday to doubt that the Verville-Packard, piloted by Lieutenant Mosley had attained a speed in the race of 178 miles an hour. In an interview Lieutenant Maynard, who is doing welfare work with the Brooklyn Central Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association, said:

"While I was in the army Air Service I tested out hundreds of De Haviland airplanes and know that the average maximum speed of this type is about 130 miles an hour. Granting that the leading De Haviland in the race made 134 miles an hour, far above the average, I figure that it flew at the rate of 2.215 miles a minute and that therefore the course, which it covered in 56.07 minutes, was only 124.285 miles around. The officials of the race said that the course was in excess of 132 miles around.

"Computing the speed of the Verville-Packard on the basis of my figures regarding the De Havilands, it would give that plane a speed of 167.574 miles an hour, which is by no means a record."

"Mr. Maynard's statement is entirely fair," said Mr. Bragg; "but it should be borne in mind that the race was not a contest for speed, but simply to determine the fastest plane among those which left the starting point.

Grover C. Loening, two of whose airplanes were entered in the Pulitzer race, gave a private dinner last night at the New York Yacht Club to Lieutenant C. C. Mosley, winner of the contest. Among those who attended were Ralph Pulitzer, donor of the trophy; Major General Charles T. Menoher, Chief of Air Service, U. S. A.; Brig. Gen. William Mitchell, Chief of Operations of the Air Service; Captain T. T. Craven, Director of Naval Aviation; George H. Houston, David McCullogh, Maurice Cleary, Caleb Bragg, A. P. Loening and J. G. Vincent.

EX-AUSTRIAN PRINCE A POLE

Husband of Former Catharine Britton of Washington Arrives on Ryndam.

The Holland-America liner Ryndam arrived yesterday from Rotterdam and Boulogne two days late because of rough weather.

One of the first cabin passengers down on the list as Arthur Hohenlohe, a citizen of Poland, was formerly Prince Hohenlohe of Austria, who was Secretary of the Embassy in Washington before the war and married Miss Catharine Britton, daughter of Alexander Britton of Washington, in 1916.

When the United States entered the war, in 1917, the Prince received his passport and returned to Austria alone. When Poland was separated from Austria he dropped the title of Prince and became a Pole, and said yesterday that he was glad of it. Now, that his new country has settled down in peace, as he described conditions there at the present time, Arthur Hohenlohe has come here to take his wife back with him.

SHIPPING BOARD ESTIMATE.

Officials to Seek $150,000,000 From Congress for Year.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Officials of the Shipping Board are to appear before the House Committee on Appropriations tomorrow at the hearing on the board's financial needs for the fiscal year 1922. Approximately $150,000,000 is understood to be the estimate of the board for next year in addition to its revenues from the operation of vessels.

Chairman Benson said tonight that unless called by the committee he would not appear personally at the hearings.

Use of the board's earnings would be necessary in addition to a lump sum appropriation, he added, because of the impossibility of gauging accurately the amount necessary for the operation of the Government fleet in view of the uncertainty of ocean freight rates.

STATE RAIL RATE SUIT TODAY

Application for Writ to Halt Increases Ready to Be Filed.

Application will be made to the Supreme Court today by Deputy Attorney General Griffin for a temporary injunction restraining the railroads in this State from putting into effect on Monday the rate increases allowed by the Interstate Commerce Commission. It will be contended that unless the railroad companies are restrained passengers and shippers of milk, cream and excess baggage will be greatly injured and will be without redress.

This move is the result of conferences during the last two days between Mr. Griffin, Terence Farley, counsel of the Local Public Service Commission, and counsel for the Commission of the Second District.

REPUBLICANS PLAN TO OUTLAW BOXING

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

resent the huge Smith vote in Brooklyn and are willing to do everything in their power to curb his popularity in the city.

Promoters of Sunday sports are alarmed over the activity of the Lord's Day Alliance, which is committed to the enforcement of "blue laws" in the various States, and they expect little help from the incoming State Administration. Jacob Ruppert, President and part owner of the New York American League club, declared yesterday that opposition to the alliance would spring up all over the country.

"Of course, the alliance's plans have not come to a head yet," said Mr. Ruppert last night, "and all that we know is what we have read in the newspapers. However, just as soon as we see their organized effort being pushed, all red-blooded Americans will combine to oppose them.

Managers of several moving picture houses declared that if they had to close on Sundays they would be obliged to charge a higher admission during the week to meet expenses.

William H. Anderson, head of the Anti-Saloon League, has denied that his organization is supporting the movement.

Refers Strike Dispute to a Master.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 26.—After hearing one witness, Judge Jenney of the Supreme Court today decided to refer to a master the suit of the Phelps Publishing Company of this city against the Typographic and Pressmen's Unions to compel them to carry out contracts with the company. The union workers at the Phelps plant are on strike to compel adoption of a new wage scale. Counsel for both sides are to be allowed to agree on a master.

Clarke's
42-44 E. 58th St.
CLOSING SESSION
TO-DAY at 2:30 P. M.
The Cabrejo Collection of
ANTIQUE SPANISH ART
Important Notice
Owin to the delay in shipping the SUPERB XVI. CENTURY CARVED & PAINTED WOOD CEILING from the Castle of the DUKE OF ARCOS; also the GOTHIC DOORS which only reached our galleries this A. M., they will be sold THIS AFTERNOON. Nothing like them has ever been seen in this country.
The Sale will be conducted by MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE

Manufacturers' Retail Sale
Men's High-Grade
SHIRTS, HOSE & UNDERWEAR
Below Cost of Production

A MOST remarkable Sale, beginning this morning! Made possible by consolidating the stocks of several prominent manufacturers. We need the cash more than the stock. So to give you incentive to buy we are willing to take a big loss. Come in; look things over; you will recognize *instantly* your opportunity to save considerably.

A Few Characteristic Values:

HIGH-GRADE SHIRTS — Madras & Percale, $1.75 to $2 Values ..... 95c — 3 for $2.75
EXTRA FINE SHIRTS — Cords, Percales & Silk Mixtures, Regularly $3.50 ..... $1.95 — 4 for $7.50
FINE UNION SUITS — Spring-Needle Knit, Winter-weight; below cost of production $1.95
HEATHER WOOL HOSE — Excellent for Winter wear. Regularly $1 pair ..... 50c pr.

Choice of Other Big Values in the Store

Manufacturers' Outlet Store
1163-1165 Broadway, near 27th St.

A Matchless Sale
Of Men's and Young Men's
OVERCOATS
At Saving Of $10.25 to $25.25

$39.75 — Regularly $50 $55 $60 $65

THERE is no story to tell about these fine coats. They were not a Special Purchase—neither are they a Lot of dubious Odds and Ends—gathered from here and there simply for the sake of having a Sale. They are more than this. They are all from our regular stock and wear the McCreery Label so you can rest assured that their quality, styling and workmanship are of the Best. New lines are now on the way to us and we must make room—hence the reason for reductions that prevail.

Just Arrived 250 Men's *Imported*
English Swagger Raglan OVERCOATS
Roomy—Floppy in drape—full of huge folds—close fitting across the shoulders, but one hundred inches wide around the bottom—every one of them—12 distinct patterns—in 12 distinct colorings. One-quarter lined—all sizes.
Specially Priced At $75

James McCreery & Co.
Men's Clothes Shop
Second Floor

REAFFIRMS CONTROL OVER STATE RATES

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

due consideration, among other things, to the transportation needs of the country and the necessity * * * of enlarging such facilities in order to provide the people of the United States with adequate transportation.'

"The terms of the act are sufficiently broad to forbid unjust discrimination against interstate commerce without reference to particular persons or localities. Considering the conditions existing at the time of the passage of the act, the purpose of the act to correct those conditions and the legislative scheme, adopted by Congress to carry out that purpose, we have no doubt that Congress meant to give full import to the language used, and that the prohibition against 'undue, unreasonable, or unjust discrimination against interstate or foreign commerce' is not limited to particular persons or localities, but is applicable to such discrimination against interstate or foreign commerce in their broad definitions.

Denies Trespass on State Rights.

"This construction of the act cannot be said to be an encroachment on State's rights. The power to regulate interstate commerce was granted Congress chiefly as a means of protection against commercial hostilities and reprisals between the various States which overwhelmed the Confederation and threatened the commercial destruction of some of the States. The existence of that exclusive power in Congress is of greater importance now than at the time of the adoption of the Constitution for the protection of the States themselves.

"Today railroads run the length and breadth of the country. Many of the roads traverse with their own lines a number of States. Even though a carrier's rails may be confined wholly within a State, it is ordinarily an important link in the transportation of commerce from and to other States. Each State, therefore, is vitally interested in the transportation conditions in the other. A narrow or selfish policy with respect to the transportation instrumentalities within a State may cripple or suppress the commerce of the other States. It was stated on argument that about thirty-one States had permitted the same increases in fares as we fixed in Increased Rates, 1920, supra.

"Are the transportation facilities of these States and of the nation to be put in jeopardy by reason of the failure of the other States to conform to the plan adopted by the Congress for the welfare of the nation as a whole? The States gave to Congress the power to protect and promote the instrumentalities of interstate commerce and as the States' right they look to Congress to exercise that power.

Discrimination If States Ruled.

"In our decision in Increased Rates, 1920, we fixed the increase in rates, fares and charges, necessary to comply with the act. It must be remembered that in fixing those increases we were acting within our power 'to prescribe just and reasonable rates.' The resulting rates, therefore, become, in effect, what Congress has deemed on the whole necessary to yield the carriers the prescribed return on the value of their property.

"It is further urged that in Increased Rates, 1920, we did not find the value of any railroad property in the State of Illinois or elsewhere in the Eastern or Western groups as designated in that report. We were directed to prescribe rates so that in the aggregate they would yield a certain return, as nearly as may be, 'upon the aggregate value of the railway property of such carriers held for and used in the service of transportation.' We understood the Interstate Commerce act to determine upon a value for the total property of the carriers and not for the property that might by some necessarily arbitrary method or formula be assigned to interstate traffic, and that is the course we followed in arriving at the estimated value used in Increased Rates, 1920.

"In that case, conformably to the exercise of our power to prescribe just and reasonable rates, we determined the increased fares that were necessary in order that the passenger traffic should contribute its proper proportion to a fair return on the aggregate property value. If, without good reason, the fares within a State are lower than those authorized and established for interstate application, intrastate passenger traffic will not contribute its just share to the passenger revenues of the carriers, and the carriers may not earn the statutory return without further increases in the transportation charges on other traffic, including interstate commerce, thus unjustly discriminating against such commerce.

"Such a situation will also result, as the record discloses, in depleting the revenues from interstate commerce by diverting to intrastate channels what otherwise would form part of interstate passenger traffic. Thus, the existence, side by side with interstate fares, of intrastate fares fixed at a lower level, constitutes an obstruction to interstate commerce, thereby unduly, unreasonably and unjustly discriminating against such commerce, in contravention of the act."

The Coming War Between the "Closed" and "Open" Shop

In the belief that the "open-shop" crusade is intended to undo everything union labor has accomplished and to "feudalize America," the heads of the American Federation of Labor are making war plans. These labor leaders agree "that a united front must be presented to these attacks, and that every unwarranted attempt to reduce wages and working conditions to pre-war levels must be resisted with every legitimate weapon." Thus, as the Baltimore *Sun* notes, labor and capital are lining up for a finish fight. The leading business interests "will bargain collectively with labor only when forced to do so" and "a concentrated campaign of the employers' interests already has been launched against organized labor on the reaffirmation of the 'open-shop' principle and on the stand that wages must be reduced as part of the process of deflation."

The labor situation is probably the biggest problem that confronts the great mass of the American people to-day, and as this article in the "DIGEST" this week—November 27th—presents opinions from all sides, it will be read closely.

Other news-features of great interest and value in this number of the "DIGEST" are:

The Shipping Board Scandal

The New Bulgaria (With a Full-page Colored Map)
How Europe Views Wrangel's Collapse
Trouble Brewing for Home Brewers
A Fiume Settlement with D'Annunzio Left Out
War Bonuses in Twelve States
Legalizing Land Seizures in Italy
New York Shocks Constantinople
A New Search for the Oldest Man
What We Pay for Tons of Water in Food
The Dish-Washing Machine As a Germ Killer
Henry Ford's Plan to Help Idle Boys Learn and Earn
The Rejected and the Elected in the Hall of Fame
Prohibition Results in One State
The Need of an Abridged Bible
How to Fill the Country Church
British Sketches on the Sinn-Fein Front
Harding as Barn Painter, Band Musician and Humorist
Best of the Current Poetry
Topics of the Day

Many Interesting Illustrations in Half-Tone, Including Humorous Cartoons

November 27th Number on Sale To-day—News-dealers 10 Cents—$4.00 a Year

'Tis a Mark of Distinction to Be a Reader of The Literary Digest

The Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary,, NEW YORK

FOUR GREAT STARS
of the Film
Who have recently purchased
The AMPICO
Reproducing Piano
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You are cordially invited to hear the playing of such great pianists as Gowdowsky, Levitzki, Moiseiwitsch, Ornstein, the great Rachmaninoff, and a hundred other talented artists reproduced in our Ampico Studios

Knabe
Warerooms · Fifth Ave. at 39th St.

In this "union" there's strength

For the chaps who do things—and those who get things done. For men with possibilities and capabilities there's a

Superior
THE PERFECT UNION SUIT

Have a Superior for every weather—every function. Light, medium, heavy weights for the heavyweights of life. Superior knit insures superior fit. Superior construction stops early destruction.

The Square Dealer sells Superiors. If he's not on your square—we'll Superior-ize your fall and winter wardrobe.

The Superior Underwear Co.
Piqua, Ohio

Dealers: For immediate service on mail orders telephone New York Office and Warehouse, Stuyvesant 2736, Fourth Ave. at 18th Street

THIEVES KNOCK OUT GUARDS; ROB SAFES

Bind Watchman in Manhattan Garage and Get Away With Cash and Notes.

SIMILAR THEFT IN BROOKLYN

Police Establish New "Dead Line" Around Maiden Lane for Holiday Season.

While detectives were seeking criminals who took part in three more robberies and burglaries on Thanksgiving night, Acting Police Commissioner Leach created yesterday a new "dead line" around the Maiden Lane jewelry shops for the Christmas season. Six veteran detective sergeants were assigned to the new district and all thieves with records found there will be detained on sight.

Three armed men entered the garage of the Terminal and Town Taxi Corporation at 227 and 229 East Sixty-fourth Street early yesterday and blew open a safe after they had beat the night watchman unconscious. They escaped with $1,000 in cash and promissory notes for $50,000, without leaving a clue.

Their ruse to entice the watchman to the rear of the garage was that they wanted to see some of the automobiles stored there for the night. Not suspicious, the watchman, Paolo Gablamonte of 363 East Sixty-fifth Street, went with them. Suddenly the men drew pistols and ordered Gablamonte to throw up his hands and keep quiet. But the watchman put up a good fight, despite his sixty years, until the men felled him with a blackjack.

After they had tied up the watchman, one of the men stood guard over him while the other blew open the safe on the second floor. The watchman recovered consciousness and heard them arguing among themselves. As the thieves returned downstairs one of them kicked Gablamonte in the head, to make doubly sure that he would be unconscious until their escape was certain. Then they walked out.

Using the same tactics, four men knocked out the night watchman of the Star Towel Supply Company, at 103 Sanford Street, Brooklyn, and escaped with $1,200 from the safe. The watchman was James Blyn, 62 years old.

Blyn heard the men trying to force one of the doors of the place. As he approached the spot the men threw open the door and warned him not to make a noise. Blyn cried for help, and was struck on the head with a crowbar. The men tied him to a chair and went to work on the safe.

It became known yesterday that burglars visited the home of Frank Fairchild, 484 East Seventeenth Street, Flatbush, on Wednesday evening and stole more than $1,000 worth of silverware and clothing, including many gifts received by Mr. and Mrs. Fairchild a few days ago when they celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their wedding. The thieves entered by way of a kitchen window in the absence of the family.

BARS BURIAL HERE OF UNKNOWN SOLDIER

Secretary Baker Refuses Request of New York Victory Hall Association.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Secretary of War Baker today announced his refusal of the request of the Victory Hall Association of New York for the removal from France to this country of the body of an unknown American soldier for burial in Victory Hall, the proposed New York war memorial and forum for Pershing Square.

At the same time Secretary Baker stated that his action established a precedent, under which the War Department would refuse similar requests from other organizations. Citing the burial on Armistice Day of an unknown soldier in Westminster Abbey, London, and of an unidentified French soldier in the Arc de Triomphe, in Paris, Secretary Baker said the burial of an unknown soldier in the great memorial amphitheatre which the United States Government has recently erected at Arlington would have to be authorized by Congress.

A committee headed by William H. Page, Executive Chairman of the Victory Hall Association of New York, interviewed Secretary Baker on Nov. 19 and presented a resolution adopted by the association, making the request. Secretary Baker then said that, while his personal feeling was unfavorable to the plan, he would hold the subject open for several weeks.

ZIONISTS APPROVE PALESTINE PROGRAM

Endorse Plans to Raise Funds for a Comprehensive Development Scheme.

LABOR TO BE SAFEGUARDED

Preference Given to Companies Employing Jews and Sharing Management With Workers.

BUFFALO, Nov. 26.—The Zionist organization of America today approved an extensive program for the industrial, financial and agricultural development of the new homeland for Jews in Palestine. The program was outlined in eight proposals submitted to the delegates at the twenty-third annual convention of the organization by the Executive Committee, and it was approved with only one important amendment.

The amendment, which was adopted after a long debate, provides that official endorsement shall be given preferably to companies that agree to incorporate in their charters provisions that shall favor the employment of Jewish workmen and "shall seek the avoidance of class conflict by giving the employes a voice in the management of the corporation."

The delegates favoring the amendment were led by Dr. Horace M. Kallen of New York and Judge Hugo Pam of Chicago.

"It may take us longer to achieve our end in Palestine," said Judge Pam, "but let us tell the world now that where the Jew goes there will be a commonwealth founded on justice and equality to all."

The first vote on the amendment was a tie, but on a second count it was carried, 117 to 90.

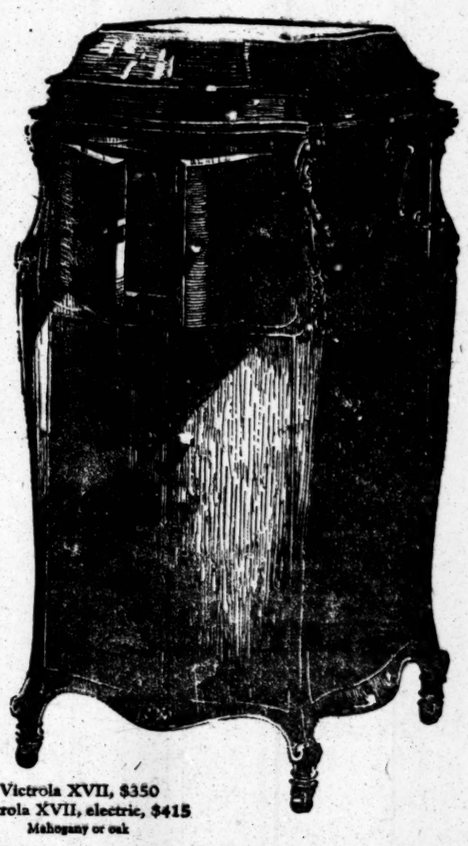
The other proposals endorsed by the convention provide for the immediate solicitation of funds for investment in the development of water power, irrigation and drainage, the establishment of land mortgage banks and house-building and co-operative producing and consuming enterprises.

TO BE SOLD AT ONCE.
Pianos, pictures, furniture, automobiles, curiosities, &c., sold in a few hours by an advertisement in The New York Times. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

The first Victrola is still in active service

Still playing the world's best music to the delight of its owners. It was the first cabinet-style talking-machine ever made, and it was built to last. The construction of the Victrola is so simple, the mechanism operates so accurately and smoothly, the materials and workmanship are of such high quality, that a Victrola seldom needs attention or adjustment.

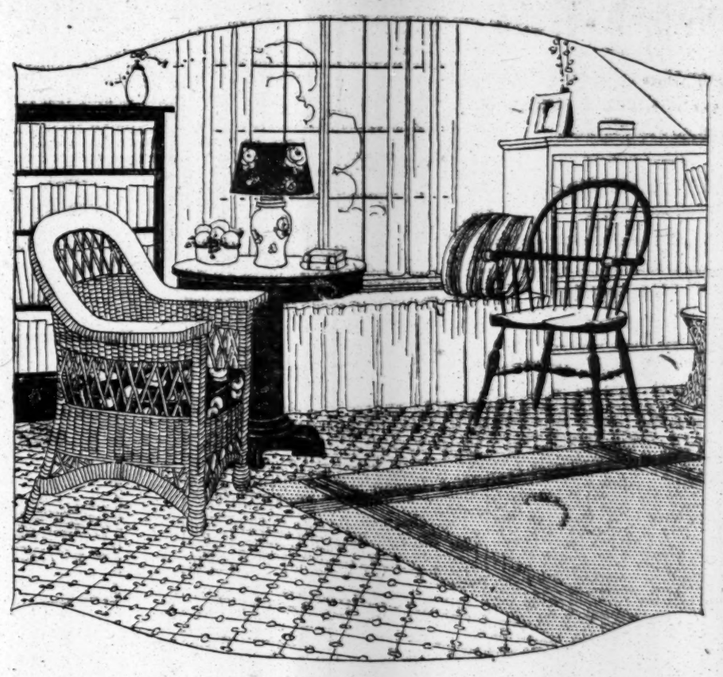
This is one of the many reasons why you should be sure the instrument you get is a Victrola. Imitations possess neither the tone quality nor the lasting quality of the Victrola. There are Victrolas in great variety from $25 to $1500. Victor dealers everywhere.



Victrola XVII, $350
Victrola XVII, electric, $415
Mahogany or oak

This trademark and the trademarked word "Victrola" identify all our products. Look under the lid! Look on the label!
VICTOR TALKING MACHINE CO.
Camden, N. J.

Victor Talking Machine Company
Camden, New Jersey



Make your attic one of the livable rooms of your home, by giving it a floor of Armstrong's Printed Linoleum and furnishing it inexpensively and attractively.

Beautiful, Practical Floors for Your Home

HERE is a floor worthy of any fabric rug in your home. It is Armstrong's Linoleum, chosen to harmonize in color and design with all the furnishings of the room.

Beautiful plain tints and Jaspés (two-tone effects) for living-room, dining-room, bedrooms. Artistic inlaid designs, if you like—all with the colors going clear through to the burlap back.

Or, if you prefer the less expensive printed linoleum, you will find Armstrong's Printed Linoleums superior in quality, and in beauty of colorings—well worth a few cents a yard additional.

Floors of Armstrong's Linoleum are easy to keep clean. Waxed occasionally, they stay like new. Hardwood floors need expensive refinishing every so often—linoleum floors do not.

Have your Armstrong's Linoleum floor laid by the merchant. A very satisfactory way to install linoleum is to cement it down firmly over a layer of builder's felt paper. It will always remain as tight and smooth as though it were one solid piece.

High-grade merchants in your vicinity sell Armstrong's Linoleum—guaranteed to give satisfaction. Look for the Circle A trademark on the burlap back.

Look for the CIRCLE "A" trademark on the burlap back

ARMSTRONG CORK COMPANY, LINOLEUM DEPARTMENT
Lancaster, Pennsylvania

Armstrong's Linoleum
for Every Floor in the House

AN ENGLISH WIFE IN BERLIN

By EVELYN, Princess BLÜCHER

The Boston Transcript says: "It is so far the most revealing and absorbing personal record. These pages are filled with personal touches that flash with a vivid and realistic impression of the experience."

Critic after critic credits the book with "extraordinary interest."

"To begin is to be lured on and on in growing excitement and sympathy to the very last page . . . one sees the war from an angle entirely new. . . . In solid contribution to the history of the war, the book is scarcely less important than it is interesting. . . . If originality, poise, dramatic interest, a compelling style and historical importance were the components of a "best-seller" it would be discussed this winter in every drawing room. It is certainly one of the most fascinating books of the year."

Price, $6.00.

This book should be on sale in your bookstore; if not, order direct from
E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY, 681 5th Ave., New York

BRENTANO'S
Fifth Avenue
Old and Rare Books. Library Sets in Fine Bindings.

Critics unite in praise of
The Age of Innocence
By Edith Wharton $2.00
This Is An Appleton Book

LEE WILSON DODD'S
Book of Susan
On sale everywhere, $2.00
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

Walk-Over Specials

Genuine Cordovan and plump Norwegian grain at pre-war prices. Walk-Over quality.

SPECIAL $12

A REAL WALK-OVER
An eye-catcher for young men who go in for style. In genuine shell cordovan with pinked toe cap. And how it wears!

SPECIAL $11

AVION BROGUE
A full brogue with all the trimmings. Plump Norwegian grain, shaped on an English last. Low, broad heel. Overweight sole.

Walk-Over

New York City
510 Fifth Ave.
179 Broadway
1492 Broadway
255 W. 125th St.
1178-75 Broadway
150 Bowery
622 W. 181st St.
Bronx—547 Melrose Ave.
Yonkers, N. Y.—7 N. Broadway
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WORKERS ASK SHOW OF BOSSES' BOOKS

Employers Reported to Be Opposed to Giving Unions Access to Figures.

WILLING TO HAVE "SURVEY"

Workers Want $14 a Week Increase to Bring Wages Up to $2,632 "Living Wage."

Workers in the book and job printing trade, whose demands for increased wages are now being heard by arbitration boards, have requested access to the books of the employing printers, it developed yesterday afternoon at the hearing on the wage demand of the New York Paper Handlers' Union No. 1, held at the Hotel Pennsylvania, with Dr. William F. Ogburn of Barnard College as impartial Chairman.

The arbitration agreement under which the proceedings are held provides that wage readjustments be made on the basis of the cost of living and the economic conditions of the industry. It was argued by President A. G. Hayes of the union that complete information as to the capitalization, assets, liabilities, earnings, dividend payments and surplus of the printing firms covering the last five years is essential to an accurate determination of the economic condition of the industry. He contended that without access to these facts the union was severely handicapped in the presentation of its case and the arbitrator could not render an intelligent decision.

Dr. Ogburn agreed to the principle that the determination of an economic question depends upon getting the facts, and in this view the employers also agreed. The practicability of a plan that will furnish the desired information was then discussed for some time. The employers pointed out the enormous task, but agreed that a joint survey on a broad, comprehensive basis, under the auspices of a firm of expert accountants, would be a good thing for the industry as a whole. It was made plain by the employers, however, that a survey could not be used as "a fishing expedition." All shops in the industry would have to be considered by the accountants in their survey, it was said.

At the suggestion of Dr. Ogburn the union leaders will undertake to submit to the arbitrators at a subsequent meeting a concrete plan for obtaining the information concerning the industry from the books of the firms. The employers did not commit themselves to the adoption of any plan, but promised to give consideration to the plan that the union will present. They will not agree, it was said, that their books be made available to the union.

Workers in this branch of the printing industry are asking for an increase in wages of $14 a week. The present scale is $35 and $36 a week. It was pointed out by the union that $2,632 a year was a minimum living wage in this city. The union maintains that the earnings of the workers are some $900 below the living wage level, and that the increase they demand will barely bring them up to that level.

The employers presented their brief, in which they pointed out that the present proceeding is not for a new wage scale, but under the arbitration agreement, is for a readjustment of the existing scale, based on the cost of living and conditions in the industry. Attention was called to the fact that the peak of living cost was reached in June and had gradually declined since them, and that prices were still falling. The employers also drew attention to the general economic situation throughout the country and declared that the printing industry was intimately interwoven with the economic structure and was affected by the changes in conditions along with other industries.

This afternoon the arbitrators, with Dr. Ogburn as impartial chairman, will hear the employers in rebuttal to the argument made by New York Printing Pressmen No. 51, for an increase in wages.

JUDGE ENJOINS PICKETING.

Orders Two Unions to Refrain From Interference at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 26.—Federal Judge Faris today granted a permanent injunction restraining the United Leather Workers' International Union from picketing or interfering with the business of a local trunk manufacturer, where 1,000 employes are on strike.

Simultaneously he issued a temporary order against the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, prohibiting interference with the business of several local clothing concerns where strikes are in effect.

COAL DEALERS ARRESTED.

Two Are Accused of Giving Short Weight to Customers.

Two coal dealers were arrested for shortweighting in Manhattan and Brooklyn yesterday. Antonio Scalzo, a dealer at 647 East Eleventh Street, was accused of delivering seventy-nine pounds of coal and charging for 100 pounds, and was held by Magistrate Robert C. Ten Eyck in Essex Market Court in $300 bail for trial in Special Sessions. Thomas Pagonia of 77 Lawrence Street, Brooklyn, was arrested on a similar charge.

The Wholesale Coal Trade Association made public yesterday a lette rto Armin W. Riley, Special Assistant to Attorney General Palmer in the coal investigation, offering to place all its records at the disposal of Mr. Riley. In response to Mr. Riley's request that the association fill out a questionnaire, the association replied suggesting a new form of questionnaire, dealing separately with anthracite and bituminous and making further classifications of coal.

VON RINTELEN IS RELEASED.

German Agent Leaves Atlanta for Washington and New York.

ATLANTA, Nov. 26.—Franz von Rintelen, German agent, who was pardoned by President Wilson on condition that he leave the United States, left here today for Washington and New York. He said he expected to sail for Germany within a few weeks.

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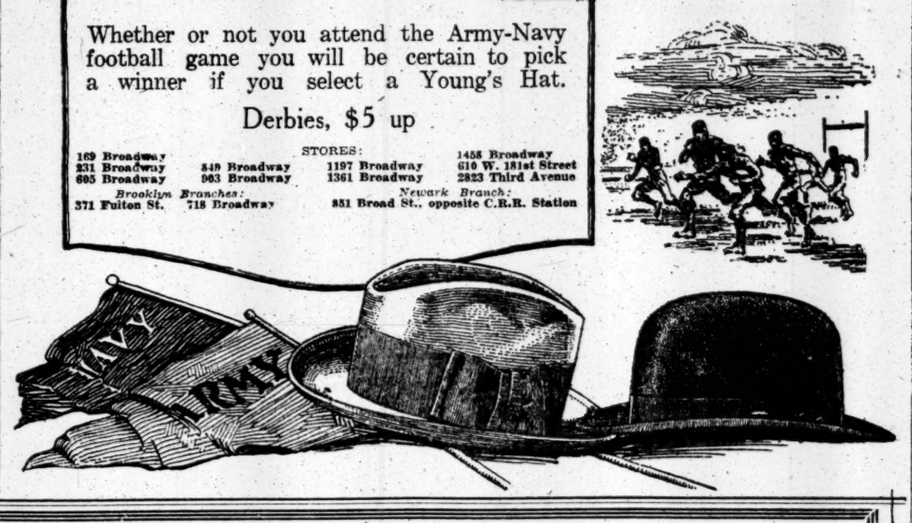

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I would like a kewpie, and a nest of balls in my stocking, if you please. You will find my stocking in the front room on the corner of the mantelpiece.

With love from

Betty.

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OPERA 'MEFISTOFELE' BY BOITO REVIVED

Metropolitan Again Gives Work from Goethe's "Faust" After Thirteen Years.

APPLAUDED AS SPECTACLE

Beniamino Gigli Makes Debut as Faust—Didur in Title Role, and Mme. Alda, Margherita.

MEFISTOFELE, opera in Italian from Goethe's "Faust," arranged in a prologue, three acts and epilogue, and in eight scenes; book and music by Arrigo Boito. At the Metropolitan Opera House.

Margherita ..... Frances Alda
Elena ..... Florence Easton
Pantalis ..... Flora Perini
Marta ..... Kathleen Howard
Mefistofele ..... Adamo Didur
Faust ..... Beniamino Gigli (debut)
Wagner ..... Angelo Bada
Nereo ..... Giordano Paltrinieri
Conductor, Roberto Moranzoni.

By RICHARD ALDRICH.

Boito's "Mefistofele" had not been given at the Metropolitan Opera House in thirteen seasons before last night, when it was added to the current repertory. In the last of Heinrich Conried's seasons at the Metropolitan he put it on the stage, chiefly, perhaps, for the benefit of Chaliapine, the Russian baritone, who wished to shine as Mefistofele, and who shone stripped to the waist for action in the scene of the prologue. Before that, the opera had been heard repeatedly at the Metropolitan in various seasons; but it had never gained a lasting place in the repertory. In the season of 1907 and 1908 it was given seven times, which indicated popularity, either of the opera or of Mr. Chaliapine; or perhaps, of Miss Farrar, as she was then, who appeared in it as the Margherita.

Last night it was heard by a very large audience, whose interest was frequently manifested loudly, and whose admiration of some of the spectacular features of the performance, which were made of great prominence and elaboration, was also unmistakably expressed. Yet it seemed hardly doubtful that there was a good deal in the opera that demanded patience.

Mr. Gatti-Casazza's restoration to the stage of Boito's one opera—it remains his one opera till the legendary "Nerone" sees the light—is like an act of piety toward one of the most engaging figures of modern literary and musical Italy, who died two years ago; the friend and assistant of Verdi, who wrote the librettos of "Falstaff" and "Otello," making possible the greatest of Shakespearean operas, and of "La Gioconda" for Ponchielli (something less of a service, it must be said); poet, and as "Mefistofele" shows, musician of high aspiration and skill.

"Mefistofele" is a work of huge and unfettered aspiration, in which the composer-librettist roamed at large through Goethe's great masterpiece and took from it a succession of scenese, discontinuous and meaningless unless the listener already knows his "Faust." To such a listener the work may show more intelligent understanding of Goethe's purpose than the romantic love story tailored so neatly by Barbier and Carré for Gounod. The poem offered them convenient outlines for such a story, and they worked upon them and left the rest. Boito was ambitious to put in some, at least, of the rest of Goethe's ideas—some of the "wit, pathos, wisdom, buffoonery, mystery, melody, reverence, doubt, magic and irony" that an enthusiastic critic has found in the original. It is impossible to compass all these things in an operatic libretto, and impossible to mold them into music. It may be granted that Boito has not succeeded, if that was what he tried to do. Nevertheless, he has produced something that has its moments of impressiveness, of high imagination, of poetical beauty and tenderness, along with much that seems pompous, rather empty now, and tedious.

The book has less of sequence than Berlioz's "Damnation of Faust." It is an assemblage of scenes; there is no "story" in it; there is no opportunity or possibility for continuous dramatic development or for more than disconnected effects. To make sure of capturing something of Goethe's spirit of mystic symbolism, Boito goes to the second part of "Faust" for the last scenes of his drama, the "Night of the Classical Sabbath" with the wooing of Elena by Faust (who has just left Margherita's death bed in the prison), and the epilogue, the death of Faust in his study as an old man, assured of salvation by hosts of angels, and the routing of Mephistopheles by the same phalanx.

There is not much to be found in Boito's opera but the stirring of an impressionable pictorial imagination by contact with Goethe's vast canvas. The music is a strange compound of portentous sonorities and characteristically Italian melody. There is, it must be confessed, a certain dilettante quality in some of it; there are many bare places, many empty passages; but there are passages of power, passion, imagination. The plan of the prologue is impressive; the vast enveloping clouds, the hymning of the invisible mystic choir, the sonorous proclamation of the pompous motto-theme by the brass instruments, the sudden appearance of Mephistopheles ironically denying; but it is carried out at a length that becomes tedious. From the rest there emerge the garden scene with a charm of its own in sweet melodiousness, a delicate development of the ensemble; rather unconvincing music in the Kermesse; a glowering brilliance in Mephistopheles's "Ballad of the World" in the Witches' Sabbath, an otherwise not very terrifying chorus of hags, but elaborated with all the resources of mingling throngs and vivid colors; Margherita's air in the prison, an example of how the florid style may be made to say something dramatic, and, more than all else, the duet between her and Faust in the same scene, "Lontano, lontano,' of ethereal and exquisite beauty. There are, too, traits of tranquil charm in the scene of the classical Sabbath.

Mr. Mardones was to sing the rôle of Mefistofele, but illness compelled him to hand the part over to Mr. Didur. It may well be imagined that he put all there is of sardonic diabolism in vocal color—his voice was unsteady in the upper ranges—in facial expression, pose and gesture into his impersonation. Mme. Alda's Margherita, somewhat mature in aspect, less beautiful to listen to; some of her auditors had memories that went back to the extraordinary impersonation of Mme Calvé, or even farther to Mme. Nilsson, which were not effaced.

It has been usual for the singer to take the part of Elena in the fourth act who has just represented the death of Margherita at the end of the third. Whatever the symbolism, if any, may be, a sense of the fitness of things is more gratified by the appearance of a different singer, who was in this case Mme. Easton. It may be said likewise that the sense of hearing was much more fully gratified.

As Faust another new tenor of the company made his first appearance, Beniamino Gigli. Here's an Italian tenor, by no means a beginner, but with many of the inclinations and manners of his kind, such as a persistent disposition to sing to the audience, to the neglect of Margherita or whomever else the dramatic situation requires him to address; also to cultivate the high note and make whatever there is to be made out of it in the way of applause. But he has a voice of really fine quality, which he does not often force, still fresh and possessed of color; and he sings not without finish and style. He was evidently at home in the part, and indicated assurance and experience on the stage, though his action rarely rose above the safely conventional. He will no doubt be another valuable accession to the company.

There was, of course, new scenery for this production; and as it was painted by Mr. Boris Anisfeld, it was strongly touched with post-impressionism, or whatever the name is of the particular modern development he affects. This scenery is effective and handsome. The difficult suggestion of cloud masses in the prologue is well managed; the garden is a rich mass of imagined foliage; the unreality of the landscape of the Classical Sabbath poetically suggested. The brilliant appearance of the ballet and other people on the stage in the Brocken scene has been mentioned. The chorus did much that was excellent. After the prologue Mr. Setti came out to receive applause for it; and after the second act besides the singers, Mr. Moranzoni, who conducted the performance, Mr. Anisfeld and Mr. Thewman, the stage director, appeared.

The Philharmonic Society.

At the Philharmonic Society's concert yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall the chief place on the program was occupied by the second symphony in D of Hugo Alfvén. The name is unfamiliar in New York concert halls; it is that of a Swedish composer, now musical director of the University of Upsala, and ranked by Mr. Humiston in his note upon the program as the only one of significance among contemporary Swedish symphonic composers.

If the symphony is an accurate measure of Mr. Alfvén's size and significance, Sweden is apparently in a rather unfortunate way for symphonic composers. A feebler composition in the symphonic form has not recently been presented here. In the commonplace and triviality of most of its themes, in the wholly stencilled manner of their development, it is commonplace. A fugato in the andante and a developed fugue with an extended chorale in the last movement give the composer the air of doing something important which is hardly justified by the facts.

The performance did not do much to give any factitious interest to this symphony; it was tame and lacking in strength. There was also a suspicion of the same quality in the performance of Smetana's symphonic poem "Vltava" that followed. Then came the Siegfried Idyl, and Liszt's symphonic poem, "Les Préludes."

Winston Wilkinson, Violinist, Plays.

Winston Wilkinson, violinist, assisted at the piano by Marie Maloney, gave a recital yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall, playing a concerto in E minor by Nardini, that in D major by Paganini, worn threadbare of late, and the equally recurrent "Carmen" fantasy of Sarasate. The young man's program said this matinee was a début, though he has appeared in tours with the tenor, McCormack. He is a player of sincere and unassuming manner, trained in this country, and, with rare loyalty, emphasizing collectively a group of "Compositions by Americans," Harry Gilbert's "Marionettes" and airs by Cecil Burleigh, Arnold Volpe and Eddy Brown.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Florenz Ziegfeld's forthcoming musical production in which Marilynn Miller and Leon Errol will appear, will be known as "Sally." The original title was "Sally in Our Alley."

Senator James A. Reed of Missouri will make an address at the Booth next Tuesday night at the celebration in honor of Mark Twain's birth.

Vivienne Segal has been engaged for a musical piece called "Three Kisses," which Wilner & Romberg will produce. The piece will open out of town on Jan. 24.

General Pershing attended the performance of "Tip-Top" at the Globe last night. He will see "Mecca" tonight.

The Guild Players will give a program of one-act plays at University Settlement on the nights of Dec. 10, 11, 12, 17, 18, 19. They will present "Suppressed Desires," "Hattie" and Shaw's "Great Catherine."

The Russian Drama Society will give a performance of Stepnack Krofchinsky's "New Reform" tonight at Washington Irving High School.

The New York Drama League announces that when Lee Simonson lectures at the Garrick Theatre Sunday, Dec. 5, at 3:30 o'clock on "The Artist and His Relation to the Craft of the Theatre" he will show his audience how a scene is set, ignited and finally "struck."

MUSIC NOTES.

George Hamlin, tenor, will sing in Parker's "Hora Novissima" with the choir of the Church of the Incarnation, at Thirty-fifth Street and Madison Avenue, on Sunday afternoon.

Theodore Cella, solo harpist of the National Symphony Orchestra, will appear with Evelyn Jeane and Ethel Heney in the Carnegie Hall Studios on Sunday afternoon before the Musicians' Club.

Nina Morgana will make her first Metropolitan appearance as Gilda in "Rigoletto" tonight, the cast including Miss Mellish and Messrs Chamlee and De Luca.

Milton Aborn will present Offenbach's "Tales of Hoffmann" this evening at the Aborn Miniature Theatre, 137 West Thirty-eighth Street.

Michael Nicastro has canceled his violin recital announced for this evening at Aeolian Hall.

NEW THEATRE CIRCUIT LIKELY NEXT SEASON

Selwyns, Harris and Hopkins Plan to Relieve Shortage in Four Principal Centres.

The formation of a new circuit of theatres in the four principal theatrical centres of the country—New York, Chicago, Philadelphia and Boston—is again being considered by a number of play producers as a means of relieving the current house shortage in these cities. The Selwyns, Sam H. Harris and Arthur Hopkins took the first steps toward this end several months ago, and it now seems likely that the plan will be put into operation next season.

The proposed circuit is not designed in any way to combat the present Shubert and Erlanger circuits, but simply to provide theatres in the larger cities for the members of the new combination. The present theatre shortage has resulted in many cases in a stiffening of the terms upon which theatres may be obtained, and for many attractions it has been impossible to secure metropolitan houses on any terms. The Messrs. Selwyn, Harris and Hopkins, together with a number of other producers who would join them, propose to pool the theatres which they now own or are now building in the principal cities and to lease these houses to members of the new group.

In New York City the new combination would control the three Selwyn theatres—the Selwyn, the Times Square and the Apollo—Arthur Hopkins's Plymouth Theatre and Sam H. Harris's Cohan & Harris and Music Box, the latter now building. The proposed extension of the combination to include other managers might bring the number of New York houses up to eight or ten by next season. The new circuit would also have four or five houses in Chicago.

All of the prospective members of the proposed new combination have long-term booking contracts with either the Shuberts or A. L. Erlanger, but these contracts are effective only so long as the producers are provided with the theatres which they require. In the large cities the two major booking offices have in many instances been unable to provide theatres for their producers this season, but in the week stands there has been comparatively little congestion.

Rosa Simon in Piano Recital.

Rosa Simon gave the late Charles T. Griffes's "Clouds" and "The Night Winds" a place of honor at her annual recital in Aeolian Hall last evening. She is a pianist of musical traits, already familiar, and a considerable audience heard her in these and other little pieces by Paderewski and Ravel, some brief Schumann and Brahms, and the inevitable battlehorse, the B minor sonata of Chopin, not that of the funeral march. She prefaced the larger work with a prelude, fugue and variations by Cesar Franck, played with appreciative sympathy as well as technical precision that merited praise.

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PARIS STAR'S VOICE FAILS.

Guests Invited to Rehearsal Then Organize Their Own Entertainment.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—A curious and unusual event interrupted last night one of the most fashionably attended dress rehearsals there has been in Paris this season. The play was a new one by Henri Bataille, entitled "L'Homme à la Rose." The man in the case was the universal hero Don Juan, played by the actor André Brile, one of the most popular figures on the Paris stage. As usual at all dress rehearsals of this kind there was a long wait and the invited audience, which contained all the most notable social and artistic people of Paris, had plenty of time for gossip and speculation about the play.

At last the curtain rose on a moonlight scene with the charming intended victim of Don Juan waiting like Juliet on the balcony. She spoke some words and the figure of a man was dimly seen approaching. He, too, began to speak. Some passionate declaration was obviously intended, but the words began to fail and suddenly hoarsely a voice whispered: "Je ne peux pas, je ne peux pas." ("I can't, I can't.") The curtain fell slowly and from the wings came the anxious manager to inform the guests that M. Brile had overtaxed his voice in rehearsals and could not continue. He had strained his vocal cords so badly that the doctor had ordered a complete rest for some days and the dress rehearsal would be continued on Monday.

With cocktails and champagne, to the accompaniment of a Hawaiian orchestra in the hall of the theatre, the guests then took it on themselves to provide amusement and among them were so many of the best entertainers and artists of the Paris stage that the impromptu entertainment was voted an excellent substitute for "the man with the rose."

To Help Disabled Ex-Service Men.

The Federal Board for Vocational Education invites disabled ex-service men to call at the Sixty-ninth Infantry Armory from Nov. 29 to Dec. 5, between the hours of 9 and 5, to become acquainted with recent steps by the Government in their behalf. Victory medals and discharge buttons will be distributed. Officers competent to advise those who desire vocational training will be on duty.

COOLIDGE HERE FOR REUNION

Vice President-Elect Will Attend Amhurst Alumni Dinner.

Governor Calvin Coolidge of Massachusetts, Vice President-elect, arrived in the city last night from Northampton, Mass., to attend the dinner at the Pennsylvania Hotel tonight of the alumni of Amherst College, of which the Governor is a member.

"I am too full of Thanksgiving turkey to talk politics," said Mr. Coolidge as he hurried to his room.

The Governor is expected to meet several local Republican leaders today.

Benefit for Bide-a-Wee Home Dec. 5.

A special performance of the play, "Thy Name Is Woman," will be given by permission of William A. Brady on Sunday evening, Dec. 5, at the Playhouse for the benefit of the Bide-a-Wee Home for Friendless Animals. The star, Miss Mary Nash, and the other artists, will donate their services. Tickets may be obtained at the Playhouse or from the Bide-a-Wee Home, 410 East Thirty-eighth Street.

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CENTURY THEATRE. Evs. 8. Mats. Today & Wed. 2.
F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present
MOST SENSATIONAL SUCCESS EVER KNOWN IN THE WORLD
MECCA
Musical Extravaganza of the Orient. COMPANY OF 400—11 BIG SCENES.

CENTURY PROMENADE 63d St. & Cent. Park W.
CENTURY REVUE AT 8:30 Dining and Dancing 6 P. M. to 3 A. M.
MIDNIGHT ROUNDERS AT 11:30

WINTER GARDEN 50 & B'y. Evs. 8:30. MATINEE TODAY
Geo. LeMaire's BREVITIES
BROADWAY With BERT WILLIAMS.

CENTRAL THEATRE, 47th & Broadway. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed.
F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present
THE SENSATION OF LONDON, PARIS & N. Y.
DELYSIA in the Wonderful Musical Show "AFGAR"
With LUPINO LANE & Paul Poiret Costumes.

NORA BAYES Thea., 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees TODAY & Wednesday at 2:30.
"THREE LIVE GHOSTS"
"A SCREAMING COMEDY."—Telegram.

THE NEW APOLLO W. 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20.
FRANCES WHITE
in the new Musicomedy,
"JIMMIE"
with BEN WELCH and Star Cast.

SELWYN West 42d St. Evenings, 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:20.
FRANK TINNEY
in the Musigirl Comedy,
"TICKLE ME"

TIMES SQ. West 42d St. EVES. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
FLORENCE REED
in EDGAR SELWYN'S PLAY,
"THE MIRAGE"

FULTON W. 46th. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30.
GILDA VARESI—NORMAN TREVOR
ENTER MADAME

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Ph. Bryant 134.
2ND YEAR—THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT,
IRENE
Seats 6 Weeks Ahead. Mats. Today & Wed.

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
The Reigning Musical Comedy Success.
PITTER PATTER WITH ERNEST TRUEX

LITTLE THEATRE W. 44 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed
THE 1st YEAR

SHUBERT Thea., 44 St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Matinees TODAY & Wed., 2:30.
THE BOHEMIANS, INC., ANNOUNCE
THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920

BROADHURST Thea., 44, W of B'y. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30
HENRY HULL ☆ TALMA TELL ☆ GEORGE MARION ☆
in Kate L. McLaurin's new comedy "When We Are Young"

BOOTH Thea., 45th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Matinees TODAY & Wed., 2:30.
WILLIAM FAVERSHAM
In MARK TWAIN'S The Prince and the Pauper

CASINO 39th and B'way. Evenings at 8:20. MATINEE TODAY, 2:20. ZIMBALIST'S PLAY WITH MUSIC.
HONEYDEW
MONDAY EVENING MR. EFREM ZIMBALIST WILL CONDUCT

COMEDY Theatre, W. 41st. Evs. 8:30. Matinees TODAY & Thurs., 2:30.
HOLBROOK BLINN
As a lovable, laughable bandit—
THE BAD MAN

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE, 7 Av. & 4 St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30.
BEN-AMI
"SAMSON & DELILAH"
PAULINE LORD

FRAZEE West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. Phone 31 Bryant
MARGARET ANGLIN
in "THE WOMAN OF BRONZE"

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"HELD AUDIENCE BREATHLESS."—Eve. Sun.
SPANISH LOVE

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed & Sat., 2:30.
THE BAT "KEEPS STANDEES ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World.

BELMONT THEATRE, W. 48 St. Bry. 48. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30
MR. & MRS IN FRENCH
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GARRICK 65 West 35th St. Fitzroy 1532. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:15
HEARTBREAK HOUSE
A Comedy by Bernard Shaw

39TH ST. Thea., nr. B'y. Evs. 8:20. LAST 2 Last Matinee Today, 2:20 TIMES
THE OUTRAGEOUS
MRS. PALMER with MARY YOUNG
Beginning MON., NOV. 29 Seats Now
WILLIAM A. BRADY Presents
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A Dramatization of DAISY ASHFORD'S Famous Book
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"LADIES' NIGHT"

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Musical Comedy Success
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With William Norris & Edith Taliaferro.

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LITTLE OLD NEW YORK

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
MARYNASH
In "THY NAME IS WOMAN"

BIJOU Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees TODAY & Wed., 2:30.
THE SKIN GAME
By JOHN GALSWORTHY.

48TH ST. Thea., Just E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. LAST 4 TIMES Last Matinee TODAY, 2:30.
OPENING Monday, Nov. 29 at 8:20
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DAVID BELASCO Presents
Frances Starr in "ONE"
By Edward Knoblock.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
INA CLAIRE "THE GOLD DIGGERS," By Avery Hopwood.

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(ISN'T IT A GRAND OLD NAME?)

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ROLLO'S WILD OAT
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CORT WEST 48TH ST. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:15.
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HELLO LESTER
(ALIAS "JIM JAM JEMS")

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PRODUCTION OF
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MR. COHAN in the Title Role.

Manhattan Op. House, 34th, w 8 Av. Evs. 8:30 Last Matinee Today, 2:30.
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FRI. at 8. SAMSON et DALILA. Matzenauer; Caruso, De Luca, Bothier—Wolff.
SAT. at 2. ZAZA. Farrar, Howard; Martinelli, De Luca—Morandoni.
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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

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HURTING THEIR OWN CAUSE.

That the mob had blundered in its attack upon the Union Club was evident at a glance. Three priests from the Cathedral, still in the vestments in which they had conducted the Mac-Swiney mass, came out and did their utmost to quell the riot. "Go home!" cried Mgr. LAVELLE; "for love of "this country, for love of Ireland, go "home!"

During his recent visit here Sir HORACE PLUNKETT declared that the fate of the Irish Republic depended upon America. On the very day of the Fifth Avenue demonstration, the acting leader in Ireland, ARTHUR GRIFFITH, cried out, "How long is "America going to stand for what is "being done here!" Until lately, thanks partly to an intelligent and humane sense of the historic wrongs of the Irish people, thanks partly to the supposed exigencies of our own political life, it was made to appear to European eyes that this country had already taken sides. That illusion is now dispelled, and dispelled by the Irish themselves.

The United States is a nation drawn by many natural race sympathies, but in the ultimate test is unbiased by any foreign origin, unswayed by the passions of contemporary European politics. As such it maintains its right to show fitting courtesy and respect for all friendly nations. That a portion of our citizens have virtually challenged that right can only cause a profound reaction, damaging to the intolerant.

MANDATES AND OIL.

Secretary COLBY'S note to Lord CURZON has much the effect of a member rising in the House of Representatives and "reserving the right to object." This is entirely proper, things being as they are. If the United States or any of its citizens are in the way to be prejudiced or injured by, for example, the British exercise of a mandate in Mesopotamia, it is well to have it clearly stated in advance that all American rights in the premises will be insisted upon. This is a question which stands independent of the League of Nations, or of our being a member of it or not. The action of the State Department is merely a way of filing a notice that the United States will not surrender any privileges or advantages to which it may be justly entitled.

A spirit of entire friendliness pervades the communication to the British Foreign Office. Secretary COLBY takes pains to recite the points of harmony between British and American policy, as respects the exploitation of the oil deposits of Mesopotamia. He is equally polite, but also firm, when he points out that the agreement arrived at by France and England at San Remo seems in some particulars to contemplate an exclusive plan or even a monopoly. That, Mr. COLBY states, would be a violation of the spirit and even of the terms of the mandate, and would possibly be derogatory to the interests of the United States.

In stating that this country "possesses only one-twelfth, approxi-"mately, of the petroleum resources "of the world," it is not clear what Secretary COLBY means. The figures as ordinarily given, even by our own Geological Survey, make the share of the United States very much higher. But all this is subordinate detail. The main thing is that a timely and justified warning has been addressed to the British Government concerning the care and fairness with which all mandates under the League are to be executed. They are trusteeships. And the great protection against an abuse of trust lies in those provisions of the Covenant requiring a strict accounting. The relevant clauses are the following:

In every case of mandate the mandatary shall render to the Council an annual report in reference to the territory committed to its charge.

A permanent commission shall be constituted to receive and examine the annual reports of the mandataries and to advise the Council on all matters relating to the observance of the mandates.

CUTTING OFF OFFICIAL HEADS.

It is the general belief that there are too many Federal employés. If there aren't, the Federal civil service is different from that of any other known country. It is for the Republicans to reduce whatever swelling lingers after the war, generally to improve it and make it more effective. The Republicans told us in their national platform that "the annual "expenses of Federal operation can "be reduced hundreds of millions of "dollars without impairing the effi-"ciency of the public service." It is their duty and should be their pleasure to save the country those hundreds of millions. They have pledged themselves "to the elimination of unneces-"sary officials and employés and "the raising of the standard of in-"dividual efficiency."

There is a sonorous, generous platform sound in "hundreds of millions." The Republicans in Congress have to translate the sum from the abstract, romantic and general into concrete saved money. They will have to resist, too, the ferocious pressure of place-seekers. They will have to rise to those heights of virtue where a superfluous post is regarded as superfluous, no matter if a good Republican has it or wants it. In his speech of acceptance Mr. HARDING proposed to "send back to productive effort thou-"sands of Federal employés who are "either duplicating work or not essen-"tial at all." "Thousands" is modest. The figures of some of the Republicans are much more ambitious. If we remember right, 300,000 was the guess made by some Republican campaign speakers as the number of officeholders who never will be missed. According to a Washington dispatch in The Tribune, "predic-"tions are being made freely by lead-"ers in both houses of Congress that "the number of Government clerks "that will be dropped from the public "payroll will approximate 250,000 "before the Harding Administration "is many months in power."

We don't say the Republican mark is too high. For some years this reduction of expenses of government is probably the main economy, about the only means of lowering taxes, which the Republicans can use. May the prophets at Washington see their vaticinations made fact. Not for anything would we have the disposition of those cynics who doubt that a quarter million of official heads will ever be lopped off by the Republican snickersnee.

FRANCE AND RUSSIA.

The declaration of Premier LEYGUES—which would hardly have been made without MILLERAND'S approval—in favor of lifting the Russian blockade is an event of great importance, though its motives are not wholly clear. It marks the first step back by the French Government from its uncompromising opposition to any dealings with Russia at all. For the present, however, the French seem to have halted on the position which our Government assumed some time ago, that any of their people who want to take the chance of trading with Russia may do so at their own risk.

To refer this decision, as the Temps does, to the declarations of the Supreme Council last January seems rather fantastic. Last Winter the Supreme Council thought of trade with the Russian co-operatives. The announcement of Feb. 24 talked vaguely about permitting commerce without recognition, but did not go into details. The co-operatives turned out to be under the domination of the Government, and the only practicable way to do any business with Russia is to do it with the Government, as Mr. WASHINGTON VANDERLIP seems to have set about doing.

How much trading can or will be done at the trader's risk? The risk is not small. Stories of the alloying of Russian gold show how dubious is any payment offered by the Bolsheviki. Moreover, even if real gold is offered in payment, nobody in France is likely to get very far with Russian trade. French courts would probably be assailed by bondholders arguing that their bonds were a prior lien on the gold of the old Russian Government; and the Rumanians could be counted on to press their claims. A French court would very probably decide in favor of the bondholders and the Rumanians.

The difficulty, of course, lies in the uncertainty in France as to what an English court would do—or an American court, if Mr. VANDERLIP'S great schemes should come to anything. Probably the fear of British and American competition has hurried the French Government, which is a pretty clear indication that the French believe that this time Mr. LLOYD GEORGE is going through with it. Moreover, France's efforts to find other solutions of the Russian problem have failed. WRANGEL'S defeat ended the last immediate hope of a successful revolt against Bolshevism, and with the cessation for the moment of all serious wars the likelihood of a Soviet Napoleon grows less. In the Near East the French are preparing to buy off the Turks, there being apparently nothing else to do; and the prospective return of CONSTANTINE will imperil the whole allied position in a quarter where Russia could do a good deal of harm.

A dispatch from Moscow indicates that the Bolsheviki are making big concessions in order to gain the assistance of foreign capital, but the great concessions are yet to come. Those concessions must include, for France, some recognition of the debt; for Rumania, repayment of her gold, and for Britain and Poland, some guarantee against the fomenting of revolution more convincing than any offered as yet.

THE ALIEN FLOOD.

Commissioner WALLIS'S remarks at the National Press Club, Washington, are a model of diplomatic discretion blended with the emphasis of understatement. He has no evidence of a concerted effort among the nations of Europe to dump undesirable citizens upon our shores; but he has evidence of a concerted movement among some officials of those countries to do so. In a statement before the National Industrial Council he described the undesirables as "incendiaries," "Bolsheviki" and "criminals." This is only a part of the evil that threatens. Italy would send some five millions of her people; in Germany there are perhaps eight millions ready to come, while the new republics of Central Europe are eager to contribute hordes. The influx of aliens will be limited only by the capacity of the steamships. And already we have on our hands a problem of unemployment.

Our equipment for handling the alien flood, meanwhile, has pitiably broken down. In spite of Mr. WALLIS'S efforts, Ellis Island is a chaos. During the war our consular agents abroad were able to inquire into the health, sanity and good citizenship of those asking for passports; but, confronted by the recent exodus, they have been unable to cope with the ruses of applicants and the corruption of officials. At Ellis Island of late the detection of paupers, mental deficients, persons suffering from loathsome and contagious diseases, or otherwise likely to become a public charge, has strained the available resources so that criminals and anarchists have slipped through.

The Federal Bureau of Naturalization has issued bright reports as to its activities, especially through evening schools. In "The Schooling of the "Immigrant," which FRANK V. THOMPSON has written for the Carnegie Corporation, these reports are analyzed and shown to be grossly misleading—riddled, in short. Not even our census of aliens is trustworthy. When the New York State Department of Education lately tried to get in touch with the illiterates in order to plan for their Americanization, it was found that the records supplied from Washington were only 50 per cent. correct.

For economic as well as for moral and patriotic reasons it is indispensable that the influx of aliens shall be proportioned to our capacity for assimilating them, and that the most rigid supervision shall be exercised at the point of departure in Europe. For many years a program has been urged of "selective immigration and scien-"tific distribution." Up to the present the results are virtually nil. When Congress assembles the House Committee on Immigration and Naturalization will present a bill. It was at the invitation of its Chairman, ALBERT JOHNSON, that Commissioner WALLIS lately spoke at Washington. One of the measures in the bill is a complete suspension of immigration for two years. This has the support of organized labor. The alternative is a drastic and thoroughly efficient supervision.

TWO WAYS WITH COAL.

In THE TIMES on Thursday were printed in adjoining columns remedies for the coal troubles, proposed respectively by engineers and politicians. The engineers were sympathetic with both consumers and producers; the politicians were more sympathetic with the consumers. The engineers spoke for the Coal Stabilization Committee organized by HERBERT HOOVER on behalf of the American Institute of Mining. They found that there was a seasonable irregularity in demand, that there was irregularity in the supply of railway cars, and that there were poor facilities for storing supplies of coal in the warm months against the needs of the cold months. What they propose is the stimulation of the supply of railway and storage facilities by such price inducements as will enable and induce miners to work, consumers to buy and railways to carry coal. In technical phrase, the engineers would reduce the peak of the coal movement by price differentials. They would distribute the provision of coal throughout the year by selling it cheaper in the dull months, and by putting a suitable price penalty on consumers who demand coal when getting it is difficult and costly.

Senators CALDER and EDGE put forward the politicians' plan. The former objects to the use of the word "nationalization" in this connection. He seems to dislike the word more than the method, for he proposes compulsion by law. Details are withheld for the ten days of grace within which all concerned are warned to remove complaints on pain of statutory penalties for not providing enough coal at satisfactory prices. In proposing this Senator CALDER says that he is only responding to popular demand as he found it expressed throughout the country.

The engineers did not have the other proposal before them, but they passed a criticism upon it as if in anticipation. They say that there is no solution of the difficulty except through the co-operation of all the economic factors—labor, capital, railways, consumers. But this is forbidden by law. Therefore the engineers recommend, in addition to price differentials, "Federal legislation permitt-"ting such co-operation under compe-"tent Government authority." They would permit where the politicians would compel. The politicians propose new laws of a sort which has failed innumerable times. Not often are such sharp contrasts drawn by chance. It should help consumers to make a choice between economic and political methods.

HAITI'S WELFARE.

While President DARTIGUENAVE of Haiti complains that the American civil officers have failed to co-operate with the native Government in, to quote from the treaty of 1915, "the "proper and efficient development of "the agricultural, mineral and com-"mercial resources and in the estab-"lishment of the finances of Haiti on "a firm and solid basis," he admits that peace has been established in the country. "Peace," he says, "is Haiti's indispensable need." The question that remains is whether the American Minister and the American Financial Adviser have contributed to the welfare of Haiti. The President, elected by the Haitian Congress under American auspices soon after the landing of marines in 1915, has assailed the ability and good-will of both these gentlemen.

The charges of the native ruler, who by the terms of the protectorate is subordinate to both the American civil and military Governments, must be considered in the light of his relations with his own people. His election, which they regarded as dictated by the United States, made him unpopular with them, or rather with the politicians who had previously conducted the Government. Among them were men of education and some training in public affairs. It was no uncommon thing for members of the professional class to be educated in Europe. This Haitian minority has always cherished independence, and was sullenly opposed to the American occupation. Of late President DARTIGUENAVE has sought to conciliate it by breaking with the American Government. He tries to make out a case of incompetence upon the part of the Financial Adviser, JOHN A. MCILHENNY. He complains that "the "Financial Adviser does not report to "the Haitian Government; it is the "Haitian Government which he "aspires to subject to his sovereign "will." Undoubtedly Mr. MCILHENNY takes his orders from Washington, and his relations with the Treasury are naturally intimate. It could not be otherwise if Article VIII. of the treaty is to be observed. Its terms are:

> The Republic of Haiti shall not increase its public debt except by previous agreement with the President of the United States, and shall not contract any debt or assume any financial obligation unless the ordinary revenues of the republic available for that purpose, after defraying the expenses of the Government, shall be adequate to pay the interest and provide a sinking fund for the final discharge of such debt.

It is true that the Haitian Government used to make shift to pay the interest on its debt—sometimes it had to be pressed—but the financial system was unscientific and, because the resources of the country were not properly developed, chaos often threatened it. The United States has undertaken to aid in the development of those resources and to establish a scientific financial system. Whether the American civil officers have been at fault in contriving means to get Haiti on her feet—that is, whether they are doing a commendable piece of work and the best for the country—is the question at issue. When Congress meets Representative RODENBERG of Illinois will introduce a resolution calling for an inquiry, and the Haitians can then be heard in their own behalf. Pending the giving of testimony on both sides, it would be well to reserve judgment. Certainly there is not now available enough information to justify positive conclusions. It is known that public improvements and the health of the people, besides pacification, have been the concern of the military Government, and that the finances of Haiti have had attentive consideration.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Master Spy Escapes.

Exercises of executive power, when they take the form of granting pardons to criminals unquestionably guilty of the offenses for which they were convicted and sentenced after fair trial, are always in need of explanation, but they rarely get it. Sometimes that is because, whatever the reason may have been, it could not be avowed with any hope of getting public approval. Sometimes the silence is due to the fact that disclosure of the motive for remitting the penalty imposed would be against public interest. This happens most often, of course, or perhaps always, when international considerations extending far beyond the personalities directly involved have had to be taken into the account.

It must be assumed that considerations of just that sort prompted the release of FRANZ VON RINTELEN. What they can have been, however, cannot be imagined by anybody not high in the counsels of the Department of Justice or the Department of State, from one or the other of which, in all probability, came the recommendation which caused the President to affix the signature that gave liberty to a man who had no known claim to lenience. The alternative to that assumption would be intolerable, for the facts revealed at RINTELEN'S several trials were such as to provide not even an excuse for shortening his term in prison by even a single day.

Of all the spies and malefactors who served Germany in this country before and after the United States entered the war, RINTELEN probably was about the worst, for he probably was about the most efficient. Equally unscrupulous and ruthless, he used the enormous fund placed at his disposal by his Government to violate every one of our laws that interfered with his furtherance of German interests as he understood them. He was equally ready to block our legitimate trade, to destroy our factories and to drown our citizens by exploding bombs on ships far out at sea.

Some Day Light Will Come.

All of the crimes just mentioned FRANZ VON RINTELEN tried to commit and most of them he did commit. Some of them he confessed and the rest were proved. He had three trials, each of which ended in conviction, and he was sentenced to three terms of imprisonment, one of a year in a New Jersey penitentiary, which he served, and then he was sent to the Federal prison in Atlanta, where he was to be confined for two other terms, aggregating three years and two months. That he was treated with excessive severity could not be maintained by his best friend or nearest relative. He is now to be released under a bond of $5,000 that he will quit the country by Jan. 1.

There are strange whispers that ascribe to RINTELEN an origin that once would have passed for exalted. Whether those stories are true or not, it is a fact that he had many friends moving in high German circles, and that astonishing offers in the way of exchanging for him allied officers that had been captured by the Germans were made after his convictions.

Probably future historians will be able to clear up the mystery of RINTELEN'S birth and of his release. For the present, darkness covers both—a darkness that must be most irritating to other men who remain in jail because in one way or another they violated our laws in relation to the great war.

Helpless, Though So Wise.

A particularly affecting passage in one of H. G. WELLS'S articles telling what he saw in Bolshevist Russia was that in which he described the terrible condition in which he had found men of science to be existing in Petrograd and Moscow. Of all the classes he studied, these seemed most to excite his pity, and they did it because of their inability to use either their knowledge or their skill in such conditions as Bolshevism produces, and it was evidently as much of a surprise to Mr. WELLS as it will be to other people to gain realization of the utter dependence of the savant on a state of civilization for the means of living, even in the simplest way.

War, indeed, has much use for science and its exponents, but the scientists must do their work far from the front, with all their ordinary needs supplied for them. The Russia of today makes no demand for their services, has no work to offer of the one sort they can do, pays them no salaries, and the consequence is that they are starving slowly—and not always slowly—to death.

A similar report now comes from Germany. There, too, the men of science, once so highly honored and sufficiently rewarded, have been reduced to the very depths of poverty. Profiteering is not for them, nor can they strike for big wages, as do the members of the mechanical classes.

One reason why there are practically no scientists among the Reds anywhere is now obvious; another probably is because the scientists are by profession discriminators between fact and fallacy.

Aviation Really Looking Up.

Something and a good deal of the discouragement that has been felt with respect to aviation in this country will be removed, partly by the brilliant achievements of the men who flew on Thursday over the Long Island course for the Pulitzer trophy, and partly by the size of the crowd that devoted the holiday to watching the contest and the enthusiasm that was displayed.

That other nations for some years past have been giving, or seeming to give, more attention than we to the art and practice of aviation, its present great importance and its illimitable potentialities—that has been held, quite properly, something between a humiliation and a disgrace to America. But now it can be hoped that better times are coming—that the United States is to take its fitting place, at the front, if not in the lead, in an activity which started here and for a while existed nowhere else.

Nowhere are there better fliers than here or better opportunities for putting the airplane to practical use. All that is needed is public interest and appreciation such as exist in Europe.

The Irish Inquiry.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read in your issue of Nov. 24 the letter of William MacDonald, Secretary of the so-called "American" commission on Ireland, in which he defends the integrity of its personnel. His fundamental proposition makes the logical-minded and the judicious gasp. We are asked to believe that it is of no importance what the character of a tribunal may be. If its decision is "incompetent and prejudiced," it will be condemned—presumably by the public (who, mark you, has had no opportunity of looking into the faces and the motives of witnesses and even has read little of the testimony")!

And so, according to the Secretary, our sacred courts have always proceeded in a wrong way. Henceforth we shall have no more questioning as to the fitness and fairness of jurors, even when a man's life is at stake. The great nebulous Public will know all about the matter and see that everything is done judicially and in order. Great!

F. MUNRO.

New York, Nov. 24, 1920.

SEAGULLS.

Chill fingers of autumnal rain
Play on the sands a dull refrain,
And over restless, striving seas
The gray gulls stoop and rise again.

Queen Summer's satellites have flown
To sing before her Southern throne;
O Little Brothers of the Storm,
We keep our rendezvous alone!

I hear your bold, imperious cry,
That challenges, and would defy;
No liquid note of song-bird's throat
Would match so well that cold, gray sky.

Greetings, O wild, adventurous crew!
I scorn the Flower of Safety, too;
O Little Brothers of the Storm,
A storm-tossed soul saluteth you!

FLORENCE VAN CLEVE

DR. FINLEY'S NEW WORK.

A Place in the "People's University" for a Prominent Educator.

From The Boston Transcript.

Dr. John H. Finley, Commissioner of Education of the State of New York, who before his acceptance of that important post had been President of the College of the City of New York, President of Knox College and professor of politics in Princeton University, has resigned his place at the head of the educational interests of the 11,000,000 people of New York State to become a member of the editorial staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES. In announcing this change and this accession THE TIMES says that Dr. Finley feels "that in his new association he can not only be more helpful to the cause of education generally, but can also, at the same time, have a field of wider public usefulness." In order to assume this post, Dr. Finley "has declined to consider several university presidencies on the ground that the basic popular education is of supreme importance to a democracy," and that he can better promote that education at an editorial table than in a university presidency.

It is apparent, therefore, that Dr. Finley himself regards his translation from the most important of educational posts to an editorial desk as a promotion. Probably he does not in any sense intend to spread abroad the implication that the university presidency is less exalted in honor, or even less potent in eventual or far-reaching influence, than the editor's chair. The inference is merely that the newspaper is nearer to the people, who are the source of power, than the university. * * *

The college is the leaven that leaveneth the lump; but the voting, acting, determining mass knows not the college. And as in this day the voting mass not only elects but selects the lawmakers of the nation, and not only delegates its legislative authority but exercises it directly, it is important that the mass shall know, and shall think. As one wishing to be indeed an educator—to make the education basic rather than crowning or climactical—Dr. Finley seeks his place in the "people's university," which is the newspaper.

From The Utica Observer.

Dr. John H. Finley, Commissioner of Education and President of the University of the State of New York, has resigned his position and will take a place on the editorial staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES. Dr. Finley started out in youth to be a newspaper man. He learned to set type, became a reporter and editor on a country paper, and after graduating from college again took up newspaper work. However, he was elected President of Knox College, and since that has been concerned chiefly with educational institutions. Dr. Finley is 57 years old, and he is pleased to return to newspaper life, for which he "especially prepared" himself.

DRY THANKSGIVING.

A Wet's Comment on Mr. Wheeler's Reasons for Gratitude.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE TIMES of today I note with pleasure Mr. Wayne B. Wheeler's song of thanksgiving for the blessings of prohibition, to secure which for ourselves and our posterity we, the people of the United States, have scrapped the Constitution in order more perfectly to enjoy the payment of income taxes, and while relieving them from contributing to the public revenue to give to the liquor dealers the opportunity, through increased profits, of retiring in such opulence that they need have no care whether school keeps or not.

We give thanks with Mr. Wheeler for the decrease of 60 per cent. in arrests for drunkenness and should be doubly thankful could he assure us that drunkenness itself has decreased in like measure. We learn with delight of the 40 per cent. decrease in arrests of all kinds, which together with the hold-up men, burglars and assorted disturbers of the peace left undisturbed contributes to the depopulation of our jails and asylums.

Mr. Wheeler does not mention it, but should have thanked our efficient Prohibition Director for confirming him in his assertion that we now have to deal with only a pitiful remnant of leftovers from a now reminiscent wetness. When 1,200 wholesalers and 3,000 permits a month are sufficient to irrigate these unrepentant thirsty throats we certainly are fast drying up.

From his lofty seat Mr. Wheeler evidently overlooked the universal order of home brewers, unless he has its members in mind when he states that the people of wet centres are awakening to the fact that they own the Government. It is a hopeful sign because it was precisely in these wet centres that the complaint was most bitter that the people had been excluded from any participation in the inauguration of the Volstead millennium.

No doubt the Supreme Court will be deeply affected at Mr. Wheeler's gratitude for the part it played in interpreting the Constitution of Ohio and reminding the people of Ohio that they should be seen but not heard. This episode, by the way, furnished the excuse for evading that "peculiar provision" in the Constitution of Tennessee which was designed to give the "owners of the Government" a look in when something was to be put over on them. Tennessee woke up a little late, but in plenty of time to give a perfectly good imitation of going on a rampage.

The final verse of Mr. Wheeler's hymn was omitted, for he returns no thanks to the people of California and South Dakota for refusing to Volsteadify themselves, nor did he give a single thank to Massachusetts for avowing her preference for that diabolical invention, 2.75.

Not even his extra dry Congress can hold back the pendulum without busting the works. For that we all give thanks.

D. H. MORTON.

New York, Nov. 25, 1920.

Cancellation of Contracts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your columns you refer to the opinion of Vice President-elect Coolidge on the question of cancellation of contracts due to the decline in prices.

I would like very much to call to your attention the necessity for a change in our procedure in such matters. To enable such a change, which I do not think any one will deny the necessity for, I should amend the Sales act, Article 23, Section 2, Paragraph 3, Part D, by adding the following:

"in any action in which the issue is made of the quality of goods, the burden of proof is with the buyer."

Such a clause would, perhaps, reduce the number of cancellations considerably.

CHARLES A. WEIL

New York, Nov. 19, 1920.

Russian Wheat and British Policy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I notice that you are (in common with most of the press) strongly condemning England for making any terms with the Bolshevist administration of Russia, but the virtual impossibility of feeding England without the cheap Russian wheat is hardly even referred to. Can England's critics make any practical suggestion as to any permanent substitute for what has for many years been her chief source of food supply, the wheat fields of Southern Russia?

IAN C. HANNAH.

Oberlin, Ohio, Nov. 22, 1920.

BURLESON OBLIGES ITALY.

Grants Request That American Money Orders Be Drawn in Dollars.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Postmasters at international offices are directed in an order issued today by Postmaster General Burleson, and effective Dec. 15, to express the amount of postal money orders drawn for payment in Italy in dollars and cents.

"This action, which was taken at the request of the Italian postal administration," said a Post Office Department announcement, "assures the remitters of orders in this country that the payees will receive the largest possible amount in Italy, as the postal authorities of that country agree to pay the orders at the market rate on the date that the descriptive lists of the orders are received at the exchange office in Turin, and is expected to be very popular with the patrons of the postal service who desire to send money to Italy because of the certainty of the payment of a much larger amount in Italian money than is possible under the plan of a fixed rate of conversion in use heretofore.

"The growing practice of American business men to express the amounts of debts, contracts and other obligations exclusively in money of the United States rather than in the currency of the foreign countries will also be encouraged, since after Dec. 15 only the amount in dollars and cents will appear on the money orders and advices payable in Italy."

Postal authorities in other countries the currency of which is at a disadvantage compared with the American dollar are expected to make a request similar to that made by the Italian postal administration. It is understood that such requests will be granted.

ARGUES FOR BIG GUNS.

Beach Says Naval Bases' Armament Should Be 16-Inch at Least.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The adequate defense of naval bases calls for the installation of no major calibre armament of less than 16-inch guns, according to the annual report of Major Gen. Lansing H. Beach, Chief of Engineers, made public today. The armament must possess power and range sufficient to oppose successfully any which can be brought against it by a hostile navy, the report asserts, and should be placed on fixed mounts.

Existing armament should not be removed, General Beach says, as it has an important function in constituting interior and secondary lines of defense, especially against armored raiding vessels or first-line ships able to pass the outer line of fortification.

The construction of a comprehensive system of interior roads and waterways, especially along the frontiers, is of great necessity as a measure of defense, the report says. A deep waterway between Chesapeake Bay and Delaware Bay, thence to New York Harbor and Long Island Sound, the report declares, would "provide a means of defense of immense value."

CABLE CASE CONTINUED.

Argument on Revocation of Miami Permit Extended to Tuesday.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—In preventing the Western Union Telegraph Company from connecting its cable line between Miami and Miami Beach, Fla., the Navy Department is simply co-operating with the Secretary of War at the request of the State Department. Acting Secretary Woodbury gave this information to the District of Columbia Supreme Court today in the answer by the Navy Department to the rule issued by Justice Stafford requiring the department to show cause why it should not be enjoined from interfering with the telegraph company in connecting the cable.

Counsel for the company argued that the President was without authority to interfere in the laying of cables, and that it could legally proceed with the work, regardless of the revocation of the permit as granted by Secretary Baker.

Further argument was continued by the Court until Tuesday to permit the Navy Department to ascertain the causes which actuated Secretary Baker in revoking the permit.

PEACE RESOLUTION TO WAIT.

Useless to Take It Up at Coming Session, Says Gillett.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Speaker Gillett said today that there was little probability of any resolution providing for a separate peace with Germany coming to a vote in the House at the session of Congress which convenes Dec. 6.

The Speaker, who conferred recently with Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, said that Republican leaders were agreed that at the coming session the party's majority would be too small to pass a peace resolution over the President's veto.

Mr. Lodge indicated today that consideration of any legislation for postponement of the Dec. 15 payment of income and excess profits taxes, as advocated by some business interests, would be impossible because of lack of time.

INNESS LANDSCAPE, $1,225.

Sale of 130 Paintings of Walter Kerr and Others Brings $8,023.

A George Inness landscape, No. 54, brought the highest price, $1,225, at the sale of the collection of paintings of the late Walter Kerr of East Orange, N. J., and some other collectors at the Anderson Galleries last evening, going to A. D. Snow. The painting was from Mr. Kerr's collection, 14 inches high by 12 wide, signed and inscribed on the back: "Out of my Studio Door, Montclair," 1887.

Other pictures bringing the higher prices of the evening were No. 26, "Mother and Child," by Meyer von Bremen, which went to Hans Mueller for $170; No. 27, "The Sign Board," by Berne-Bellecour, went to the McDonough Galleries for $100, and to the same buyers No. 58, "The Pinch of Snuff," by A. H. Bakkerpkerff, for $170. "The Hussar," by Eduard Detaille, No. 29, was purchased by G. C. Small for $230 and A. J. Houston paid $260 for No. 51, "The Flower Girl," by J. G. Brown. To the same buyer went a "River Scene," by Henry F. Smith, from the Kerr collection, for $200.

"For a Bougereau, No. 59, a young girl in dark bodice and cloak, with red kerchief on her black hair, "Far-Away Thoughts," the McDonough Galleries paid $220, and to the same buyers went No. 92, a pleasing Sanchez-Perrier, "By the Riverside," for $470, and No. 101, a Grand Canal scene, "Venice," by Boudin, for $550. The returns for the 130 numbers were $8,023.

CONFIRMS WIRELESS TALK.

Letter From Scotland Tells of Hearing Song From America.

Special to The New York Times.

KEYPORT, N. J., Nov. 26.—Further evidence indicating the success of Hugh Robinson, former aviator, and his son, Harold, 16 years old, in talking to Europe over their amateur wireless telephone was revealed in a letter from George W. G. Benzie of North Aberdeen, Scotland, to Mr. Robinson.

The experiment took place last Oct. 6. Two weeks later Mr. Robinson received a letter from Mr. Benzie, who had "listened in." He replied, asking Mr. Benzie how he had identified the station. He received a second letter yesterday, in which Mr. Benzie said he and a friend were at his apparatus "when we heard the carrier of a wave station, and, suspecting telephony, we tuned, with the result that 'Roamin' in the Gloamin'' came in. You finished up by saying 'Two-Q. R. has been speaking.' So I looked up The Wireless Age and found your name and address."

PLANS DEPARTMENTS TO REPLACE INTERIOR

Bill of Senator McCormick Would Set Up Public Works and Public Welfare Departments

AND STRENGTHEN COMMERCE

Other Proposals to Reorganize Government Bureaus Are Made in the Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Proposals to abolish the Department of the Interior and set up instead a Department of Public Works and a Department of Public Welfare are contained in the preliminary draft of a bill prepared by Senator McCormick of Illinois, given out today from his office. The Senator is on the way to Europe.

The measure also proposes an enlargement of the functions and activities of the Department of Commerce, to increase its usefulness to business.

The measure also proposes to create an additional Assistant Secretary of State, who would have jurisdiction over insular affairs and take jurisdiction over territories such as is now held by the Department of the Interior.

The Alien Property Custodian's office and the Division of Secret Service would under the bill be put under the Department of Justice. The bill would abolish the office of Controller of the Currency and transfer its functions to the Federal Reserve Board. It would make the Secretary of the Treasury the single ex officio member of the board and decrease the membership from seven to six.

The Board of Mediation and Conciliation would be abolished and its functions transferred to the Department of Labor. The Council of National Defense would also be abolished. Department solicitors would be transferred from the Department of Justice to the executive departments to which they are attached. The Botanic Garden would be turned over to the Department of Agriculture.

"The bill," says a statement given out with the draft, "will be introduced on the opening day of the approaching session of Congress, although action on it probably will be deferred until after Senator Harding's inauguration.

The bureaus, offices and branches of service which would be included in the Department of Public Works are:

(a) From Department of the Interior—General Land Office, Geological Survey, Bureau of Mines, Reclamation Service, National Park Service, Division of Capitol Buildings and Grounds, Alaskan Engineering Commission.

(b) From Department of Treasury—Office of Supervising Architects.

(c) From Department of Agriculture—Bureau of Public Roads, Forest Service.

(d) Office of Superintendent of State, War and Navy Department Buildings.

(e) Rock Creek and Potomac Parkway Commission—(Abolished and its functions transferred to Department of Public Works).

(f) Commission of Fine Arts.

(g) From the Department of War—Board of Engineers for Rivers and Harbors, Board of Engineers of New York City, Office of Supervisor of the Harbor of New York, United States Engineer Offices, Mississippi River Commission, California Débris Commission, Board of Road Commissioners for Alaska, Office of Public Buildings and Grounds and Washington Monument.

(h) Federal Power Commission—(Abolished and its functions transferred to Department of Public Works).

The bureaus, offices and branches of service which would be included in the Department of Public Welfare, to which there is talk of appointing a woman, are:

(a) From Department of Interior—Office of Indian Affairs, Indian Service, Bureau of Pensions, Bureau of Education, St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Howard University, Freedmen's Hospital, Board of Indian Commissioners (abolished).

(b) From Department of Treasury—Bureau of War Risk Insurance Office of the Surgeon General, Public Health Service.

(c) From Department of Labor—Children's Bureau, Women's Bureau.

(d) United States Employes' Compensation Commission—(Abolished and its functions transferred to Bureau of Pensions).

(e) Federal Board for Vocational Education—(Abolished and its functions transferred to Department of Public Welfare).

(f) Interdepartmental Social Hygiene Board—(Abolished and its functions transferred to Public Health Service).

(g) National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.

(h) Columbia Institution for the Deaf.

It is proposed to make these transfers to the Department of Commerce:

(a) From Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

(b) From Department of the Interior—Patent Office.

(c) From Department of the Treasury—Coast Guard.

(d) From Department of War—Lake Survey Office, Inland and Coastwise Waterways Service.

(e) From Department of the Navy—Hydrographic Office, Naval Observatory.

(f) Commission for Standardization of Screw Threads—(Abolished and its functions transferred to Bureau of Standards).

HAITIAN INQUIRY LIMITED.

Only Allegations Concerning Killing of Natives Will Be Considered.

PORT AU PRINCE, Haiti, Nov. 26 (Associated Press).—Formal announcement that the Naval Court of Inquiry now in session here must restrict its investigation to allegations that natives have been killed or mistreated by American marines has been made by the court. It is stated that no other subjects will be taken up.

This action on the part of the court resulted from an impression among the people of Haiti that the court was sent here to investigate all grievances and many have failed to understand the refusal of Major Jesse F. Dyer, the Judge Advocate, to permit discussions of all subjects at issue during formal sessions of the tribunal. Hundred of letters have been sent in and some of them have complained that army officers have failed to pay rent for their quarters and have preferred charges of a similar nature against members of the Marine Corps. Much time has been lost in going through mail matter to s

THREE DEBUTANTES GREETED BY SOCIETY

Miss Laura Harding Presented by Her Mother at Dance for 500 at the Plaza.

MISS TERRY INTRODUCED

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Terry Makes Bow at the Ritz—Miss Ellen Randolph a Bud.

Miss Laura Harding, the second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Horace Harding of 955 Fifth Avenue, made her début last evening at a large dance that Mrs. Harding gave for her at the Plaza. Invitations were issued for 500 or more guests and the entire first floor of the Plaza was taken for the affair, including the Palm Room, where supper was served. Mrs. Hugh D. Auchincloss gave a large dinner for her débutante daughter, Miss Annie Burr Auchincloss, taking her guests to the dance, and many small dinners preceded it.

Mrs. Harding and the débutante, and Miss Catherine Harding, whose engagement to L. Suffern Tailer was recently announced, received the guests, while Lieutenant Charles E. Harding, the débutante's brother came up from Camp Knox for her coming out party, and with Mr. Harding stood near the receiving party and greeted friends.

The guests included the Misses Elizabeth R. Caswell of Boston, Marie Louise Bird, Marion K. Hoffman, Margaret Krech, Emily Hammond, Katharine Hurd, Carolyn E. Prentice, Geraldine Thompson, Isabel Rockefeller, Katharine Post, Florence and Evelyn Loew, Eleanor S. Towne, Constance Jennings, Katharine Emmet, Alice Davison, Polly Damrosch, Eunice James, Martha Lyon and Elsa Mellon of Pittsburgh, Beatrice and Sheila Byrne, Louise V. Schieffelin, Helen Trevor, Gertrude and Jane Sanford, Mary Van R. Cogswell, Mary Trimble, Elizabeth Meeker, Lee Dodge, Marion Taylor, Betty Thompson, Betty Barbour, Barbara Kissel and Mary O. Field; also Captain Francis st. Appleton and Charles L. Appleton, Joseph Baldwin, Frank Gould, Quincy Brooks of Boston, C. V. V. Whitney, Worthington Davis, Leonard Cushing, Thomas H. Hitchcock Jr., Arthur Fisk, William H. English Jr. and John M. English of Philadelphia, Oliver G. Jennings Jr. and Brewster Jennings.

Miss Katherine Hendrick Terry, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Thaddeus Terry of 59 East Eightieth Street, was presented to society at a dinner dance that Mrs. Terry gave for her at the Ritz-Carlton. Mrs. Terry gave a dinner in the main restaurant at the Ritz before the dance, as did also several other of the dinner hostesses. The list of the dinner hostesses included Mrs. Hall Park McCullough, Mrs. Elwood Hendrick, Mrs. Fairfax S. Landstreet, Mrs. Edward Foote Dwight, Mrs. Louis Watjen, Mrs. Ferris Weeks, Mrs. William T. Hyde and Mrs. Julius Workum. It was a large dance, some 600 guests being asked to it, and Mrs. Terry and her daughter received alone near the ballroom entrance. The seated supper was served after midnight in the main restaurant.

Among those who accepted invitations were the Misses Margaret Barbour, Dorothy Wadhams, Katherine Rogers, Katharine Hurd, Geraldine McAlpin, Edith Seymour Parks, Helen Trevor, Charlotte Demorest, Clara Workum, Margaret Davison, Katherine Francis, Margery Meigs, Mary Van R. Cogswell and Elise Dupont of Philadelphia; also Lea Luquer, W. R. Massey, Cornwell B. Rogers, James Hendrick Perry, John De Witt Peltz, Francis T. P. Plimpton, Darwin Adams, John Jay Schieffelin, John L. Elgelow and Clement Cobb.

Mrs. Edmund Randolph gave a tea yesterday afternoon at the Colony Club to introduce her débutante daughter, Miss Ellen Randolph. Mrs. Randolph and her daughter, who is a niece of Mrs. F. Egerton Webb, received alone, it being a small and informal affair, as will be the other entertainments she will give for Miss Randolph this season.

WEDDINGS.

Charles Crane Marries Miss Archer in Church of Beloved Disciple.

The marriage of Miss Henrietta Mary Archer of 125 Waverly Place and Charles Crane of 1,189 Madison Avenue, son of John T. Crane of this city, took place at 7:30 o'clock last evening in the Church of the Beloved Disciple, the Rev. Dr. Henry M. Barbour officiating. Miss Ruth Cook attended the bride as maid of honor and Montgomery Crane, cousin of the bridegroom, served as best man. Stuart Whiteside of this city and Val Ellicott of Baltimore acted as ushers.

A dinner was served to the bridal party at the Hotel Majestic following the ceremony. Later Mr. and Mrs. Crane left on their honeymoon, and upon their return, Dec. 15, they will make their home at 125 Waverly Place. During the war Mr. Crane served overseas for eighteen months with the Twenty-fifth Engineers.

Walsh-McManus.

Miss Maude McManus, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McManus of 600 West 161st Street, and Joseph Walsh of Stratford, Ontario, were married yesterday morning in the Church of Our Lady of Hope, Riverside Drive and 156th Street. The Rev. Adrienne Buisson performed the marriage ceremony.

Norton-Wilson.

The marriage of Miss Stella B. Wilson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Wilson of Massena, N. Y., and George C. Norton, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Norton, took place on Thursday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Hall, Plainfield, N. J., the Rev. Howard E. Clarke officiating. The bride is connected with the Centenary Collegiate Institute at Hackettstown, N. J., and Mr. Norton is an instructor at the State Institute of Applied Agriculture at Farmingdale, L. I.

Lang-Steele.

The marriage is announced of Charles Warren Lange Jr. of this city and Miss Clara M. Steele, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel A. Steele, on Thursday, the Rev. Dr. D. W. Wylie officiating. William W. McNeill was best man and Mrs. Sarah Talbot the matron of honor. They will live at 170 West 73d Street, New York.

ENGAGEMENTS.

Mr. and Mrs. William T. Kirk of Beverly, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Whitnet Kirk, to Commander Edward C. Hamner Jr. of the Construction Corps, U. S. N. Commander Hamner is at present attached to the staff of the Commander-in-Chief of the Atlantic Fleet, on board the Pennsylvania.

Mr. and Mrs. William L. De Bost of Staten Island have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Clarisse Spencer De Bost, to Paul H. Downing, a son of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Downing, also of Staten Island. Mr. Downing was a Captain on the Adjutant General's staff in France and with the Second Division in Germany, during the war.

Mrs. Charles Anthony Zinderstein of Brookline, formerly of West Newton, Mass., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Marion Gail Zinderstein, to John Butler Jessup of Wilmington, Del., son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wynans Jessup of 901 Lexington Avenue, this city. Mr. Jessup is a graduate of Hamilton College, class of '15, and served overseas as a Lieutenant with the 107th Infantry.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Juhring have returned to the city from their country home at Dobbs Ferry-on-Hudson.

Mr. and Mrs. William Russell Grace of Old Westbury, L. I., are at the St. Regis, where they have taken an apartment for the Winter.

Mrs. Lewis Gouverneur Morris and Miss Florilla Niles are to have charge of the rummage sale which is to be held on Dec. 10 at the Free Hospital and Dispensary for Animals, at 350 Lafayette Street, under the auspices of the New York Women's League for Animals, of which Mrs. James Speyer is President. Donations should be sent to the hospital.

Countess Wachmeister of Paris is visiting here and is staying at the Chatham.

Mrs. Ernest A. Bigelow Jr. and Herman Livingston Rogers will be married today in the chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church.

Mrs. Barstow Drake Smith and family have taken an apartment at the Gotham for the Winter.

Julian Tomlinson Bishop, who is to marry Miss Emilie P. Kennedy of Philadelphia on Dec. 4, is giving his farewell bachelor dinner tonight at the Yale Club.

Miss Katherine E. Morris, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Lewis Rutherfurd Morris; Miss Mary Wistar Morris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Morris, and Miss Juliet Chisholm will be among the débutantes introduced today.

Miss Ruth Thomas, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Waring Thomas of the Plaza, and Charles S. Irwin of Philadelphia are to be married today at the Church of the Transfiguration.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Dickinson of Chatenay, Irvington, N. Y., gave one of a series of dinners last evening at Delmonico's.

Mrs. Francis Chase and Miss Mary Livingston Chase are at 43 West Fifty-eighth Street for the Winter.

Mrs. Thomas F. Logan of Washington, D. C., is at the Ritz-Carlton, having come to attend the Army-Navy game today.

Whitney Warren Jr. is abroad, and plans to return to New York within a month. His engagement to Miss Geraldine Miller Graham, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Miller Graham, was announced last August, and it was said at that time the wedding would take place here late this Winter.

WESTMINSTER DUKE WEDS.

He Marries Mrs. Violet Rowley at Registrar's Office in London.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—The Duke of Westminster and Mrs. Violet Mary Geraldine Rowley were married this morning. The wedding occurred at a local Registrar's office.

Announcement of the engagement of the Duke and Mrs. Rowley was made yesterday. The Duke was divorced last December by the Duchess, who before her marriage was Constance Edwina, daughter of Colonel William Cornwallis-West. A separation agreement had been signed by the couple in 1914. Mrs. Rowley, who is 28 years of age, the youngest daughter of Sir William Nelson of Acton, County Denbigh, Wales, obtained a divorce decree Nov. 15 from Richard Rowley of the Coldstream Guards.

HERE FOR FOOTBALL TODAY.

Secretaries Daniels and Baker Among the Many Notables.

Many notables are in town to attend the Army-Navy gridiron battle today at the Polo Grounds, many of whom will attend the midshipmen's ball, to be held tonight at the Hotel Commodore. Over two thousand from Annapolis will be at the ball.

The Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Josephus Daniels, and their two sons, Jonathan and Frank Daniels, Rear Admiral R. Stitt, Rear Admiral W. C. Braisted, Surgeon General of the Navy, are at the Commodore, and the Secretary of War and Mrs. Newton D. Baker, are at the Belmont. Governor Smith and Mrs. Smith are at the Biltmore, also Governor R. Livingston Beeckman of Rhode Island, and Mayor and Mrs. Babcock of Pittsburgh.

Captain P. Civalleri, Naval Attaché of the Royal Italian Embassy, is at the Vanderbilt, to attend the game, also Commander and Mrs. Galbraith and Admiral W. R. Fullam and Mrs. Fullam. At the Astor are Rear Admiral Will am S. Smith, Major Gen. and Mrs. William G. Haan, while Major and Mrs. Gist Blair, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Jenks Jr. and Lieutenant and Mrs. Maxwell Wyeth of Philadelphia are at the St. Regis.

THANKS SIMS FOR VICTORY.

London Times Gives Him Chief Credit for Unity of Naval Command.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—In the course of its long review on Admiral Sims's new book, "The Victory at Sea," The London Times says:

"There is no commander of the allied forces in the war, whether by land or sea, for whom Great Britain has a warmer feeling than it has for Admiral Sims of the United States Navy. With the political controversies in which his supposedly too high regard for England and for the British Navy has involved him in his own country, however we may regret them, we have nothing to do. We measure him only by his conduct as we saw it in the course of the war, and we know him to be a fine sailor and a man of great fighting spirit who let no petty considerations of whatever kind interfere with the one supreme end of defeating Germany. To the winning of that end everything else had to bend, and it was more owing to his loyal determination and his constancy than to anything else that it was made practicable to use the combined navies as one magnificent weapon into which they were welded.

"It was four years before the war that, with a fairly clear prevision of what Germany's ambitions then were leading to, he made his indiscreetly generous speech in the Guildhall, declaring that 'If the time should ever come when the British Empire is menaced by a European coalition, Great Britain can rely upon the last ship, the last dollar, the last man and the last drop of blood of her kinsmen beyond the sea'; and about the same time he was making a report to his own Navy Department that it could not be more than four years before a European war would break out.

"He was, of course, severely rebuked at home for his utterance, which, as he says himself, came 'from his heart rather than his head.' But it did come from his heart. He meant it, as in the very period set by his prophecy he was to have opportunity to prove."

The Daily Mail in its review describes the book as "an inspiring book, generous and just to the British Navy and people," and adds: "Its contents will be a perfect revelation to both."

The Morning Post's review says:

"If the British public cares to learn how near was the British Empire to defeat at sea in the Spring of 1917, let them read this admirable, vivid and outspoken work. It is written by a great flag officer and an honest gentleman, and it is the best account of the submarine campaign hitherto published or likely to be published. As it was an American Admiral who first gave to the world a scientific exposition of the principles of sea power, so it is fitting that another American Admiral, Sims, with all the undefeatable common sense and shrewd vision of his countrymen, should give the most lucid account hitherto published of the practical application of those principles in the great war."

Priests to Aid Fordham Fund.

At a meeting and luncheon at Fordham University yesterday Catholic clergymen agreed on a plan to enlist the support of all the priests in the Archdiocese of New York in the greater Fordham campaign to provide new buildings and equipment for the university, in recognition of the need of Catholic higher education.

HARDING STUDIES DEFENSE OF CANAL

Looks Into Military Requirements with View of Maintaining Relations with Panama.

HE VISITS FORTIFICATIONS

Confers With Military and Naval Officers and Examines Needs and Capabilities of Defenses.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ANCON, Canal Zone, Nov. 26.—Instead of a study of the canal tolls problem, the real purpose of President-elect Harding's visit to Panama appears to be an investigation to the canal's military defense and a desire to maintain amicable relations with the Republic of Panama. The chief cause of Panama's resentment is the demand for land and islands the American military authorities deem necessary for the canal's adequate defense. The indications are that Mr. Harding seeks an amicable arrangement.

Taboga Island the military experts consider essential for the protection of the Pacific end of the canal and for the prevention of a hostile Pacific fleet landing troops for a land attack on the canal. Military plans include jungle outposts connected by trails, and the fortification of Pacific islands to protect the Atlantic fleet if emerging on the Pacific side. At present the military barracks can accommodate 22,000 men. It is proposed to increase the present force of 5,500 men to a division, with barrack accommodation for two divisions.

Panama's resentment is based upon American acquisition of more land through treaty agreement. This feeling was shown during Mr. Harding's visit. Yesterday Mr. Harding received a memorial signed by 800 citizens of Colon protesting against the gradual encirclement of Colon by land under American control. It also protested against the attitude of the military authorities. The petition concluded with a plea for the readjustment of the Haiti and Santo Domingo policy.

President Porras of Panama, in his toast at his dinner to Mr. Harding last night, made an indirect reference to the Panama side of the question, saying his countrymen admired Mr. Harding's campaign declaration that every nation should move within its own sphere of action. President Porras said he hoped President-elect Harding's "nobleness of character will let us achieve our honest aims, since the prosperity of the canal must reflect upon the existence of the country in which it is built."

Mr. Harding in reply, after reminding the diners that his visit was as a private citizen, made general remarks, saying he was hopeful of the continued mutual prosperity of the two republics. Throughout his visit Mr. Harding has sought merely information of the canal problems. His attitude has been to discourage attempts to involve him before inauguration in canal disputes, either of labor or of the Panama Republic.

He Inspects the Fortifications.

ANCON, CANAL ZONE, Nov. 26 (Associated Press).—Problems connected with the defense of the Panama Canal were studied by Senator Harding today during a detailed inspection of the fortifications at the Pacific terminus of the waterway and in conferences with army and navy officers in charge of the zone forces. He spent several hours making a round of the defenses in company with Brig. Gen. Chase W. Kennedy and Rear Admiral Marbury Johnston, of whom he asked many questions on the capabilities and needs of the establishment.

The operation of the big guns was demonstrated to the President-elect, and many problems of strategic policy were laid before him.

Accompanying Senator Harding were Senator Frederick Hale, member of the Senate Naval Committee, and Senator Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, Chairman of the Coast Defense Committee, his guests on the trip.

Late this afternoon Senator Harding returned by train to Cristobal.

Text of Harding's Speech.

Senator Harding's address at last night's banquet created a most favorable impression, judging from comments heard after it was completed.

"The cordiality of your greetings and the fine spirit of your good wishes stir me deeply," he said, facing President Porras. "It is a fine thing for one republic to be assured of the abiding confidence and friendship of a sister republic. I am wholly conscious I am here as a private citizen, though I am not permitted to forget, however much I may wish it, that I am to come to a great responsibility at a not very distant day. Is it for that you honor me as you do? Believing that is the reason, I cannot believe it unbecoming to accept, because more cordial relations between peoples and riveted ties of friendship among nations is the call of the great heart of human kind.

"Moreover, though bent on this hurried visit mainly for recreation, I would be insensible to the obligations of citizenship if I were indifferent to the great sponsorship of my country. This is a most attractive land, and I would be deaf to the call of duty as a public servant in the Senate if I did not seek a fuller understanding of the developing obligations of our civilization as reflected here, and aim to add to the friendly understanding which becomes our two republics in their exceptional intimacy here.

"We are rather more than friendly neighbors, quaffing the cup of most cordial association. We are spiritual partners in one of the gigantic advances of the twentieth century transportation. Your freedom and our genius and resources combined to link the oceans, and the day will come when the commerce of the world will stage its surpassing pageant here. One cannot escape the inspirations and the impelling influences of commerce and trade. The adventurous navigators and discoverers came hither and revealed a western continent to the Old World, but they came because they were inspired by trade. Trade has made peoples eminent throughout all time, and this fact is no less true today than in the past.

Would Not Forget the Spiritual.

"In your own republic you are aspiring to enhance your trade. The supreme problem is to further this essential trade, hold it everlastingly righteous and not forget the finer human accompaniments which are essential to spiritual, as well as material, upbuilding. It would be folly to produce and exchange if we failed to educate and uplift and exalt.

"You spoke of our America being mirrored here in our Canal Zone activities. I can well believe and trust that you find in the Zone a reflex of a righteous America which believes in that liberty for others which we demand for ourselves, and that you catch that spirit of ample justice and fair dealing which indexes the best human relationship.

"I need not assure you anew of the friendship of our United States for your republic. We are deeply interested in the development of your good fortune. More, we want our proven friendship for you to add to the confidence of all America, North, Central and South, in our people and our Government. We crave friendly relations, and we wish to promote them and make them abiding. We want a spirit of fraternal Americanism which befits the American Continent, not in selfishness, not in rivalry of the Old World, but in a mutuality of interest and helpfulness to one another.

"Indeed, I may speak for our Republic. We choose peace and amity with all just peoples, and we crave for all of the Americas that happy relationship and cordial friendship and goodwill which you have uttered tonight and which I can so sincerely reciprocate and pledge to you and to your people."

Jamaica Expects Harding Tuesday.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Nov. 26.—President-elect Harding is expected to arrive in Kingston next Tuesday on his way from Panama to the north. The Governor of Jamaica has arranged a program of welcome for Mr. Harding and also planned a trip during which the President-elect may see the beauty spots of the island.

SCOUTS RENEW OATH AT ROOSEVELT GRAVE

1,500 Stand Bareheaded and Take Pledge to Uphold '100 Per Cent. Americanism.'

Fifteen hundred picked Boy Scouts from troops in this city stood bareheaded at the grave of Theodore Roosevelt in Young's cemetery at Oyster Bay yesterday and took an oath to uphold "100 per cent. Americanism" against foes within and without the boundaries of the country. The scouts were on their first annual pilgrimage to the grave of the "greatest of present day Americans," to use the words of their spokesman, Theodore E. Burnett.

Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt stood near his father's grave as the scouts marched by, each dropping a chrysanthemum, until the mound was piled high with flowers. Then the scouts drew up in a military group near the Roosevelt plot and listened to eulogies by their National Scout Commissioner, Daniel C. Beard, and by Mr. Burnett. Commissioner Beard said the former President was one of the first Boy Scouts and for many years was Honorary President and Chief Scout Citizen of the organization.

"Before you leave this hallowed ground," said Mr. Burnett, "I wish that every one of you would take a vow to dedicate your lives to stamping out Bolshevist tendencies and any or all movements subversive to our healthy national life and growth against any or all 'isms or 'ologies which, while they look harmless at first, when you cut into them you find them rotten to the core, against such maliciously cunning, disloyal and traitorous practice of [illegible] Bolshevism.

"There is room in this country for but one flag and one language, as Colonel Roosevelt said, the language of Washington, the Declaration of Independence, and the language of Lincoln, the Gettysburg address. Going further, he rightly said that the language of the church and Sunday school should be the English language.

VOTES BIG ESTATES TO EX-CROWN PRINCE

Prussia Awards Him 75,000,000-Mark Properties and Homburg and Potsdam Palaces.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 26.—"Le Roy le Veult" ("The King Wills It") is still the authoritative phrase in Republican Prussia. If the ex-Kaiser expresses a wish for anything, the republic bows and obeys. It has already handed many millions of marks to him and wants to present to him an income of 50,000,000 marks per annum.

Now the republic is being kind to the ex-Crown Prince. The committee of the Prussian Parliament which is dealing with the arrangement, to be concluded between the republic and the ex-royal house yesterday agreed to the ex-Crown Prince's retaining possession of a big estate valued at 75,000,000 marks. Two castles, one at Homburg and the Marble Palace at Potsdam, were awarded him as residences for no more cogent reason, it could appear, than that it is his darling wish to have them. Even a Socialist member of the committee said it would scarcely be nice to deal hardly with that young man's darling wishes.

In a little more than an hour the committee voted away nearly 200,000,000 marks worth of German property to the house of Hohenzollern.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DOORN, Holland, Nov. 26.—Apart from the question of the ex-Kaiserin's precarious state of health, the successive visits of nearly all the members of the Hohenzollern family to Doorn have undoubtedly proved most opportune for discussions of Hohenzollern finances at a time when the proceedings in Berlin have reached a critical stage.

The ex-Kaiser, who fears that the Princes will be unable to live with display befitting the Hohenzollern tradition, is contemplating making a liberal gift to each child.

The former court chaplain, Dr. Dryander, is now at Doorn and will stay for a few days.

EX-EMPRESS IMPROVES.

Out of Immediate Danger—Her Family Permitted to See Her.

DOORN, Holland, Nov. 28 (Associated Press).—The condition of ex-Empress Augusta Victoria of Germany is serious, but immediate danger has temporarily passed.

This statement was authorized today by Dr. van Denberg, her physician. The former Empress can now receive members of her family at her bedside.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 26.—"From a person lately returned from Doorn" the Lokal-Anzeiger hears that the ex-Kaiserin's heart disease is very serious and is complicated by sleeplessness and inability to take sufficient food. She is attended by Dr. Haesner and the great Lyden heart specialist, Professor Heymann.

According to the newspaper the ex-Kaiserin "is greatly pleased by the numerous loving expressions of sympathy reaching her from Germany, Holland and many other foreign countries, especially North and South America. Many invalid soldiers, too, whom the Kaiserin once visited in hospitals and presented with flowers or pictures of William II., have now remembered her in her sorrow and sickness."

The ex-Kaiser, says the Lokal-Anzeiger's informant, is leading a very simple life, and is attended by only a few courtiers and some old servants who obtained permission to share his exile, all the stories about gorgeous festivities at Doorn House being inventions.

The reports that the Hohenzollern family, especially the ex-Crown Prince, have removed large sums from Germany to foreign countries are characterized as "dirty lies" by the Lokal-Anzeiger's informant, who says that neither the princes nor the ex-Crown Princess have any capital and are entirely dependent upon William.

Illinois Women Strongly for Harding

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—Illinois women voted for Harding in greater proportion than did the men. The percentages were: Harding—Men, 71.5 per cent.; women, 73.9 per cent. Cox—Men, 28.5 per cent.; women, 26.1 per cent. The vote was: Harding—859,923 men and 544,557 women; total 1,424,480. Cox—342,390 men and 192,005 women; total, 534,395.

Lucius J. Knowles Dies in London.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 26.—Lucius J. Knowles, President of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, died in London, England, today, according to a cablegram received by his brother-in-law, Dr. Homer Gage. Mr. Knowles and Major Rufus S. Frost went to Europe on a business trip Nov. 2 and had visited France and Belgium and were on their way home, when Mr. Knowles was stricken with influenza in London. He was to sail tomorrow for home.

WILHELM EKENGREN, SWEDISH ENVOY, DIES

Minister Succumbs at Washington Legation After Brief Illness at 59.

DIPLOMAT FOR 25 YEARS

During the War He Was in Charge of Austro-Hungarian Affairs in the United States.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Wilhelm August F. Ekengren, Swedish Minister to the United States, died at the Legation here today after a brief illness.

Mr. Ekengren was appointed Minister to the United States in March, 1912, after six years' service at the Legation here as Secretary and Counsellor. While serving as Secretary he was married to Laura Wolcott Jackson, who survives.

In addition to his duties as the Swedish representative in Washington, Mr. Ekengren during the war was in charge of Austro-Hungarian affairs in the United States. He was 59 years of age. Immediately upon his graduation from the Royal University of Upsala in 1889 he was appointed vice Consul at Rouen, France. This was followed by appointments as Vice Consul at Bordeaux, Vice Consul at Havre, Consul at Lubeck, Germany, and Vice Consul at New York. He returned to Sweden in 1903 and served for several years in the Foreign Office before coming to the Legation here.

Funeral services will be held at St. John's Episcopal Church here Wednesday.

FOR UNITED SOLDIER RELIEF

Legion to Concentrate Efforts for Present on Care of the Disabled.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Officers of the American Legion intend to urge upon Congress the consolidation of agencies charged with rehabilitation and war risk insurance. Ex-service men are not given satisfactory health treatments, and too long delays exist in granting compensation, according to officials of the legion, who held a meeting here today, at which Government officials testified.

As the result of determination of the legion to press for prompt care of wounded ex-service men, it is believed that the legion will not attempt to force the bonus bill at this session of Congress. It has become apparent to the legion officers that the foremost thing confronting them is the regulation of these agencies, and this may require such a large appropriation for hospitals that the bonus legislation may be sidetracked temporarily.

LANSING GROOMED AS ENVOY

Friends Seek His Appointment as Minister to China.

Robert Lansing, former Secretary of State, is being groomed for appointment as Minister to China, it was reported in Republican circles yesterday. Friends of Mr. Lansing, in putting forward his name, urge that he left President Wilson's Cabinet because of a difference of opinion regarding the Shantung question; that he is one of the outstanding Democrats of the country and that he has a large Republican following.

Word also reached New York Republicans that a movement was under way in Tennessee to have a Republican from that State appointed in the next Cabinet. It was said the name of former Senator Newell Sanders of Chattanooga had already been submitted to President-elect Harding, with the suggestion that he be appointed Secretary of the Interior. Mr. Sanders served a year in the United States Senate in 1911-12 by appointment. He was a member of the Executive Committee of the Republican National Committee in 1912 and in 1916.

TO DEFEND HISTORIC COW.

French Villages Offer Forcible Resistance to Removal of Stone Relic.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—The historic cow of Alan, a little village in the foothills of the Pyrenees, is threatened with removal by a Parisian purchaser, but the Alanese have sworn to die before they let it go.

The cow stands life size in stone on the Gothic porch of an ancient castle in ruins overlooking the village. The castle was built around 1430 for a member of the famous family of De Foix, who ruled Bearn and the Pyrenees with royal power and pomp. Attached to the cow's neck there is a sculptured coat of arms bearing the heraldic blazon of the De Foix and of the equally famous house of Comminges.

In September, 1912, a stranger appeared with workmen, showed the horrified villagers papers proving his purchase of their palladium, and set about removing it. The work had hardly begun before an attack of infuriated inhabitants, armed with scythes and pitchforks, drove the band of "foreigners," as the French peasantry terms any one hailing from more than fifty miles away, in headlong flight.

The cow remained inviolate, and a year or two later was classified as a national monument, which seemed to guarantee its freedom from molestation. Now, however, it is announced that the historic animal has again been purchased for a large sum and that a Parisian antique dealer named de Motte has obtained the consent of the Minister of Fine Arts to its removal from Alan.

Indeed, the Minister has actually instructed M. Hulot, head architect of the Fine Arts Department, to superintend the transfer, so that resistance will be directed, not against a private individual but a representative of the Government.

The Alanese are undismayed, and the village elders declare: "Though they send tanks and 75s, they shall not take our cow."

Record Plurality in Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 26.—The official vote of Pennsylvania cast at the recent election shows that Harding received a plurality over Cox of 715,013, the largest ever given in this State. The Republican gain over the vote cast for Hughes in 1916 was 514,392, while the vote for Cox was 18,582 under that cast for Wilson four years ago. Senator Penrose's plurality over his Democratic opponent was 583,827.

Robert Maclay Dies in Montana.

Robert Maclay, son of the late Robert Maclay, who preceded Charles T. Barney as President of the Knickerbocker Trust Company, died Tuesday in a hospital at Miles City, Mon., at the age of 41. Mr. Maclay, after receiving his discharge from the service as a Captain in the Ambulance Corps, had started ranching. Recently he contracted an intestinal ailment.

He was graduated from Columbia in 1901 and for several years prior to his retirement from business in 1912 he held a partnership in the stock brokerage concern of Thomas Maclay & Co. His clubs here included the Union, Riding and St. Anthony. His mother, Mrs. Robert Maclay of 50 West Fifty-seventh Street, and his widow, who was Miss Mary E. Chaffee, survive.

The Rev. John Rippere.

The Rev. John Rippere, a retired Methodist clergyman, died last night at the age of 78 at his residence in Orient, L. I. He was pastor of the De Kalb Avenue Church, in Brooklyn, from 1892 to 1895, and of the Fourth Avenue Methodist Church there from 1901 to 1905. From 1905 to 1908 he held the pastorate of the Crawford Memorial Church in the Bronx.

HOWARD TAYLOR DEAD.

Counsel for New York World Dies of Heart Disease at His Home.

Howard Taylor, senior member of the law firm of Taylor, Jackson, Brophy & Nash, 30 Pine Street, died yesterday of heart disease at his home, 135 East Sixty-sixth Street. He was born in this city in 1865, was graduated from Harvard in 1886 and began practice here in 1888 in the office of Judge Hornblower. He was counsel for The New York World.

Among the clubs to which Mr. Taylor belonged were the Century, Union, Metropolitan, Riding, Downtown and Harvard. His three children survive: Mrs. Gouverneur Morris Carnochan, Geoffrey Taylor and William Taylor. Funeral services will be held at 10 o'clock Monday morning at Calvary Church.

Clarence Gordon, Author.

Clarence Gordon, author of several works of fiction, including three juvenile books under the name of "Vieux Moustache," died yesterday at Sharon, Mass. He was born in this city in 1835 and graduated from the Lawrence Scientific School in 1855. He lived for several years in Savannah and in Boston, before settling at Newburg, N. Y., in 1869, where he remained until 1893. From 1894 to 1903 he managed the East Side Settlement House here.

Major William Joseph Grinden.

Major William Joseph Grinden, who was District Chief of the Ordnance Department, U. S. A., with offices at 1,107 Broadway, Manhattan, and Chairman of the Salvage Board during the World War, died on Thursday at his home, 330 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn. He was in his fifty-first year. Major Grinden was Vice President of the E. W. Bliss Company, makers of torpedoes and other war supplies, and was formerly head of the Grinden Art Metal Company.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. ELLA M. RICE, Principal of the Rice Industrial School of New Brunswick, N. J., died Thursday of pneumonia at her home near the school. She was 53 years old.

Attorney EDWIN M. AMIES, Past National Commander, Sons of Veterans, died in Altoona, Pa., last night. He was 61 years old.

ELIJAH ROSS, last survivor of the St. John crew, winner of international rowing races in the sixties and seventies, is dead in St. John, N. B., at the age of 75.

CHARLES GRITMAN, pioneer newspaper reporter, who claimed to have furnished Hall Caine with the plot for his novel, "The Eternal City," died in Chicago yesterday. He was 57 years of age.

UNDERHILL LYON, the oldest resident of Greenwich, Conn., died at his home there, in which seven generations of the family had been sheltered, yesterday, aged 83 years.

CHARLES A. HAWLEY, LL.D., dean of the Seneca County bar, died in Seneca Falls, N. Y., yesterday. He was 88 years old.

Mrs. SARAH H. PRICKETT, wife of Cooper Prickett, Master of the New Jersey Lodge of Masons, died Thursday night at her home in Burlington, N. J.

Lieutenant SYLVESTER MORGAN, a civil war veteran and long a merchant in Middletown, N. Y., is dead there, at the age of 87.

WILLIAM J. MATTHEWS, Lehigh Valley Railroad Yardmaster, at the foot of Washington Street, Jersey City, died yesterday at his post of acute indigestion. He was 50 years old.

ALBERT WALSH, a flour broker, with offices in the Produce Exchange Building, died suddenly yesterday at his home, 21 Wilson Avenue, Flushing, of heart disease.

JOSEPH LUCIEN O'NEILL, son of Magistrate James T. O'Neill, died yesterday, at the age of 22, at his father's house, 315 Eighty-fourth Street, Brooklyn. He was a graduate of St. Joseph's College, Baltimore, and served in the war as a wireless operator on the destroyer Tacoma, contracting while on duty the tuberculosis from which he died.

WILLIAM DALLIBA DUTTON of 116 East Seventy-third Street died yesterday after a three months' illness in St. Luke's Hospital at the age of 72. He was Treasurer of the piano firm of Hardman, Peck & Co.

LEWIS THURSTON TITUS, a Civil War veteran and retired commission merchant of this city, died at his home, 613 Rugby Road, Flatbush, in his ninetieth year.

WILLIAM F. GILLMORE, a retired policeman who had been for several years in the employ of the Kings County Savings Institution, died in the Williamsburg Hospital on Monday of injuries that he received when he was run down by a motor car on the Williamsburg Bridge Plaza. He lived at 105 Moffat Street, Brooklyn.

GEORGE W. MEALIO, a naval veteran of the Civil War and for many years a sailmaker at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, died at his home, 1,181 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday of pneumonia. He was 78 years old.

Dr. F. EDUARD HOPKE, a specialist in children's diseases, died in the Wade Sanitarium on Tuesday of injuries that he received when he was run down by a motor truck in Brooklyn. Dr. Hopke lived at 327 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn.

Born.

FELDMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Feldman of 97 Fort Washington Av., city, announce the birth of a son on Nov. 25.

FINEBAUM—Nov. 23, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry J. Finebaum, a son.

WEG—To Mr. and Mrs. Charles Weg (nee Harriet Cohen) of 72 Vermilyea Av., New York, a son, Nov. 24, at Dr. Brunor's Sanitarium.

Engaged.

GRAHAM—POND—Mr. and Mrs. Harry T. Pond of Bentley Av., Jersey City, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter Florence to Mr. Edward B. G. Graham, also of Jersey City.

JESSUP—ZINDERSTEIN—Mrs. Charles Anthony Zinderstein of Brookline, formerly of West Newton, announces the engagement of her daughter, Marion Hall, to John Butler Jessup of Wilmington, Del., son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wynans Jessup of New York. Mr. Jessup is a graduate of Hamilton College, class of 1915, and served overseas as a Lieutenant with the 107th Infantry.

Married.

HART—THORBURN—On Friday, Nov. 26, at St. George's Church, New York, by the Rev. Karl Reiland, Virginia Fairfax Thorburn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Macdonald Thorburn, to Percy Grier Hart, son of Mr. James Hamilton Hart.

Died.

ANDREWS—At Westwood, N. J., on Wednesday, Nov. 24, 1920, Emma Amelia Fowler, wife of James Henry Andrews, formerly of Brooklyn, N. Y. Services at her late residence, 1st Av., Westwood, N. J., on Saturday, Nov. 27, at 3 P. M. Interment at Norwich, N. Y. Train leaves New York, Chambers St., Erie R. R., 1 P. M.

ANDREWS—Suddenly, on Nov. 24, at New Liskeard, Ontario, Anna McDonald, beloved wife of George Snowden Andrews.

ARENS—After a brief illness on Thanksgiving Day morning, at her home in Plainfield, N. J., Mary Louise Cowles Joice, wife of the late Otto Arens. Services will be held at Grace Church, East Seventh St., Plainfield, N. J., on Saturday, Nov. 27, at 3:15 P. M. Automobiles will meet train leaving New York, West 23d St., 1:30; Liberty St., 1:50, C. R. R. of N. J. Interment private.

BAKER—At Princeton, N. J., on 26th inst., Alfred Thornton Baker.

BARBOR—Suddenly, Nov. 23, 1920, Francis William Barbor, aged 44 years. Funeral services, Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 223

ARMY TO FACE NAVY ON GRIDIRON TODAY

Annual Battle of Service Elevens Will Pack Polo Grounds With Excited Throng.

BOTH TEAMS ARE ON EDGE

Football Seers and Wiseacres Find Outcome an Enigma to Be Solved Only by Game Itself.

On the broad expanse of velvety turf that stretches away in the shadows of Coogan's Bluff the football season, so far as the East is concerned, will slide gracefully off the sportive calendar this afternoon in a blaze of color. That game of games, the annual clash between the service elevens representing the United States Military Academy and the United States Naval Academy, will be played, starting at 2 o'clock. The Polo Grounds has been specially groomed for the event and it remains only for the weather man to smile kindly to make the occasion one of the high spots in the annals of the great autumnal sport.

The capacity of the stands will limit the crowd that will witness the game to about 45,000 persons, but easily that many more have clamored for tickets in vain for the last fortnight. Tickets for the Army-Navy game have always been scarcer than an octogenarian's teeth, whether the games have been played at Philadelphia, Princeton or New York, and seldom has there been a public sale of the admission cards. This season the situation, in the way of seats, is undoubtedly the worst in the history of the series. Never has the demand for tickets been as great, and, consequently, never have there been so many disappointed mortals slouching dolefully about in a futile eleventh hour quest for the precious pasteboards. Price means nothing. Wads of luscious bills were enticingly waved wherever there might be a chance to coax forth a ticket last night, but in few instances were the seekers rwarded.

The demand for tickets for this year's game has been in keeping with the popularity of football in general this Fall. The few tickets that fell into the hand of the speculators were held at fabulous prices, but, almost prohibitive as the charge was, they were eagerly gobbled up without hesitation or haggling.

This Is a Game Set Apart.

Other intervarsity football struggles may draw greater attendance, be steeped more thoroughly in tradition and possess a more classic atmosphere, but none approaches the battle between these teams, representative of the two arms of Uncle Sam's service, for martial pomp and splendor. Headed by their blaring bands and accompanied by their famous mascots, the Army mule and the Navy goat, the West Point cadets and the Annapolis midshipmen present a picture entirely distinct from that seen around any other gridiron. The two blocks of cadet gray and sailor blue, where the rival cheering squads are located on opposite sides of the field, supply a color scheme not matched elsewhere.

The famous Brush Stadium this afternoon will be liberally sprinkled with the gold-bruided and starred uniforms of distinguished naval officers and high army officials. Mingled with them in the more solemn drab of civilian attire will be seen prominent members of Washington's diplomatic circles, and hovering in the background will be thousands of just plain, lucky football enthusiasts—fortunate in the fact that they have been able to procure the necessary cards of entree to this the closing drama of the season.

Harvard-Yale, Princeton-Yale, Penn-Cornell and other big games there may be during a football campaign. And all of them are spectacles that sink deep into the memory of those who attend; but none of them can compare with the lustre that plays such a prominent part in the stage setting of the grapple between cadets and midshipmen. They are dimmed by comparison. They dwindle into almost insignificance when the service elevens trot forth for their yearly tussle with the pigskin. Great as the other clashes on the gridiron are, this one is greater. It is the very last word in spectacles.

Game Itself Merely an Episode.

In reality, the game itself, for most of the onlookers, is merely incidental to the colorful scene that attends its progress. The ceremonies that precede it, accompany it and follow it are the high lights of the occasion. The arrival of the cadets, clad in their long, gray coats, trimmed with black, and the midshipmen in their blue uniforms, trimmed with gold, their parade just before the opening whistle, the exchange of courtesies between the rivals and the wild snake dance of the victors after the tussle and the transformation of the drab concrete stands into a panorama of waving colors are the features which annually coax forth capacity crowds. The atmosphere and setting are those of a huge open-air amphitheatre filled with music, cheers and action such as is never seen outside this particular and distinctive American athletic contest. The rival academy cheering squads, armed with megaphones and brilliantly colored streamers, furnish the noise, while the twenty-two armor-clad players on the chalk-barred field supply the action and thrills.

By this is not meant that the game itself is not up to the standard of other games. No keener rivalry or harder play is ever seen on any gridiron than that displayed by the soldiers and sailors. Close and exciting contests are the rule rather than the exception, and the intensity of the series is shown by the almost equal allotment of honors after twenty-two years of play. Since 1890, when the initial contest was staged, the Army has won eleven games and the Navy ten, with one—that of 1905 played at Princeton—resulting in a tie.

Each Team Has Shown Power.

Both of the elevens have made impressive showings in their games this season. The Army has suffered but one defeat in eight games. That was administered by Notre Dame, the Westerners taking the measure of the cadets by a score of 27 to 17. The fact that the West Pointers were able to score seventeen points against this strong aggregation speaks volumes in favor of the attacking power that Head Coach Major Charles D. Daly has been able to generate on the plateau up the Hudson. The Army eleven has rolled up the impressive total score of 314 points in its games, while 40 points have been scored against it.

The Navy, on the other hand, has not found the sledding quite so easy, but it must be borne in mind that the midshipmen were asked to tackle a much more formidable schedule than their rivals. Twice have the colors of Head Coach Bob Folwell's charges been dragged in the dust. In the opening game of the campaign North Carolina defeated the embryo commanders by a score of 14 to 7 and later Princeton downed the middies, 14 to 0. The Navy team has piled up 157 points against 43 for its opponents.

On relative scores the showing of the Army is the better, but the showing was made against weaker combinations. That this has been taken into serious consideration by those who are speculatively inclined is reflected in the fact that the Navy rules a slight favorite at odds of 11 to 10. It is generally conceded, however, that the two teams appear to be more evenly matched this season than in some years. The Army possesses an all-around star in Walter French, who, from his position at fullback, has scored more touchdowns, goals and field goals than any other player on the West Point team. While the Navy has no such individual star to exploit, the eleven is a well-balanced, fast and aggressive combination capable of playing hard football.

Both Are Well Drilled.

On the whole, then, a game replete with hard fighting and with flashes of brilliance is in prospect on the Polo Grounds this afternoon. It should be a battle from the shrill blast of the opening whistle until the honk honk of the timer's horn ends the game. Both teams know football. They are reputed to have versatile attacks and adequate defenses. It is expected that the Army will play a more open game than will the Navy. The cadets have been schooled in the use of the forward pass and have shown in previous games that they can use it to good purpose. This will entail a strong secondary defense on the part of the eleven from Annapolis. And it is reported to have it. The Navy is inclined to play more straight football than the Army. In this way the game should develop into a pleasing mixture of the two styles of play.

Both elevens held short workouts at the Polo Grounds yesterday. The practices of the teams were comparatively light, consisting chiefly of signal drills, kicking and catching punts to familiarize the players with the light and shadows cast by the stands and the wind currents in the stadium. The rival service teams practiced at different hours and did not meet on the field. After the workouts the captains and coaches expressed satisfaction with the gridiron. The only adverse comment was that the turf appeared to be a trifle heavy as a result of the recent rains.

Coach Folwell of the Navy and Coach Daly of the Army reported that their regular players and substitutes were in excellent condition for the hard game which is expected.

With each passing hour yesterday the lobbies of the hotels assumed an ever-increasing martial appearance. Army and navy uniforms were common sights. It seemed that the city was literally filled with them.

Overlords of Teams on Hand.

Among the early arrivals was Secretary of the Navy Daniels and his family, and Secretary of War Baker. In Mr. Daniels' party were Mrs. Daniels and their sons, Jonathan and Frank. Together with Commander Percy W. Foote they proceeded to the Hotel Commodore, the headquarters of the Navy in this city, Secretary of War Baker and Mrs. Baker went to the Biltmore.

The corps of West Point cadets will leave the Academy this morning and will arrive at Highbridge. Accompanied by their band and a detachment of the hospital corps, they will march from there to the Polo Grounds. The party will be in the command of Major Hugh L. Walthall. The 1,500 midshipmen will proceed by boat from Jersey City up the North River to 158th Street from where they will march to the Polo Grounds. They, too, will be accompanied by their band and they will be commanded by Commander George H. Bowdey. After the game they will attend the midshipmen's ball at the Commodore.

Six Governors are expected to be among those who will witness the game this afternoon. Although it was stated a few days ago that Governor Smith of New York would not be able to attend, it was reported late yesterday afternoon that the Chief Executive of this State would occupy a seat in box South A-22. Governor Ritchie will be in box South B-26, Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania in South B-27, Governor Beekman of Rhode Island in South B-27, Governor Townsend of Deleware in South B-29 and Governor Edwards in South B-30.

RULES FOR MOTORISTS.

Traffic Regulations at Polo Grounds Today Are Announced.

The following traffic regulations have been issued by the Police Department to be followed by those who intend motoring to the Polo Grounds for the Army-Navy game this afternoon:

Persons arriving in vehicles and who desire to enter by the Eighth Avenue entrance will approach Eighth Avenue either from east or west streets south of 151st Street and then proceed north on Eighth Avenue on the left side of street to 155th Street, and then west on 155th Street, and discharge passengers between Eighth and Bradhurst Avenues, then south on Bradhurst Avenue. Cars will be parked on east and west streets from 154th Street south except 153d Street, from Seventh to Bradhurst Avenues, ten feet from fire hydrants.

Those entering by the Speedway will enter from the south end by coming through St. Nicholas Place or Edgecombe Avenue and will not use 155th Street between Broadway and the Speedway. Cars coming from the Bronx will cross McComb's Dam Bridge and go to the Speedway by 155th Street, or Eighth Avenue entrance by Seventh Avenue south of 151st Street.

Cars entering the Speedway will be parked on both sides of the Speedway, back to the curb commencing 300 feet north of the grounds entrance to Highbridge, and south of 155th Street on all east and west streets, and St. Nicholas Avenue, both sides, back to curb, and on 53dgecombe Avenue south of 155th Street, on west side only back to curb, heading south, ten feet from fire hydrants.

All cars entering the Speedway will discharge passengers between 155th Street and entrance to grounds on the east side of the Speedway.

Where Ticket Holders Should Enter for Army-Navy Game

In order to avoid congestion, the following instructions have been issued for the holders of tickets for the Army-Navy game today:

Gate 1, Lower Level, Eighth Avenue—Section 1 to 24, all upper stand sections, and upper and lower boxes from 1 to 194.

Gate 2, Upper Level, Eighth Avenue—Section 1 to 24, all upper stand sections, and upper and lower boxes from 1 to 194.

Gate 4, Eighth Avenue—Sections 41, 42, 43, 43A, 44, 44A and 45, and all field boxes.

Gate 5, Eighth Avenue—Sections 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38 and 39, and all field boxes.

Gate 6, Eighth Avenue—Sections 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32, and field sections 33A, 34A, 35A, 36A, 38A and 39A.

Gate 3, Speedway Entrance—All upper stand seats and all upper stand boxes.

Probable Line-up of Army and Navy Elevens.

ARMY.	Age.	Wt.	Hgt.	NAVY.	Age.	Wt.	Hgt.
Left end, Storck	23	172	5.11	Right end, Ewen	23	170	5.09½
Left tackle, Davidson	21	189	6.03	Right tackle, King	22	181	6.00
Left guard, Clark	19	191	6.01	Right guard, Moore	23	177	6.01
Centre, Greene	20	194	6.03	Centre, Larsen	22	173	6.01
Right g'rd, Breidster	20	205	6.00	Left guard, Wilkie	23	210	6.04½
Right t'kle, Mulligan	20	190	6.03	Left tackle, Bolles	21	181	5.11
Right end, White	24	165	5.08	Left end, Parr	18	175	5.10
Quarterback, Wilhide	22	162	5.10	Quarterb'k, Conroy	20	157	5.11½
Left half'b'k, Smythe	21	160	5.08	R't h'b'k, Hamilton	21	161	5.09¾
Right h'b'k, Lawrence	19	166	5.11	Left h'back, Koehler	20	168	5.07½
Fullback, French	21	155	5.07	Fullback, McKee	19	152	5.08

Average weight line, 188 4-7 pounds. Average weight backs, 160⅝ pounds.

Average weight line, 181 pounds. Average weight backs, 157 pounds.

SUBSTITUTES.

Ends—Pitzer, Glascow, Meyers.
Tackles—L. Storck, Triplett, Carpenter.
Guards—Goodman, Stewart, Strohecker.
Centres—Enderton, Lesch.
Quarterback—Ogden.
Halfbacks—Ebersole, Bennett.
Fullbacks—Richards, Dodd.

SUBSTITUTES.

Ends—Titus, Flaherty.
Tackles—Carney, Wiedorn, Thomas.
Guards—Winkjer, Frawley, Dahlgren.
Centres—Elmers, Sanborn.
Quarterbacks—Noyes, Oregan.
Halfbacks—Rawlings, Matthews.
Fullbacks—Cullen, Poole.

Referee—Dr. Al Sharp, Yale. Umpire—J. A. Evans, Williams. Field judge—F. Murphy, Brown. Linesman—C. Marshall, Harvard.

Time of game—Two o'clock. Length of periods—Fifteen minutes. Probable attendance—45,000.

RECORDS GIVE NEW VIEW OF RUTH DEAL

Ruppert and Others Took Mortgage on Red Sox Property for Sum of $300,000.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—Evidence that the consideration by which Babe Ruth, the world's greatest home-run swatter, was transferred from the Boston Red Sox to the New York Yankees last Winter amounted to a lot more than the $125,000 purchase price announced at the time of the deal percolated into the offices of President Johnson of the American League today.

It came in the form of a transcript of a part of the records of the County of Suffolk, Massachusetts, in which county is located the City of Boston, showing that on May 25, 1920, there was executed by the organization controlling the Boston American League Baseball Club a mortgage for $300,000 in favor of Jacob Ruppert et al.

Jacob Ruppert is the President of the New York American League Club and the other in the deal possibly is Colonel T. L. Huston, Vice President and half owner of the New York club. That, however, is only a guess.

The mortgage covers the real estate holdings as well as the baseball franchise of the Boston American League club, and represents nearly 30 per cent. of the maximum price of $1,200,000 which Harry Frazee has fixed on the property. The real estate involved in Fenway Park, exclusive of improvements, was about $120,000 when the Red Sox plant was built some years ago. But the ground value has increased since then.

This transcript came to President Johnson without solicitation on his part, according to his statement. He admitted that he had heard from President Ball of the St. Louis Browns, while on a hunting trip last week, of the existence of such an arrangement, but declared that that was the first intimation he had had of it.

The constitution of the American League forbids the owners of any club to hold stock in any other in the same league. Whether or not that prohibition applies to the holding of notes or mortgages, or other obligations against a club owner in the same league would seem to be a matter for the Directors of the league to decide.

GETS CONFERENCE CONSENT

Ohio State Eleven's Trip to Pasadena Has Official Approval.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 26.—The final barrier in the way of the East-West football game between Ohio State and probably the University of California at Pasadena on New Year's Day was removed when the announcement was made here today that the Western Conference Athletic Board had approved Ohio State's request to play the extra game.

Professor Thomas E. French, Ohio State member of the Western Conference Board, wired L. W. St. John, director of athletics at the Buckeye university, today as follows:

"Conference approval assured."

Professor French has been in Chicago conferring with Conference officials for the last two days.

When approached today following receipt of the telegram from Professor French, Director St. John said: "I am glad to say we are all set for the game at Pasadena."

The Buckeyes are the first Middle Western eleven ever invited to play at the Pasadena Tournament of Roses celebration. Practice will start on Ohio Field Dec. 4. Coach Jack Wilce will direct his men under the glare of numerous arc lights placed around the field. The Scarlet and Gray eleven came out of the championship clash with Illinois in perfect condition, and every man will be ready for the resumption of drills preparatory to the Pasadena game.

The University of California eleven emerged from its 38 to 0 title victory over Stanford last Saturday in good shape and will rest for ten days before starting workouts for the Ohio State struggle, provided it is picked to represent the Coast at the Tournament of Roses.

U. OF CALIFORNIA TO PLAY.

Will Meet Ohio In East Against West Football Game.

PASADENA, Cal., Nov. 26.—An invitation was telegraphed tonight to the University of California to represent the West in the East vs. West football game here New Year's Day. Assurance has been given that California will accept.

1,000 CADETS COMING.

West Point Corps to March From High Bridge to Polo Grounds.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 26.—The corps of cadets, the band and field music and a detachment of the Hospital Corps will proceed to New York on special trains tomorrow morning to witness the Army-Navy football game.

One thousand cadets will be in the party, which is in command of Major Hugh L. Walthall. The command will cross the river to Garrison at 10 o'clock, where they will go aboard two special trains. The cadets will be detrained at Highbridge, formed on Lawrence Avenue and marched from there into the Polo Grounds. After the game the Hotel Astor will be the Army's headquarters, the cadets assembling at Grand Central Station at 1 A. M. Sunday for the return trip to West Point.

The football squad, which left here this morning, will not return home until Sunday afternoon. While the Army concedes that the dope favors the Navy tomorrow close followers of the soldier team are satisfied that it has made considerable progress during the last fortnight. It is well equipped with plays and has an eager aggressive personnel which knows considerable football. It has been carefully groomed for this game, and every man is in the pink of physical condition and ready to fight to the last ditch.

PUT KUMAGAE FIRST IN MET. TENNIS LIST

Japanese Racquet Wielder Is Ranked at Top, With Voshell in Second Place.

TEN LEADING LAWN TENNIS PLAYERS IN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT.

1—Ichiya Kumagae.
2—S. Howard Voshell.
3—Watson M. Washburn.
4—Harold A. Throckmorton.
5—Francis T. Hunter.
6—Dean Mathey.
7—Willard H. Botsford.
8—Fred C. Anderson.
9—Frank T. Anderson.
10—Seiichiro Kashio.

Ichiya Kumagae, New York's famous Japanese lawn tennis player, yesterday received official recognition as the foremost player of 1920 in the metropolitan district, when the Ranking Committee of the Metropolitan Association completed its labors in connection with the placing of the first ten, in a meeting at the rooms of the United States Lawn Tennis Association. The committee announced only the first ten rankings yesterday. Other players to the number of about 140 will be ranked in groups of ten each, and the results will probably be made public after the meeting of the committee next Tuesday afternoon. Later the attempt will be made to rank the doubles teams of the district.

This is the first year in which the ranking of tennis players hereabouts has been undertaken, although a similar practice has been in vogue for years in San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia and other leading cities. The local committee, as at first composed, consisted of Embree H. Henderson, Chairman; Albert J. Ostendorf and George Walker, but the two last named found that they could not devote the time necessary to studying the records of the players.

As finally constituted and as it passed judgment yesterday afternoon, the committee consisted of Mr. Henderson, still the Chairman; J. W. Mersereau and Charles Chambers. All three are veteran players and observers of the game in Greater New York, which, for the purposes of the ranking, is considered to include the tennis clubs not only of the greater city, but of nearby towns in Long Island, Westchester and New Jersey. Records of players made in tournaments outside this district were not taken into consideration by the committee, and greater emphasis was placed by them upon open rather than upon invitation tournaments.

Rating Is as Expected.

In its choice of Kumagae to head the list the judgment of the committee is expected to meet with the general approval of local tennis fans. Before his departure in midsummer to compete in the Olympic tournament at Antwerp, Kumagae had won the Metropolitan and Eastern New York championships, gaining the title in both cases after working his way impressively through strong fields. The famous backcourt general, who had been ranked No. 3 in the national standing the preceding year, unquestionably led the local experts at the time he sailed for Europe.

The selection of S. Howard Voshell as No. 2 in the Metropolitan list will also undoubtedly meet with approbation. Voshell's play during the season as a whole was erratic, but he was generally at his best in local tournaments. Three times during the season he defeated Watson M. Washburn, now on his way to the Antipodes as a member of the Davis Cup team. In advance in this season most critics would have picked Washburn to outrank Voshell, but the Brooklyn southpaw, by virtue of those three clean-cut victories, clearly earned the place above the Davis Cup man.

The committee placed Harold A. Throckmorton fourth, above Francis T. Hunter, despite the fact that Hunter defeated the New Jersey champion in the Westchester County championship in a five-set match in which the difference between the two was of hairline dimensions. Throckmorton, it was decided, had made the better showing in the more important tournaments of the season. Dean Mathey's claim upon the No. 6 position, which was accorded him, was undoubtedly well grounded. The ex-Princetonian might have earned an even higher place had he appeared in a greater number of tournaments.

Botsford Is Ranked Seventh!

Willard Botsford was picked for seventh place, and here again the committee's decision was not arrived at without difficulty. For instance, Seiichiro Kashio, who is ranked tenth, defeated Botsford with astonishing ease in the Metropolitan tournament by 6—1, 6—0. On the other hand, Botsford defeated Kashio in the tournament for the New Jersey title and also had a considerably more impressive record on the season as a whole, in the course of which he defeated such players as Samuel Hardy and Voshell. The Hardy match was not played locally, but Botsford appeared in nearly every leading tournament of the local season and always with highly creditable results.

In the award of eighth and ninth positions to the Anderson brothers of Brooklyn, there will be few to question the wisdom of the committee. Fred Anderson had an especially fine record, starting the season by winning the Harlem open tourney, ending it by taking the Castle Point trophy at Hoboken, and flashing many fine performances in between. For tenth place, in addition to Kashio, who finally received the award, the committee gave long and careful attention to the claims of Leonard Beekman, Alfred D. Hammett and Percy L. Kynaston. Beekman was absent from a good many tournaments and several of Kynaston's most notable achievements of the year were registered outside the New York district. Hammett's many fine performances barely fell short of Kashio's in the committee's opinion.

Omission of Richards's Name.

Chief quarrel with the committee's judgment is bound to be in its omission from the first ten of the name of Vincent Richards, the boy marvel from Fordham and Yonkers. Richards, on his play through the season as a whole, surely belongs among the first five. But the committee decided that there was not sufficient data available in his case to warrant placing him. Richards was in the West a considerable part of the Summer, during which time he was runner-up for the national clay court title. The one important local tournament in which he figured was that for the metropolitan championship, and in this he was defeated in a hotly contested match by Kumagae.

Unfortunately for Richards, the committee decided that it could not take into consideration his fine performance in the Southampton tournament wherein he defeated Hunter, Beekman and W. J. Clothier, wining the final from a field which also included Washburn and G. C. Caner. No observer can by any possibility deny that Richards is one of the four or five foremost players of the district, and there will be many who will deplore the condition that makes it necessary to deprive him of recognition through a virtual technicality. The committee stuck to its guns, however, in considering only strictly local performances.

LEAN WINS AT BILLIARDS.

Defeats Heal in National Carrom Tourney in Chicago, 50 to 37.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—Jess Lean of Denver won his final game in the preliminaries for the national three-cushion billiard championshiu, defeating Hugh Heal of Toledo, 50 to 37, in fifty-seven innings, each man making a high run of 4. Lean's record for the tournament was two games won and nine lost.

Pierre Maupome of Milwaukee defeated Charles Morin of Chicago, 50 to 43, in sixty-two innings. Maupome had a high run of 7.

Five Workman Brothers to Play in Same Football Game

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Nov. 26.—A "Workman Day" celebration will mark the Huntington High Alumni football game here Saturday, when five Workman brothers, including the two Ohio State University gridiron stars, will participate in the game. Hoge Workman, pivot man of the Ohio team, will play quarterback for the alumni, while Noel Workman, end of the Buckeye squad, will be at left end for the veterans. Bradley Workman, another brother, will be in the alumni backfield. Two younger brothers, Tommy, star of this year's Huntington High team, and Max, will both play with the regulars. The former will be at quarterback for High with the noted Hoge at quarter for the veterans.

The mother of the five has announced that she will be a spectator at the game, and will split her rooting fifty-fifty between the two teams.

GOULD IS WINNER IN SQUASH BATTLE

Beats Mixsell in Opening Class A Interclub Tourney—Cordier Is Defeated.

Many of the highest ranking squash tennis stars of New York, among them National Champion Auguste V. Cordier and Jay Gould, the court tennis champion, who is also one of the five leading squash tennis players of the country, swung into action yesterday afternoon for the first time this season in the two opening matches in the Class A interclub tournament for the championship of the Metropolitan League. Gould played with the Columbia Club, which defeated the Princeton Club by 4 matches to 3, and Cordier was a member of the Yale Club seven which lost to the Harvard Club by the same score of 4 to 3. Gould won his match, while the national champion was defeated.

Gould, in his match with H. R. Mixsell, who held the Princeton Club championship for several years, demonstrated that he is gradually rounding into his best form. He has not yet struck his mid-season stride, but he was not far from his best yesterday. He defeated Mixsell two games to one by scores of 15—7, 8—15, 15—5, hitting with great force and making many wonderful shots for placements and recovering other shots that looked like sure kills for his opponent. Most of Gould's errors were made through his endeavor to keep his shots low with the result that a considerable number of them landed in the tell-tale.

Cordier Not in Form.

Cordier was clearly off form in his match against Anderson Dana, though the latter, three times runner-up for the national title, deserved the utmost credit for playing a canny game of squash against the national title-holder. Dana is an expert in working the angles, and he utilized his ability in this respect yesterday like a billiardist, catching Cordier out of position repeatedly. The champion kept the points even up to 6-all in the opener, but after that Dana led all the way. Cordier's recent long and severe illness is apparent in his play. His game is not yet working to his order, nor does his condition physically permit him to show at his best through a hard match.

Aside from Dana, the Harvard Club champions of 1919 presented a team including four veterans—F. S. Hyde, W. P. Sanger, P. M. Morrison and R. G. Coburn. Hyde won his match from Livingston Platt, another ranking player, with somewhat surprising ease. His change of pace puzzled Platt, and his great reach allowed few balls to get out of range. Hyde hits the ball with cyclonic force and, veteran that he is, plays a game that is always carefully scientific. He outspeeded and outmanoeuvred Platt and won in straight games, 15—6, 15—13.

Stern Pulls Out Victory.

Against R. G. Coburn of the Harvard Club, who is rated considerably higher in the national standing, H. R. Stern won a surprising and commendable victory for the Ellis. As happened so often last season, when he lost but two matches in Classes A and B, Stern won against odds by the sheer persistence of his attack and his refusal to accept defeat.

Columbia's four points against Princeton were contributed by Gould, Frank Kidde, Milton Cornell and H. D. Bulkley. Kidde, the well-known Montclair lawn tennis expert, defeated Harold Tobey, 18—16, 15—11.

J. C. Neely of the Princeton Club, the old Chicago lawn tennis player, appearing in his first squash tournament match in five years, gave a splendid account of himself, defeating A. L. Marvin by 10—15, 15—9, 15—4. Neely improved as he went along, and his excellent service and hard-hit shots to the corners in the third game found Marvin repeatedly swinging a helpless racquet.

The summaries:

Columbia Club, 4; Princeton Club, 3.

Jay Gould, Columbia, defeated H. R. Mixsell, Princeton, 15—7, 8—15, 15—5; Frank Kidde, Columbia, defeated Harold Tobey, Princeton, 18—16, 15—11; H. D. Harvey, Princeton, defeated E. W. Putnam, Columbia, 11—15, 15—8, 15—11; John Taylor, Princeton, defeated F. S. Keeler, Columbia, 15—17, 15—6, 15—1; M. L. Cornell, Columbia, defeated E. C. Olds, Princeton, 9—15, 15—12, 15—10; J. C. Neely, Princeton, defeated A. L. Marvin, Columbia, 10—15, 15—9, 15—4; H. D. Bulkley, Columbia, defeated Jesse Hoyt, Princeton, 15—7, 5—15, 18—17.

Harvard Club, 4; Yale Club, 3.

F. S. Hyde, Harvard, defeated Livingston Platt, Yale, 15—6, 15—13; Anderson Dana, Harvard, defeated A. V. Cordier, Yale, 15—9, 15—6; C. J. MacGuire, Yale, defeated W. P. Sanger, Harvard, 15—3, 10—15, 15—6; P. M. Morrison, Harvard, defeated Stuyvesant Wainwright Jr., Yale, 15—3, 15—7; H. R. Stern, Yale, defeated R. G. Coburn, Harvard, 17—14, 15—9; J. A. Richards, Harvard, defeated D. S. Baker, Yale, 15—8, 15—2; Thomas Coward, Yale, defeated A. H. Tomes, Harvard, 15—10, 15—12.

LEE FOHL MAKES DENIAL.

Declares He Never Was Asked to Manage St. Louis Browns.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 26.—A sworn statement denying he has ever been approached by officials of the St. Louis American League club with reference to taking over the management was received here today from Lee Fohl of Cleveland, who joined the Browns as coach last season.

The statement is made, it explains, "in order to correct the impression that seems to prevail, according to newspaper reports, that I was offered the club during the season of 1920, and that I had refused it, or that I had at any time tried in any way to undermine the late manager of the Browns."

Rumors which had connected Fohl with the management of the Browns were revived recently when Jimmy Burke was released.

Colorado Aggies Take Title.

DENVER, Nov. 26.—The Colorado Agricultural College clinched the championship of the Rocky Mountain Conference by defeating the University of Denver in a spectacular game, 14 to 0, yesterday. The Aggies scored two touchdowns in the final period.

Notre Dame Eleven Disbands.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Nov. 26.—The Notre Dame football team disbanded today and no post-season games will be played. The election of a captain for 1921 will take place next week.

FAVORITES DO WELL IN LAKEWOOD GOLF

Reekie, Kendall, White and Knight Battle to Semi-Finals in Tourney on Jersey Links.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., Nov. 26.—Favorites fared well in the first and second match rounds of the open golf tournament at the Lakewood Country Club today, and, as a result, William M. Reekie of Upper Montclair, Percy Kendall of Deal, Gardiner W. White of Nassau and Fred W. Knight of Whitemarsh will meet tomorrow in the semi-finals.

During the day there were two hard fought matches. One was in the morning, when, Harold Richard, the New York A. C. champion, defeated W. M. Griffith of Buffalo, after an extra hole.

White began the day by defeating Harold A. Steiner, the Inwood champion. The first round went out in 41 and stood 4 up. Steiner won the twelfth and thirteenth, but defeated himself at the sixteenth with a drive out of bounds. Later on White defeated James Bertram of Wykagyl, 4 and 2.

Kendall, playing better as he went along, first defeated Dr. W. G. Fralich of Belleclaire and followed that by taking Richard into camp, the margin being 6 and 5.

Knight played the best golf of the day this afternoon. After defeating A. J. Drexel of the home club 9 and 8, he went out in 36 against T. B. Wooton of Atlantic City in a string of three 3's, beginning with the sixth, gave Knight a commanding lead.

Walter Hagen, the metropolitan open champion, was here today and played around. He was loud in praise of the course, especially the three new holes.

The summary:

First Sixteen.

First Round—H. C. Richard, Engineers, beat W. M. Griffith, Buffalo, 1 up (19 holes); Percy W. Kendall, Deal, beat Dr. W. G. Fralich, Belleclaire, 5 and 4; W. M. Reekie, Upper Montclair, won from C. H. Messmore, Little Falls, by default; C. J. Dunphy, Woodland, beat A. A. Watson, Deal, 1 up; James Bertram, Wykagyl, beat J. F. Shanley, Lakewood, 2 and 1; Gardiner W. White, Nassau, beat H. A. Steiner, Inwood, 3 and 2; T. B. Wooton, Atlantic City, beat J. A. Leland, Ocean, 2 and 1; F. W. Knight, Whitemarsh, beat A. J. Drexel Jr., Lakewood, 9 and 8.

Second Round—Kendall beat Richard, 6 and 5; Reekie beat Dunphy, 1 up; White beat Bertram, 4 and 2; Knight beat Wooton, 5 and 4.

Second Sixteen.

First Round—W. H. Davis, Lakewood, won from Frank Barton, Lakewood, by default; F. X. Sadler, Lakewood, beat D. E. Knowlton, Buffalo, 2 and 1; Dr. D. C. K. Ricketts, Point Pleasant, beat R. G. Hollinsworth, Siwanoy, 3 and 2; R. G. Narelle, Siwanoy, beat R. E. Edwards, Dunwoodie, 7 and 5; S. W. Szippler, Atlantic City, beat G. Ellis, Mohawk, 3 and 2; C. K. Rockwell, Huntington Valley, beat S. R. Davidge, Scarsdale, 2 up; H. H. Garrison, Deal, beat H. W. Ingling, Freehold, 1 up; A. S. Ridley, Englewood, beat F. S. Imlay, Point Pleasant, 3 and 2.

Second Round—Davis beat Sadler, 4 and 3; Ricketts beat Narelle, 1 up; Rockwell beat Szippler, 8 and 7; Garrison beat Ridley, by default.

Third Sixteen.

First Round—H. C. Miller, Little Falls, won from Kingdon Gould, Lakewood, by default; J. T. Smith, Deal, beat George A. Gould, Jr., Lakewood, 5 and 3; T. B. Harper, Pt. Pleasant, won from L. D. Rockwell, Great Neck, by default; M. Park Parker, Upper Montclair, beat F. Appleby, Deal, 3 and 1; P. S. P. Randolph, Jr., Lakewood, won from J. T. Richards, Pt. Pleasant, by default; P. S. P. Randolph, Lakewood, beat J. W. Lawrence, Pt. Pleasant, 8 and 6; H. H. Parker, Deal, beat S. P. Hayward, Glen Ridge, 7 and 6; F. P. Kimball, Lakewood, beat O. W. Smith, Englewood, 7 and 5.

Second Round—Smith beat Miller, 1 up; Park Parker beat Harper 3 and 1; Randolph, Jr., beat Randolph, Sr., by default; Kimball beat H. H. Parker 6 and 4.

Irwin to Captain Carnegie Tech.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 26.—Al Irwin, a product of the Washington, Pa., High School, has been elected captain of the 1921 Carnegie Tech football squad. Irwin played centre on this year's team.

CLASS C CUE TITLE IS TAKEN BY SPEAR

He Comes From Behind to Beat Servatius in Final Match for Met 18.2 Crown.

FINAL STANDING OF PLAYERS.

Player.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
G. Spear	4	0	1.000
L. A. Servatius	4	1	.800
C. Steinbugler	2	2	.500
J. Johann	1	2	.333
J. Low	1	3	.250
J. Langdon	0	4	.000

Making a strong up-hill fight, George Spear last night won the Metropolitan Class C 18.2 balkline billiard championship of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players at the Broadway Billiard Academy. He defeated the veteran, Louis A. Servatius, by a score of 150 to 122 before the largest gallery that had watched any of the matches.

Spear won four games and lost none in the tourney, while Servatius, who was leading prior to last night's game, won four and lost one. Spear had one other game scheduled, but will not be required to play it now, as his opponent is one of those far down on the list.

Servatius, who has so many times been the runner-up for the title, made a good start and gained such a lead in the early innings that it appeared likely he would finally win the title. He was leading Spear by 34 points when the game was a little less than half played, and had fine command of the balls. Spear began to overcome the lead and with a run of 21 put himself on almost even terms with Servatius. Another run of 20 put him in the lead and after that he played steadily and increased his advantage.

Servatius brought about his own defeat when he missed several difficult shots by the proverbial eyelash. After gathering the balls at one end of the table and clicking off several points he got the red ball into a bad position and was forced to make a difficult cushion shot. His cue ball missed the second object ball by a hair's breadth. He missed three other shots by the same narrow margin and each of these terminated runs which might have been continued and made him the winner. Servatius also had high runs of 25 and 21, one of these helping to put him into the lead early in the contest. The game lasted thirty innings.

COHEN ANGLE GAME VICTOR.

Defeats Lipton in Three-Cushion Tilt at Thum's.

In the annual three cushion billiard tournament at Thum's Academy, J. Cohen last night defeated Louis Lipton by a score of 35 to 23, and is now third in the standing, with a good chance to tie for first place. The game was played in sixty-nine innings, and there were no called safety shots, both players depending on shot making.

The standing follows:

Letzter	6	1	.856
Garfunkel	6	2	.750
Cohen	5	2	.710
Srukeln	4	3	.571
McDaniel	5	4	.556
Becker	4	4	.500
M. Cohen	3	3	.500
Lipton	2	5	.285
Quinlan	2	6	.250
Sasaki	0	7	.000

McLeod to Go With Team.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 26.—Ron McLeod, veteran curler of Duluth, Minn., will accompany the Canadian curling team to Scotland this Winter for a series of games, it was announced here today. McLeod will take the place vacated by the resignation of Dr. McGregor of Butte, Mon.

TO COVER HOPPE'S FORFEIT.

Horemans May Post $1,000 for Cue Match Today or Monday.

Details of a match for the world's professional balkline billiard championship between Willie Hoppe and Edouard Horemans were informally discussed yesterday by the representatives of the two players. No definite conclusion was reached, but the discussion progressed to such an advanced stage that it is expected the Belgian will cover the forfeit of $1,000, which R. B. Benjamin posted with the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company for Hoppe either this morning or Monday. Just as soon as the money is covered the arrangements for the match will be made without further delay.

As a result of yesterday's conference the fact has been definitely established that Horemans will not accept Hoppe's offer of a handicap of 400 points in a

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THE UNKNOWN DEAD.

The New York Times Rotogravure-Picture Section tomorrow will print several illustrations of the burial in Westminster Abbey of an unidentified British soldier who fell in the great war. The funeral exercises were attended by the Speaker of the House of Commons, Premier Lloyd George, ex-Premier Asquith, Lord Curzon and other prominent men.—Advt.

WELLING STOPPED BY BENNY LEONARD

Champion Successfully Defends Title When Referee Intervenes in Fourteenth Round.

12,000 FANS ATTEND BOUT

Capacity Crowd Sees Lightweights in Action—Titleholder Weighs 134 Pounds.

Benny Leonard, world's lightweight champion, hammered Joe Welling, Chicago title aspirant, into submission in the fourteenth round of their scheduled fifteen-round bout to a decision last night before a crowd of more than twelve thousand wildly enthusiastic spectators who jammed Madison Square Garden to capacity.

The end came one minute and seven seconds after the start of the fourteenth session, when Referee Johnny Haukop wisely and mercifully stopped the contest to prevent further unnecessary punishment to Welling. At the time the referee intervened Welling was helpless.

The champion was subjecting his opponent to a pitiless beating, raining rights and lefts upon the unprotected jaw and head of the Chicagoan in an effort to batter him to the floor for the full count. Four times previously Welling had gone to the canvas from Leonard's powerful rights and lefts, sent home with a coolness and precision which reflected the master workman at his trade. Three times in the thirteenth session and once in the fatal fourteenth, Welling was floored.

Welling Is Game.

The Chicagoan, however, was game, and on each occasion with that dogged, courageous instinct known only to the front rank of pugilism Welling regained his feet, only to be met with another withering attack for which he had no defense.

Through the first minute of the fourteenth round Welling made a feeble attempt to defend himself and stave off the inevitable. Weakened from the terrific battering to which he had been subjected in the previous round, he was incapable of the feat.

A left hook made Welling groggy. The Chicagoan staggered about the ring helplessly. Leonard, tired from the energy expended in his efforts to crush Welling with a decisive blow, pursued Welling about the ring relentlessly, pawing with an extended left in an attempt to force the desired opening.

Referee Haukof, seeing Welling's absolutely helpless condition, mercifully stepped between the boxers and halted the bout. Welling protested feebly against Haukop's action, and so did Nate Lewis, Welling's manager. The protests, however, were unfounded. The referee's action was justified.

It was the champion's first defense of his title under the Walker law, and the first lightweight championship bout held in the city in twenty years.

Up to the time the bout was stopped Leonard had an overwhelming lead in points. He carried every round without exception in speed and cleverness Leonard was comparable to the expert fencer, charging, guarding and retreating to draw his opponent out, and then stepping in with catlike speed when openings presented. In hitting, Leonard must be likened to the crushing piledriver. His blows carried enough steam to fell the average lightweight, but in Welling, Leonard encountered a boxer above the average.

Through the first five rounds, the champion boxed cleverly. Welling did the best he could under the circumstances. He sought to outjab Leonard, but found the champion too fast. At close quarters, too, Leonard excelled.

Welling Is Floored.

In the sixth, seventh and eighth rounds Welling was rocked several times, but he gamely stood up under the attack. In the ninth Welling recovered and spurted, but he was brought up short by Leonard's assortment of right and left hand blows. The tenth, eleventh and twelfth rounds were comparatively slow. Leonard seemed content to bide his time and rested in the clinches.

Shortly after the start of the thirteenth round Leonard crashed over a right to the jaw, and Welling sank to the canvas. At the count of two he tried to regain his feet, but he sank back again, falling near the ropes a short way from Leonard's corner. Referee Haukop counted six before Welling arose, only to be met with a volcanic attack which sent him down again. He was floored a third time with a shower of rights and lefts while Haukop tolled off seven.

Leonard forced his rival about the ring when the Chicago lad regained his feet again, and, shaking off Welling's clinging arms, worried the Windy City boxer into the latter's corner, where a shower of rights and lefts sent Welling toppling again. This time he was up at a count of five. The bell saved Welling, who staggered drunkenly to his corner.

When the Chicagoan advanced to the centre of the ring for the fourteenth round he was shaky on his feet. Leonard sparred cooly and sought to put his rival into position for a finishing blow. A left hook sent Welling down in Leonard's corner for a count of nine. When the Chicagoan got up he made a feeble pretense at defense, but Leonard was not to be denied and was hammring his opponent when the bout was stopped.

When Announcer Joe Humphreys clarioned Leonard's weight as 134 at 2 o'clock, a volcanic outburst which threatened to lift the roof off the building went up from the crowd. Welling's poundage was announced as 135.

In the earlier bouts of the card Harvey Bright of Brooklyn outpointed Johnny Powers of Manhattan, Jack McGuire of Williamsport, Pa., outpointed Jeff Duffy of Chicago, and Panama Joe Gans stopped George Christian in the third round of a ten-round bout.

Capacity Crowd Present.

The biggest crowd that has yet jammed into the big amphitheatre turned out to witness the first real title test Leonard has experienced in this city since winning the championship. Long before the topnotchers entered the ring every seat in the house was occupied. With the improved seating arrangements Promoter Rickard claims to be able to accommodate 12,000 in the historic arena. It seemed that every bit of this number was in the Garden.

Thousands of prospective spectators were disappointed when they arrived at the Garden for every seat had been disposed of. Speculators reaped a harvest from some of the late comers who were willing to pay the advanced prices. Despite the large turnout everything was orderly. Because of the rigid Fire Department regulations there were no standees.

The topmost tier of the Garden, holding those devotees for whom Senator James Walker says he worked so diligently to re-establish the sport, was crammed with the lads whose limit in prices goes no further than the general admissions. Through the thick smoke haze, which hung like a pall over the arena, those down below in the calcium's glare about the ringside wondered how the black specks above could see the ring distinctly.

About the ringside every phase of public, private and professional life was represented in a crowd attracted to Diana's famous temple by the magnet of the wonderful Leonard in defense of his title. Prominent wealthy members of the country's best circles were plentifully scattered about the ringside and in the arena boxes, many of them with female companions, who showed remarkable familiarity with the sport and whose animated faces reflected a deep interest in the proceedings in the squared circle. Influential business men, physicians, lawyers, men prominent in politics, national and local, every walk of professional and business life, in short, was well represented in the huge throng.

Cochran Believes He Has Chance of Beating Hoppe

That Welker Cochran is convinced that he stands an excellent chance of winning the national balkline billiard championship in the final round of the tournament at the Hotel Astor on Dec. 6, 7 and 8 is proved by his own statement in a letter to a friend in New York, written immediately after Cochran had won the preliminary round in San Francisco. Cochran wrote: "I am coming to New York to play against Hoppe and Schaefer in the final round feeling sure that this time my effort to lift the title will be successful. I am playing better billiards than ever before, and I am convinced that I can take the measure of Hoppe. Instead of trying to play him safe, I am going out after the points. When we meet it will be a question as to who can score the fastest. As you know, the height of my ambition is to win the title, and I think I am going to realize it this year."

THREE BIKE TEAMS QUIT SIX-DAY RACE

Injuries Reduce Field in Armory Grind — Foreigners Leave Track, but Later Return.

SCORE AT 2 A. M., 122D HOUR.

Team.	Miles.	Laps.
Goullet-Hill	1928	4
Magin-Madden	1928	4
Eaton-Kaiser	1928	4
Drobach-Weber	1928	4
Kopsky-Bello	1928	4
Aerts-Deruyter	1928	4
McBeath-Walker	1928	4
Spencer-Corry	1928	3
Dupuy-Godivier	1928	3
Spiessens-Buysse	1928	3
Oliveri-Osterritter	1928	2

Spiessens leading.

No past record available for this hour.

One more team was eliminated and the veteran Jake Magin was injured in a wild jamboree of hard riding that kept a big crowd in a furore at the six-day bicycle race in the Twenty-second Regiment Armory shortly before midnight last night.

At midnight it was announced that the team of Charles Osterriter and Charles Piercy had withdrawn and that the Italian rider, Constante Girardingo, had also quit the race. A few minutes later a new team was made up of Oliveri, Girardingo's partner, and Osteritter. The latter has now had three partners, Lang, who was eliminated by an injury, then Piercy and finally Oliveri.

Spencer and Corry regained the lost lap in a jam at 1:20 A. M., but ten minutes later it was officially announced that the lap would not count, because Goullet, who had been setting the pace for the rest of the field, had blocked it off and refused to allow the other riders to overtake the team out in front.

Goullet's action aroused a storm of booing and hooting directed at the American riders, and the foreigners promptly dismounted and quit the race. At one time Freddie Hill was the only rider on the track and it looked for a time as if the race had gone up in smoke. The official action in throwing out the regained lap, however, cleared the skies, the foreigners returning amid an ovation.

Two teams dropped out of the long grind yesterday. Shortly before noon Willy Hanley decided to quit. Early in the evening Lawrence Gaffney and Alphonse Varraes, suffering from injuries and exhaustion, resigned and left the track, leaving only twelve teams on the wooden saucer.

Magin's injury, which for a time threatened to put him out of the race, came during the second of two desperate sprints. The first was started by Alex McBeath, the Australian, a few minutes before midnight. Before the whirling mass of riders, relief men and trainers had subsided the team of Spencer and Corry had lost a lap. In the middle of the mêlée Hill, Dupuy and Buysse went down in a heap before the judges stand, but none of the riders was injured.

Magin Is Injured.

When this bit of excitement had died down Adolphe Spiessens shot away again in another attempt to regain the lost lap. The pack tore after him in full cry, and in the hubbub Magin ran into one of the pillars of the bridge crossing the track on the 168th Street side. Down went the veteran rider, and on top of him sprawled Cecil Walker. Magin was helped from the track and the race was stopped for ten minutes while the casualties were gathered up.

When the grind resumed at 12:05 Frank Corry forthwith started in pursuit of that lost lap, a jam resulting that lasted for fifteen minutes. The canny Goullet, who had come unscathed through the previous carnage by clever riding, frustrated the plot by keeping on the heels of the flying Australian, the entire pack finally drawing up even with the leaders. All this time neither Madden nor Magin was on the track but after Ray Eaton had officially protested to the judges, Madden returned to the race at 12:25 after a twenty-minute rest. Later Magin relieved him, apparently none the worse for his contact with the post.

The fruit of the evening struggle for Goullet and Hill was a gain of nine points. In the ten sprints, the combination compiled a total of forty-nine points, nine more than that of Magin and Madden. The latter still led after the last of the official tests, but their lead had been cut down to eighteen.

The point score was as follows: Magin-Madden, 333; Goullet-Hill, 315; Eaton-Kaiser, 247; Spencer-Corry 215; Aerts-DeRuyter, 156; McBeath-Walker, 148; Drobach-Weber, 112; Kopsky-Bello, 64.

Doors Ordered Closed.

Again last night the Fire Department closed the doors because of the crowd. There were no scenes of wild confusion, as was the case on Wednesday night, but long lines of fans were packed in 168th Street. The doors were finally closed just before the evening sprints were scheduled to begin, by which time the infield was a solid mass of humanity and every seat was filled by a fan who was there to watch the evening's fun.

It was probably the largest throng of the week. Some of the fans came prepared to stay twenty-four hours, for the biggest doings of all are on the card for the final session this evening.

Arthur Spencer and Freddie Hill were roundly hooted by the fans for keeping the foreigners pocketed and safely in the rear. On one occasion Buysse broke away high on the track, but his little private sprint was foiled when Spencer poked his wheel into the path of the Belgian bearcat. It was perfectly legal riding, but the crowd didn't like the idea of Spencer's interfering with the popular foreigner. Hill also was hissed for performing the same watchdog duty for the American contingent, which has three teams out in front and evidently intends to keep them there.

Goullet's toll in the evening sprints was three first, one second and one third in five speed tests. He lost the fifth sprint by a matter of inches. McBeath flashing in front on the bell lap. Jake Magin took the fourth and eighth and finished up the evening's work by grabbing off the tenth and last, leading Bello and Hill to the tape. The other firsts were won as follows: Aerts, 2; Drobach, 1, and McBeath, 1. Aerts took the second and sixth sprints and his brilliant work netted twenty-five points for his team, bringing its total up to 256.

REY ENNIS VICTOR IN HAVANA FEATURE

Leads Brig o' War and Sylvano Home in Heavy Going—Most of the Favorites Lose.

HAVANA, Cuba, Nov. 26.—The fields at Havana were very light today, owing to the unfitness of many of the horses. This is due to the excessive rains that have prevailed of late, causing horsemen to keep their racers in the stables rather than wear them down training through the deep going. Again the majority of the favorites were beaten, in some cases because the riders failed to pick out the good going. The track is getting better every hour, however, and should be in good condition by Monday, if not before.

The star event of the day was the closing race, which went to Rey Ennis at 8 to 1, the winner beating Brig o' War and Sylvano.

The majority of the events were won easily, Promising Tom getting the verdict by five lengths in the first race, while Marty Lou won the second easily, though but a length in front of Timothy Hogan and Waking Dreams, which finished noses apart for the place money. Doctor D. had all he could do to wear down Twenty-seven in the third event after a clever finish by Carmody.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For maiden two-year-olds; purse $700; five furlongs. Promising Tom, 112 pounds (Atkinson), 4 to 1, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, first; Lotta Speed, 112 (Kelsey), 4 to 1, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, second; Bertha Minix, 112 (Bullcroft), 6 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, third. Time—1:05 1-5. Blue Flame, Boher-Na-Breena, Ava R. and Biscuit also ran.

SECOND RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five furlongs. Marty Lou, 112 pounds (Meehan), 4 to 1, 7 to 5, 7 to 10, first; Timothy J. Hogan, 107 (Jarrell), 6 to 5, 1 to 2 and 1 to 4, second; Waking Dreams, 107 (Ball), 7 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, third. Time—1:05 1-5. Blue Flame, Boher-Na-Breena, Ava R. and Biscuit also ran.

THIRD RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five furlongs. Doctor D., 112 pounds (Carmody), 8 to 5, 3 to 5 and 1 to 5, first; Twenty-seven, 110 (Jarrell), 3 to 1, 6 to 5 and 3 to 5, second; Driffield, 115 (Kelsey), 4 to 1, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, third. Time—1:04 2-5. King Breeze, Finis and Slippery Silver also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For all ages; purse $700; five furlongs. Golden Chance, 112 pounds (Crump), 4 to 5, 2 to 5 and 1 to 5, first; Clip, 112 (O'Mahoney), 5 to 2, even and 1 to 2, second; Goldstone, 107 (Francis), 5 to 2, even and 1 to 2, third. Time—1:03 3-5. Repton, Roundel and Lady Hester also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five furlongs. Presumption, 107 pounds (Francis), 8 to 5, 3 to 5 and 1 to 3, first; Hocnir, 112 (McDermott), 2 to 1, 4 to 5 and 2 to 5, second; Jacobean, 98 (Sullman), 3 to 1, 6 to 5 and 3 to 5, third. Time—1:04 3-5. White Crown, Beaucaire, La Kross and Top Rung also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $700; six furlongs. Rey Ennis, 109 pounds (Mahoney), 8 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, first; Brig of War, 107 (Wilson), 6 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, second; Sylvano, 105 (Fletcher), 7 to 2, 6 to 5 and 3 to 5, third. Time—1:19 1-5. Bibbler, Foster Embry and Right Angle also ran.

HOST OF BOXING PERMITS.

Nearly Two Score Pugilists Get Licenses from Board.

The Central Manhattan Boxing Club, Inc., which will conduct bouts at Manhattan Casino, received a license from the License Committee, appointed under the Walker law, at yesterday's joint session of the officials governing boxing in this State. The application had been submitted for last week's meeting, but was held up. The organization will conduct its initial boxing show on Monday night, when Jackson will meet Dundee. The other club license issued went to the Beacon Social Club of Newburgh, N. Y.

Altogether seventy-one applications for permits received favorable action from the committee, of which Larry McGuire is Chairman. Licenses were issued to thirty-seven boxers, nineteen seconds, eight managers, one referee, three judges, one physician and two clubs. Among the seconds licensed were Joe Woodman, Al Lippe and George Lawrence. Sam Wallach, who managed the ring affairs of his brothers, Marty, Phil and Leach Cross, is returning to the sport. He is one of the eight managers licensed. Casper Leon is included in the trio of judges who have been accepted to pass on bouts conducted under the law.

The complete list of licenses issued follows:

Boxers.

Dick Bell, Artie Brodie, Jackie Clark, Pete Cook, Happy Dixon, Bernard Finnegan, Willie Gilligan, Sammie Green, Sailor Hammer, Johnny Hilton, Joe Howard, Young Howard, Battling Hugo, Johnny Jager, Frankie Kasper, Charles Kohler, Young Laureate, Battling Leonard, Frankie McGuire, Mike McTigue, Johnny Martin, Sal Maso, Johnnie (Red) Munroe, Harry Nelson, Young Notsey, Jimmy O'Brien, Shamus O'Brien, Bill Parlett, Jimmy Powers, Patsy Rubino, Al Tiernan, Victor McLoughlin, Frank Adams, Earl Baird, Joe Young Baker, Al Benedict, Jack Harris.

Seconds.

Joseph Blum, Arthur Brown, Louis Cohen, Harry Alberts, Louis Diamond, Al Frank, Joseph Gould, Rudolph Himmel, Sr., John Frederic Kernahan, George M. Lawrence, Al Lippe, Edward Murphy, John A. Reiber, Frank Ross, Joe Sarno, James Scafoni, William Scutari, Samuel W. Wallach, Joseph A. Woodman.

Managers.

Joseph Blum, Louis Cohen, Robert J. McKinley, Irvin Rosenfarb, Frank Ross, Charles Schoeneman, John J. Thornton, Samuel W. Wallach.

Referee.

William Moore.

Judges.

Arthur F. Simonson, James J. Furey, Casper Leon

Physician.

Joseph Safian.

Clubs.

Beacon Social Club of Newburgh, Inc.; Central Manhattan Boxing Club, Inc.

Former Amateurs to Box Tonight.

Two former amateur boxers who have competed with success since joining the professional ranks will engage in the principal ten-round bouts this evening at the Commonwealth Sporting Club of Harlem. Andy O'Boyle, former amateur welterweight champion, will engage Sailor Jack Denley in one of the main bouts. In the other Charlie Beecher, who boxed as a featherweight in the simon pure ranks, will clash with Battling Reddy of Harlem. Three six-round bouts will complete the card.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—$800; two-year-olds; maiden fillies; five furlongs. Dora W. 108 pounds, Marguerite Wood 108, Almirante 108, Polo 108, Elizabeth A. 108, Mary Head 108.

SECOND RACE—$700; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs. *By Heck 103 pounds, *Annette Teller 106, Cobalt Lass 109, Bally Bell 110, Toe the Mark 111, Portlight 115, Assume 113, *Youneed 113, *The Nephew 114, Jago 115, Trottus 119.

THIRD RACE—$700; allowance, two-year-olds; five furlongs. Botheration 104 pounds, Louise Wynns 106, Segorota 106, Parader 109, Omer K. 109, Ras 109, Thornhedge 109, Loughland 113.

FOURTH RACE—$600; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five and a half furlongs. *Susan M 101 pounds, Madam Byng 101, *Midian 103, *Guy Fortune 104, *Jay Thimmel 104, Miss Kruter 106, *L'Enjoleur 107, Murphy 109, Enos 112, Dr. Campbell 109, Resist 109.

FIFTH RACE—$1,000; allowance; three-year-olds and upward; one mile. The Wit 100 pounds, Rapid Traveler 100, Dancing Spray 103, Hindoostan 106, Trooper 106, Chief 111, Redmond 114.

SIXTH RACE—$700; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. *War Machine 102 pounds, Highland Lad 112, Lady Mountjoy 106, Merchant 109, War Club 110, *Searchlight 111, 102, Sugarmint 103, *Nellie York 107, Barone 110, Serbian 110.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather cloudy; track fast.

Fitzpatrick Is Re-elected Captain of Fordham Eleven

At a meeting of the Fordham University football team held yesterday afternoon Sylvester T. Fitzpatrick was re-elected captain of the Maroon eleven for next season. He played left end for the Bronx collegians this Fall and in 1917. Fitzpatrick is a junior in the law department of the university and resides in New York City. The newly elected captain played a sensational game at left end for the Maroon team this year. Besides being good at receiving passes, Fitzpatrick can throw them with equal facility. Fitzpatrick is also a member of the Maroon track team.

RAPID DAY WINS IN CLOSE FINISH

Takes Feature Race at New Orleans by Nosing Out Rivals After Hard Drive.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 26.—With the arrival of more horses from the North, racing settled into a normal stride at Jefferson Park this afternoon, and the fields were large in all the events. The feature of the card was the Strouse Purse, a six-furlong dash, that was won by W. O. Stoner's Rapid Day in the closest finish seen during the afternoon.

With six of the nine starters closely bunched and striving for the lead in the last sixteenth, Rapid Day managed to win by a nose. Uncle's Lassie was second, but only a head in front of Archie Alexander. Half a length further three others closed nose and nose, any one of which had a chance from the sixteenth pole to the end.

Rapid Day moved up fast soon after the start, and from a contending position followed the pace of Hidden Jewel until the latter quit at the head of the stretch. Rapid Day then went to the front, but had to be put to a drive when the others charged on him. Uncle's Lassie and Archie Alexander were wearing the winner down, and another contender was shuffled back in the scramble. This was Scurry, which was closing on the winner when he got into close quarters in the stretch and could not get through.

The third race, at five and a half furlongs, fell easily to C. N. Freeman's Ina Kay, which had all the speed in a field of eleven sprinters, and got home three lengths in front of Winnecone, with Galway third. Ina Kay broke sluggishly and had to be shaken up, but once in motion she raced to the front and drew away easily in the stretch.

Some of the best of the two-year-olds that have arrived here went to the post for the second race at five and a half furlongs. G. W. Bean's Silver Springs proved to be much the best, and won by four lengths from Charles A. Byrne, after setting the pace from the start. Plantoon was third, only a nose back of the second horse, having tired right at the end and yielding the place.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Purse, $700; maiden three-year-olds and upward; five and a half furlongs. Lloyd George, 116 pounds (Ponce), 8 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 4, first; American Rose, 112 (Barrett), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 6 to 5, second; Moreb, 115 (Hopkins), 40 to 1, 10 to 1, 5 to 1, third. Time—1:08 4-5. Spartan Boy, Normandie, Gloom and Richelieu also ran.

SECOND RACE—Two-year-olds; claiming; purse, $700; five and a half furlongs. Silver Springs, 110 pounds (McAtee), 3 to 1, even, 1 to 2, first; Chas. A. Byrne, 105 (Wida), 20 to 1, 7 to 1, 3 to 1, second; Plantoon, 102 (Collins), 6 to 1, 2 to 1, even, third. Time—1:08 2-5. Mary Erb, Yoorma, Loch Leven, Celtic Lass, Pimlico, Rummic, Countess, Huen and Winchester also ran.

THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $700; five and a half furlongs. Ina Kay, 110 pounds (Ponce), 3 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, first; Winneconne, 106 (Woodstock), 12 to 1, 5 to 1, 2 to 1, second; Galway, 110 (Garner), 15 to 1, 6 to 1, 3 to 1, third. Time—1:08 1-5. Bon Tromp, Arch Plotter, Retreat, Circulate, Yaphank, Dinty, Llet Perkins and Beesaw also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; five and a half furlongs. Rainbow Girl, 107 pounds (Ponce), 5 to 1, 2 to 1 and 7 to 10, first; Poultry, 110 (Shilling), 2 to 5, even and 1 to 2, second; Jay Thummel, 105 (Mooney), 30 to 1, 10 to 1 and 3 to 1, third. Time—1:08 1-5. Beau Brummel 2d, Rebecia, Valerie West, Back Bay, Dr. Hall, Jno. R. Roche, Madras Gingham and Tony also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Rapid Day, 110 pounds (Garner), even, 2 to 5 and 1 to 5, first; Uncle's Lassie, 107 (McAtee), 10 to 1, 3 to 1 and 8 to 5, second; Archie Alexander, 105 (McGraw), 15 to 1, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, third. Time—1:11 4-5. Hindoostan, Hidden Ship, Vice Chairman, Scurry, Royal Duck and Mahony also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and a sixteenth. Captain Burns, 106 pounds (Mitchell), 6 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, first; Richard V., 100 (Mooney), 9 to 2, 8 to 5 and 7 to 10, second; Jack Straw, 116 (Burke), 6 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, third. Time—1:47. Danver, Cockroach, John I. Day, Harvey Smarr, Ben Hampson, Marie Rappold and Tugs also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; purse $700; one mile and a sixteenth. Philistine, 111 pounds (Gregory), 16 to 5, 6 to 5 and 3 to 5, first; King Neptune, 111 (Burke), 4 to 1, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, second; Sea Urchin, 109 (Heinisch), 15 to 1, 5 to 1 and 5 to 2, third. Time—1:49 1-5. Brookland, Willigan, Alhena and Captania also ran.

Weather cloudy; track fast.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—All ages; one mile and seventy yards. Al Pierce 113 pounds, aFavour 110, bMargery 110, Vesuvius 106 pounds, aAll There 106, bDorothy's Pet 103, Reina O. 90, bKingling II. 106, *Napoli 106, *May W. 105, Sir Jack 104, *Foreclosure 101

a Randolph and Byrnes entry. bArthur and Mayberry entry.

SECOND RACE—Claiming; all ages; one mile and seventy yards. Stir Up 116 pounds, Benevolent 113, Trapping 113, Point to Point 113, Spearlene 112, Beaumarais 113, Aurum 113, Katie Canal 110, Hope 110, Dahinda 105, *Handful 105, *Courting Colors 106, *Hopeful 108.

THIRD RACE—The Winsome Purse; two-year-olds; six furlongs. Dough Girl 106 pounds, Antilles 104, Blue Bells 104, Sacajawea 104, Vic 101, Fluss 104.

FOURTH RACE—The Comrade Handicap; all ages; one mile and seventy yards. Leochares 128 pounds, Yellow Hand 116, My Dear 100, aRecount 107, aWar Cry 107, Super 104.

aHallenbeck and Argell entry.

FIFTH RACE—The Valiant Purse; two and three-year-olds; one mile. Jadda 117 pounds, Super 117, Mock Orange 111, Mark West 107, Venal Joy 107, Sporting Blood 102, Wiltgn Arrow 99, Orcus 92.

SIXTH RACE—Claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Chasseur 116 pounds, Goaler 118, Letva 115, Sunnyland 113, Hendrie 110, Albert A. 110, King John 116, Lord Herbert 110, Fibberty Gibbet 104, Marie Antoinette 100, Gain de Cause 100, *Siesta 96, *Columbine 99.

SEVENTH RACE—Claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong. Great Gull 118 pounds, Wood Thrush 112, Jack Reeves 112, Mistress Polly 100, Bar Coy 107, Thistle Queen 107, Kebo 104, Titanium 102, *Sentimental 112, *Samuel Pool 102, *Wilfreda 96.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weath cloudy, track fast.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five furlongs. Winall 92 pounds, Sleepy Dear 95, *Boher Na Breena 100, Eastern Glow 105, James G. 110, Cadillac 113.

SECOND RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five furlongs. Coombs, 90 pounds, *War Loan 102, *Elga 105, *Miss Brush 105, Count Boris 110, Guardsman 110.

THIRD RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five furlongs. *Abbess 100 pounds, *Emma J. 100, *Lenora P. 100, May Rose 105, Grey Rump 105, Far East 110.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $700; six furlongs. Hollyhock 100 pounds, Brer Man 105, Brother McLean 105, Grundy 109, Prince of Como 112.

FIFTH RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five furlongs. Janice Logan 97 pounds, Garbage 110, *Nobleman 106, Fado Chance 112, Marty Lou 115, Avion 110.

SIXTH RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five furlongs. *Doctor D. 107 pounds, View 110, *Bugger 108, Fickle Fancy 112, Short Change 110, Driffield 113.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear; track slow.

REMOUNT PURSE IS WON BY LE GORDON

W. G. Gambrill's Entry Ridden to Victory by Major McDonell in Bowie Feature.

Special to The New York Times.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 26.—The American Remount Purse, which was arranged through the co-operation of army officials and racing officials as a means of stimulating interest in the remount work being done by the Government, was run as the feature event at Bowie this afternoon. It proved to be a highly interesting as well as a novel contest in which both the horses and riders performed creditably. The horses, all thoroughbreds owned by the Government or army officers, were ridden by officers in full uniform, with 162 pounds as the minimum weight, and the distance was seven furlongs.

The race was won by W. G. Gambrill's Le Gordon, a son of Negofol, which had also been the winner of the first of the remount races run at Laurel a few weeks ago. Le Gordon was ridden by Major McDonell and won easily by three lengths from Jay Bird, ridden by Major Stanley Koch, who recently purchased this horse. Jay Bird had earlier in the season been seen frequently in steeplechase events. Regular, owned and ridden by Major Stevenson, was third. There were nine starters for the test.

Le Gordon was rated well back of the pace to the final furlong, while Rakeoff had stolen into a lead of nearly five lengths in the first half mile. The latter, however, tired very badly at the head of the stretch and at the same time Major McDonell sent Le Gordon along and the gelding had little trouble in assuming command to win with plenty of speed in reserve. The victory was a popular one, since Le Gordon had been made the favorite. Jay Bird was far back at the head of the stretch, but finished with a rush that just got him up in time to take second place from Regular by a nose.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-old maidens; purse $1,000. Five and a half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
P. T. Barnum	114	Robinson	11-5	1nk
Rhinestone	111	Weiner	100-10	2nk
Sichim	114	Miller	221-20	3
Parhelion	111	Morris	11-5	4
Pansy	111	Mooney	391-20	5
Gold Foyle	114	Lancaster	683-20	6
Rosecliff	111	Myers	491-20	7
Nebulous	114	Butwell	121-20	8
Jacques	114	Pierce	611-20	9
Fern Grass	111	Wessler	455-20	10
Annette's Sister	111	Richcreek	391-20	11
William of C	114	Rowan	391-20	12
My Friend Pat	114	Huff	121-3	13

Field.

$2 mutuels paid: P. T. Barnum, $6.40, $4, $3.70; Rhinestone, $11. $8.20; Sichim, $5.80.

Time—1:00.

Start good; won driving; place same. P. T. Barnum, ch. c., by Judge Wright—Dick's Pet; owned by Mrs. W. M. Jeffords and trained by J. T. Kermath.

SECOND RACE.

For two-year-olds; purse $1,000. Six and a half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Explosive	106	Jarvis	40-10	1
Black Top	110	Aron	540-10	2nk
Foam	104	Weiner	55-4	3
Mollie Barnes	110	Robinson	143-20	4
*Tutt	106	Lux	226-5	5
Blarney Stone	110	Richcreek	16-5	6
Nohant	112	Butwell	71-20	7
Jamaica Belle	99	Campbell	353-20	8
*Gen. Agramonte	114	Rowan	202-5	9
Chinnie Walsh	110	Morris	15-4	10
Lutienne	102	Lancaster	10-1	11

*Field.

$2 mutuels paid: Explosive, $28.50, $11.10, $8.70; Black Top, $37.70, $22.50; Foam, $3.40.

Time—1:22.

Start good; won driving; place same. Explosive, br. f., by Transvaal—Tickle; owned by A. Swinke and trained by W. H. Dauphin.

THIRD RACE.

The American Remount Purse; for four-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000. Seven furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Le Gordon	165	Maj. McDon'd	31-20	1st
Jay Bird	165	Maj. Koch	12-5	2nd
Regular	162	Maj. Steven'n	47-10	3rd
Rakeoff	165	Lt. Walton	22-1	4
*Tracks	162	Col. Dalmer	157-20	5
*Yesternun	165	Lt. Taylor	157-20	6
Gen'l Hale	162	Lt. Bagden	105-20	7
*High Class	162	Maj. Chand'r	157-20	8
The Tank	165	Lt. Willi'm'n	227-10	9

*Field.

$2 mutuels paid: Le Gordon, $5.10, $3.20, $2.60; Jay Bird, $4, $3.10; Regular, $3.40.

Time—1:35 2-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Le Gordon, ch. g., by Negafol—Germa; owned and trained by Col. W. G. Gambrill.

FOURTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000. Six and a half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Old Sinner	108	Richcreek	88-5	1
Amac'assin	112	Butwell	9-5	2
Laughter	100	Sharpe	83-5	3
Balarona	110	Robinson	491-20	4
†Foreclosure	106	Pierce	93-5	5
Onico	106	Aron	34-5	6
*Leott Fay	106	Schwartz	83-5	7
Burlingame	111	Morris	97-10	8
Sun Rose	107	Jackson	27-4	9
†Nancy Ann	100	Shelepets	93-5	10
Jourting Colors	110	Stirling	57-2	11
Larghetto	105	Heupel	47-5	12
*Catactin	114	Mooney	33-5	13
*Deadstool	105	Lux	33-5	14

*Field. †Coupled.

$2 mutuels paid: Old Sinner, $35.20, $9.40, $5.60; Amackassin, $3.80, $2.90; Laughter, $7.30.

Time—1:22.

Start good; won driving; place handily. Old Sinner, b. g., by Von Tromp—La Sindoa; owned by W. R. Tolmie and trained by C. Phillips.

FIFTH RACE.

The Lexington Purse; for three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,200. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
War Note	112	Butwell	53-20	1st

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Irregular, Foreign Exchange and Silver Higher—Call Money Again 6%.

The most interesting fact about yesterday's markets, taken as a whole, was that the pressure of selling and the fall in prices seemed to be partly checked in all of them except commodities. The wheat and cotton markets fell to considerably the lowest prices of the year; wheat for next month's delivery going, on the Chicago Board of Trade, to a lower figure than has been reached since the well-remembered break of the markets on the "peace rumors" of December, 1916. But there were nearly as many net advances as net declines on yesterday's Stock Exchange. Silver bullion, which on Thursday had recovered a full penny per ounce at London, made a further advance of 1½ penny yesterday, and Wednesday's New York price of 72 cents was moved up to 75. Sterling, after some temporary weakness, ended yesterday at Wednesday's closing price, while the rate on France, Italy and Germany closed quotably higher.

Call money remained at the 6 per cent. rate all day, showing that Monday's sudden reduction had been premature and had not taken into view the inevitable calling-in of funds when the year-end settlements approach. The easier tendncy for rates on time loans was repeated, and it may have had some influence on the stock market. Prices for stocks, however, were highly irregular all day. In general, the industrials were again a mark of special weakness, while the railway shares recovered; but there were exceptions to the prevalent movement in both groups of stocks, and during the day advances and declines would be going on simultaneously.

At the close, some stocks were down 1 to 4 points for the day while others were 1 to 3 points higher. The Stock Exchange seemed to be mostly influenced, on the one hand by a more cheerful feeling concerning the railway situation, on the other by the perplexity and doubt which the fall in commodity prices and the news of mill shut-downs and wage cuts had inevitably created.

In some respects, yesterday's Government report on the country's foreign trade in October is extremely surprising. The confusion and deadlock which now prevail in our export trade with several continents had not reached anything like their present pitch last month. Nevertheless, few people would have ventured to predict that October's total export trade could not only have run 25 per cent. in value beyond that of the preceding month but could actually have reached the largest total reported for any month in our history except March of 1920 and June of 1919. This, however, appears to have been the somewhat remarkable fact.

In past seasons of sudden trade reaction in the United States this has often happened. The reason why it was not expected that such high figures would be reached this time in the export trade is, first, that the average prices at which the value of the trade would be computed had been heavily reduced, but, second, that the abnormally severe shrinkage in consumers' demands had occurred this season in the rest of the world as well as in the United States. In some products, the fall in prices stimulated exports; we have already learned from the Census Bureau that October's cotton exports were 353,000 bales above September and 229,000 ahead of October, 1919. The movement in that trade was believed to be exceptional; but apparently it was not. Last month's imports decreased slightly from September and were the smallest of any month since the middle of 1919. As a consequence the surplus of exports, $390,000,000, was the largest of any single month since June of 1919, and has in fact never been exceeded except in that month and two earlier months of the same year.

MONEY.

FRIDAY, NOV. 26.

Money on call on the Stock Exchange ruled unchanged at 6 per cent. all day Wednesday. The borrowing demand was small. Time funds ruled unchanged as well, both on mixed and all industrial collateral. On 60-90 day, mixed, the rate was 7¼@7½ per cent., 4, 5 and 6 months, 7½ per cent. was the ruling rate. All industrial collateral, 60-90 days, 7½ per cent., and 4, 5 and 6 months, 7¼@7½ per cent.

There was no quotable change in rate on prime merchants' paper, 7¾@8 per cent. ruling, with business quiet.

A drop from 7 to 6 per cent. in the commercial discount rate of a large national bank was reported during the day.

Call Loans.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Last.	Wedn'y's last.
6	6	6	6	6

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days, 7¼@7½; 4, 5 and 6 months.....7½
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days, 7½; 4, 5 and 6 months.....7¼@7½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months.....7¾@8
Other names, 3 to 6 months.....8 @8¼

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days.....8
Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days.....6
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days...6

Open Market Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call...6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6⅜@6⅝
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....7⅛@7⅜

London Market.

Money on London market Thursday up ¼ per cent. at 5½ per cent.; short bills unchanged at 6 13-16@6⅞ per cent.; three months' bill unchanged at 6 11-16 per cent. Gold bullion on the open London market was up 7d at 117s 7d per fine ounce; Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Friday's exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $924,129,096; balances, $94,335,240; United States Subtreasury debit balance, $1,454,178; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $75,885,353. Exchanges for the same day a year ago, $1,019,757,469.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London 1½d higher at 48¾d per ounce. New York price for bar silver unchanged at 80½c per ounce, the Mint price; foreign silver, 3c higher at 75c.

Range of prices for silver bullion the month:

	—Highest—		—Lowest—	
London	54⅝d	Nov. 10	46¼d	Nov. 23
New York	82¾c	Nov. 4	72c	Nov. 24

Range for the present year to date:

London	80⅛d	Feb. 11	44d	June 13
New York	$1.37	Jan. 11	72c	Nov. 24

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads...	57.86	56.48	57.28	+ .47
25 industrials.	88.11	86.33	86.89	—1.12
50 stocks.....	72.99	71.40	72.08	— .33

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 25.....	Holiday.			
Nov. 24.....	73.10	71.72	72.41	— .53
Nov. 23.....	74.22	72.36	72.94	— .60
Nov. 22.....	73.70	70.87	73.54	+3.06
Nov. 20.....	70.70	68.85	70.48	+1.01

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1920.	82.84	Nov. 4	68.85	Nov. 20	72.08
1919.	99.50	Nov. 5	84.15	Nov. 20	85.34
1918.	90.16	Nov. 12	71.06	Nov. 26	73.80
1917.	66.16	Nov. 23	60.42	Nov. 8	64.02
1916.	101.51	Nov. 20	97.77	Nov. 1	97.93

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1920.	94.07	Apr. 8	68.85	Nov. 20	72.08
†1919.	99.50	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	85.38

Full Years.

1919.	99.50	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	89.69
1918.	70.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.30
1917.	90.46	Jan. 4	57.47	Dec. 20	65.88
1916.	101.51	Nov. 20	80.04	Apr. 22	88.22

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues.....70.21	—.07	—2.60	—1.86

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Nov. 25...	Holiday.		Nov. 16...	70.7	—.01
Nov. 24...	70.28	—.13	Nov. 15...	70.70	—.44
Nov. 23...	70.41	+.11	Nov. 13...	71.14	—.22
Nov. 22...	70.30	+.22	Nov. 12...	71.36	—.38
Nov. 20...	70.08	+.27	Nov. 11...	71.74	—.02
Nov. 19...	70.21	—.13	Nov. 10...	71.81	—.22
Nov. 18...	70.34	—.26	Nov. 9...	72.03	—.32
Nov. 17...	70.60	—.11	Nov. 8...	72.75	—.28

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1920.	73.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	70.21
†1919.	79.05	June 2	72.07	Nov. 28	72.07

Full Years.

1919.	79.05	June 2	71.06	Dec. 3	72.06
1918.	82.36	Nov. 12	75.85	Sep. 27	75.73
1917.	89.48	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 20	76.30

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

Dry Goods Spring Outlook Better.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—In their weekly review of the wholesale dry goods trade, Marshall Field & Co. say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods was not as great as for the corresponding week of last year. Orders from salesmen on the road were less in volume than for the same period a year ago, but larger than for last week. Orders for Spring delivery are somewhat larger than for previous weeks. There were more customers in the market than a year ago. The retail merchants report a continuance of excellent business. Collections were not up to the standard of the same week of last year."

UNEVEN CHANGES IN FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Sterling Recedes While Francs, Lire and Marks Are Firm—China Rates Up.

Foreign exchange rates moved unevenly yesterday without developing a decided tendency in either direction, with the exception of a 2½-cent rise of Chinese quotations. This reflected the fairly sharp recovery which occurred in the price of silver. Sterling receded from 3.49¼ to 3.47¾, recovering to 3.48¾ near the end of the business session. This was a net decline of a half cent from Wednesday's final rate. The Polish rate dropped from .23 to .12 under a light flow of offerings. Marks fluctuated between 1.42 and 1.48 cents each, ending at 1.45½ cents compared with 1.43 on Wednesday. Francs, lire and guilders were steady.

FRIDAY, NOV. 26, 1920.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Wednesday. Final.
LONDON	3.49¼	3.47¾	3.48¾	3.49¼
PARIS	6.08	6.03	6.08	6.05
ROME	3.67	3.65	3.66	3.64
AMSTERDAM	39.50	39.40	39.50	39.375
BERLIN	1.48	1.42	1.45½	1.43
MADRID	13.13	12.93	13.13	13.13

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the U. S. Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Friday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅝ per sovereign.			
Demand	3.48¾	3.45	4.00¾
Cables	3.49¼	3.45¾	4.01⅛
Com., 60 days	3.43½	3.39¾	3.95
Com., 90 days	3.41¼	3.37½	3.93
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.08	5.98	10.21
Cables	6.09	5.99	10.23
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.66	3.70	8.23
Cables	3.67	3.71	9.25
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.44	6.34	10.67
Cables	6.45	6.35	10.69
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.45½	1.38	2.32
Cables	1.46	1.38½	2.33
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.32½	.31½	.72
Cables	.33	.32	.74
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.23	1.18	2.03
Cables	1.26	1.19	2.05
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	13.50	13.30	20.25
Cables	13.60	13.35	20.40
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand	2.20	2.21	3.45
Cables	2.21	2.22	3.50
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	8.55	8.35	17.40
Cables	8.60	8.00	17.48
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	39.50	39.25	37.6875
Cables	39.625	39.375	37.8125
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.23	.21	..
Cables	.24	.22	..
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.82	.72	.98
Cables	.83	.73	1.00
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	13.50	13.25	21.60
Cables	13.60	13.30	21.80
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	.12	.34	1.70
Cables	.13	.35	1.80
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per lei.			
Demand	1.45	1.43	3.00
Cables	1.46	1.44	3.85
SERBIA: Belgrade—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	3.25	3.05	5.05
Cables	3.30	3.10	5.10
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	13.13	13.15	19.65
Cables	13.14	13.17	19.75
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	19.20	19.05	22.60
Cables	19.25	19.10	22.75
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	15.66	15.57	18.18
Cables	15.69	15.60	18.20

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.			
Hongkong, demand	66.25	67.00	101.00
Hongkong, cables	66.35	67.10	101.50
Peking, demand	93.00	93.00	162.00
Shanghai, demand	87.00	88.50	151.00
Shanghai, cables	87.50	89.00	151.50
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	28.50	29.00	44.50
Cables	28.75	29.25	44.75
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.			
Demand	46.25	46.25	49.00
Cables	46.50	46.50	49.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	32.50	32.50	..
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	50.375	50.25	50.50
Cables	50.625	50.50	50.75

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44c per Arg. paper dol.			
Demand	33.375	33.00	43.125
Cables	33.50	33.25	43.25
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milrei			
Demand	16.125	16.00	29.625
Cables	16.25	16.125	29.75

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100c per Canadian dollar.			
Demand	87.9	88.9	98.3

Russian Currency.

	Russian ruble 51.40 cents per Bid.	Asked.
Prices for pre-revolution notes were as follows: Par, ruble:		.90
100 ruble notes, par ruble	.80	.90
300 ruble notes, par ruble	.75	.80

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 21,'22	89	90½	...
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 23, 23	90	95	7.75
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 28,'27	87½	91⅝	7.85
Am. Cot. Oil	8	Sep. 2,'24	90	91⅝	..
A. T. & T.	..	Oct., 1922	94⅜	95¼	8.60
A. T. & T.	8	Feb., 1924	93½	94⅛	8.05
Am. Ti'd Co.	6	Dec., 1923	93	95	8.80
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1921	99⅞	100¼	6.70
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1922	99¼	100⅛	6.90
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1923	99⅝	100⅛	6.95
Anac. Co.	6	Jan., 1920	91	92	8.25
An.-A. O., Ltd.	7½	Apr. 1923	99¾	100⅛	7.50
Armour & Co.	8	1920-1924	94	99	....
Armour & Co.	7	1930	95	95½	7.80
Armour & Co.	7	1930	95½	95⅞	7.80
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July 15,'23	98	98½	8.00
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July 15,'22	97⅝	98⅛	8.00
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	94½	95	7.60
Cont. Arg. R.	6	Feb.,1927	81½	83½	9.50
C., B. & Q. R. (joint)	4	July, 1921	96¼	96½	7.80
C., R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	95	96½	8.50
C., C., C. & St. L. Ry. Co.	6	July, 1929	89½	90½	7.50
Col. Graph. Co. 8%	....	Aug., 1925	91	94	9.70
Cudahy Pack.	7	July 15,'23	97	97¾	....
Fed. Sug. R.	6	Nov., 1924	92	94	7.75
The B.F. Goodrich Co. cv.	7	Apr., 1925	88¾	89¼	10.00
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1921	97½	98⅓	7.00
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1922	95¾	96¼	7.50
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1923	95⅓	96¼	7.20
Hocking Val.	6	Mar., 1924	92½	93⅛	8.50
Int. Rap. Tr.	7	Sep., 1921	..	71½	..
Kan. C. Ter.	6	Nov., 1923	94¼	95⅝	7.60
Kennecott C.	7	Feb., 1930	92½	93¼	8.10
Laclede Gas.	..	Jan., 1929	89	91	8.40
Lig. & Myers.	6	Dec., 1941	98	98⅜	7.80
Nat. C. & S.	10-yr. 8	....	90	96	8.60
Penn Co.	4½	June 15,'21	98¼	98⅝	7.10
Phila Co.	6	Feb., 1922	93¾	94⅛	10.10
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1921	99⅝	100⅛	6.80
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1922	99⅝	100	7.00
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1923	100⅛	100⅜	6.70
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J. cv.	7	Mar., 1922	87½	89	..
R. J. Ryl'ds	7.6	Aug., 1922	96¾	97¼	7.80
Sears R. & C.	7	Oct., 15,'21	98	98½	8.60
Sears R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'22	95¾	96⅛	8.60
Sears R. & C.	7	Oct., 15,'23	95	95½	8.75
Cinc. C. O. C.	7½	May 15,'25	90¼	91	10.00
Sidway & Co.	8	Oct., 1927	99½	100¼	8.10
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	94¾	95¼	9.50
S'west B. T.	7	Apr., 1925	93	94½	9.40
St. P. Un. Dep., guaran.	5½	Dec. 15,'23	95½	96½	7.00
S. S. & A.	10-yr. 8	....	99	88•	7.50
Swift & Co.	..	Aug. 15,'21	97⅝	98	8.55
Swift & Co.	7	Oct. 15,'25	95½	96⅛	8.00
Texas Co.	7	Mar., 1923	98	98⅜	7.70
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	80	83	..
West. El. cv.	7	Apr., 1925	98⅞	99¼	7.20

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Lower Commercial Discounts.

Easily the outstanding feature of yesterday's money market was the announcement which came from the President of one of the big downtown banks setting forth the reduction from 7 per cent. to 6 per cent. in the institution's commercial discount rate. Accompanying this reduction, the statement issued contained the following: "Feeling that the commercial discount rate of 7 per cent. which this bank has been charging, has been in operation sufficiently long to serve its purpose in bringing about the proper adjustment, the President today authorized a change to 6 per cent. He feels that this is a proper and fair course to pursue in the interests of business in general, and, further, that it will convey to the public mind a justifiable reassurance of the progress being made as a result of the policy of the Federal Reserve Bank."

***

Bond Tax Selling.

Bond dealers say there is quite a little selling of bonds and other securities for purposes of tax return records, but the selling is being lost sight of in the generally good demand for these investments. And, unlike the selling of a year ago, this time it is little more than switching, for the money realized on the sales is going right back into other securities. A year ago this was not the case in a great many instances, for then while there were plenty of sales, there was not so much rebuying. There still are exceptions to the rule, of course, with most of these exceptions in Liberties. Selling for tax return purposes of Liberty bonds is not resulting in much repurchasing of Liberties, but is resulting in quite a good deal of reinvestment elsewhere on the list.

***

Gold "Imports."

The $112,000,000 gold which the Federal Reserve Banks have been in process of bringing home from the vaults of the Bank of England the past six or eight weeks is not counted as "new gold" or "imported gold," or anything like that by the Reserve Banks. But the Mint and the Customs House look at it differently. To them it is "gold brought into the country," hence it figures as plain imports and stands so on their records. Thus, for those who figure merely on the Reserve Bank statements there is no increase, while for those who look only at import returns there is, and between the two there may well be quite a little confusion.

***

Foreign Financing.

Sale by a group of bankers headed by William A. Read & Co. of a block of $25,000,000 Canadian Northern bonds brings the total of foreign financing undertaken in this market during the current year up to $371,810,700, of which Canadian issues have accounted for $84,500,000 and European, Government and municipal and one corporate offering, for $287,310,700. These figures represent merely the formal offerings and do not include sales here of European internal securities or private grants of credit.

***

Copper at New Low.

The price of copper continues to drift to new low levels despite the fact that the selling figure has for some time been well below production cost. In other words, the copper companies, in an effort to ease the burden of carrying the large stocks of copper, are willing to sell at a loss. But even this sacrifice is not doing much to help the situation, since the consumers are not yet buying the metal on any large scale. On the Metal Exchange yesterday copper slipped back to 13⅝ cents a pound, and in the outside market it was reported that metal could be had at 13¾ cents. As a matter of fact, it is probable that the consumer can get some of the smaller companies to do a fairly liberal amount of shading even on current prices. Apparently the only recourse for the copper men is to further curtail operations. And the benefit of this will not be fully in evidence until such time as the copper surplus has been further depleted. When that is reduced to normal proportions, covering copper in process and in transit, the producers may have the whip hand, since there is really a big potential demand for the metal.

***

Break in General Asphalt.

Announcement that a special meeting of the stockholders of the General Asphalt Company had been called for Dec. 7 to pass on a proposal to issue $4,000,000 8 per cent. ten-year sinking fund convertible bonds had a decidedly ill effect on the stock yesterday. The net change for the day was a loss of 4¼ points, the final transaction being at 42¼ as compared with a high for the day of 47. Both preferred and common stockholders will have the right to subscribe to the bonds to the extent of 14.6 per cent. of their stock holdings, the price being 98½ and accrued interest. The right to subscribe expires Dec. 15. The bonds are convertible into common stock, par for par, after Jan. 1, 1923, and are callable in amounts of $500,000 or any multiple thereof on any interest date at 105 and interest, this applying until Dec. 1, 1926. Thereafter there is a premium of 1 per cent. for each year. General Asphalt is one of the large South American oil companies, and it is thought probable that the floating of a bond issue presages a more intensive development campaign than has yet been undertaken.

***

Steel Stocks Heavy.

Announcement that the Jones & Laughlin Company had cut steel prices close to the level of the United States Steel Corporation was a signal for selling the steel shares yesterday. It was apparently the belief that others of the Independents would follow suit, and Wall Street was inclined to doubt whether the Independents could make any profit on the Steel Corporation level. The selling movement against the steels did not make pronounced headway, but most of them closed off for the day. The chief danger for the Independents, according to market comment, is that they will run out of business since new business will flow to the Steel Corporation as long as there is a margin of advantage in placing orders there. It is believed that before long the Independents may arrive at some plan whereby wages will be reduced. Several are understood to be considering such a measure.

***

The Maintenance Hearing.

Railroad heads and counsel are gathering their evidence regarding the undermaintenance of their properties during the twenty-six months of Federal control and will present it at the general hearing before the Interstate Commerce Commission a week from today. That the Railroad Administration failed to replace ties and rails, as well as ballast, in roadbeds throughout the country, has been asserted in many of the annual reports of the more important carriers, and these in no uncertain terms have intimated that claims would be filed. What the final total of such claims will aggregate cannot be estimated other than that it will amount to hundreds of millions of dollars. And many of the roads will ask for reimbursement not alone for undermaintenance but for the supplies which were on hand at the beginning of Federal control, which were used up during Government operation. Whether such supplies will be estimated at present prices or at the purchase price remains to be seen, although some managers feel that present prices should be the basis for replacement.

***

The Twin City Dividend.

Announcement that the Twin City Rapid Transit Company had declared a dividend of $3 a share on the common stock as a disbursement out of the current year's earnings was a surprise only in the fact that the payment was larger than the $2.50 declared in the same manner last February. It was said at that time that the distribution was being made out of 1919 earnings. The regular 1¾ per cent. preferred dividend was also declared yesterday. Both disbursements are payable Jan. 3 to stockholders of record Dec. 14, 1920.

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4% Bonds, guaranteeing Ontario Hydro Electric. Due Aug., 1957. Interest payable in Canada and New York.
Price 65.15 and Int.
To Yield 6.50%
Province of Alberta
4½% Bonds, guaranteeing Edmonton, Dunvegin & B. C. Ry. Due Oct. 22, 1944. Interest payable in Canada and New York.
Price 71.14 and Int.
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Full particulars and further offerings upon request.
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1st Coll. Trust
Sinking Fund 5s
Due November, 1927
To Net 9¾%
Edwin Bancker & Co.
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Telephone Rector 944-5.

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Per Annum

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Do you want a real security to sell? One you can offer to particular investors—a proposition distinct from the usual industrials. Only high-grade salesmen of proven ability.

W 377 TIMES

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

FRIDAY, NOV. 26, 1920.

Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Tuesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
688,538	Holiday.	676,066	1,439,068	653,437

Year to Date.	Same Period 1919.	1918.	1917.
198,479,205½	287,894,470	131,130,846	171,811,688

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
17	19	100	Advance Rumely	18	18	18	18	—1
51	53	100	Do pf	50½	50½	50½	50½	+ ½
..	..	200	Ajax Rubber	32¾	34	32¾	34	+1
..	..	200	Alaska Juneau	1½	1½	1½	1½	..
1⅜	1½	200	Allied C. & D. w. i.	53	53½	52⅝	53½	+ ⅜
53¼	53¾	2,500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	30¼	30¾	30	30	—2
30	31	500	Am. Ag. Chemical	69⅝	69⅝	68¾	67½	—1¼
67½	67⅝	3,100	Am. Beet Sugar	53⅞	54	52¼	52¼	..
52	53	300	Am. Bosch Mag	68¼	68½	68⅛	68½	..
68½	69⅝	200	American Can	26⅝	26½	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅝
25⅝	26	800	Do pf	80¼	80¾	80¼	80¾	+1⅛
79	81½	200	Am. Car. & Fdy	124½	125⅛	123½	123½	—1
123½	124½	1,700	Am. Cotton Oil pf	68	68	68	68	..
65	75	100	Am. Drug. Synd	8	8	8	8	..
7⅞	8	100	American Express	115¾	115¾	115	115	—4
116½	125	300	Am. Hide & Leath	8¼	8¼	8⅛	8⅛	— ¼
8	9	200	Do pf	47¾	47⅞	47¾	47⅞	+ ⅛
47	48	600	American

LARGE INCREASE IN OCTOBER EXPORTS

Total Outward Trade Last Month Never but Twice Exceeded in Our History.

IMPORTS LOWEST OF YEAR

October's Surplus of Exports Over Imports Largest Since the Middle of 1919.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Exports from the United States during October increased by nearly $150,000,000, while imports decreased approximately $1,000,000, so the foreign trade figures made public today by the Department of Commerce show. Exports were valued at $752,000,000, against $605,000,000 in September, while imports were valued at $562,000,000, against $363,600,000. The excess of exports over imports in October, amounting to $390,000,000, is the largest in any one month of the present year.

For the ten months ended with October exports were $6,832,000,000, compared with $6,499,000,000 in the same period last year, and imports were $4,720,000,000, or $1,021,000,000 more than during the same period last year. Thus the trade balance in favor of the United States for the first ten months of this year is $2,112,000,000, compared with a balance for the same period the year before of $3,400,000,000.

Imports of gold during October were the largest in three years, amounting to $117,000,000, as compared with $39,000,000 in September and $5,000,000 in October last year. For the ten months' period gold imports amounted to $316,000,000, against $61,000,000 in the same period of 1919. Gold exports in October were $26,000,000, against $44,000,000 in October last year, and for the ten months ended with October exports of gold amounted to $285,000,000, against $270,000,000 for the same period last year.

Trade in silver remains relatively small. Imports for the ten months ended with October were $78,000,000, against $73,000,000 last year, and exports were $104,000,000, as compared with $189,000,000 for the corresponding period last year. The figures for October were not given.

The large increase in the export trade for October was not expected by the financial community, which had been led to believe, through the recent partial paralysis of trade with certain foreign countries, notably South America, that a substantial reduction would be reported. But the $752,000,000 exports of October are, in fact, the largest of any month since March, when the outward trade reached $819,556,000, largely because of an increase of $93,000,000 in our export of cotton that month, as compared with 1919. The only other month in our history in which exports have exceeded last month's record was June, 1919, when the total outward trade was $928,879,000.

In general, the increase in last month's export trade was attributed yesterday to larger shipments of cotton and grain, in response to the lower prices. It has already been officially stated that our export of cotton in October was 582,014 bales, as against 224,068 in September, 146,668 in August and 352,231 in October of 1919. Even at October's average prices cotton would bring more than $100 per bale. It is probable that the heavy curtailment of steel and iron exports did not have its effect until toward the close of October. The moderate further reduction of imports in October brought the month's inward trade to the smallest total since the $307,331,000 of August, 1919. As compared with the maximum imports of the year, in January, there was a reduction in October of $133,700,000. The surplus of exports over imports was the largest of any month since June, 1919.

The October trade in merchandise compares as follows with the preceding month and with the same month last year:

	Oct., 1920.	Sept., 1920.	Oct., 1919.
Exports	$752,000,000	$605,291,000	$631,910,000
Imports	362,000,000	363,666,000	401,873,000
Exc. Exp.	$390,000,000	$241,625,000	$230,037,000

For the ten completed months of 1920, compared with the same periods in 1919 and 1918 (000 omitted):

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Exports	$6,832,000	$6,501,124	$5,060,964
Imports	4,720,000	3,098,804	2,569,318
Excess Expts.	$2,112,000	$3,402,320	$2,491,646

October's results compare as follows with previous months this year (000 omitted):

	Expts.	Impts.	Exc.Ex.
October	$752,000	$362,000	$390,000
September	605,291	363,666	241,625
August	578,347	518,111	65,235
July	651,368	537,128	114,240
June	629,376	552,605	76,771
May	745,718	431,004	314,714
April	684,319	495,738	188,581
March	819,556	523,923	295,633
February	645,145	467,402	177,743
January	722,063	473,823	248,240

The October trade in gold compares as follows with the preceding month and with the same month last year:

	Oct., 1920.	Sept., 1920,	Oct., 1919.
Exports	$26,000,000	$17,000,000	$44,000,000
Imports	117,000,000	39,000,000	5,000,000
Exc. im'pts.	$91,000,000	$22,000,000	.....
Exc. exports.	.....	.....	$39,000,000

For the ten completed months of 1920, compared with the same periods in 1919 and 1918:

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Exports	$285,000,000	$270,000,000	$36,000,000
Imports	316,000,000	61,000,000	58,000,000
Exc. imprts.	$31,000,000	.....	$22,000,000
Exc. expts.	.....	$209,000,000	.....

Exports and imports of silver for the ten completed months of 1920 compare as follows with the same periods in 1919 and 1918:

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Exports	$104,000,000	$189,000,000	$197,000,000
Imports	78,000,000	73,000,000	61,000,000
Exc. exp.	$26,000,000	$116,000,000	$136,000,000

Notwithstanding the large export surplus of October, the total excess of exports for the ten first months of 1920 show reduction of $1,290,000,000 from the same months in 1919 and of $379,000,000 even from 1918. Last month's imports of gold include a large amount, approximately $50,000,000, which had been paid by Germany for foodstuffs, but held in London banks to the credit of the Federal Reserve until transferred to America this Autumn.

Wartime Movement of Silver.

The fall in the London price of silver this year from 89½ pence per ounce to 44 pence, its recovery to 63¾ and its renewed decline to 46¼, have been much more violent fluctuations than any in the market's previous history. In 1919 the London price had risen from 48¼ pence to 79½, but the advance was fairly continuous. The price in July, 1914, was 29⅛ pence, and as late as December, 1915, it sold at 25⅞.

TRADE EDITORS TOLD OF CONDITIONS ABROAD

Americans Not Unpopular in Austria and Germany, Living Cheap, Says A. C. Pearson.

At a luncheon of the New York Conference of Business Paper Editors, held at the American Automobile Club yesterday, A. C. Pearson, General Manager of the Dry Goods Economist, who has just returned from a three months' trip through Europe, said general living conditions were far better than was supposed here.

"I expected in Germany and Austria that Americans would be unpopular," said Mr. Pearson. "To my surprise I did not observe a frown or experience a discourtesy anywhere, and I went purposely into side streets and into the country as well as in the main business sections of Berlin, Dresden and Vienna. This is probably due to propaganda from leaders making plain to the people that their hope of a future is dependent upon friendly relations with the British and Americans.

"Restrictions are off most things throughout Europe. The former allied countries and the neutral countries are especially prosperous. The former enemy countries are probably experiencing many privations, but this is not apparent in the hotels or in the streets. Even in Germany and Austria there is plenty of good food, cheaper, in dollars, than before the war. Other things are correspondingly cheap."

BANKERS CONFER ON MEXICO

French and Swiss Members of Committee Introduced to Colleagues.

M. P. Reynaud, who has taken the place of Andre Honnerat in the French group of the International Committee of Bankers on Mexico, and G. Pictet, the Swiss representative on this committee, now are in New York and were introduced yesterday to several of the members of the American group. The meeting took place at the offices of J. P. Morgan & Co., with Thomas W. Lamont, Vice Chairman of the committee, acting as host.

Mr. Lamont said that the affair had been purely informal. He explained that M. Reynaud, who had just returned from a visit to Mexico, where he went to study the situation, and M. Pictet happened to be in town, and this furnished a happy opportunity to present them to the American members of the committee.

The bankers' committee, it is stated, has no formal plan of procedure laid down, and is not prepared to ask holders of Mexican securities to deposit them with the committee pending action on behalf of the holders.

WILLYS DIVIDEND IN SCRIP.

Corporation's 8 Months' Net Before Tax Allowance Was $3,604,600.

The Willys Corporation notified first preferred stockholders yesterday that the dividend due on the stock on Dec. 1 would be paid in the form of negotiable one-year scrip. This will be callable at par and will be payable to stockholders of record Nov. 29. The scrip payment was decided upon, it is asserted, in order to conserve cash assets and credit resources.

The statement of earnings accompanying the announcement shows that the net profits for the eight months ended Aug. 31, before allowing for taxes, were $3,604,600, as compared with $4,141,255 for the full year 1919. The statement also says that profits for the last four months of the year will not add appreciably to the total indicated for the eight months.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Paris Prices Easier, London Market Quiet.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—Old 2½ per cent. consols, 44⅝; British 5 per cent. war loan, 83; 4½ per cent. war loan, 76½; Rand Mines, 2⅝; De Beers Mining, 14⅝.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—Prices were easy on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 20 centimes higher at 56 francs; 5 per cent. war loan, unchanged at 85 francs 20 centimes.

Exchange on London, 46 centimes lower at 57 francs 70 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 16 francs 51½ centimes, against 16 francs 71½ centimes yesterday.

Great Britain's Surplus Revenue.

Up to Nov. 1, the British Government's revenue for the fiscal year beginning April 1 was £726,530,073, against £536,941,148 for the corresponding period in 1919. Expenditure was £631,127,061, against £859,263,467. The present fiscal year has thus far, therefore, produced a surplus of £95,403,012, as compared with a deficit of £322,322,319 for the same months last year. The estimated surplus for the entire fiscal twelvemonth is £234,198,000.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

Quoted on a Percentage Basis.

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1920-'27	4½	7.50	6.75
Beth. Steel	1920-'30	7	7.35	7.00
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1920-'33	4½, 5, 6	6.90	6.30
Canadian Pac.	1920-'32	4½@6	7.25	6.50
Chi. & N'western.	1920-'23	4½	6.90	6.35
Chi., R. I. & P.	1920-'27	4½@5	7.50	6.75
Ch., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	7.25	6.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	7.00	6.25
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	7.35	6.75
Erie Railroad	1920-'27	4½@5	8.00	7.00
Grace Steamship.	1920-'34	6	7.75	7.10
Illinois Central	1920-'27	4½@5	6.95	6.80
Illinois Central	1925-'35	7	6.75	6.40
Int. Prod. Ship.	1920-'28	7	8.50	7.25
Louis. & Nash.	1920-'23	5	6.90	6.35
Mich. Central	1920-'32	5 @6	6.90	6.25
Minn. & St. L.	1920-'27	5 @6	7.50	6.65
Miss., K. & T.	1920-'24	5	7.75	7.00
N. Y. Central	1920-'32	4½@5	7.15	6.40
N. Y. Central	1921-'35	7	7.15	6.40
Norf. & Western.	1920-'24	4½	6.90	6.25
Northern Pacific.	1921-'30	7	7.10	6.40
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'29	4½, 5, 6	7.75	7.00
Pac. Fruit Exp.	1925-'35	7	8.00	6.40
Penn. Gen. Fr't.	1920-'23	4 @4½	6.85	6.35
Pitts. & L. Erie.	1921-'35	6½	6.85	6.35
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	6.95	6.25
Seab'd Air Line.	1920-'27	4½, 5, 6	8.00	7.00
Standard Refining.	1920-'21	6	8.00	7.00
Southern Pacific.	1920-'25	4½	6.85	6.25
Southern Pacific.	1924-'35	7	6.85	6.35
Southern Ry.	1920-'26	4½@5	7.35	6.62
Union Pacific.	1924-'35	7	6.80	6.30
Virginian Ry.	1920-'30	6	7.35	6.60
White Oil Corp.	1920-'23	6	8.25	7.25

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.
Alpha	.00	
Andes	.65	
Best & Belcher	.13	
Challenge	1.20	
Chollar	.08	
Concordia	.11	
Confidence	1.80	
Con. Virginia	3.30	
Gould & Curry	.08	
Imperial	.70	
Jacket	.25	
Mexican	.14	
Ophir	.33	
Overman	.30	
Savage	.10	
Seg. Belcher	.02	
Scorpion	.04	
Sierra Nevada	.06	
Union	.30	
Utah	.03	

TONOPAH.

Belmont	1.20	
Cash Boy	.07	
Jim Butler	.16	
MacNamara	.21	
Midway	.03	
Monarch	.04	
North Star	.06	
Rescue	.21	
Tonopah Ext.	1.40	
Tonopah, '78	.05	
West End	1.00	
West Tonopah	.04	

DIVIDE.

Alto	.04	
Belcher	.03	
Belcher Ext	.04	
Brougher	.10	
Butte	.02	

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Ask.
Cresson	1⅛	1¼
Doctor	1½	2⅛
Elkton	2⅛	2⅜
El Paso	.10	10¼
Gold. Cycle	67¼	69
Granite	7	12
Isabella	3⅜	3⅞
Mary McK.	3	5
Portl. nd.	.57	61
U. Gold M.	9	12
Vindicator	18	25
Rose Nicol.	4½	5½

Divide Tonopah. 1.05
Dividend .03
Divide .02
Extension .26
Florence .04
Gold Reef .03
Harmill .17
Hasbrouck .03
Kernick .08
Knox .11
Myra .03
Revert .03
Silver .02
Verdi .03
Victory .04
West .07
Western .02
Zone .18

GOLDFIELD.

Booth	.03
Consolidated	.06
Crackerjack	.03
Florence	.10
Jumbo Ext.	.04
Kewanas	.02
Lone Star	.04
Silver Pick	.04
Spearhead	.03

OTHER DISTRICTS.

Arrowhead	.07
Black Mammoth	.05
Brown Hills	.12
Bullwhacker	.50
Climax	.04
Croesus	.45
Holly	1.45
Round Mountain	.15
Simon	.60
Uncle Sam	.16
White Caps	.08

BUSINESS SUFFERS FROM BUYING HALT

Hope for Improvement Depends on Expected Price Cuts by Retailers.

MILD WEATHER A FACTOR

More Pronounced Reductions in Wholesale Apparel Lines Predicted by Bradstreet's.

The withholding of the general public from any but the most necessary purchases continues to retard a revival in general business. Mild weather, further decreases in the prices of farm products and the unwillingness of most retailers to cut prices in the same ratio that wholesalers have been cutting also have been influences in holding back any substantial turn for the better. The indications, however, according to the weekly trade reviews, point to some price reductions by the retailers, and if this is done, most authorities agree, there should be some improvement shortly. In commenting on the situation, Bradstreet's says:

"Wholesale trade is still quiet, and where more activity is evident it is largely in preparations for even more pronounced cuts in apparel lines, designed to clear out or reduce stocks previous to inventorying. Where goods have been moved either at wholesale or retail, and there is evidence of this in wholesale lines such as shoes, hides, leather, raw wool, men's woolen wear and several lines of cotton, and at retail in all apparel lines, it has been at the expense of prices. There has been some expansion in holiday lines at wholesale, especially in fancy groceries, notions and seasonal novelties, but the volume of trade done is not equal to other recent years. At markets where retailers are out for business with real reductions shown, trade is said to equal or exceed last year, but the volume of complaints and exhortation to retailers to cut prices deep seem to be growing instead of lessening."

Speaking of the huge exports of wheat and corn, the same authority says:

"Wheat, including flour, exports from the United State and Canada for the week ended Nov. 25, reported to Bradstreet's, aggregate 6,663,426 bushels, against 8,459,996 bushels last week and 3,554,681 bushels this week last year. For the twenty-one weeks ended Nov. 25 exports are 203,012,972 bushels, against 133,806,825 bushels in the corresponding period last year. Corn exports for the week are 634,553 bushels, against 947,196 bushels last week and 1,100 bushels in 1919. For the 21 weeks ended Nov. 25 corn exports are 4,694,348 bushels, against 929,240 bushels last year."

Dun's Review says:

"In a period of readjustment irregular conditions are to be expected, and reports from different parts of the country vary according to the relative strength of consuming demand in respective localities. Where the tide of unemployment has risen, as in the strictly manufacturing centres, the retail turnover shows a greater lessening than elsewhere, but the statistical measures of trade volumes indicate a widespread recession from previous high records. Bank clearings this week are again considerably smaller than last year's, the price situation being a factor in the reduction, and the gains over the figures of earlier years are narrowing. The commercial mortality, meanwhile, has increased; but this is a natural concomitant of the changing commercial situation, and it was not to be supposed that failures would continue indefinitely at the abnormally low levels of 1919. Recognition of the fact that business reaction was inevitable had led not a few interests to prepare for the transition, and there has not been the serious unsettlement that som people predicted.

LONG ALPINE DROUGHT.

Switzerland and Southern Germany Suffer From Lack of Water.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Nov. 26.—The drought in the Alps, which has now lasted fifty-six days, is causing not merely anxiety to the agricultural population, but great inconvenience to factories dependent on electricity and to city dwellers, especially in German Switzerland, where electricity is largely used for household purposes and not lighting alone.

The barometer has very rarely been so abnormally high, and the Swiss Meteorological Office can give no explanation of the prolonged drought, being able to cite only one similar period, toward the end of the last century, which continued for seventy days.

Frost is now added to the drought, and consequently the snow on the mountains does not melt, and the streams are either dry or abnormally reduced in volume. Several lakes have also reached a lower point than has ever been known.

Already some factories dependent on electricity have been obliged to work half time, and the municipalities of most Swiss towns are imposing severe restrictions upon the public in the use of electricity.

From Southern Germany a similar drought is reported, and Rhine navigation has been suspended so that coal cannot be transported by water.

What is extraordinary is that during this drought heavy rains have fallen and floods have occurred in neighboring countries, such as Italy and France; but not even a shower falls in Switzerland.

Wool Markets Still Unsettled.

BOSTON, Nov. 26.—The Commercial Bulletin of Boston tomorrow will say of the wool market:

"The demand for wool has continued within narrow limits during the week. Some fine and fine medium original bag territory wools have been sold at 70 to 90 cents, according to staple, to various mills. There is a stronger belief that prices are nearing the bottom rapidly.

"The foreign markets are generally slow.

"The goods market is still unsettled, but some sales of surplus cloths are being made to better advantage."

Where England's Exports Increased.

British exports of manufactured goods for the ten months ended with October increased £438,800,000 over 1919; coal exports increased £19,000,000, wool exports £2,918,000, food exports £17,052,000.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 26.—Forty-seven corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,458,000, were chartered today. They include:

Joseph E. Grosberg, Schenectady, general grocery, $20,000; M. Greenblat, R. and J. E. Grosberg, Schenectady.

Morris Automatic Life Safety Buffer, Manhattan, $100,000; A. H. Bialon, R. and S. Spiro, 378 Seneca Av., Brooklyn.

Long Beach Fuel Co., Manhattan, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value, active capital, $5,000; C. Gold, E. M. Hoagland, H. McInnis, 53 Wall St.

Green Fur Co., Manhattan, $5,000; M. Streusand, N. Levy, J. F. Nosman, 701 Crotona Parkway, Bronx.

Diamond Stone, Ballston, Pa., $10,000; G. E. Pfizer, A. Meyera, A. Diamond, 2,126 Vyse Av., Bronx.

Riverside Finance Corp., Buffalo, stocks and bonds, $50,000; C. G. Barth, F. E. Kerwin, E. J. Kay, Buffalo.

149 Manhattan Av. Corp., Manhattan, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital $5,000; A. Brand, E. Kalman, D. Auslander, 160 Fifth Av.

B. & S. Realty Corp., Buffalo, $50,000; L. L. Berger, M. C. Sackerman, E. T. Alexander, Buffalo.

Acme White Lead and Color Works, Buffalo, paints, &c., $10,000; T. Neal, A. M. Woodward and A. D. Collins, Buffalo.

Albers Garage, Brooklyn, $5,000; A. B. and H. and H. Albers, Jr., 240 Decatur St., Brooklyn.

164 East 61st St. Corp., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; G. M. and E. B. Parker, S. C. Whitbeck, 170 Broadway.

George Erskine Kayne & Co., Manhattan, merchandise, $10,000; W. D. Hatch, J. L. Yall, G. E. Kayne, 27-29 Pearl St.

Fernliffe Garage, Manhattan, building, $5,000; J. Barba, J. Deresprris, M. M. Menken, 35 West 75th St.

J. E. Battery Co. of Long Island, Manhattan, batteries and autos, $15,000; N. W. Walker, M. E. Granier, H. A. Trebing, 59 Wall St.

Alda Chemical Products Co., Brooklyn, drugs, $25,000; J. F. and C. Blaisdell, G. B. McGown, 60 Palmeto St., Brooklyn.

Stanton Flour Co., Manhattan, $10,000; D. Dain, S. Goodman, M. A. Rosenzweig, 149 West 117th St.

Minerva Automobiles, Manhattan, $150,000; P. Ostruk, F. Nozeky, E. Levy, 299 Broadway.

Fordham Baking Co., Bronx, $10,000; S. W. Phillips, M. J. Weinberger, A. A. Lane, 5 Beekman St.

Inspiration Studio, Manhattan, textiles, $100,000; H. C. Schey, A. C. Knoeller, E. Franzel, 261 Broadway.

Portuguese State Maritime Corp., Manhattan, navigation, $5,000; L. W. Simmons, G. H. N. Richard, A. F. Egelhoff, no address given.

Broadway Automatic Machine Co., Manhattan, vending machines, $7,500; I. Gilbert, L. J. Shapiro, M. Kessler, 124 West 117th St.

Rollo Trucking Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; J. Rollo, F. D. Padma, R. Nappi, 103 Waverley Av., Brooklyn.

Strand Garment Co., Manhattan, women's apparel, $10,000; H. Friedman, C. and B. Schwartz, 200 5th Av.

Bartlett Motor Corp., Adams, Jefferson Co., $25,000; L. B. Bartlett, L. Curtis, A. R. Wagner, Adams.

Rampo Mineral Water Co., Suffern, Rockland Co., $25,000; J. I. and S. E. Dlugo, J. F. Friedman, Suffern.

Mullen & Meyer, Manhattan, milk and eggs, $75,000; H. C. Jordan, W. Meyer, P. H. Mullan, 499 Bradhurst Av.

Hudson Commercial Co., Manhattan, mill agents, $10,000; T. F. Golding, J. J. Grimes, E. Shields, 349 61st St., Brooklyn.

G. Atanasio & Co., Brooklyn, cooperage, $5,000; S. and G. and G. Atanasio, Woodhaven.

Audubon Motor Supply Co., Manhattan, garage, $10,000; H. R. and C. Sanguinetti, S. R. Anthony, 680 Lenox Av.

United Apparel Stores, Manhattan, $100,000; J. Costello, L. B. Schultz, J. A. Freedman, 1,715 East 74th St., Brooklyn.

Cross & King, Manhattan, commission, $25,000; C. E. Haring, E. J. Reichert, J. J. Benedikt, 253 Broadway.

Victoria Food Stores, Brooklyn, $25,000; M. Lewis, A. Gottlieb, D. Harnik, 499 Hinsdale St., Brooklyn.

Victory Mineral Water Works, Brooklyn, $7,500; M. and G. Troyansky, M. Silverstein, 1,236 53d St., Brooklyn.

Thurston's Temple of Mystery, Manhattan, manage theatres, &c., $175,000; B. C. Elliott, H. M. Goodhue, H. Thurston, Beechurst, L. I.

Rhodes Laboratories, Buffalo, medicines, $50,000; J. A. Ford, C. J. Dobbins, J. E. Barry, Buffalo.

Reliance Foundry Corp., Rochester, $10,000; F. J. Tarrant, W. S. Hall, A. C. McCord, Rochester.

Rosenbloom, Levine & Co., Manhattan, make garments, $12,000; P. Deutsch, L. Rosenbloom, A. Levine, 706 Tinton Av., Bronx.

Nellson & Co., Bronx, contracting and electrical work, $5,000; E. A. Gollance, S. Lesser, R. Nellson, 2,580 Briggs Av., Bronx.

Post System for Feet, Manhattan, make surgical apparatus, $100,000; L. Greenwald, A. A. Schneider, H. Burke, 400 East 161st St., Bronx.

Peal Lighting Co., Manhattan, $5,000; S. Perlman, O. M. and J. Grossman, 436 West Broadway.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Peerless Blue Print Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $50,000.

Strauss & Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $150,000.

Alfred M. Best Co., Manhattan, $75,000 to $100,000.

Manhattan Storage and Warehouse Co., Manhattan, $1,800,000 to $2,700,000.

Harry R. Drake & Sons, Newark, $75,000 to $105,000.

Acme Die Casting Corp., Brooklyn, $200,000 to $275,000.

Schoeck Mfg. Co., Skaneateles, $24,000 to $50,000.

Queen City Tool Co., Buffalo, $10,000 to $100,000.

Brooklyn Windshield Co., Brooklyn, $5,000 to $8,000.

Middle Lehigh Co., Brooklyn, $20,000 to $50,000.

Empire Tanning Co., Olean, $1,000,000 to $1,500,000.

Sheffield Fisher Co., Rochester, $25,000 to $100,000.

NAME CHANGES.

Film Booking Office, Manhattan, to Walgrene Film Corp.

Topewell Realty Co., Beekman, to Sylvan Lake Camp.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

English China Clays Sales Corp., Manhattan, $500,000 to $400,000.

Topken Co., Manhattan, $532,100 to $247,100.

DESIGNATIONS.

Pittsburg and Shawmut Coal Co., Pa., capital not given; Rep., J. R. Barnett, Buffalo.

Charbonneau Rajola & Co., Del., ocean carriers, $100,000; Rep., A. Charbonneau, 52 Broadway.

Mattingly & Nutt, Del., auditing, $250,000; Rep., C. W. Nutt, 347 Madison Av.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Laureate Cleaning and Dyeing Co., Manhattan.

W. S. Realty Corp., Manhattan; Champion Dress Co., Manhattan.

Nierman & Fishman, Manhattan.

Altkane Realty Co., Manhattan.

Mathias Co., Manhattan.

Sonoma Wine and Brandy Co., Brooklyn.

Steal & Thumm Co., Buffalo.

C. M. Young Creamery Co., Waverly.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Nov. 26.—New charters:

Lawrence & Larke, Jersey City, real estate, $300,000; Louis W. Stotesbury, Justin K. Milner, New York; Ellen B. Freit, Jersey City.

Collins Puncture Proof Tube Co., Hackensack, $200,000; Joseph Kinzley Jr., William B. Mackay Jr., James W. Mercer, Hackensack.

Beach Haven Ice and Cold Storage Co., Beach Haven, $125,000; Augustus C. Hayes, Point Pleasant; Otto Peterson, Manasquan; Frank Munyon, Mon mouth Beach.

Walter Stores, Hoboken, warehousing, $150,000; Bismark S. Moore, New York; Harry Schwartz, Richard W. Guthell, Jersey City.

Victor Wilusz International Steamship Ticket Agency, Jersey City, $100,000; Alexander B. Celciuch, R. W. Dlusvieswiaki, Victor Wilusz, Jersey City.

Lyric Amusement Co., Elizabeth, $100,000; Benjamin Rossasy, Margaret Rossasy, Alexander Seelenfreund, Elizabeth.

Slater, Newark, furniture, $90,000; Albert P. Slater, Rebecca Slater, David G. Smith, Paterson.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Nov. 26.—Charters filed:

Security Credit Corp., stocks and bonds, $13,750,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Veta Grande Mines Co., mining, $5,000,000; M. L. Rogers, W. G. Singer, L. A. Irwin, Wilmington.

U. S. Friction and Filtering Cyanide Process Co., manufacture machinery, $1,000,000; M. M. Lucy, L. S. Dorsey, V. P. Lacy, Wilmington.

Indestructible Label and Sign Corp., manufacture, $1,000,000; A. W. Britton, Samuel B. Howard, Robert K. Thistle, New York.

Quality Accessory Co., stocks and bonds, $1,000,000; J. C. De Graw, Detroit; A. C. and Wilbur De Graw, New York City.

Security Loan and Mortgage Co., $1,000,000; E. E. McCloud, E. M. Little, M. Green, Cleveland.

Cotton Warehouses, $800,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Atos Oil Corp., produce oil, $500,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Journal of Commerce Publishing Co., $250,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Beenio Paint Manufacturing Co., $250,000; C. T. Cohee, C. B. Outten, S. L. MacKey, Wilmington.

White Sales Co., build motors, $150,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

United States Cereal Corp., manufacture, $100,000; Harry M. Woodruff, L. G. Griffin, Sam Gompers, Birmingham, Ala.

Wilmington Dry Goods and Notion Co., $100,000; Harry Schagrin, Morris Snyder, Baraham H. Levi, Wilmington.

Cut Rate Cigar Stores, $100,000; Charles Barsky, Charles J. Keedy, William O. Wingate, Wilmington.

Davenport Cabinet Works, $100,000; C. T. Cohee, C. B. Outten, S. L. Mackey, Wilmington.

National Service, brokerage, $100,000; J. M. Frere, J. A. Frere, W. L. Jones, Wilmington.

Worden Ship Corp., $100,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

McClosky & Co., food products, $25,000; Victor Baraky, G. H. Reed, M. M. Toner, Wilmington.

J. V. Bruck Co., importers and exporters, $20,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Advanced Arts Co., printing and stationary, $16,000; Lawrence F. Gould, Everett H. Parmey, Carl F. Crouse, Washington, D. C.

Dentist Outfitting Co., $10,000; H. S. Lyman, R. B. Donald, G. W. Tarr, Minneapolis.

CAPITAL INCREASE.

Danville Iron and Steel Corp., Danville, Pa., $3,000,000 to $6,500,000.

NAME CHANGE.

Chicago Securities Co. to Willenberger & Co., Chicago.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC'S NET INCOME DROPS

October Shows $353,300 Decrease From 1919 Despite Rate Rise.

EXPENSES ROSE $5,995,233

Transportation Cost Increased $3,170,091—Report Proves a Disappointment.

The earnings statement of the Southern Pacific Company showing net railway operating income for October as submitted to the Interstate Commerce Commission has proven somewhat of a disappointment, as there was a decrease of $353,300 from the corresponding 1919 period. For the ten months ended with October the decrease in net railway operating income was $16,725,026 from the preceding year's showing.

For the month the report shows that railway operating revenues increased $5,787,079, but this was more than taken up by the increase in operating expenses, which was $5,995,233, as compared with October a year ago. Freight revenues for the month advanced $4,415,601 and passenger revenues increased $986,081. All other transportation revenue increased in the month, as compared with October a year ago, $272,737.

Under the head of expenses $1,553,053 more was spent in maintenance of way and structures, while maintenance of equipment increased $881,893, as compared with October, 1919.

The most outstanding increase was that of transportation expense, which jumped $3,170,091 over October last year to $11,508,948. The increase in this item for the ten months ended with October amounted to $19,302,695, as compared with the figures for the corresponding period a year ago. Railway tax accruals for October increased $494,475.

The following are some of the more important items contained in the report:

	October, 1920.	Increase Over Last Yr.
Revenues:		
Freight rev.	$21,202,423	$4,415,601
Passenger rev.	6,318,036	986,081
All other transp.	822,239	272,737
Ry. op. rev.	29,017,898	5,787,679
Expenses:		
Main. way & strc.	4,028,738	1,553,053
Main. equip.	5,097,391	881,893
Traffic	317,442	100,857
Transportation	11,508,948	3,170,091
Miscellaneous	488,831	106,375
Total op. exp.	22,106,255	5,995,233
Net Ry. op. inc.	5,582,337	*353,300

*Decrease.

Final decisions in the matter of interstate against intrastate rates remain to be handed down in some of the States traversed by Southern Pacific lines before it can be determined whether the new rate schedules will yield the 6 per cent. return provided in the Transportation Act. Until such time no real basis can be established to show definitely how much the road has benefitted as the result of the recent rate increases.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Ariz. Ext.	2	3	Iron Cap.	6	6½
Ariz. Silver.	22	25	La Rose.	12	25
Ariz. T. Top	11	13	Majestic	11	14
Black Hawk.	15	20	Mex. Metals.	20	23
Boston Mon.	41	42	Midway Moss		50
Chief Con.	3	3½	Monarch	5	15
Calaveras	1	1⅝	Nat. L. & Z.	2	4
Crown Res.	10	20	Nev. Doug.	12	19
Crystal, new.	42	43	Nixon	7	8
Denbigh	16	17	Rainbo	14	15
Eagle B. B.	2½	2¾	Seven Metals	11	13
Eureka Cro.	48	49	Silver Reef.	6	8
Fortuna		5	U. V. Ext.	2¼	2⅝
Gadsden	40	60	Yukon	⅞	1¼
Iron Blosa.	6	8			

NEW YORK CURB.

	Rate.	Pe-riod.	Pay-able.	Hold. of Record.
Am. Tobacco, pf.	1½	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 10
Ark. Cal. Ry. L. & P., pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Bald.Loco.Co., pf.	3½	S-A	Jan. 1	Dec. 4
Buff. Gen. Elec.	2	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 15
Cal. Packing	$1¼	Q	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Carbo Hydro., pf	1¾	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 1
Cont. Pass. Ry.	$3	S-A	Dec. 30	Nov. 30
Dom. Iron & Steel.	1¾	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 15
Dom. Steel	1½	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 15
Eastern Rolling Mill, pf.			Jan. 1	Dec. 15
El Paso Elec.	2½	Q	Dec. 15	Dec. 1
Mallinson (H. R.)	1¾	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 20
McIntyre Porc. M.	3		Jan. 1	Dec. 1
Penn. Motor	.75	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 1
Puget Sd. Gas. pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Sherwin

EAST SIDE BREAD CUT 1 CENT A POUND

Jewish Bakers Make Reduction Because of Drop in Flour Cost.

WHITE LOAVES RETAIL AT 9C

Declare They Pay Labor Twice as Much as Big Wholesale Bakeries.

Jewish east side bakers will reduce the price of their bread 1 cent a pound, beginning today, according to an agreement they made yesterday with Mrs. Louis E. Welzmiller, Deputy Commissioner of Public Markets, following a meeting of the bakers on Wednesday. Among the bakers who have agreed to the reduction said Mrs. Welzmiller, are Pechter Baking Company, Messing Specialty Baking Company, The Morris Gruberg Company, Inc., The Jacob Held Company, Inc., all wholesalers, and Philip Fleschler, a retailer.

Morris Messing told Mrs. Welzmiller that the bakers had agreed to the reduction because they believed the price of flour entitled the consumer to the reduction, but that his firm was still using $12 flour, which was bought on contract some time ago. Mrs. Welzmiller said that this statement was verified from the books of the firm. Some of the bakers, she said, were able to buy flour as low as $8.50 a barrel.

"The Messing Company," said Mrs. Welzmiller, "puts out a three-pound loaf of rye bread at 27 cents; four pounds for 36 cents, five pounds for 45 cents, six pounds for 54 cents and a one-pound white loaf, which will now retail at 9 cents.

"Mrs. Welzmiller said that consumers in all boroughs would benefit by the reduction in price, as the east side bakers sell their product throughout the city.

In a statement Mrs. Welzmiller said: "Mr. Messing said that the minimum wage for the lowest grade of unskilled labor, employed by Jewish bakers, was $48 a week for eight and one-half hours' work. This is a baker's helper, and is twice as much as other large wholesalers pay. The other men are paid from $70 to $75 a week and some get as high as $90 a week for six and one-half hours' work. I am told that Pechtor's pay their oven men $70 to $75 for five and one-half hours' work. They work on a production basis, Pechtor having a better equipment can get through a certain amount of production quicker.

"The bakers said they did not believe that bread would continue to decline. They claim that coal has doubled in price and that labor is much higher, flour being the only notable reduction."

C. & O. Seeks $7,000,000 Bond Issue

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad applied today to the Interstate Commerce Commission for permission to issue $4,500,000 worth of equipment trust certificates, to bear interest at 6½ per cent. and to mature in twelve equal payments, beginning Dec. 1, 1924. The road also asked permission to issue $2,500,000 worth of improvement mortgage bonds which, with other securities, will be offered as security for a Government loan of $3,759,000.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Arthur B. Westervelt, for over twenty years associated with Harvey Fisk & Sons, has become Vice President of the American Trust Company.

Howard S. Borden of M. C. D. Borden & Sons and Frederic R. Coudert of Coudert Brothers have been elected Directors of the Lawyers Mortgage Company. They will fill vacancies one of which has been standing for some time and the other caused recently by the resignation of Charles S. Fairchild.

The annual statement of the Bank of Montreal shows total current loans of $223,405,472, against $164,182,581 a year ago. The total of loan accounts amounts to $256,500,001, as compared with $195,727,857 last year. There has been a steady reduction in the bank's special Government business undertaken during the war, and its holdings of Provincial and Dominion securities have dropped from $63,984,255 to $14,863,954.

The Superior Oil Corporation has declared a dividend of 50 cents a share, payable Dec. 20 to stockholders of record Dec. 7.

The Royal Bank of Canada is distributing to its staff a bonus of 20 per cent. on all salaries, payable on Dec. 15.

GIVES PROFIT-SHARING PLAN.

Chicago Trust Company Announces Scheme to Benefit Workers.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—The Chicago Trust Company gave details today of a new profit-sharing plan for employes, which was worked out by John W. O'Leary, Vice President of the bank and a member of President Wilson's first industrial conference. The scheme is based upon that of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, with certain changes in application.

Unlike many other plans, it provides an outright distribution of a certain part of the profits to employes and officers instead of linking it up as a part of a thrift and savings system.

The bank is to set aside 3½ per cent. of its net earnings before any dividends are paid. This is to be distributed exclusively among employes other than officers.

In addition a sum is to be taken equal to one-fifth of the surplus earnings after setting aside 8 per cent. of stockholders' interest. This sum is to be split up; 40 per cent. among employes, not officers; 40 per cent. among senior officers chiefly responsible for the production of business and the conservation and management of the bank; 20 per cent. among other officers.

The basis on which the employes' fund and the officers' fund will be distributed takes into account length of service and relative value of service rendered indicated by the payrolls, thus:

Fifty per cent. of the fund of each group will be distributed to the individual, according to the ratio of his salary to the total salary of the group.

Thirty per cent. of the fund of each group will be distributed to each participant in the ratio his salary multiplied by his years of service bears to the total salaries multiplied by years of service.

The remaining 20 per cent. of each fund will be given to employes who have rendered special meritorious service during the year.

The first distribution under the profit sharing plan will take place New Year's and it will be based on the earnings for 1920. In addition the Chicago Trust Company will continue to conduct its pension fund, its insurance plan and its employes' savings and loan association.

Western Markets Lower.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 26.—Wholesale prices on fresh pork recorded a sharp drop here today. One packing company quoted pork loins at 25 cents a pound, a decline of 5 cents from the price earlier in the week.

Spare ribs sold at 19 cents a pound, a 3-cent drop. Leaves were off 4 cents, to 20 cents, and shoulders were quoted 2 cents lower at 19½ to 20 cents.

First grade bacon declined 3 cents, selling at 43 to 46 cents, and lard was 22 cents a pound, ½ cent down.

The top price paid for hogs at the stock yards today was $10, the lowest since early in 1917.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 26.—Future options of wheat made new low prices in more than four years during the morning trading at the Chamber of Commerce here today. December delivery touched $1.40 a bushel, a decline of 7¾ cents from the close on Wednesday. March futures fell to $1.43½, a 7-cent loss.

England's Paper Currency Issues.

On Nov. 12 the British currency notes outstanding were £354,082,000, including notes called in but not yet canceled. At the end of 1919 they were £356,152,000. The maximum was £363,393,000 on Aug. 11, the high record of the entire war period. The maximum of purely fiduciary issues has been fixed at £320,000,000; the balance is secured by gold coin and bullion or Bank of England notes.

New Securities in London.

New securities offered in London for the present year up to November were the smallest in amount of any year since the war began. They were £333,952,670, according to The London Economist's tables, as against £969,538,103 for the similar period in 1919 and £1,232,389,718 in 1918, the high record. In 1915 the total was £660,983,076 and in 1914 £508,535,090.

Loans Were Made In Cuba.

The statement that the National City Bank has not lent to Cuban agricultural interests a considerable amount of money, in addition to what the institution had done in the accommodation of its own clients in Cuba, was erroneous. At the National City Bank yesterday it was learned that the bank had made loans, totaling between $10,000,000 and $12,000,000, to Cuban sugar mill owners and others.

Unemployment in Germany.

The German trade unions reported on Oct. 1, as unemployed, 4% per cent. of their membership against 5% per cent. on Sept. 1. The number of publicly supported unemployed fell from 414,075 to 394,371 during September.

TWO MORE BANKS FAIL.

Added to List, Bringing Two Weeks' Total in North Dakota to 15.

FARGO, N. D., Nov. 26.—The Farmers and Merchants' Bank at Sherwood and the Farmers' State Bank at Rhame closed their doors today as a result of depleted reserves, bringing to fifteen the number of financial institutions that have shut down for similar reasons in the last two weeks.

The closing of State banks at this time is owing to withdrawals exceeding collections to a point where the reserves have become depleted, according to O. E. Lofthus, State Bank Examiner.

"The primary cause is the sudden drop in prices of grain and stock to a point where, if sold now, there will be a severe loss to the producer, and he refuses to sell," he said.

Dry Goods Sales Lighter.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—Marshall Field's weekly review of the dry goods trade says wholesale distribution for the week was not as great as last week. Orders to salesmen were less and Spring delivery orders larger than the previous week. A big clearing sale is set for next Monday and Tuesday at greatly reduced prices.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Following is the range of prices in the important miscellaneous commodities in New York:

COTTONSEED OIL.

There was a downward trend in the cottonseed oil market prices, closing 30 to 49 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Clos. Bid.
Spot	..	..	..	8.75
November	No sales			8.75
December	9.05	8.75	8.80	8.79
January	9.39	8.99	9.00	8.99
February	No sales			9.09
March	9.65	9.25	9.21	9.20
April	9.65	9.65	9.65	9.22
May	9.85	9.39	9.40	9.39
June	No sales			9.38

Total sales, 15,000.

COFFEE.

There was an advance of 30 to 51 points in the coffee market:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	7.00	6.45	6.98	6.55	..
March	7.72	7.13	7.60	7.20	14.88
May	8.06	7.60	7.95	7.65	10.83
July	8.45	7.88	8.45	7.94	14.80
September	8.65	8.10	8.55	8.15	15.40

SUGAR.

The sugar market was dull and prices were little changed over the previous session:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	5.27	5.25	5.27	5.11
May	5.50	5.36	5.41	5.35
July	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.30

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

F. M. FERRARI,

private banker, at the close of business on the 15th day of November, 1920:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$8,699.30
Private securities		552.96
Real estate owned		43,500.00
Mortgages owned		1,100.00
Loans and discounts secured by collateral		1,881.10
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		3,959.39
Accounts receivable, due from purchasers of Italian drafts and war loans		108,932.27
Due from approved reserve depositaries		50,122.40
Deposits with express and steamship companies		250.00
Specie		75.21
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		8,700.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's collections	$13,591.78	
Other cash items	50.00	
		13,641.78
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures		1,009.00
Miscellaneous assets		779.05
Total		$243,262.46

LIABILITIES.

Permanent capital		$20,000.00
Surplus		11,512.27
Deposits:		
Deposits subject to check	$13,861.43	
Deposits subject to notice, withdrawable only on presentation passbooks	21,763.04	
Funds held awaiting transmission abroad	28,668.52	
Due steamship companies for tickets sold	5,058.58	
Due for money orders sold	13.04	
Total deposits		69,364.61
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgages on real estate owned		38,000.00
Accounts payable, due for purchases of Italian lire and war loans		100,274.60
Miscellaneous liabilities		4,110.08
Total		$243,262.46

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 15th day of November, 1920:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, market value		$4,676,192.47
Private securities, market value		13,809,160.08
Real estate owned		3,937,742.00
Mortgages owned		4,571,191.24
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		273,684.33
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		27,484,663.82
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		27,163,894.45
Overdrafts		547.02
Foreign exchange		2,608,985.71
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$911,809.66	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	1,798,919.77	
		2,710,729.43
Specie		310,487.64
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		1,011,278.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings		6,260,151.99
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		8,599,735.01
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		7,502,724.85
Customers' liability on letters of credit		4,732,905.78
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$364,102.85	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	210,188.39	
Prepaid interest payable	19,832.87	
Trust dept. advances	12,366.02	
		606,490.13
Total		$116,260,583.95

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$5,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$6,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	2,010,611.89	
		8,010,611.89
Deposits, preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$1,247,032.09	
Due New York State savings and loan associations, credit unions and land bank	32,969.97	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	2,297,856.90	
Deposits by the State of New York	74,028.48	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	787.09	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	550,848.83	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	67,222,230.27	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	1,621,132.39	
Trust deposits—not preferred	623,405.94	
Demand certificates of deposit	2,954,613.71	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	1,648,675.54	
Certified checks	878,672.46	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	5,095,360.13	
Total deposits		84,247,614.70
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit or otherwise		4,400,000.00
Domestic bills sold with our indorsement		1,143,558.11
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date		7,502,724.85
Letters of credit		4,732,905.78
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgages on real estate owned	$115,250.00	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c., and dividends	646,165.88	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	97,150.90	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	87,287.40	
Estimated unearned discounts	277,314.85	
		1,223,168.62
Total		$116,260,583.95

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BRYANT PARK BANK,

NEW YORK CITY,

at the close of business on the 15th day of November, 1920:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$310,606.52
Private securities		191,981.90
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		2,500.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		1,601,602.74
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		588,846.69
Overdrafts		882.36
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets		$214,154.69
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	6,192.42	
		220,347.11
Specie		30,039.45
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		$12,807.77
Cash items		2,813.83
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$15,126.00	
Accrued interest on books at close of business on above date	126.91	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date (est)	17,483.00	
		32,745.00
Liberty Loans—customers		3,035.00
Total		$3,298,097.32

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$200,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$100,000.00	
Undivided profits	66,503.37	
		166,503.37
Deposits: Preferred, as follows:		
Deposits by the State of New York	$35,000.00	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	3,090.73	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	2,751,263.80	
Demand certificates of deposit	38,000.00	
Cashier's checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	16,815.98	
Certified checks	50,784.78	
Unpaid dividends	110.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	25,260.11	
Total deposits		2,920,325.40
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$4,549.85	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	240.93	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date (est)	3,177.77	
Estimated unearned discounts	3,300.00	
		11,268.55
Total		$3,298,097.32

DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.

AJAX RUBBER COMPANY, INC.

220 WEST 57TH STREET

New York, November 16th, 1920.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of one dollar ($1.00) per share, payable December 15th, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 30th, 1920.

STUART WEBSTER, Treasurer.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY

16 WALL ST., N. Y. CITY, N. Y.

at the close of business on the 15th day of November, 1920:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$29,994,685.39
Private securities		25,942,068.70
Real estate owned for banking purposes, net		7,643,242.49
Mortgages owned		1,262,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		228,016.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		123,530,636.14
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		98,566,525.13
Overdrafts		4,523.08
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$1,186,930.38	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	20,579,065.71	
		21,765,996.09
Specie		93,618.05
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		1,034,457.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$18,806,836.25	
Other cash items	8,610,501.50	
		27,417,337.75
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		29,500,390.67
Customers' liability on acceptances. (see liabilities, per contra)	$21,946,648.35	
Less anticipated	731,910.72	
		21,214,737.63
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$1,616,910.67	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	616,071.00	
		2,232,981.67
Accounts receivable		870,161.27
Total		$391,300,477.06

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$20,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$11,250,000.00	
Undivided profits (actual market values)	8,362,838.61	
		19,612,838.61
Deposits: Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$658,351.22	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	3,792,801.54	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	231,000.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	15,267,267.67	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	587,010.36	
Demand certificates of deposit	150,000.00	
Other certificates of deposit (on 10 days' notice)	1,852,603.50	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	9,124.21	
Total deposits		22,548,158.50
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Annuities	$2,186,874.27	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.	34,783.23	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	311,365.37	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	82,622.70	
Estimated unearned discounts	32,011.00	
		2,397,656.66
Total		$28,504,423.07

DIVIDENDS.

H. R. MALLINSON & CO., INC.

136 Madison Avenue

New York City

Nov. 26, 1920.

Preferred Dividend No. 5.

The Board of Directors of this Corporation has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock, payable January 3d, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business, December 20th, 1920.

E. IRVING HANSON, Treasurer.

AMERICAN BEET SUGAR COMPANY

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO 86.

A Regular Quarterly Dividend (No. 86) of One and 50-100 Dollars ($1.50) per share on the Preferred Stock of this Company has been declared, payable on December 31st, 1920, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business on December 11th, 1920. Checks will be mailed.

C. C. DUPRAT, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF

THE UNITED GAS IMPROVEMENT CO., N. W. COR. BROAD & ARCH STREETS.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 8, 1920.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾% ($7.00 per share) on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable Dec. 15, 1920, to holders of Preferred Stock of record at the close of business Nov. 30, 1920. Checks will be mailed.

I. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

LUDLOW MANUFACTURING ASSOCIATES,

Boston, Mass.

Dividends Nos. 104 and 105.

A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share and a special dividend of $1.00 per share has been declared, payable on December 1, 1920, to shareholders of record November 1, 1920.

MALCOLM E. STONE, Treasurer.

THE CHEMICAL NATIONAL BANK

OF NEW YORK

Established 1824

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CONDITION

At the close of business November 15, 1920

ASSETS

Loans and Discounts		$119,728,805.79
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness		7,027,105.71
Other Bonds and Stocks		4,288,112.16
Banking House		600,000.00
Letters of Credit and Acceptances		17,266,933.67
Cash, Exchanges, due from Banks and U. S. Treasurer		36,239,104.57
Interest Earned		227,364.08
		$185,377,425.98

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	$4,500,000.00	
Surplus	13,500,000.00	
Undivided Profits	1,440,250.69	19,440,250.69
Unearned Interest		981,834.86
Reserved for Interest, Taxes, etc.		1,190,083.93
Circulation Outstanding		360,817.50
Letters of Credit and Acceptances		17,794,621.31
Deposits, viz:—		
Individuals, Firms and Corporations	$103,747,898.92	
Banks, Bankers and Trust Companies	21,976,150.44	
U. S. Government	1,149,000.00	126,873,049.36
Bills Payable with the Federal Reserve Bank		10,550,000.00
Bills Payable and Rediscounts with the Federal Reserve Bank (Secured by Government Bonds)		6,686,768.33
Bonds Borrowed		1,500,000.00
		$185,377,425.98

OFFICERS

HERBERT K. TWITCHELL, Chairman

PERCY H. JOHNSTON, President — EDWIN S. SCHENCK, First Vice President

FRANK K. HOUSTON, Vice-Pres't — ALBION K. CHAPMAN, Cashier — SAMUEL SHAW, JR., Asst. Cashier
FRANCIS HALPIN, Vice-Pres't — JAMES L. PARSON, Asst. Cashier — ROBERT D. SCOTT, Asst. Cashier
ISAAC B. HOPPER, Vice-Pres't — JAMES McALLISTER, Asst. Cashier — WILBUR F. CROOK, Asst. Cashier
CLIFFORD P. HUNT, Vice-Pres't — JOHN G. SCHMEDTKI, Asst. Cashier — N. B. JACKSON, Asst. Cashier
JESSE M. SMITH, Vice-Pres't — JOHN B. DODD, Asst. Cashier — R. B. RAYMOND, Mgr. For. Dept.
EDWARD H. SMITH, Vice-Pres't — SAMUEL T. JONES, Asst. Cashier — H. M. ROGERS, Asst. Mgr. For. Dept.
EDWIN GIBBS, Trust Officer — C. B. DUNHAM, Asst. Cashier — E. J. WATERMAN, Asst. Tr. Officer

DIRECTORS

FREDERIC W. STEVENS	WILLIAM FELLOWES MORGAN	CHARLES A. CORLISS
W. EMLEN ROOSEVELT	ARTHUR ISELIN	JOHN A. GARVER
ROBERT WALTON GOELET	GARRARD COMLY	HERBERT K. TWITCHELL
DARWIN P. KINGSLEY	HENRY A. CAESAR	PERCY H. JOHNSTON
CHARLES CHENEY	FREDERIC A. JUILLIARD	EDWIN S. SCHENCK
	RIDLEY WATTS	

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE & TRUST CO.

at the close of business on the 15th day of November, 1920:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities (including U. S. bonds, $1,439,967.11)	$2,730,015.78	
Private securities	9,650,013.86	
Real estate owned	2,027,434.94	
Mortgages owned	3,347,112.29	
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral	5,000.00	
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral	3,092,635.41	
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral including U. S. certificates, $561,000.00)	4,550,929.58	
Overdrafts (secured)	118,436.55	
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	870,020.94	
Specie	1,721,267.00	
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States	62,748.49	
Cash items, viz.:		
Contingent account	$78.01	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	205,776.93	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	38,070.67	
Suspense account	84,882.02	
	328,808.23	
Total		$28,504,423.07

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$1,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$2,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	358,607.91	
	2,358,607.91	
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$587,010.36	
Demand certificates of deposit	150,000.00	
Other certificates of deposit (on 10 days' notice)	1,852,603.50	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	9,124.21	
Total deposits	22,548,158.50	
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Annuities	$2,186,874.27	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.	34,783.23	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$11,365.37	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	32,622.70	
Estimated unearned discounts	32,011.00	
	2,397,656.66	
Total		$28,504,423.07

Charter No. 9,717, Reserve District No. 2.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

Gotham National Bank

of New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business on Nov. 15, 1920:

RESOURCES.

1. a Loans and discounts, including rediscounts			$10,885,838.23
Deduct:			
d Notes and bills rediscounted with Federal Reserve bank (other than bank acceptances sold) (see Item 54a)		$1,754,777.10	
			$9,131,061.13
2. Overdrafts, secured, none; unsecured, $3,114.51			3,114.51
3. a Customers' liability account of "Acceptances" executed by this bank and by other banks for account of this bank and now outstanding			$138,339.49
4. U. S. Government securities owned:			
a Deposited to secure circulation (U. S. bonds par value)		$996,000.00	
b Pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)		60,000.00	Including
c Pledged to secure postal savings deposits (par value)		10,000.00	$428,050.00 U. S.
d Pledged as collateral for State or other deposits or bills payable		871,100.00	Bonds
f Owned and unpledged		8,800.00	borrowed
g Premium on U. S. Bonds		28,520.00	
h War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned		51.14	
Total U. S. Government securities			1,978,271.14
5. Other bonds, securities, etc.:			
a Bonds (other than U. S. bonds) pledged to secure U. S. deposits		$117,829.17	
b Bonds (other than U. S. bonds) pledged to secure postal savings deposits		147,000.00	
c Securities, other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks), owned and unpledged		576,036.26	
f Collateral trust and other notes of corporations issued for not less than one year nor more than three years' time		47,281.08	
Total bonds, securities, etc., other than U. S.			887,596.51
6. Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock			40,615.16
7. Stock and Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)			90,000.00
8. a Value of banking house, owned and unincumbered			1,412,315.14
9. Furniture and fixtures			27,295.09
10. Real estate owned other than banking house			12,773.68
11. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank			1,453,390.39
12. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)			627,742.31
13. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks			330,966.12
14. Net amounts due from banks, bankers and trust companies in the United States (other than included in Items 11, 12, or 13)			43,600.00
15. Exchanges for clearing house			880,485.45
16. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 15)			8,357.63
Total of Items 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16			$1,391,151.51
17. Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items			3,200.00
18. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer			36,300.00
19. Interest earned but not collected—approximate—on Notes and Bills Receivable not past due			41,378.20
20. Other assets, if any, due from Banks, Bankers, and Trust Co.'s not in U. S.			14,625.17
Total			$16,661,627.12

LIABILITIES.

21. Capital stock paid in			$1,500,000.00
22. Surplus fund			1,500,000.00
23. a Undivided profits		$193,578.43	
b Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid		94,535.12	
			99,044.31
24. Interest and discount collected or credited in advance of maturity and not earned—(approximate)			66,749.91
25. Amount reserved for taxes accrued			14,873.06
27. Circulating notes outstanding			665,860.00
28. Amount due to Federal Reserve Bank (deferred credits)			193,116.35
29. Net amounts due to national banks			15,394.45
30. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies in the United States and foreign countries (other than included in Items 28 or 29)			15,702.87
31. Certified checks outstanding			90,450.14
32. Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding			157,904.64
Total of Items 28, 29, 30 31 and 32, $472,868.25. Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):			
33. Individual deposits subject to check			10,405,826.25
34. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)			214,508.18
37. Dividends unpaid			156.00
38. Other demand deposits			5,231.52
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, Items 33, 34, 37 and 38, $10,625,722.05. Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):			
39. Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)			70,218.75
41. Postal savings deposits			104,663.00
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, Items, 39 and 41, $174,886.75.			
43. United States deposits (other than postal savings):			
a War loan deposit account			82,500.00
44. a U. S. Government securities borrowed without furnishing collateral as security for same			428,050.00
48. Bills payable with Federal Reserve Bank			865,900.00
50. Letters of Credit and Travelers' checks sold for cash and outstanding			34,000.31
51. a "Acceptances" executed by this bank for customers			131,472.48
Total			$16,661,627.12
54. a Liabilities for rediscounts with Federal Reserve Bank (see Item 1d)			1,754,777.10
Total contingent liabilities (54a) (not including items in Schedule 23)			$1,754,777.10

*55. Of the total loans and discounts shown above, the amount on which interest and discount was charged at rates in excess of those permitted by law (Sec 5197, Rev. Stat.) (exclusive of notes upon which total charge not to exceed 50 cents was made) was $196,727.20. The number of such loans was 15.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, HORACE HOWE, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

HORACE HOWE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of Nov., 1920.

J. ABBOTT WORTHLEY, Notary Public.

Notary Public, No. 237, New York County. Term expires March 30, 1921. Certificate filed 1343 Register's Office.

Correct—Attest:
THOMAS A. FRENCH,
CHAS. R. SAUL,
THOMAS C. FRY, } Directors.

[Charter No. 7447. Reserve District No. 2.] REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

BATTERY PARK NATIONAL BANK

2 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON NOV. 15, 1920.

RESOURCES.

1. a Loans and discounts, including rediscounts (except those shown in b and c)			$14,082,615.15
b Acceptances of other banks discounted			702,871.16
c Customers' liability account of acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted by it			20,494.03
*Total loans			$14,805,980.34
Deduct:			
d Notes and bills rediscounted with Federal Reserve Bank (other than bank acceptances sold) (see Item 54a), $350,000.00.			
g Foreign bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank, not shown under item d above (see item 54d), $315,066.89			665,066.89
			$14,140,913.45
2. Overdrafts, secured, $91,987.46; unsecured, $11,412.99			103,400.45
3. a Customers' liability account of "Acceptances" executed by this bank and by other banks for account of this bank, and now outstanding			866,085.35
4. U. S. Government securities owned:			
a Deposited to secure circulation (U. S. bonds par value)		$200,000.00	
b Pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)		96,000.00	
c Pledged to secure postal savings deposits (par value)		10,000.00	
d Pledged as collateral for State or other deposits or bills payable		290,445.49	
f Owned and unpledged		1,310.66	
Total U. S. Government securities			597,756.06
5. Other bonds, securities, etc.:			
b Bonds (other than U. S. bonds) pledged to secure postal savings deposits		$25,000.00	
c Securities, other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks), owned and unpledged		50,007.49	
Total bonds, securities, etc., other than U. S.			75,007.49
6. Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock			11,222.00
7. Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)			87,000.00

INDEPENDENT MILLS CUT STEEL PRICES

Majority Return to Industrial Board and Steel Corporation Rates of 1919.

WAGE REDUCTION PREDICTED

Pittsburgh Manufacturers Believe Result Will Be to Stabilize Market and Hasten Prosperity.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 26.—Most of the independent steel companies have followed the lead of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company of Pittsburgh, which reduced prices on bars, plates and structural shapes today to the level of the United States Industrial Board's prices of March, 1919, or are about to do so, according to high steel authorities here. Several of the larger independent interests have advised their sales offices in New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Cleveland and other cities, it was said, to accept new business at the Industrial Board's prices.

The new prices adopted by the largest independent interest and made effective today are:

Steel bars, $2.35; structural shapes, $2.45; plates, $2.65; base Pittsburgh. Adjustments in the prices of wire and cold rolled steel are to follow.

No reduction in wages is contemplated immediately, according to the best information obtainable. It was freely predicted by steel officials, however, that a wage reduction was inevitab'e within the next few weeks.

The new selling prices are not comparable with previous prices on any fixed basis, as some of the independents have been asking as high as $4 for bars, plates and shapes, it was reported, and others have been receiving more conservative prices, ranging between $3 and $3.25.

The general feeling throughout the trade here is one of satisfaction at the decision to reduce prices to the level fixed by the Steel Corporation, which has kept to those named by the Industrial Board. It is believed that the immediate result will be to stabilize the market and that the move made today is the beginning of readjustment in the steel trade. Sentiment seemed to be that a bottom level had been reached and that as soon as wages and other costs were lowered the industry would move forward to a new period of prosperity, based on the requirements of the building trades and the rehabilitation of railroad and export trade to European countries and the Orient.

A feature of the situation is the continued steady demand for steel pipe and all tubular goods, steel officials said, for which there is heavy buying in the oil industry, and also in the building trades. A firm demand for these, it was said, and for certain wire products, notably nails, had kept prices on these commodities from being reduced to the Industrial Board's figures.

A reduction in steel prices by the independent manufacturers, such as Jones & Laughlin, is something approximating the United States Steel Corporation level, has been foreshadowed for some time. The independents with demand falling off were finding themselves in a difficult position. The urgency in steel requirements has passed and the tendency of consumers is naturally to place future bookings with the company quoting the lowest prices. It was apparently necessary therefore that the independent prices be reduced so that there could be competition with the Steel Corporation for this new business. How many of the independents can make such a drastic reduction and still operate at a profit is, however, a question. It is considered possible that unless wages are reduced some of the small, high cost companies may have to close down. The process of slowing up has been gaining ground steadily, a great many furnaces being down.

UNIONS' PLAN FOR ROADS.

They Seek to Have National Boards of Adjustment Restored.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 26.—All sixteen of the recognized unions of the railway labor organizations instead of only the "Big Four" railway transportation brotherhoods, as was at first announced, will have representatives in Chicago on Monday to present a united request to the Railway Labor Board to form national boards of adjustment, according to an announcement made here today by officers of the railway brotherhoods.

The proposed boards would be similar to Boards Nos. 1, 2 and 3, which existed during the Federal administration of the railways, to handle grievances arising between the railways and the men. The railways object to the re-establishment of these boards, it is said.

The sixteen unions to be represented at Monday's hearing are known as the Associated Standard Recognized Railroad Labor Organizations, which is the formal title of the joint body.

The brotherhood chiefs arranged for the conference with the Railway Labor Board and then invited the other twelve organizations to attend a preliminary meeting. More than 3,000 cases are said to be awaiting decision by the Labor Board, most of them from the shop unions.

MAINTAIN WAGES IN MILLS.

New England Cotton Men Decide to eKep Present Scale.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Nov. 26.—The cotton Manufacturers' Association, at a meeting today, voted to stand by its decision to continue present wages without reduction.

The meeting followed a conference in Boston several years ago of mill heads, at which the condition of the market for cotton goods was considered and the question of reducing wages to meet lowered market prices was discussed. The action of the local association is understood to be the result of consideration of the subject in the light of conditions here.

MILLS CLOSE, LACKING WORK

Uswoco and Pemberton Factories Report No Orders.

LAWRENCE, Mass.; Nov. 26.—The Uswoco mills of the United States Worsted Company were closed indefinitely today because of a lack of orders.

The plant has been running only two days a week. Fifteen hundred persons are affected.

The Pemberton mills, which employ 1,000 operatives in the making of cotton goods, closed today until Dec. 13 for similar reasons.

MILK CUT IN PHILADELPHIA.

Price to Consumer Is Reduced From 15 to 13 Cents.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26.—The price of milk to Philadelphia consumers will be reduced 2 cents a quart Dec. 1, when the retail price will become 13 cents a quart instead of 15 cents. Pints will sell at 8 cents.

Farmers and milk dealers reached this decision here today at a conference of the Tri-State Milk Producers' Association. The dairymen agreed to the two-cent reduction, and the dealers said they would pass all of it along to the consumer, it was announced.

COMMODITY PRICES

Foodstuffs Prices Steady—Copper and Cotton Go to New Low Levels.

Th level of cash prices in the wholesale markets yesterday displayed more firmness, and for the most part were unchanged over Wednesday. Wheat, corn, oats, flour, coffee and sugar were unchanged. In the dairy products, butter scored a drop of 5 cents per pound, with eggs unchanged. In the provisions, lard declined ¼ of a cent per pound, beef and pork ruled unchanged.

In the metals, copper dropped ½ of a cent per pound to a new low price for the year; tin was also weak, declining 1¾ cents per pound. The other metals were unchanged.

In the textiles, spot cotton had a severe break, declining 145 points. Printcloths were unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Wednesday a week before and a year ago:

	1920.	1920.	1919.
FOODSTUFFS:	Nov. 26.	Nov. 19.	Nov. 26.
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.87½	$1.97½	$2.30½
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.95¾	.98¾	1.68¾
Oats, No. 2 white	.60½	.61½	.83¾
Flour, Minn., patent..	9.50	10.25	14.50
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.06¾	.06¾	.15½
Sugar, granulated	.06	.06	.06
Butter, cream, 92 score	.66	.67	.73½
Eggs, fresh gathered, firsts, per dozen	.81	.81	.79
Lard, prime	18.25	19.50	26.75
Pork, mess	31.00	32.50	47.00
Beef, family	28.00	28.00	29.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2, X, Phila	45.00	45.00	36.10
Steels billets, Pitts	55.00	55.00	42.00
Lead	5.65	6.20	6.75
Copper	13.87½	14.25	18.25
Tin	35.00	36.25	54.75
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	15.85	17.55	39.45
Printcloths	.06	.06	.12⅞

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	—Highest.—		—Lowest.—	
Wheat	$3.25	Jan. 7	$1.86	Nov. 22
Corn	2.31¾	May 15	.95	Nov. 20
Oats	1.59	May 7	.60	Nov. 22
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	9.50	Nov. 22
Coffee	.16¼	Jan. 11	.06¾	Nov. 23
Sugar	.23	July 12	.08¾	Nov. 23
Butter	.77	Apr. 24	.54	Aug. 4
Eggs	.82	Jan. 9	.42½	Mar. 12
Lard	23.50	Jan. 9	13.70	Aug. 17
Pork	47.00	Jan. 2	30.00	Oct. 1
Beef	28.00	Oct. 19	20.00	May 12
Iron	53.51	Aug. 31	43.10	Jan. 2
Steel	65.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 2
Lead	9.50	Mar. 15	5.50	Jan. 2
Copper	19.50	Jan. 5	13.87½	Nov. 26
Tin	65.25	Jan. 11	35.00	Nov. 19
Cotton	43.75	July 22	15.85	Nov. 26
Printcloths	16¾	Apr. 13	.06	Nov. 1

WHEAT BREAKS VIOLENTLY.

Prices Lowest Since 1916—Sentiment Pessimistic.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—Lowering of wheat prices today was accompanied by a break in stocks and cotton. The combination worked well for the bears in wheat, who brought prices to the lowest since 1916. Sales by New Yorkers and other speculators supplied the 2,000,000 bushels or more of futures wanted against export sales. December was down to $1.52 and March to $1.47, with losses of 6¼ to 7 cents for the day.

Northwestern markets were weaker than Chicago. Minneapolis sold 60,000 bushels to come here for the present. The general feeling seemed today to be that business conditions do not warrant sustained advances. Canadians who were here today were extremely pessimistic, reporting farmers there as anxious sellers. Merchants in Northwestern Canada, who have had a poor season so far because of lack of demand and shortage of cash, have returned many goods bought early.

Coarse grains are receiving less attention, as the business is going into wheat. Elevator interests are buying December and selling May at reduced differences. The country is not selling grain fast and cars are to be had for the asking.

Primary receipts of wheat for the five days this week are 7,541,000 bushels, compared with 7,114,000 bushels the previous week and 7,921,000 bushels on the corresponding days last year. Shipments were 3,844,000 bushels, against 5,309,000 bushels the previous week and 4,440,000 bushels last year.

Corn receipts were 2,624,000 bushels, against 1,983,000 bushels the previous week and 1,389,000 bushels last year. Shipments were almost 1,000,000 bushels under the receipts, increasing 138,000 bushels for the week and 250,000 bushels over last year.

Pork loins are down to the lowest of the year, 16@22 cents, and leaf lard, 18 cents.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—Strained financial conditions in North Dakota had much to do today with a violent new break in the price of wheat. For the first time in several years the cereal commanded less than $1.50 a bushel.

Attention to the remarkable series of rural bank failures in North Dakota was so eager and general among wheat traders that a selling stampede could be easily foreseen. Rallies took place later, influenced by estimates that 1,000,000 bushels had been bought to go to Europe from ports on the Gulf of Mexico. Announcement, however, that the Belgian Government had withdrawn from the market led to a fresh setback as the day came to an end.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	1.57½	1.52	1.53¾	1.60¼
March	1.51¾	1.47	1.48¼	1.54¾

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	65¾	63¾	64½	65	1.22⅞
May	73½	70¾	71½	71¾	1.20¾
July	73½	71¾	72¾	73	....

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	44¾	43¼	43¼	43⅝	68¾
May	48¾	47½	48½	48	71⅛
July	48¾	48	48	48⅝	....

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.36¼	1.34¼	1.34¼	1.47	1.45
May	1.35	1.30½	1.30½	1.35½	....

PROVISIONS.

	Lard— High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Nov.	19.75	19.35	19.37	19.35	....
Jan.	14.55	14.45	14.45	14.52	22.57
May	14.25	14.12	14.12	14.02	....
	Ribs—				
Jan.	12.35	12.25	12.25	12.40	18.37
	Pork—				
Jan.	22.35	22.25	22.30	22.45	....

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 4,146 packages. The unloading of a Danish steamer with 6,382 packages butter added weakness to the situation and prices tumbled sharply. Top grades were 5c lower and other qualities from 2c to 3c, with the market unsettled at the close. Creamery, higher than extras, pound, 60¼@61c; extras, 92 score, 60c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 52@59c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 47@50c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 40@45c; lower grades, 37@39c; unsalted, higher than extras, 63½@64c; extras, 62@63c; firsts, 58@61c; seconds, 56@56c; dairy tubs, good to prime, 48@55c; common to fair, 37@46c; renovated, extras, 45@46c; ladles, current make, firsts, 33½@34½c; seconds, 31@32c; lower grades, 29@30c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 30@30½c; No. 2, 28c; lower grades, 26@28c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 6,770 cases. Fancy qualities, steady to firm; average prime, medium and lower grades, extremely irregular; storage eggs, firm; white eggs, steady. Fresh gathered, extras, 86@87c; 88c; extra firsts, 83@85c; firsts, 76@81c; seconds, 67@75c; dirties, No. 1, 52@55c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 46@50c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, 59@60c; firsts, 57@58c; seconds, 52@56c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, extras, $1.08; extra firsts, $1.03@1.05; firsts, 95c@$1.02; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 95c@$1.05; under grades, 88@92c; pullets, 75@88c; Pacific Coast white, extras, $1.06@1.08; extra firsts, $1.03@1.05; firsts, $1@1.02; medium size, 85@93c; small, 75@80c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 65@95c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery browns, extra, 90@93c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded extras, 86@88c; firsts to extra firsts, 77@85c.

WILL ASK $78,207,665 TO AID WATERWAYS

Gen. Beach Recommends Appropriation of $57,206,715 for Rivers and Harbors.

$16,190,000 FOR MISSISSIPPI

Estimates Call for Expenditure of $5,800,000 in New York and Adjacent Waters in 1921.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Harbor and waterways improvement and maintenance will require appropriations of $78,207,665 for the fiscal year 1921, according to estimates of Major Gen. Lansing H. Beach, Chief of Army Engineers, in his annual report, made public today. He recommended a River and Harbor bill total of $57,206,715, supplemented by sundry civil items aggregating $10,982,950 for continuing contracts and other items.

The recommendations will be incorporated in the annual estimates submitted to Congress.

The Mississippi River, from its mouth to Minneapolis, will require $16,190,000, including provision for the Mississippi River Commission, the report said; Mussel Shoals nitrate plant, $10,000,000; New York Harbor and adjacent waters, $5,800,000; the Ohio River, $5,585,000; Philadelphia and the Delaware River, $3,857,000, and the Delaware and Chesapeake inland waterway and the Missouri River, $2,115,000.

Recommendations for appropriations in the Eastern districts follow:

Portland (Me.) District—Kennebec River, $100,000.

Boston District—Newburyport, $2,000; Boston, $40,000.

Providence District—Pollock Rip Shoals, $300,000; Nantucket, $60,000; New Bedford, $20,000; Taunton River, $380,000; Providence River and Harbor, $505,000; Pawcatuck River, $18,000; Connecticut River below Hartford, $93,000; New Haven, $35,000; Milford, $14,000; Housatonic River, $16,000; Bridgeport, $165,000; Stamford, $132,000; Greenwich, $14,000.

First New York District—New York Harbor, shoals in main entrance channel, $250,000; anchorage channel, $300,000; channel between Staten Island and Swinburne and Hoffman Islands, $50,000; Bay Ridge and Red Hook channels, $150,000; removal of Negro Point, $700,000; Middle Reef, Hell Gate, $1,000,000; Middle Ground, off Sunken Meadow, $1,000,000; ledges off Port Morris, $500,000; ledges between Hell Gate and Battery, $1,000,000; Newtown Creek, $100,000; Hudson River channel, $750,000; Hudson River, Waterford, Albany and Troy, $235,000; Burlington (Vt.) Harbor, $100,000; Port Henry, $100,000.

Second New York District—Newark Bay, twenty-foot channel, $20,000; Woodbridge Creek, New Jersey, $9,000; Raritan Bay, $40,000; Raritan River, $100,000; Keyport, $20,000; Shoal Harbor and Compton Creek, $15,000; Shrewsbury River, $100,000.

Philadelphia District—Delaware River, Philadelphia to Trenton, $25,000; Philadelphia to sea, Liston Range, $450,000; Mantuluke Shoal, $750,000; dredging Philadelphia Harbor, $200,000; maintenance, $2,300,000; Harbor of Refuge, Delaware Bay, $32,340.

Wilmington (Del.) District—Cooper River, $10,000; Woodbury Creek, $6,000; Mantua Creek, $5,000; Raccoon Creek, $5,000; Salem River, $10,000; Cohansey River, $5,000; Maurice River, $25,000; Cold Spring Inlet, $80,000; Absecon Inlet, $105,000; Absecon Creek, $3,200; Tuckerton Creek, $10,000; Toms River, $198,200; Wilmington Harbor, $105,000; inland waterway, Delaware River to Chesapeake Bay, $2,500,000; Appoquinimink River, $5,000; Smyrna River, $25,000; Leipsic River, $5,000; Little River, $5,000; St. John's River, $30,000; Murderkill River, $15,000; Mispillion River, $25,000; Broadkill River, $25,000; inland waterway, Rehoboth Bay to Delaware Bay, $50,000.

Baltimore District—Baltimore Harbor and channels, $456,000; Corsica River, $3,400; Queenstown, $10,000; Claiborne, $15,000; Tvaskin Creek, $15,000; Wicomico River, $4,000; Wenona, $4,000; Tangier Channel, $58,400.

Buffalo District—Erie (Pa.) Harbor, $68,000; Dunkirk, $235,000; Buffalo, $363,000; Black Rock Channel and Tonawanda, $180,000; Charlotte, $11,000; Great Sodus Bay Harbor, $8,000; Little Sodus Bay Harbor, $8,000; Oswego, $67,000; Ogdensburg, $99,000.

Porto Rico District—San Juan Harbor, $410,000.

'HOUSE' OF EMPLOYES VOTES TO CUT WAGES

'Democracy' of Virginia Textile Workers Passes 'Bill' to Maintain Operation.

Special to The New York Times.

DANVILLE, Va., Nov. 26.—The "House of Representatives" of the Riverside and Dan River Cotton Mills, representing approximately 5,000 mill operatives, yesterday voted for a 15 per cent. reduction in the wage scale and the abolition of the customary 10 per cent. bonus paid weekly for full time.

The "bill" will finally be referred to President H. R. Fitzgerald of the corporation and his cabinet of eight other executives for approval.

By its vote the "House" has given what is looked on as a remarkable illustration of the co-operative spirit which characterizes industry where employes receive recognition as an important element of business management. The "democracy" of the Riverside and Dan River Cotton Mills has voted to share with employers the results of financial depression, just as they have insisted on sharing in prosperity.

The passage of the bill by the "House" was the outcome of a conference called by President Fitzgerald about two weeks ago at a joint meeting of "House, Senate and Cabinet." He reported on the financial situation, the falling market and the prospect of reduced time, if not a shutdown. He suggested that a wage reduction of 25 per cent. was advisable, and put all the cards on the table. The representatives of the operatives gave a prompt expression of confidence, approved the reduction informally and drew the "bill" for the consideration of "Congress."

The "House" amended the bill, reducing the cut to 15 per cent., and made up the difference by eliminating the 10 per cent. bonus. The amendment was adopted by a vote of 74 to 12, and the "bill," thus amended, passed by a vote of 78 to 6.

MADRID IS WITHOUT BREAD.

Bakers' Strike Continues and They Are Denounced as Profiteers.

MADRID, Nov. 26.—The situation resulting from the strike of the bakers showed no improvement today, and the bread lines everywhere were even longer than those of yesterday.

The majority of the newspapers in their editorials today blame the authorities for not taking stern action to compel the bakery owners to furnish bread at the price fixed by the municipality—66 centimos per kilogram. The newspapers argue that the entire situation has arisen from the greed of bakery owners, who, they say, make enormous profits through the sale of pastry breads, for which they charge 2 pesetas 50 centimos per kilo.

El Imparcial today sums up the situation as follows:

"The conflict has two characteristics, namely, an entire lack of bread for the population of a million and absolute failure by the authorities to take action in favor of the consumers. The prestige of the authorities on public order and domestic necessities demands a categorical solution which will extirpate with one blow the wound in the body of Madrid caused by these insatiable profiteers. Unless we look realities in the face, we must prepare to mourn some day the deplorable consequences."

COTTON SLUMPS ON SELLING FROM SOUTH

Future and Spot Prices Melt Under Broad Offerings—Short Interest Enlarged.

The holiday did the cotton market no good. The rally which was started late on Wednesday, and which seemed to be built on a fairly good trade demand at the then low figures, was not in evidence yesterday. In its place was a most pronounced bearish attitude, apparently widely entertained. The trouble started at Liverpool, where that market was notably weak on Thursday, and yesterday sent in an early level of prices considerably below where they were due to be. This caused our market to lose 50 to 80 points on the call and after that there was a rally of not more than 15 points at the most. Then wholesale selling set in.

Spot prices in the South were down 50 to 100 points, and the markets were heavy. Our market, following the nominal rally at the start, went off rapidly, losing in all 150 points for December, 130 for January and 95 to 120 for the others, with the losses diminishing as the options progressed. The selling, starting with Southern offerings, became general in the early afternoon, when ring traders and Wall Street houses sold out long accounts and went short in considerable volume.

Trade news was as unfavorable as ever. Cabled advices said that the leading English spinners had agreed to a 50 per cent. reduction in output and to the use of a smaller ratio of American cotton in such goods as were made. This and the unsatisfactory reports from domestic trade centres were used extensively by the ring bears. Incidentally, on the decline the buying support which had been noticed earlier in the week was withdrawn.

The local spot market was down 145 points to a new low record of 15.85 cents for middlings. This is only 1½ cents above the low for 1917, and yesterday there were predictions that the 1917 low would be passed before the current year is out.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Wednesday.
Dec.	16.20	16.22	15.50	15.35	16.80
Jan.	15.65	15.95	15.15	15.18@15.20	16.45
March	15.65	15.89	15.13	15.22@15.25	16.34
May	15.50	15.77	15.15	15.20@15.22	16.25
July	15.60	15.67	15.15	15.15@15.23	16.10
Sept.	....	15.10	15.10	15.05	16.00

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, down 145 points to 15.85c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 15.75c, down 1.00; New Orleans, 15.50c, down .50; Savannah, 15.75c, down 1.00; Augusta, 15.25c, down .75; Memphis, 15.50c, down 1.00; Houston, 15c, down 1.00; Little Rock 16c, down .50.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	41,172	30,985	57,462
Exports	32,499	9,133	77,098
Exports, season	1,600,282	1,411,084	1,927,242
N. Y. stocks	23,428	23,539	69,125
Port stocks	1,357,337	1,338,030	1,516,442
N. Y. arrivals	4,079	....	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 11.23d for middling. Sales 3,000 bales, of which 2,000 were American. Imports, none. Futures opened quiet, 6 to 12 points off, and closed quiet, 51 to 56 points down from Wednesday. Prices: Dec., 11.07d; March, 11.02d; May, 10.95d; July, 10.89d. Manchester—Yarns and cloths were quiet.

PREDICTS HIGHER COTTON.

Senator-Elect Heflin of Alabama Says South Will Force Price Up.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Thirty-cent cotton by Jan. 1 is predicted by Senator-elect Heflin of Alabama, who holds that Southern farmers, merchants and bankers, unable to sell at present prices, have tied up the spot cotton market.

"This is the fifth small cotton crop in the United States," said Mr. Heflin today. "The American crop this year is 5,000,000 bales short of what the world demands of us.

"The ginners report of cotton ginned to Nov. 14, 1920, is a very bullish report. The final report will show that there were less than 2,000,000 bales to be ginned after Nov. 14 this year, but if you should add 2,000,000 bales to the 8,920,000 bales reported to Nov. 14 you will have a crop of 10,920,000 bales—405,000 bales less than the crop of 1919. In only one other instance in recent years—has cotton opened, been picked and ginned as early and rapidly as this year. That was in 1916.

"The tremendous slump in the price offered for cotton is responsible for a half million bales being left in the fields. If you should add to the amount ginned up to Nov. 14, 1920, the number of bales that remained to be ginned 1,718,000, after Nov. 14, 1916, you will have approximately the figures of the American cotton crop of 1920—10,638,000 bales. My judgment is that 10,400,000 will come nearer telling the tale of the 1920 cotton crop.

"There can be no doubt about cotton prices going much higher. There never has been such a cotton holding movement in the South as you find there today. Our people just cannot afford to sell at the price now offered. There will be no cotton sold until the price goes back up to 30 cents or above.

"We have it in our power to compel prices that will cover the cost of production and yield a profit and we are going to do it. Cotton will sell for 30 cents before Jan. 1, 1921."

Cheap Holiday Things Sell Well.

Christmas tree decorations and other holiday offerings of popular-priced stores are selling rapidly these days, and stocks that are fuller than for several years in the number of things offered need frequent replenishing. Quite a little of the merchandise is said to be of German origin, and some of the articles frankly bear the stamp "Germany" or "Made in Germany." Among the larger stores, however, the resolution not to handle German goods is still adhered to. Japanese goods have largely replaced them, but, while they are cheaper than the German merchandise used to be, it is said they are not proving altogether satisfactory. Particularly is this true in the case of dolls' heads.

Jobbers Would as Soon Wait.

Regardless of how manufacturers feel about it, the spirit among dry goods jobbers relative to the renewal movement to buy Spring goods now is not to regard it over-kindly. In connection with this it is pointed out that as jobbers the most of the trade they get is from the smaller dealers, many of whom do not have a great deal of scruple about breaking contracts when prices drop before the date of delivery. They do not see the wisdom of spending time and money in seeking business that would not hold in event of a further decline. Consequently they prefer to wait until the situation clears or the retailer comes into the market from sheer necessity.

Where Our Cotton Has Been Shipped.

The complete classified report on foreign trade in September shows that in the nine first months of 1920 our shippers of cotton sent 240,000 bales less to England than in the same months of 1919, to France 196,000 bales less, and to Holland 137,000 less. Shipments to Austria were reduced from 64,500 bales to 2,400. But Belgium took 10,000 bales more, Italy 3,400 more, and our cotton exports to Germany increased 337,000 bales.

Tokio Mayor Resigns Under Cloud.

TOKIO, Nov. 26.—Viscount Tajira, Mayor of Tokio, and other officials resigned today in consequence of the investigation which has been started into graft scandals, as a result of which there have been nineteen arrests.

SEA GULL'S LONG TRIP.

One Killed at Edmonton Bore Washington Biological Survey Tag.

EDMONTON, Canada, Nov. 26.—A hunter's inability to distinguish between a seagull and a duck today brought to light additional knowledge of the migratory propensities of an individual of the former species. The unusual wanderlust of this bird, inadvertently killed by a constable of the Alberta Provincial Police, who thought it was a duck, was revealed by a small aluminum tag around its leg, which read:

"Notify Biological Survey, Washington, D. C., No. 5,553."

SEEKING SITUATIONS.

Reliable workers of all kinds looking for substantial positions advertise their needs in The New York Times.—Advt.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	‡Aetna Explo	9¾	9½	9¾
2,100	‡Acme Coal	1¾	1½	1¾
100	‡Brit-Am Ch	5	5	5
500	‡Car Lt & P	2⅝	2⅜	2½
300	‡Chi Nipple	8	8	8
200	‡Crude Ch	1¼	1¼	1¼
500	‡Empire T&S	17½	17¼	17½
100	‡Farrell Coal	16½	16½	16½
8,000	‡Gen Asphalt	47	41½	42¾
950	‡ Do pf	82	77	77¼
100	‡Havana Tob	1½	1½	1½
500	‡Hercules P	20	19	19½
2,000	‡Indian Pack	3¼	2⅜	3
4,000	‡Kay Co Gas	1½	1½	1½
700	‡Libby	11⅞	11½	11½
200	‡MunsonFurn	14	14	14
1,500	N Am P & P	4½	4¼	4⅜
800	Perfec Tire	1¾	1⅝	1¾
1,000	‡RadioCo, w i	2¼	2	2
1,200	‡ Do pf, w i	2½	2⅜	2⅜
800	‡Repub Rub	1⅝	1½	1⅝
100	‡Roy de Fr	3½	3½	3½
2,500	‡Swts of Am	2	1⅞	2
800	‡TriangleFilm	⅝	⅝	⅝
400	‡Union Carb	54	52½	52½
1,500	UnProfShar	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝
800	‡Un Ret Strs	9	8½	8¾
600	U S Distrib	29	28	29
6,000	U S SS Co	1¼	1¼	1¼

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

600	‡Anglo-Am	19½	19	19
20	‡Ohio OilCo	390	388	390

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

10,000	‡‡Allied Oil	14	13	14
7,500	‡Boone Oil	1⅛	1	1⅛
800	‡Bos-Mex Oil	1	⅞	1
4,500	‡‡Bos-Wyo	⅞	⅞	⅞
2,000	‡Carib Synd	11⅞	11	11⅞
1,000	‡Cities Serv			
	B T shares	31¾	31½	31½
200	‡Cosden &Co	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜
1,300	‡Cushing Pet	⅛	⅛	⅛
1,200	‡Denny Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
400	‡Elk Basin	8	8	8
2,200	‡EngnrsPet	1¼	1¼	1¼
4,500	‡Federal Oil	2¼	1⅞	2
200	‡FenslandOil	12½	12	12½
700	‡GlenrockOil	2¼	2¼	2¼
200	‡Gulf-Gilf	27	25¾	27
1,200	‡Hudson Oil	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,900	‡Int Petr	15¼	15	15¼
500	‡Invader Oil	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
4,500	‡MarlandRef	3¼	3	3¼
600	Alas-B C Met	⅝	⅝	⅝
3,300	Ariz Globe	⅞	⅞	⅞
2,700	‡Atlanta	1½	1½	1½
2,500	‡‡BelcherDiv (a pros)	4	3	3½
3,500	‡‡BelcherExt (a pros)	5	4	4½
1,500	Big Lodge	¾	¾	¾
5,000	‡‡Booth	3½	3½	3½
20,000	‡Bos & Mont	42	41	42
2,350	‡‡Caledonia	18	16	17
2,000	‡Candelaria	18	17	18
3,000	‡‡Cashboy	7¼	7	7¼
200	Con Vir Sil	3½	3½	3½
3,000	‡Cortez Sil	64	62	64
800	Cresson Con	1¼	1¼	1¼
400	‡Darwin Sil	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
3,500	‡‡Div Ex(pros)	27	26	27
1,000	‡‡ El Sal Sil	1	⅞	1
1,800	Emma Silver	4	3	4
5,000	‡EurekaCroe	50	47	49
2,800	‡‡Eureka Hol	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2,500	‡‡Gold 2 Div	18½	18	18½
2,300	‡Goldf'dCon	7	6	6¼
1,500	‡Goldf'dDev	3	2½	2½
4,800	‡‡HarmillDiv	23	18	22
720	Hecla Mining	4¼	4⅜	4⅜
500	‡Iron Blos	⅞	⅞	⅞
2,500	‡‡Jim Butler	17	16	17
3,200	‡Jumbo Ext	6	5	5½
4,300	Wilbert Min	2	1⅞	2

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	‡Allied Packers 6s	59½	58½	58½
3,000	‡Aluminium Mfg 7s	96½	96	96
5,000	Am Light & Trac	93	93	93
5,000	‡Am Tel & Tel 6s, 1922	95	95	95
20,000	‡Am Tel & Tel, 1924	94	93¾	94
10,000	‡Anaconda Cop 6s	84¼	84	84
90,000	‡Anaconda Cop 7s, w i	93½	91	91⅝
2,000	‡Anglo-Am O 7½s, w i	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
5,000	‡Armour 7⅝ w i	95½	95½	95½
30,000	‡Beth Stl 7⅝, 1935, w i	94¾	94½	94⅝
15,000	‡Canadian Nat Ry 7⅞, '33	101¾	101	101
80,000	‡Can. Nor. Ry 7s, '40, w i	100⅜	100	100⅜
4,000	‡C C C & St L 6s, 1920	99	99¼	99¼
25,000	‡Denmark 8s	99¾	99½	99¾
5,000	‡Diamond Match 7s	100¼	100⅛	100¼
18,000	‡Empire Gas & F 6s, 1924	84½	83½	84
5,000	‡Empire Gas & F 6s, 1926	94¾	94¾	94¾
	‡Trust	93½	93½	93½
10,000	‡Galena Signal Oil 7s	93½	93¼	93½
2,000	‡Goodrich 7s, 1925, w i	89	89	89
10,000	‡Govt of Sweden 6s	82¾	81	81¾
110,000	‡Grand Trunk 7s	102	101¼	101⅝
30,000	‡Inter Rate Ferry 6s	92¾	92¾	92

BUSINESS WORLD

Commercial Paper.

Yesterday .....7¾ to 8% for the best names
Wednesday .....8% for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Gray Goods Mark Time Again.

Gray goods again marked time in this market yesterday. The bulk of the trading that was done was confined to printcloths, and also to deliveries during the remainder of this month. Buyers again paid 7½ cents for 38½-inch 64-60s, and a cent a yard less for 38½-inch 60-48s. Wide, high-count printcloths sold on the basis of 10½ cents for 39-inch 80 squares. Sheetings, fine-yarn cloths and specialties had a quiet time of it.

***

Snow Would Help Some.

A good heavy snowstorm would come in rather "handy" just about now for the shoe trade. Not only would it stimulate the demand for rubbers, which, in common with other lines of footwear, have been more or less neglected by consumers for some time, but it would bring additional business in seasonable weights of shoes, particularly men's, which attractive bargains in retail shoe windows have so far failed to produce in a large way. Any active movement in Fall footwear that might result from a liberal fall of "the beautiful" would doubtless stimulate Spring business somewhat. In any event, it would loosen capital that is now frozen in slow-moving stocks.

***

Spring Clothing Sales.

The estimate that Spring clothing orders at wholesale will not exceed 50 per cent. of last year's business is regarded as liberal in many quarters. Some houses will consider themselves lucky, it is said, to get one-third their usual sales, and there are still other opinions that only 20 per cent. of the normal business will be obtained. Houses which have already sent their salesmen on the road are not very happy over results. Computing the returns on a suit basis, the general average is reported to be some one-third less than normal, with very few districts showing better than that. This means a larger shrinkage in dollars and cents in view of reduced prices.

***

Will Urge Useful Art.

Nat C. Smolin, a manufacturer of millinery, will leave for Paris today on the Olympic. His purpose in visiting the French capital will be to promote a movement among dressmakers and milliners there to provide more wearable styles. He pointed out yesterday that before the war French exports to this country were only a small percentage of the total, and it was, therefore, not so important to suit the tastes of American women. With the necessity now of building up French exports to this country he explained that the designers in Paris ought to be more sympathetic with American needs. By means of frequent visits to the French capital he intends to keep the manufacturers abroad posted on market requirements here.

***

Factory Shipments Not Advisable.

It is not thought probable that when the last vestiges of merchandise scarcities of one kind or another disappear the store practice of shipping direct from factories will be continued. While there is a certain economy in this method, there are also said to be more important disadvantages. Some stores are known to have received a large number of complaints concerning merchandise shipped in this way. The trouble has been that the stores have no way of knowing the condition of goods which do not pass through their hands. Thus, in furniture, the shipments direct from the factories have frequently resulted in the delivery of articles inferior to the samples on which consumer orders were based.

***

Discounts to the Fore.

The decision of the dress manufacturers to work toward the elimination of all but the net discount has added considerably to the interest surrounding the question of terms. Conferences have been held on discounts between the wholesalers and retailers, with no definite action as a result. The discussion showed, however, that the stores are as determined as ever to establish more freedom in the matter of terms. It is the wholesale view that by dissolving the present discount agreement the retailers hope to allow individual action, which will mean more "plums" to them.

THE COURSE OF PRICES.

This Week Showed a Decline in Practically All of Them.

The greatest number of declines in wholesale commodities prices ever shown in a single week is contained in Dun's current list. Of the more than 300 articles quoted in the list, 103 were revised downward, while only seven advanced. Last week, in a total of 90 changes, 80 were downward. The declines this week in foodstuffs and metals, as well as in drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils, were particularly numerous. The grains also were weaker.

The following table contains prices on commodities selected from the list referred to above. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.....	3.50	3.50	4.00
Beans, m., c., 100 lbs.	9.00	9.00	11.50
Butter, cream., ex., lb.	.64	.65	.73
Butter, S. D., c.to f.,lb	.58	.58	.54
Cabbage, per bbl.....	2.25	2.25	4.00
Cheese, w. m., spl., lb.	.28	.28	.32½
Codfish,Gd.Bks.,100 lbs.	13.00	13.00	13.00
Coffee, Sant. No. 4, lb.	.09¾	.10¾	*.20¾
Eggs, f., nearby, doz.	1.06	1.06	.98
Eggs, West. 1sts, doz.	.76	.77	.76
Onions, bag.....	1.25	1.25	2.50
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs..	5.25	5.25	6.50
Potatoes, bbl.....	4.25	4.25	5.25
Rice, fancy head, lb..	.08¾	.08¾	.13¾
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.13	.15	.28
Tea, Japan, best, lb..	.65	.65	.50
Bacon, 140s down, lb..	.19¾	.21¾	.22¾
Beef, live, 100 lbs.....	8.25	8.00	9.00
Hams, big., in tcs....	.23¾	.23¾	.25
Hogs, live, 100 lbs....	9.75	12.10	13.00
Sheep, live, 100 lbs....	7.75	8.75	9.75
Barley, malt., bu.....	.98	1.05	1.60
Hay, prime tim.,100 lbs.	1.80	2.00	1.75
Rye, No. 2, bu.....	1.64	1.73¼	1.64
Aluminium, pig, lb....	.26	.28	.33
Copper, electro., lb....	.14	.14¾	.19
Spelter, lb.....	.06	.06¾	.08.2
Brown sheet'gs, std.,yd	.14	.14	.28
Cloths, 64x60, yd.....	.07¼	.09½	.19
Hides, pack., No. 1, lb	.20	.22	*.45
Hides, cows, hvy., lb..	.18	.20	*.45
Leath., h'lock sole, lb.	.40	.40	.56
Leath., un.bks., t.r.,lb.	.60	.60	.90
Rubber, up-riv.fine, lb.	.20½	.22	.52¼
Plan.1st latex cr., lb.	.19½	.19	...
Silk, China, st.fil.1st,lb.	6.95	7.00	13.05
Silk, Japan, fil. No. 1, Shinshiu, lb.....	6.50	6.50	12.35

*Nominal.

So marked was the weakness of foodstuffs prices, numerically at least, that the "ups" exceeded the "downs" by more than 6 to 1. In fact, only four articles listed among the foods showed an advance. These included fancy apples, which moved up $1 a barrel, and fancy nearby eggs, which advanced 2 cents a dozen to a new high wholesale level of $1.08. Choice pea beans and live beef completed the advances in that part of the general list.

The declines were numerous. A feature of the local market was a drop of 75 cents a barrel in flour to levels well below those that prevailed at this time a year ago. Bacon was cheaper here, as was Middle Western lard. At Chicago the changes in provisions, except for live beef, were all declines. Mess pork did not change, but live hogs and sheep, together with short ribs, were lower. The declines in the dairy products, which were limited, were slight.

Lower prices were quoted on dried orange and lemon peel in the dried fruits. Rice was lower generally. Prices for Brazilian coffees continued to slump, and for the first time in a long while there were numerous breaks in teas. Black Singapore pepper declined, as did white, but the other spices did not change. Further breaks were noted in raw and refined sugars. The grains list presented a solid front of declines, as did the metals. The drop included several varieties of pig iron, as well as finished and semi-finished forms of iron and steel.

A single advance in the combined lists for drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils contrasted with 35 declines. None of the changes were marked enough, however, to cause special comment. For the most part they represented only further progress in the liquidation process which has been going on in those trades for some time. Practically all of the domestic paints listed showed declines, there being eight revisions in all. Five declines to one advance, which took place in No. 1 Texas stock, was the score for the week in the hide list. A further decline in belting buts was the only listed change in the leathers.

News roll paper was a little easier in price, according to the list. Tallow was cheaper, as was Grade B resin. Hudson River brick, common, also fell off in price. Brazilian crude rubber was cheaper, too, but the plantation variety showed some added price strength. Not so many changes were shown in the textiles this week, although the undertone was far from strong. Gray cottons fared about as poorly as anything in the cloth line.

FUR TRADE SITUATION.

Present Depression Is Said to Be Merely a Passing Phase.

Sharp declines in receipts of fresh-caught furs at important receiving points, recent European buying, and increasing signs of improvement in the local fur trade were the leading points brought out in a statement issued yesterday by Norman H. Bacon, President of the New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation. At some points, compared with last year's quantities, receipts have dropped as much as 85 per cent.

"Since the postponement of our Fall sale," Mr. Bacon said, "conditions have improved to the extent that some goods are moving freely in the open market, although the bases of certain values have been discouraging to the holders of high-priced articles acquired toward the end of last season. The trade is still sensible of the effects of adverse conditions, such as inflation, with consequent weakness in certain quarters, restricted credit, and some forced liquidation, but the present depression can be regarded as going to the opposite extreme of the speculation too freely indulged in this Spring, and as a passing phase of the general situation. Consumption has been retarded by the strike of the fur workers in New York and the reduced retail purchasing, but these conditions are daily improving.

"We consider that a general improvement may be looked for from now on. The measures taken by the trade associations and banks to ameliorate conditions are undoubtedly having good effect, and are assisting toward a return of full confidence. Europe has taken considerable quantities of raw furs for consumption, now that the trade there is satisfied that speculation has disappeared. Authentic reports from receiving points are to the effect that very little fresh goods are coming in. At some points, receipts are as much as 85 per cent. below last year's quantities at the corresponding date.

"The fur trade of America has probably suffered less than most of the trades which have had to adjust themselves to new conditions and, with the certain elimination of the speculators whose operations have threatened the whole trade, we have the fullest confidence in the future prosperity and integral soundness of the entire industry."

The annual mid-Winter sale of the corporation will be held, as usual, in the Masonic Hall here, beginning on Jan. 17. The last receiving date for goods meant for the sale will be Dec. 18. The annual Spring auction will start on April 11.

Silk Trade Still Waiting.

Developments in the silk trade are still lacking, in spite of the action taken by the Japanese to stabilize the raw material market. Now, that silk values are considered to have been established on a fairly firm basis, the desire of the trade is to see some construction or other win the favor of fashion to an extent that will improve the general tone of the market. Some manufacturers are now pinning their faith to crêpe weaves to furnish such activity. Satin, at the moment, appears to have the lead in what business is being done but, as this is considered a staple material, the wholesalers are looking in other directions for the novelties which will bring an increased demand.

Has the Bottom Been Reached?

That bottom has not been reached in the present decline in unfinished cottons is the opinion expressed by men who are conversant with conditions surrounding it. With the price of cotton dropping almost like a plummet, and with the cost of the staple cutting a big figure in production costs again since supply has overtaken demand, these men can see nothing but still lower cloth prices in the immediate future. In fact, the question is coming up as to whether pre-war prices, as measured by 5 cents for 38½-inch 64-60 printcloths and 8 cents for 39-inch 80 squares, are not in sight. All that is needed in both cases is an additional break of 2½ cents a yard from yesterday's quotations.

Increased Loft Rentals.

The Charles F. Noyes Company, agents of the Samuel D. Babcock estate property at 29 Great Jones Street and 26 Bond Street, have renewed leases in the two buildings at approximately $15,000 per annum, as against existing rentals of about $10,000 per annum. This increase indicates the scarcity of space in the Lafayette Street district just south of Astor Place. The Noyes Company has also leased for Sigsbee Graham three lofts in 2 and 3 Benson Place, adjoining 109 and 111 Leonard Street, for $15,000 in the aggregate, which is nearly twice the present rental.

SEABOARD BANK BUYS ON BROAD STREET

Purchases Building Opposite Its New Home Formerly Owned by "Hetty" Green.

ASSESSED AT $190,000

William Waldorf Astor Estate Sells Old Holding at Twelfth Avenue and Fiftieth Street.

Business property deals were the feature of what little trading there was in the real estate market yesterday.

Several large deals are pending, however, and there is every indication that there will be a revival of activity during the coming week.

By far the most important transaction closed yesterday was the purchase by the Seaboard National Bank, of which Samuel G. Bayne is President, of the four-story building located at 74 Broad Street, southwest corner of Marketfield Street, on a plot 33.11 by 100.7 by irregular.

The site was sold by Colonel E. H. R. Green, son of the late "Hetty" Green, and it had been in the possession of that family for a great many years. It is diagonally opposite the new ten-story home of the Seaboard Bank now building at the northeast corner of Broad and Beaver Streets, on a plot 90 by 85.

Recently the bank leased for a long term of years from the Bishop estate the property at 39 Beaver Street, to protect the light of the new building.

The property just purchased which, it is understood the bank will use for the storage of books and records, is assessed by the city for taxation purposes at about $190,000.

Tenant Buys Cortlandt Street Corner.

Charles W. Wolf, dealer in leather goods, bought for $83,000 from Janet Olcott the five-story building with store at 58 Cortlandt Street, northwest corner of Greenwich Street, on a plot 26 by 58 by irregular.

The buyer has been a tenant of the building for a number of years. Mrs. Olcott allows a mortgage for $58,000 to remain on the property for five years at 5½ per cent.

Edith Avery sold to Herbert C. and Clarence Pell and the United States Trust Company 63 Wooster Street, a five-story commercial building, 27.6 by 200, for $50,000.

Investors Buy Bowery Corner.

William T. Innes sold to Louis and Jennie Greenfield for investment 188 Bowery, southwest corner of Spring Street, a five-story loft and store building on plot containing 3,500 square feet, held at $125,000.

This is the first sale of the property since 1817. The present building was erected by Mr. Innes in 1890 and is considered the most substantially constructed building on the Bowery. P. M. Clear & Co. negotiated the sale.

This is the second important transaction in this section in the last two weeks, the opposite corner, the northeast corner of Bowery and Delancey, having just changed hands.

The Bronx Market.

Grace Zeeb sold to David Augustowsky the five-story flat at 147 Willis Avenue, on a lot 25 by 81.

The Belwood Realty Company sold to Harry Rotman the four-story flat at 510 East 139th Street, on a plot 37.6 by 100.

Samuel A. Kelsey sold for Charles R. Faruolo the six-story apartment house known as the New Castle at 1,804 Belmont Avenue, northeast corner of 175th Street, on a plot 50 by 100. It rents for $14,000 and was held at $80,000. The buyers are the Denwood Realty Company, Inc.

Bartels & Waxman sold for Sonn Brothers the five-story brick taxpayer, consisting of five stores with apartments, located at 648 to 654 East 180th Street, between Belmont and Hughes Avenues, held at $30,000.

Long Island Estates Sold.

Henry T. Dollard sold the property on Mill River Road and North Hempstead Turnpike at East Norwich, consisting of seven acres, for Charles Bailey to Janet McVicker of New York City. The buyer will erect a Summer home. The same broker also sold the Cook property at Sand Hill Road and East Main Street, Oyster Bay, to Chauncey B. Garver of the law firm of Shearman & Sterling. The property is considered one of the finest in the Oyster Bay section.

W. W. Astor Estate Sells.

The Farmers Loan and Trust Company, as trustee of the estate of William Waldorf Astor, sold for $47,500 the vacant plot at the southeast corner of Twelfth Avenue and Fiftieth Street, fronting 83.10 and 100 feet, respectively. The buyers are David and Alva S. Staples, who have borrowed on the property $30,000 from the Harlem Savings Bank.

Enlarges Greenwich Village Plot.

William J. Roome & Co. sold for F. Kingsbury Bull the property at 46 Dominick Street, a three-story brick dwelling, on a lot 20 by 85.5 feet. The purchaser, Benjamin B. Davis, owns the adjoining property at 48 and 50 Dominick Street and 256 to 262 Hudson Street. Mr. Davis now controls a plot 84.4 by 110 feet at the southeast corner of Hudson and Dominick Streets.

Commercial Leases.

A long-term lease at a total value of about $250,000 has been made by Oliver Lakin & Co. of the store and basement at 42 West Thirty-third Street to the La Paix Restaurant, Inc., John Limpert President. The same brokers also leased for the Actors' Equity Association to the Regan Cigar Company the store at 122 West Forty-third Street.

Cross & Brown leased the building at 18 and 20 West Sixty-third Street to the Interstate Automobile Coach Works and George Spegler.

The Eugene J. Busher Company leased for the Haffen Realty Company the fourth loft in the Haffen Building, 2,804 to 2,808 Third Avenue, to the Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford for five and one-half years, to be occupied as its Bronx office.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BALTIMORE—Fink, Roemer & Harcum; H. S. Fink, neckwear materials; Pennsylvania.
BUFFALLO, N. Y.—Clawson & Wilson Co.; N. Collins, men's clothing, shirts, overalls, hats, caps; 43 Leonard.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Haskell & Davids; G. B. Haskell, mfrs. pants; 256 Church.
DUBUQUE, Ia.—Roshek Bros. Co.; F. H. Roshek, boudoir caps, petticoats, negligees, waists; 45 E. 25th.
CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; M. C. Goldman, womens, Misses' silk and cotton dresses; 368 6th Av.
CHICAGO—M. Hirsch & Co.; M. Hirsch, ready-to-wear; 261 W. 33d, Pennsylvania.
CHICAGO—Meyer & Co.; A. Isaacs, tailor trimmings; 200 5th Av., Pennsylvania.
CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue; J. Robertson, silks, velvets; 366 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—Sim Well Co.; S. Welland, army, navy goods; 467 Broadway, Room 2-M.
COLUMBUS—F. & R. Lazarus & Co.; G. W. Porter, jobs hosiery, silk and knit underwear; J. P. Doody, men's, boys' clothing, furnishings, basement; 225 5th Av.
DAYTON—Rike-Kumler Co.; Mrs. M. Heller, art goods; 225 5th Av.
ITHACA, N. Y.—Wells, Shannon Co.; H. L. Wells, men's wear; Grand.
LOS ANGELES—Bullock's; B. Lyon, men's furnishings, children's, women's underwear, hosiery, boys' clothing, furnishings; 225 5th Av.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—L. Jonas Co.; S. Jonas, Spring dresses; 1,140 Broadway.
NEW ORLEANS, La.—Scherr Mfg. Co.; M. Scherr, skirtings; 1,150 B'way; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—Millards; M. H. Herzberg, dresses, skirts, petticoats; Pennsylvania.
RENO, Nev.—Morris & Levy; H. Levy, dry goods, notions, furn. goods, carpets; Imperial.
SAN FRANCISCO—M. Blumberg & Co.; M. Blumberg, silks, cotton linings for cloak, suit, hat, cap mfg. dept.; Commodore.
SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Eagle Stores; H. Epstein, genl. mdse.; Pennsylvania.
ST. LOUIS—N. Friedman & Son Cloak Co.; S. L. Friedman, Spring silk, dresses; 1,183 Broadway, Room 1011.
ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; E. P. Cave, domestics, prints; 56 Worth.
WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Fowler, Dick & Walker; M. Burnside, dress goods, silks, notions, laces; 6 W. 32d., Bristol.
WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Sally Sloane Shop; Mr. Sloane, coats, dresses; 621 Broadway, Room 404.

BUYERS' WANTS.

CHAMBRAY Wanted—Nugget, Signal and others. U. S. Textile, 315 4th Av.

COATS Wanted—Ladies'; contractors call with samples for Spring. Eighth floor, 33 West 34th.

DRESSES Wanted—We will buy spot cash jobs, any quantity, tricotine, velveteen, charmeuse, chiffon velvet and party dresses; both popular and high grade goods; samples daily 9 to 5. 5th floor, 28 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy tricotines at a price; also high-class Spring numbers in canton crepe, satin and georgette. Louis Bernstein, Longacre 4787.

DRESSES—Wanted jobs in velour and tricotine, at a price for cash. 153 West 27th, 8th floor.

FURS Wanted—Raccoon shawl collars, for cash; quantity no object; must be at a price. Michaels & Rosenberg, 36 East 10th.

MACKINAWS Wanted—Boys' plaid, sizes 6-17, very low grade. Call Room 607, 1,270 Broadway.

OLIVE DRAB Wanted—Jerseys, knit cloth; can use quantity. Fisher & Nathan, 31 East 20th.

SILK WANTED—Peau de cygne and messaline; brown, black; must be cheap; spot cash. W 432 Times.

VELOURS Wanted—American 13046, for cash; quantity no object; must be at a price. Michaels & Rosenberg, 36 East 10th.

VELOUR Wanted—American 13046, all colors. Henry Rosenzweig, 157 West 29th.

VELOUR Wanted—Reindeer and brown, in light weight. Third floor, 15 West 27th.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARMY AND NAVY GOODS—Buy direct from U. S. A. Sales Co., 45 East 9th, Stuyvesant 1540; for immediate delivery Herman's navy and army Munson shoes; Government hobnail shoes, all sizes; Government slickers, O. D. reclaimed blankets, O. D. breeches and long pants; new army overcoats, hosiery, underwear, navy mittens, new O. D. shirts, canvas leggins; other goods too numerous to mention; lowest prices.

ARMY AND NAVY GOODS—Have for immediate delivery belts, shoes, slickers, blankets, shirts, leggings, underwear and a full line of reclaimed merchandise. Nat Bloom & Co., 1 West 3d St.

COATEES, plush; also full-length coats, fur-trimmed; cheap. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

COATS, misses', ladies' and stylish stouts; fur trimmed and plain; in all leading materials; immediate delivery. Millar-Mandel & Co., 38 East 30th.

COATS—Desirable lot of plush and cloth coats to close at special prices. Norwalk Bros., 105 Madison Av.

COATS—Plush, Australian opossum collars, $25 and up; hundreds on rack. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

COATS—Children's, juniors', ladies', fur trimmed; close out. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on new Spring samples. Call 3d floor, 19 East 30th St.

DRESSES — Serge, tricotine, velours, velveteens, charmeuse, satins; very cheap. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES, SKIRTS—Job newest; sacrifice. Saturday after 10, 54 East 99th St., store.

HOSIERY—200 dozen ladies' wool mixed sport hose, slight menders, $5 dozen; big bargain. Quinto Co., 1,123 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted—7301, M. F. L. Tip Top Waist & Dress, 35 West 32d.

SERGES—MFL, navy, $1.02½. Stuyvesant 2676.

TRICOTINE—Closing out very cheap; all popular makes, including U. S., Goff's, Andrew's, American and others; navy, brown, tan; also high-class Poiret twill. Madison Square 1520.

VELOURS—Wool, heavyweight, navy, brown and burgundy, $1.60 net. Chelsea 5725.

Allied Industries.

DOLLS—Imported, dressed and undressed; also imported mechanical toys; closing out regardless of import cost. Bimco Doll Company, 5, 7, 9 Union Square West.

Help Wanted.

REPRESENTATIVE Wanted — Out-of-town manufacturer of middy blouses and middy suits wishes to make New York connection with live selling organization; manager will be in city about Nov. 29. Answer by mail only, address S. G., care of M. Weinstein & Co., 404 4th Av.

Contracts Offered.

SHIRT CONTRACTORS—Wanted on flannel, silk and cotton. Reply with full particulars. X 2341 Times Annex.

The F. & R. Lazarus & Co., Columbus, Ohio, Will Pay

CASH

for special values in the following lines of merchandise to be used for a special sales event:

Men's all-wool suits and overcoats
Men's trousers
Boys' clothing and furnishings
Men's furnishings, men's shoes
Girls' wear, infants' wear
Luggage
Women's waists
Woman's and children's shoes
Gloves, hosiery
Laces, silks
Woolen goods, wash goods
Linens and domestics
Basement Ready-to-Wear
Basement Boys' and Girls' Wear

Representatives of this store will look only at unusual values in the above lines beginning Monday, November 29, at 9:00 A. M., at the New York office

Retail Research Assn.
225 FIFTH AVE., N. Y.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

A. REICHBART & SON—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against A. Reichbart & Son, the firm being composed of Aaron, William and Samuel Reichbart, dealers in furs and skins, at 295 Seventh Avenue, by these creditors: H. Posner, $1,673; H. L. Klein, $3,967, and N. Tadross, $1,627. Assets are said to be about $40,000.

ARTHUR NEWMAN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Arthur Newman, manufacturer of dresses, at 32 West Thirty-second Street, by these creditors: Fae Harrison, $500; Florence R. Blitz, $300, and Rose Siegel, $220.

KAUFMAN & ROSENBERG—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Solomon Kaufman and Joseph Rosenberg, co-partners, trading as Kaufman & Rosenberg, wholesale metal dealers, at 2,994 Park Avenue, by these creditors: Alex Goldstein, $600; Hyman Bilowitz, $200, and H. Weinstein, $200. It is stated that an assignment has also been made to Max Cederbaum.

ADOLPH APTER—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Adolph Apter, cloaks and suits, at 62 Division Street, by these creditors: S. Stimmel, $127; M. Kunkel, $307, and J. Wagner, $100. It is stated that the liabilities are about $15,000, and the assets about $4,000. An assignment was also made to Morris Israel.

JAMES W. JOHNSON, residing at 229 West 100th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $2,571. The only assets are undivided tribal interest in Indian lands of five civilized tribes of American Indians in Oklahoma, by reason of descent from and membership in the Chickasha tribe, value unknown, and life insurance policies, $9,000.

RYWECK & BREGER—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Daniel Ryweck and Jacob Breger, copartners, trading as Ryweck & Breger, furs and skins, at 134 West Twenty-eighth Street, by R. E. Saunders, a creditor for $1,500.

ALKAY DOLL AND TOY COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Alkay Doll and Toy Company, Inc., at 25 West Houston Street, by these creditors: S. Stimmel, $400; M. Kunkel, $200, and J. Wagner, $50. It is stated that the liabilities are about $20,000 and the assets about $5,000. An assignment was also made to Marcus Helfand.

KNICKERBOCKER WAIST COMPANY—Judge Mayer has appointed Matthew A. Henkel receiver, in $500 bond, for Ike Montlack, trading as Knickerbocker Waist Company, jobber of waists, at 79 Fifth Avenue. It is stated that the liabilities are over $10,000 and that the visible assets are about $1,000.

DLUGO WAIST COMPANY, INC.—Judge Mayer has appointed Milton M. Sittenfeld receiver, in $3,000 bond, for Dlugo Waist Company, Inc., manufacturers of waists, at 806 Fifth Avenue. It is stated that the liabilities are in excess of $25,000, and the assets below $20,000.

JACOB SKIGEN—Judge Mayer has appointed David Hyams receiver, in $500 bond, for Jacob Skigen, retail paint dealer, at 367 East Eighth Street. It is stated that there is about $1,500 worth of property on the premises.

KNOBEL & JACOBSON, women's hats, at 616 Broadway, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $43,491 and assets of $16,000, consisting of stock, $3,000; machinery and fixtures, $1,000, and accounts, $12,000. The National Butchers and Drovers' Bank is a secured creditor for $4,400. Among those unsecured are Heinsheimer Bros., $5,501; M. Brukenfeld, $3,988; Rusch & Co., $3,088, and C. Arber & Co., $2,207.

AARON SCHWETSKY, clothing, at 467 Broadway, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $28,625 and assets of $4,410, consisting of stock, $4,000; unliquidated claims, $400, and deposit in bank, $10. Among secured creditors are David W. Blow, $2,846, and Aaron W. Berson, $2,000. Among those unsecured are Morris Amdur & Son, $8,671; M. Kuttler, $2,236, and Morse & Davidoff, $2,044.

RESSNER & SPIRO, silks, at 160 Fifth Avenue, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $23,783 and assets of $12,000, the main items of which are stock, $6,000; three policies of insurance, $6,000, and deposit in bank, $265. Among the creditors are M. Asher, $5,801; J. H. & C. K. Eagle, $3,154, and J. Kridel & Sons, $2,119.

ISIDORE WESTREICH, grocer, at 90 Thompson Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $15,752 and assets of $4,140, consisting of stock, $3,000; fixtures, $1,000, and lease of store, $140.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

American Drug Products, Inc.—Metal Package Corp. of N. Y.....$433.43
Abramson, Robert (R. Abramson Co.)—J. J. Gordon et al.....456.70
Atkinson, George — Remington Arms Union Metallic Cartridge Co., costs...110.85
Brettschneider, Louis—Hubbard Floyd Co.....358.83
Bealeat, Kate, and Harry Katz—People, &c.....200.00
Boffsky, Peter, and New Amsterdam Casualty Co.—Same.....2,500.00
Burger, John, and Isidore Lebowitz (John Burger & Co.), Daniel Ryweck and Breger (Ryweck & Breger) and Daniel Ryweck — Allied Furriers' Corp.....2,868.85
Bronstein, Isidore—I. Moskowitz et al.115.95
Buchwald, Nathan K., Henry K. Berger and Bernard I. Binder (Standard Merchandise Co.)—Romp-A-Bout Mfg. Corp.....1,189.05
Berger, Emil—J. Lawcicella.....378.20
Bee Silk Mills, Inc.—E. & H. Silk Co., Inc.....452.17
Broder, Henry (Broder & Co.)—Bernstein & Stohl.....6,472.48
Boodman, Joseph—N. Y. City Interborough Railway Co., costs.....116.55
Coffey, Thomas—People, &c.....100.00
Carelli, Charles, and Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Maryland—People, &c..3,500.00
Childs, Johnston, Inc.—J. F. Kendy.45,544.70
Delgado, Nevel—R. Nunez.....297.10
Eagan, Anna L. and Wm. J.—T. Gleanon 752.00
Esgee Co. of China, Inc.—Dyson Shipping Co., Inc.....1,410.97
Eppig, C. John—R. M. Thomas.....822.05
Ettinger, Harry—I. J. Brook.....10,133.76
Friedman, Max; Harry Mandell, Samuel Davis and William Goldman—M. Schwartz et al.....1,956.63
Falsburgh Farmers' Co-operative Exchange, Inc.—Meyer & Lange.....384.22
Fletcher, Stanley—G. Nichols, costs...103.95
Goldstein, Henry, and Sidney M. Auer (Goldstein & Auer)—Samuel Eisenan & Co., Inc.....4,889.83
Goldstein, Ben, and Loure Restaurant & Baker Co., Inc.—L. S. Goldberg..244.99
Garnet, Marie F.—L. Lindenberg.....709.19
Gorham, Robert C.—H. C. Manheim..112.95
Goldblatt, Morris, and Jack L. Feuer (Goldblatt & Feuer)—Schapiro Bros.500.00
Hitchings, Hector M., trustee—Lehigh Valley Coal Co., costs.....130.36
Jerome, Lovell H.—K. G. Francke, costs 130.12
Kennedy, Daniel—Traub Holding Corp.657.20
Kirkpatrick, Wood—D. W. Gregory Adjustment Corp.....102.58
Kover, Joseph—E. V. Voska.....1,060.95
Luzemberg, Harry—E. Leine.....153.65
Levy, Louis—J. Dietzel.....1,390.10
Levy, Abraham (Reliable Art Embroidery Co.)—National Bead Co., Inc.....161.05
Lieberman, Max and Lydia—L. Ehrenberg 2,184.95
Millus, August—B. Birkenfeld 931.05
Maurer, Irving, and Emanuel Lamchick—F. Paul 136.96
Markel & Markel, Inc.—Chatham Audit Co. 262.35
McCleary, James T.—W. R. Ehler..21,742.35
Pettet, John D.—Exide Battery Depots, Inc.....880.78
Prudential Trust Co.—Bankers Service Corp. 768.92
Paramount & Chemical Co., Inc.—American Varnish Works, Inc.....296.52
Rechnitz Bros. Co., Jacob Rechnitz and Max—Gramm Bernstein Sales Corp..306.40
Same—Same 169.90
Robert D. King & Co., Inc.—Kasper-Koetale Hardware Co., Inc.....186.46
Ratner, Alex—I. Farber 165.90
Schultz, Helen C.—A. Rose.....834.19
Shea, Mary T., or Mary T. Shay—T. Q. Brown et al.....8,286.82
Seizas, Albert—A. H. Geist.....275.20
Schmuckler, Banit—R. V. B. Cohen..274.57
Standard Oil Co. of N. Y.—J. Panoroff, 1,490.37
Specialty Leather Goods Trimming Co., Inc.—J. Friedman 848.80
Schorr, Julius—H. Lindenmeyr & Sons..169.45
Small, George, and New Amsterdam Casualty Co.—People, &c. 2,500.00
Swark, Joseph, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c.....2,500.00
Sanders, Nathan, Frank Muller—M. Migden 645.42
Smolansky, Morris—M. Brock.....365.42
Tanner, Maurice H.—Plimack Bros., Inc. 485.20
Veters, William—Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co., Inc. 528.94
William Hall Co.—P. Maher.....1,637.15
Wind, Harry—Mfrs. Trust Co.....2,245.57
Weitman, Max—L. Cohen.....374.41
Whiteside, Edward—R. W. Alley et al.136.67
Same—same 464.03
Same—same 224.41

In Bronx County.

Allen, Frank, and National Surety Co.—People State of N. Y.....$500.00
Barkin, William, and Morris Marcus—A. Gordon 678.45
Same—same 126.95
Cleland, Henry and Annabella—G. A. Wright 2,278.64
Gumpert, Adolph S.—E. M. Gumpert..99.69
Gruber, Louis—J. Chezer.....68.54
Kelz, Max—S. Kelz 77.25
Mulligan, Edward T.—C. V. Morre..8,317.05
Mumford, C. Richard—C. M. Phillips..248.72

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Spaeth, George and Karoline—Kalt Lumber Co.; July 15, 1914.....$162.91
Niles, Elsworth—M. Spiegel; Dec. 11, 1914 .....131.22
Bornfriend, Isadore and Irving L.—S. Mitchell; Nov. 25, 1918 (canceled)....497.98
Hartford Fire Ins. Co.—Wilson & Co., Inc.; Oct. 21, 1920 .....256.47
Same—Same; Jan. 22, 1920.....257.02
Provenano, Peter J.—American Pump & Tank Co.; March 3, 1917.....204.37
Fixman, Harry—M. Gordon; Dec. 24, 1917 .....195.85
Brazier, Thomas J.—Abbey Inn Corp.; Sept. 10, 1920 .....127.91
Boyd, Joseph D.—A. Perlmutter; Nov. 1, 1920 (vacated).....842.82
Scum, Gust—J. Steatinos; Jan. 26, 1920.967.70
Lamont, Corliss & Co.—G. Allen, Jr.; Nov. 8, 1920.....5,179.06
Ginzberg, Michael—S. A. Harkway; March 1, 1918.....1,291.43
Weiant, Chas. A.—F. Brunner; June 1, 1911 .....3,120.40
Glettsman, W. Adolph—National Security Bank of Philadelphia; May 21 (released) 1,201.21
N. Y. Oversea Co., Inc.—A. Williamet al; Jan. 4, 1920.....31,193.22
Weis, Davidson, and David Weis, Inc.—Ritchey Lithographing Corp.; Nov. 24, 1920 .....615.45
Romano, Adam—Celluloid Zapon Co.; June 9, 1920 .....174.13
Deicher, Fred—H. Mencher; Oct. 25, 1920 .....260.54
Fiaum, Solomon—U. S. Casualty Co.; May 13, 1920 .....149.51

In Bronx County.

Steinberg, Isaac—O. J. Meyer; May 11, 1918 .....1,095.72

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

WILL ASSIST financing corporations that have real merit. E 993 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED.

PARTNER with $5,000 for patented phonograph repeater; mail or otherwise. Rhinelander 9837. 250 East 72d.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

POSSESS vast experience in general merchandise; want connection with big wholesale house; at present with Broadway hosiery house till Jan. 1; can furnish A1 references. P 290 Times.

WANTED.

To represent some good fire and automobile insurance company in Chattanooga, Tenn. Address Albert V. Walker, 915 Volunteer Bldg.

WANTED an organization with crew of salesmen to handle a magazine and book offer appealing to business men. Apply Mr. Hildreth,

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

55 cents a line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

HALF HOUR OUT—New England Colonial home, 7 spacious, beautifully finished rooms, 2 tiled baths, open fireplace, sleeping porch, large enclosed sun parlor opening from living room and dining room; modern up-to-date kitchen, with ample closet and pantry room; thermostat regulated heat; automatic hot water heater; best of construction and guaranteed; large plot; highest class surroundings; splendid transit; near station and schools; price $17,500; investment of $5,500; monthly carrying charges less than you pay rent; 30 minutes New York City; 5-cent commutation fare; excellent train service. JOHN A. BALDWIN, Ridgefield Park (office opposite station), or 25 West 43d St., N. Y. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

PELHAM—For sale or rent, modern 9-room house; immediate occupancy. Owner, 440 1st Av. Tel. Pelham 1540-J.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

$2,500 CASH and 1% a month takes this $20,500 Colonial home in Garden City; living room and dining room opening from large central entrance hall; three master bedrooms, with two baths and sleeping porch on second floor; maid's room and bath on third floor; hot water heat; instantaneous water heater; metal weather strips; copper screens, &c.; plot 80x100. H. C. McNulty, Fitzroy 5251, 1 West 34th St.

AT FLORAL PARK—HALF HOUR OUT; six nice rooms and bath; sun porch; all modern improvements, including gas; good residence section; near trolley, school, stores and station; electric trains; $8,750. A. H. Goldsmith, P. O. Building. Phone 239 Floral Park.

KEW GARDENS.

Owner leaving country will sell at sacrifice new home, just completed; nine rooms, three baths; excellent location, near park; no brokers. Tel. Richmond Hill 3892. Room 333.

FOREST HILLS, KEW GARDENS, HOLLIS "Better class" furnished and unfurnished homes and apartments for sale or rent. MRS. DOWD, MURRAY HILL 1439.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

I will sell my residence in the most select section of Tenafly, N. J., for $17,000; the house is modern with all improvements, has seven rooms, attic and bathroom; there are 4¾ acres of grounds, with garage, shade trees, peach trees and grape vines; it commands a splendid view of the Palisades and Northern Valley, is adjacent to the Knickerbocker Golf Club, and is a bargain at present price; principals only. Address "Owner," H 787 Times Downtown.

SOUTH ORANGE — Attractively furnished home; healthful location; large grounds; garage; electricity; near station; trolley; $125; cheapest one room reserved. Noonan, 167 Montague Place.

$1,000 CASH, balance $5,000, easy terms, lovely 6-room home, all improvements; gas, electricity; 5 minutes station; one-half hour Manh. V 909 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE—Other Cities and Towns.

COLONIAL HOME—Brick, old style heavy construction, 14 rooms, 2 cellars, attic, furnace, fireplace; lot 200 feet deep, barn and outbuildings, large garden, fruit; located on main street of town, 25 miles on State road from Albany. Alberti Baker, Schoharie, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

WHITEHOUSE, N. J., about 40 miles from New York, 75-acre farm with 7-room house, barns and stable, &c.; near station; free and clear; price $15,000; will exchange for income property in New York or Brooklyn; will add cash if necessary; give particulars. Address W. H., Box 642, Times Downtown.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

We will rent for temporary executive offices and showrooms or exhibition purposes our entire fourth floor in the Gorham Building, 386-390 5th Av.; also 36th St. entrance; $3.63 per square foot, lowest price in the section; we also offer in the same building, ninth floor, 2,000 square feet of beautiful studio space. Apply Duane Co., 296 Broadway. Telephone Worth 248.

ELEGANT DESK ROOM,

including desk, safe, filing cabinet, stenographic and telephone service; newly (mahogany) furnished office. Room 209, 311 5th Av.

5TH AVENUE, ABOVE 42D STREET.

Beautifully furnished daylight offices with skylights, 1,000 square feet; telephone; possession Jan. 1; $350 per month. Ogden & Clarkson Corp., 605 5th Av. Tel. Vand. 1124.

MADISON AV.—Offices at 48th St., 29 East; 2-6 very light rooms; newly decorated; in modern building; 500 feet or more at $3 foot. Herbert Gulick Company, agents, 25 East 48th St.

SUBLEASE loft about 900 feet, 5th floor, electric hoist, no elevator; exceptional light; $1,250 per annum, till May, 1922; suitable for light manufacturing. Tower Trading Corp., 135 Maiden Lane. John 6065.

GARAGE to lease, direct from owner, 40,000 square feet; excellent location; long term; reasonable rental to responsible party; no agency or broker. For particulars enquire all week. Petersen, 2,189 8th Av.

TO LEASE for five years, loft 32x140; possession Feb. 1; light on three sides, skylights; passenger and freight elevator. On 8th Av., near 23d St. Phone John 1486.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS; ALL SECTIONS. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 32 NASSAU ST., JOHN 1171. 51 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 9175.

BROOKLYN, Queensboro, New Jersey factory properties, sale, rent and built on easy terms. Walter Baker Co., Factory Brokers, 756 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

OFFICE with four phones installed; suited for high-class business firm; quiet and light space. 5 West 16th. Phone Chelsea 3837.

STORE to let; parlor floor; switchboard service; 20x60; studio building. Phone Chelsea 3837. Brokers protected. 5 West 16th.

53D ST., 127-129 WEST.

Fireproof building; first loft 3,500 feet; long lease; suitable automobile showroom or fine business. Corvan, 124 West 54th.

HOLIDAY OPPORTUNITY—Entire store, 2 windows (located Bergenline Av., Union Hill,) rent to until June 15; any holiday line except toys. Phone Webster 4876.

FOR immediate possession, newly furnished private office; switchboard, seven lines, outside waiting room; elevator service all times. 299 Broadway, Room 519.

PART large modern office with use four desks, Broadway, between 40th and 41st Sts.; immediate possession; references required. G 394 Times.

600 square feet (or part of it) for office or showroom; no objection to light manufacturing. Room 411, 1,263 Broadway at 32d St.

OFFICE, all improvements, furnished or unfurnished; telephone; 210 square feet; $90 month. Columbus Circle. 1,834 Broadway, Room 230. From 10 to 1.

SUBLET about 4,000 square feet or in sections 1,290, 1,000, 950, 755; no manufacturing. Doob-Friedman, 1,140 Broadway, corner 26th St.

FURNISHED OFFICE located on 42d St., well lighted large three rooms, fully equipped, phones, extensions, &c.; attractive price. E 293 Times.

SUBLET all or part of loft, 30x100, on Broadway at Spring St.; very reasonable. X 2363 Times Annex.

TO sublet, very attractive and unusual light office, facing Broadway, either whole or part, 2010 Broadway, Room 6.

BRIGHT LOFT for heavy manufacturing, 25x 160; heat, electricity; immediate possession. 329 East 47th St. Murray Hill 3909.

TO LEASE for five years, large store and basement, on 5th Av., near 23d. Possession May 1. Phone John 1485.

BASEMENT, suitable cakeshop, tea room, any high-class business; 4½ years' lease. Miss Lewis, 17 West 47th St.

LIGHT loft, 90x25, for immediate possession; monthly tenant considered. Apply 135 Wooster St.

BRIGHT LOFT, modern fireproof building, 22x100; suitable for light manufacturing. 12 East 32d. Murry Hill 3909.

ROLLTOP desk, also mail privilege; telephone attendant. Duane, 296 Broadway. 248 Worth.

DESK ROOM, furnished office, mail, telephone privilege. Nelles, 27 Warren. 1295 Barclay.

OFFICE SPACE, furnished or unfurnished, 450 square feet, 57th, corner Broadway; windows on both sides. Circle 3278.

STORE AND BASEMENT, 25X80. INQUIRE AT 214 FULTON ST., WOLFE'S & BULL. PHONE CORTLANDT 521.

GARAGE SPACE for rent, best and lightest in city; reasonable. Southeast corner 64th and 3d Av.

LARGE OFFICE, furnished. Apply Room 1106, 45 West 34th St.

OFFICE for rent, 72 Leonard St., Room 1004. Details call Franklin 1499.

LOFTS, 40 West 27th St.; 49 West 3d St., 137 Grand St. Rhinelander 9837.

OFFICE SPACE, up-to-date building. Apply Room 1106, 59 Pearl St.

DESK ROOM to let, prominent building; telephone service. 305 Broadway, Room 1003.

5TH AV., 507—BEAUTIFUL OFFICE REC. ROOM, &C. TEL. 5022 MURRAY HILL.

55TH, 18 WEST—Near Hotel Gotham; suite for physician and apartment; reasonable.

STORAGE SPACE TO LET.

Apply Room 1106, 59 Pearl St.

DESK room furnished, harbor view, telephones, stenographer. Room 605, 109 Broad.

PHYSICIAN offers use fully equipped office with service. Harlem 4352.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WANTED—Automobile Show, Grand Central Palace, small space with firm exhibiting accessories. M 315 Times.

Furnished—Westchester County.

COME OUT TODAY—$500 down buys a beautiful six-room bungalow, with open fireplace, gas, electricity; all city improvements; large plot; near station, stores and schools; superior neighborhood; monthly carrying charges less than you pay rent; 30 minutes New York City; 5-cent commutation fare; excellent train service. JOHN A. BALDWIN, Ridgefield Park (office opposite station), or 25 West 43d St., N. Y. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

MOUNT VERNON, Chester Hill—Twelve-room frame house and 2-car semi-fireproof garage; all improvements; walking distance to all transportation and school; large screened porch; lot 50x190; price $18,500; mortgage $8,000; half cash, or make best all cash offer; immediate possession, with coal in cellar. Owner, 160 Elm Av. Telephone 2901 Mount Vernon.

FOR SALE, White Plains, 21 Church St., a wonderful corner, very charming up-to-date house; size of plot 63x180; 14 rooms, 3 baths, two tiled; parquet floors, electric fixtures by Cauldwell; everything new; finished in ten days; might exchange. See your own broker or write to J. A. Hoagland, 23 West 56th St., New York City.

FOR SALE.

Seven-room stucco tile house in restricted Nepperhan Heights section, Yonkers; perfect condition; 4 minutes to trains and trolley; for immediate sale, $9,000, $3,000 cash; if not sold in ten days will rent. Apply 163 Morningside Road. Telephone Yonkers 5747.

SCARSDALE, GREENACRES — Will rent, furnished for the Winter, four master bedrooms, two bathrooms, two maids' bedrooms, one bathroom; beautifully furnished, mahogany and Circassian walnut; two-car garage. Apply owner, Frederick H. Beach, 80 Maiden Lane. John 4542.

REAL BARGAIN in a home at Larchmont; 10 rooms, 2 baths, all city conveniences; almost ½ acre; garage; price $16,500; terms; immediate possession. C. B. Griffen & Co., 18 E. 41st St., N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 9326 or Larchmont, N. Y. Tel. Larchmont 500.

WHITE PLAINS, $13,000.

Six rooms, tiled bath, new; restricted street; convenient shops and school; big trees. Maxwell Smith, Greenacres, Hartsdale, N. Y.

½ ACRE, SOUND VIEW.

Colonial home, 9 rooms, 3 baths; garage; solidly built, well planned; genuine bargain. Maxwell Smith, Greenacres, Hartsdale, N. Y.

COMMODIOUS, well-built house, 12 rooms; cement porches; sacrifice. Phone Yonkers 1568.

COLONIAL HOME—Brick, old style heavy construction, 14 rooms, 2 cellars, attic, furnace, fireplace; lot 200 feet deep, barn and outbuildings, large garden, fruit; located on main street of town, 25 miles on State road from Albany. Alberti Baker, Schoharie, N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

47TH AV., Near 29th St. (4th Av. Hotel)—2 sunny rooms and bath; furnished; parquet floors; hotel service; $21 weekly.

27TH ST., 35 EAST (Hotel Senton)—Attractively furnished 2 rooms and bath, full hotel service, 1 block from subway; $21 up.

80TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

81ST ST., 22 EAST (near 5th Av.)—3-room apartment, bedroom, living room, bath; clean, well-kept house; $125; lease; full hotel service. The Hampton.

48TH ST., 20 EAST—Second floor front, two rooms, bath, large closets, open fire; moderate rent to October, 1921. Superintendent any time, or owner Sunday afternoon.

57TH ST., 21 EAST—Handsomely furnished living room, two master's bedrooms, two baths, kitchenette, elevator, restaurant.

60TH, (off 5th Av.)—Two-room apartment with bath; beautifully furnished in exquisite taste; new building; lease at sacrifice or sell furnishings and lease. Telephone Circle 4720 or Riverside 7013.

60TH, 24 EAST—Charming 2-room apartment; unusual, artistic furnishings, large living room, beautiful bath, lavatory, large closets, kitchenette; newly furnished, never occupied. Wilson.

60TH ST., 147 EAST.

Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; new, attractive; $160. Inquire Superintendent, or Bryant 2652.

60TH, 16 EAST—Living, bedroom, bath; southern exposure; subway, bus; corner.

62D ST., 26 EAST—Furnished apartments, east side; two large rooms, kitchenette; roof garden. Plaza 2890.

83D, 171 EAST—Six outside rooms; elevator, electricity, open fireplaces; southern exposure; big bargain; $150. Frank, Lenox 4087.

86TH ST., 50 EAST—Suite of two rooms and bath; kitchen privileges; one person, $100 per month; two persons, $115; references. J. C. Semple.

93D ST. (corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; $45 per room, month. Hotel Ashton.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON,

Madison Av., southwest corner 93d St.—Newly decorated apartment, 1 room and bath, $45 up; 2 rooms, bath, $100 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from Park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 872.

GRAMERCY PARK SECTION at 126 East 19th St., on the "Block Beautiful"—Good-sized living room, two bedrooms, bath and kitchen, dining room; attractively and comfortably furnished; new; front location; yearly lease; $2,400. Carol Rindsfoos, Stuyvesant 4869.

LEXINGTON AV. (61st St.)—Seven rooms, one bath; linen, silver; $250; Winter rental or longer. Telephone Lenox 9087.

MADISON AV., 780 (66th St.)—Two rooms, kitchenette and bath; east side; elevator apartment; maid service; complete and attractive; rent $250; seen by appointment. Telephone Rhinelander 5200. Apartment A, 6th floor.

MADISON AV., 448 (Apt. 3)—Modern, newly decorated and artistically furnished; living room, bedroom, kitchenette and bath; maid's service including meals can be purchased. Bates, phone Rhinelander 4380.

MADISON AV., 699 (62d St.)—Four rooms, including regular kitchen; beautifully furnished.

PARK AV. (161st St.)—11 minutes to Grand Central; four rooms; new building; new furniture; owner Christian; seen by appointment. Call Rhinelander 2601.

PHYSICIAN offers use fully equipped office with service. Harlem 4352.

RAILING REALTY COMPANY,

270 Park Av., tel. Murray Hill 7914, offers wonderful values in distinctive furnished apartment homes. FIFTH, PARK, MADISON & other east & west side sections.

TWO rooms with kitchen privilege in doctor's apartment; reasonable to party to take care of messages. Harlem 4352.

Furnished—West Side.

117H (just off 5th Av., Hotel Van Rensselaer)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service. Stuy. 1410.

40TH, 80 WEST—Three sunny rooms, bath, piano, fireplace; reference.

42D, 228 WEST—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedrooms and bath, $30 to $50 weekly; full hotel service.

45TH, 341 WEST — New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, tiled bath, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; unquestionable applicants; highest references essential; $65-$125 up monthly. Longacre 3560.

45TH ST., 102 WEST—Well-furnished parlor, bedroom and bath. Bernasconi.

47TH ST., 44 WEST—2 rooms, bath; $130 month; 10¾ months. On premises or Miss Lewis, 17 West 47th St.

50TH, 29 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath. Circle 2689. Call Saturday, Monday.

51ST, 25 WESTTwo rooms, bath; unusually furnished; maid service; dining room in building; elevator; lease; switchboard.

51ST, 25 WEST—Two rooms, bath; unusually nished two-room apartment; all improvements; choice location. Lopin.

52D ST., 223 WEST., COR. BROADWAY.

High-class elevator apartments, newly furnished; full hotel service; 1 ROOM AND BATH, $90 UP; 2 rooms and bath $140 up; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

52D, 29 WEST—Handsomely furnished, small apartments; steam, extension telephone; maid service.

54TH ST. (At Broadway)—Hotel Albemarle; parlor, bedroom and bath; reasonable rates.

55TH ST. and 7th Av., subway station at door (Hotel Wellington)—Suites of 2 rooms and bath and 3 rooms and bath, beautifully furnished, to rent by month, season or year; all hotel service. Phone Circle 1066.

55TH ST., 105 WEST—Living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette. Phone Circle 278.

56TH, 208 WEST (HOTEL THORNDYKE) — VERY ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3-ROOM SUITES, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE. OUR RADIATORS ARE HOT, OUR WATER IS HOT, OUR LINEN IS NEW AND CLEAN, OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT.

57TH ST., 153 WEST, OPPOSITE CARNEGIE HALL.

Lovely little kitchenette apartment, parlor with wide windows, bedroom, foyer hall, kitchenette and bath, telephone, maid service, Fifth Avenue bus passes door. Ring Mrs. Prescott's bell. Telephone Circle 2083.

57TH, 340 WEST—MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND VALET SERVICE; 2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH; $110 TO $200; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

57TH, 150 WEST—Beautifully furnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette apartment; open fireplace; ideal for bachelors. Boyle.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

57TH, 27 WEST—Luxuriously furnished, open fireplace, elevator; reasonable.

58TH, 131 WEST—Large living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette. Wahl & Co.

70TH, 127 WEST—Two attractively furnished rooms, kitchenette, tiled bath, shower. Sharot.

70S—8 rooms, front; elevator; all outside; elegantly furnished; $250. Columbus 1278.

71ST ST., 10 WEST—Two or three large, sunny, beautifully furnished rooms; bath; open fireplaces; maid service; breakfast optional; exclusive.

72D ST., 314 WEST—Young lady (student) wishes to share large room and kitchenette with congenial girl. Apply Mrs. Williams.

72D ST.—We have a selected list of furnished and unfurnished apartments. Louis P. Downey, 247 West 72d St.

73D, 140 WEST—MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED 2-ROOM SUITES, PRIVATE TILE BATH, LAVATORY, ELECTRICITY, KITCHENETTE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING, DISHES, LINENS, SILVER; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY.

73D, 126 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Several beautiful, furnished two-room suites, with bath; moderate monthly and weekly rates; $100 monthly up; $25 weekly up.

73D, 258 WEST—Attractive and pretty two rooms, bath; opposite Hotel Ansonia; subway express, bus; rates. See housekeeper.

72D, 159 WEST—Well-furnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette; new building. Cardiff.

73D, 128 WEST—Artistic, large living room, two bedrooms, kitchenette, phone.

74TH, 251 WEST (Also 569 West End Av.)—Charming little apartments, living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette; complete and attractive; heat and hot water guaranteed. Seen 10 to 6 or by appointment. Telephone Murray Hill 7914.

75TH, 57 WEST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, furnished, unfurnished; select own furniture.

76TH (344 West End)—Handsomely furnished 2, 4 rooms, kitchenette; high class, $225 per month; bargain.

78TH—6 rooms, front; elevator, piano; elegantly furnished; bargain; $250. Col. 1278.

80TH, 151 WEST—3 rooms, comfortably furnished; 1 or 2 gentlemen; electricity, private telephone, Victoria, service. Johnson.

81ST, 20 WEST (FACING PARK)—3 BEAUTIFUL LARGE ROOMS, BATH AND KITCHENETTE, LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED, INCLUDING BABY GRAND PIANO; $333 MONTHLY.

81ST, BROADWAY—Finest 7-room apartment in city; sumptuously furnished; three baths; all outside sunny rooms. Schuyler 918.

81ST ST., Columbus Av.—Apartments, beautifully furnished, 2 and 3 rooms, bath; $125 per month up. Hotel Colonial.

81ST, 204 WEST, B-3—Well furnished, 2 rooms, kitchen and bath, in first-class elevator building; immediate possession.

86TH, 340 WEST—Two rooms and kitchenette, with bath, newly decorated; southern exposure; 12th floor; highest type elevator building; rental $1,650; will either sublet furnished, sell furniture with lease, or rent unfurnished.

86TH, 300 WEST—Charming, distinctive apartment, 2 rooms, bath overlooking river, maid service, restaurant. Apt. 12F.

86TH, 25 WEST—Magnificent floor in most exclusive studio residence. Schuyler 8107.

87TH, 342 WEST—Handsomely furnished parlor suite, priv. bath, kit., service, $200.

91ST, 52 WEST—Beautifully furnished two-room apartment and kitchenette; private bath.

91ST, 9 WEST—Expensively furnished 7 rooms to October next; $250 monthly.

92D, 4 WEST—Seven large, light rooms, beautifully furnished, newly decorated; elevator apartment, 3d floor; $300 a month. Phone for particulars, Riverside 9852.

93D ST., 308 WEST—7 rooms, 2 baths, 3 master's, maid's room; moderate.

95TH, 251 WEST (corner Broadway)—Beautifully furnished eight rooms, three master bedrooms, maid's room, linen, silver, &c., complete; one block from subway express; exceptionally reasonable. Phone Riverside 4753, Kalman.

97TH, 315 WEST—Mrs. Railing, decorator, has just furnished an adorable six-room apartment, with beautiful river view; unusual; opportunity; call after 2 P. M., or telephone Murray Hill 7914.

97TH, 308 WEST—Six large, light rooms; elevator; excellent transit facilities; $195.

98TH, 203 WEST—Three rooms, newly decorated; elevator apartment; artistically furnished; will rent or sell.

110TH (Broadway)—Best house uptown; 7-room apartment, 2 baths, beautifully furnished, three master bedrooms; $275. Cathedral 5825.

106TH, 310 WEST (Riverside section)—Entire floor; private house; two large, well furnished rooms, alcoves, bath, shower; service; electricity, telephone; kitchenette privileges; $150 month.

111TH, 528 WEST—Desirable 3-room apartment, large, light; kitchenette; south. Burris.

111TH, 532 WEST—Modern apartment, three rooms, bath and kitchenette; very attractive.

111TH ST. (Manhattan Av.)—Six beautiful rooms facing park. Cathedral 3711.

112TH (Broadway)—Beautifully furnished five-room apartment, May 1, $250. Cathedral 5825.

112TH, 606 WEST—FOR SALE, CONTENTS BEAUTIFUL, NEWLY FURNISHED, 3-ROOM APARTMENT, WITH OR WITHOUT OCCUPANCY; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; INQUIRE ELEVATOR ATTENDANT.

113TH ST., 546 WEST.

Two rooms, bath, maid service.

115TH, 403 WEST—College district; seven rooms; elevator; southern exposure; well appointed.

118TH, 210 WEST—HOTEL CECIL. ATTRACTIVE ONE AND TWO ROOM APARTMENTS, WITH OR WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE. OUR RADIATORS ARE HOT, OUR WATER IS HOT, OUR LINEN IS NEW AND CLEAN, OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT.

124TH, 510 WEST—Front corner apartment, elevator, seven rooms, lease. Weber.

127TH ST. (near Riverside)—Five rooms, completely furnished, high-class; elevator; immediately; seen by appointment. A 1002 Times Harlem.

127TH, 600 WEST—Five rooms, housekeeping, unfurnished, to buyer furniture. Apt. 21.

129TH, 246 WEST—Five rooms, completely furnished; elevator. Morningside 6060W.

157TH, WEST—4 rooms, front; elevator; all outside; newly furnished; $140. Col. 1278.

172D, 575 WEST—Seven-room corner elevator apartment; see to appreciate; reasonable. Ulmer.

APARTMENTS, furnished, long, short subleases; all sizes; select buildings only; $200 upward; free expert information service. Wickliffe Gray, 200 West 73d. Col. 3974.

ARTISTICALLY furnished outside apartment, four bedrooms, three lavatories, 90's, Telephone Riverside 301.

BROADWAY, 2,614 (Apt. 8 South)—Two bedrooms and kitchen in modern apartment; $100 per month; can be seen any day between 6:30 and 7:30 P. M.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 385—Eight large, light rooms, magnificently furnished, newly decorated; beautiful view; 5th floor; elevator; $300.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d. Col. 1077.

FOR SPANISH FAMILY.

Two rooms, bath apartment; central location; best New York; $125 month up. 132 West 47th St. Bryant 2964.

FT. WASHINGTON AV., 52 (Apartment 55.)—For sale; business compels me to sacrifice handsome, completely furnished 4-room apartment; solid mahogany throughout; Oriental rugs.

FURNISHED apartment, two rooms and bath; hotel service; for long or short term lease. Apply Apt. 602, Sherman Square Hotel, between 9 and 11 A. M., Friday, Saturday or Sunday.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR FALL RENTAL. CALL FOR LIST. SLAWSON & HOBBS. 162 WEST 72D ST.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APTS., CHOICE LOCATIONS; $250 MO. AND UP. J. Clarence Davies, 51 East 42d. Vandbit. 9175.

HIGH-CLASS, 6 rooms, 2 baths; reasonable, for season. Murray Hill 8973.

LARGE furnished apartment on Riverside Drive to sublet. Phone 5690 Schuyler.

LEASES ARE NOT REQUIRED BUT REFERENCES ARE.

Attractively furnished for immediate possession; suites of from two to five rooms, completely furnished; hotel service, maid service, gas, electricity, linen, china, &c., included; from $115 a month up or by the week, as arranged.

HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS,

305-311 West 98th St. Phone Riverside 6100.

NEWLY furnished housekeeping 3 rooms, shower bath, $150 monthly; references. Academy 4333.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.

Two rooms, bath apartments; best location; first class service; $125 month up. 132 West 47th St. Bryant 2964.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—4 rooms, consisting of combination living and dining room, large bed chamber, small one; real kitchen; plenty of sunshine. Phone 7689 Schuyler.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528—Four rooms and bath; attractively furnished; linen, silver; $125.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 223 (95th)—Large, light room, kitchenette privileges; telephone; $75 month. Maxwell.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 620 (corner 130th St.)—Leaving town, will sublet my 6-room home; all outside, facing river.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528—Attractive 6-room apartment; lease optional; $150. Apt. 14.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

SMALL furnished non-housekeeping apartment; private back-yard. Apply basement, 567 West End Av., near 87th.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 693 (Corner West 145th St.)—Five furnished rooms, Pianola, elevator; Dec. 15 until April 15; $135. Apt. 45. Telephone Audubon 2930.

WEST END AV., 681 ((Corner 93d St.)—Two rooms, bath and kitchenette; completely furnished; $135 per month. Apply janitor.

WEST END AV., 855 (3B)—Three outside rooms, kitchenette; handsomely furnished; elevator apartment.

WEST END AV., 700 (94th)—Very beautifully furnished suite, piano, electricity; will divide. Britten.

WEST END, 617—Large, handsomely furnished room, bath; modern, exclusive. Riverside 5766.

WONDERFUL duplex apartment; 50-foot studio; furnishings cost fortune; $6,000 yearly; pronounced most artistic in city. Schuyler 2720.

SPECIAL.

506 West 111th St., apartment 65; beautifully furnished, 4-room, elevator apartment for rent; immediate possession, or from Dec. 1 to Oct 1, 1921; $150.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

FURNISHED APARTMENT, new, modern, elevator building; 3 rooms, bath, kitchen; Knabe piano; 5 minutes Wall St. Main 5668.

Unfurnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 43—Unusual five-room bath corner apartment; possession immediately. Superintendent, Stuyvesant 946.

22D, 152 EAST—A beautiful 6-room apartment in up-to-date elevator building. Supt.

29TH ST., 101-103 E. HATFIELD HOUSE—Elevator apartments; a few remaining desirable 2 and 3-room suites, maid service, attractive rentals. Inquire on premises or SPOTTS & STARR, INC., Times Building. Tel. Bryant 4000.

30TH, 32 EAST (adjoining Hotel Martha Washington)—Beautiful, newly decorated apartments, high ceilings, splendid light; also two stores to rent. Apply to Manager Martha Washington Hotel.

31ST ST., EAST—Six light rooms, all modern improvements; rent $65. Bronger Co., 132 Lexington Av. (29th St.).

34TH, 52 EAST—Modern two rooms, large bath, dressing room, $75. Waters.

37TH ST., 114 EAST—Exceptional small new apartments; maid service; $175 up.

48TH, 136 EAST—Five exceptionally beautiful rooms, bath steam heat; hot water.

61ST, 34 EAST—Attractive bachelor apartment, 4 rooms and 2 baths; all modern improvements.

82D ST., 141 EAST—2 and 3 rooms, corner apartment, $1,200 to $1,800. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

62D ST., 141 EAST—5 rooms, housekeeping apartment, new building; $2,500. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 W. 72d St. Columbus 1077.

82D, 17 EAST (Near 5th Av.)—Attractive 2 rooms, bath, foyer, fireplace; lease furnished or unfurnished; $145; redecorated; open for inspection. Phone Hanover 6895.

87TH, 56 EAST (near Park Av.)—Modern elevator apartment, 6 rooms, $2,500; Jan. 1.

93TH, 183 EAST—Apartments, seven light rooms, new tiled baths, new parquet floors, newly paneled stippled walls, ornate electric fixtures, new plumbing fixtures; immediate possession; rental $1,200 per annum. LEON S. ALTMAYER, 62 East 86th St.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,232 (between 84th and 85th Sts.)—Elegant 2 room and kitchenette apartment to lease; all improvements; front or rear; 1 flight up. Can be seen any time, or phone Lenox 5135.

LEXINGTON AV., 515—Six beautiful rooms, elevator, electricity, parquet floors.

MADISON AV., 1,013 (78th) — Remodeled private house; 2 and 4-room apartments comprising entire floors; private bath, gas, electricity, parquet floofs, open fireplaces; possession Dec. 1; shown 2 to 5; other hours, phone Harlem 9384 W.

MADISON AV., 715 (between 63d and 64th Sts.)—Three rooms and bath; non-housekeeping; $1,200; elevator. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. 5700 John.

5 ROOMS AND BATH $85.

Immediate possession; newly decorated living room 25 feet long; clothes closets 3x8 and 5x8 ft.; elevator apartment house in finest fashionable location, in millionaire section, 19 East 95th St., between 5th and Madison Avs.; co-operative apartment plan for desirable tenants. Apply on premises or William Cruikshank's Sons, 85 Liberty St.

Unfurnished—West Side.

6TH AV., 48 (Near Washington Place)—Apartment two rooms, bath, kitchenette, sleeping porch; suitable doctor. Murray Hill 4960.

16TH, 115 WEST—4 rooms and bath, high-class elevator apartment; rent $117 monthly; immediate possession. J. Irving Walsh, 73 West 11th St.

16TH, 5 WEST—Studio, skylight, also bachelor apartment; refined, quiet; references; telephone service. Chelsea 3837.

16TH ST., 140 WEST—Seven large rooms; steam, parquet floors, electric light, phone.

22D ST., 258 WEST—6 rooms, 2 baths, newly renovated, large closets, electric light, leases, $140 and $150 per month. Apply Supt.

37TH, 42 WEST—Studio apartments; top floor; improvements; $100; parlor floor.

39TH ST., 17 EAST—One or two rooms, north and south light in each; suitable for studio; $30 and $35 per month. Cockroft Studios. Telephone 3061 Murray Hill.

40TH ST., 128 WEST—Modern two-room apartment; kitchenette, bath, shower; parquet floors; $100. Apply premises.

47TH, 44 WEST—Four-room housekeeping apartment for rent. Inquire on premises or Miss Lewis, 17 West 47th St.

55TH, 18 WEST — 2-3 rooms, near Hotel Gotham; open fireplace; reasonable.

63D ST., 28 WEST—Beautiful studio, 2 rooms, bath. See elevator man or JACOB J. TABOLT, 558 8th Av.

72D, 528 WEST—Facing Riverside Drive; parlor and library floors; newly decorated; modern; suitable studios, club-rooms, offices or display rooms; also basement.

74TH ST., 109 WEST—TWO-ROOM, BATH AND KITCHENETTE MODERN APARTMENT; RENT $1,500; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. APPLY ON PREMISES 2001. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST. TEL. 7240 COLUMBUS.

75TH, 151 WEST—Exceptional two-room suite in remodeled residence; all conveniences.

75TH, 151 WEST—Parlor floor in remodeled residence; three rooms and bath; all conveniences; long or short lease.

77TH, 110 WEST—Two sunny rooms, one flight; bath, separate kitchenette, with cupboard, dumbwaiter; new; $1,450; front apartment, $1,300; two flights; immediate occupancy.

81ST, 29 WEST—LUXURIOUS APARTMENTS, TWO AND THREE ROOMS; ALL IMPROVEMENTS.

82D, 35 WEST—5 rooms, northern exposure; very desirable, all light, near Central Park and 81st "L." Superintendent.

83D, 58 WEST—Special value, 3 rooms, kitchen; $1,500 yearly, formerly $1,800.

84TH, 130 WEST—Newly remodelled, 3 room apartment, luxurious, all light, real kitchen, shower bath, parquet floors; immediate possession; reduced $100 monthly.

86TH, 340 WEST—Two rooms and kitchenette, with bath; newly decorated; southern exposure; 12th floor; highest type elevator building; rental $1,650; will either sublet furnished, sell furniture with lease or rent unfurnished.

86TH 132 WEST—Beautiful floor; modern; bath; newly decorated; suitable physician. Irving.

86TH, 57 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; immediate possession; $1,500. Sharp & Co., 2,489 Broadway.

87TH, 166 WEST—Fireproof, high class; 6 rooms, 2 baths; immediate possession.

88TH, 167 WEST—Real kitchen apartment of three rooms; sunny throughout; everything modern; wonderful value; including electricity; $1,500.

90TH ST., 11 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; entire floor; exclusive location; moderate.

91ST, 45 WEST—Three beautiful rooms and bath, all improvements, in private dwelling; suitable for doctor.

91ST, 43 WEST—Fine, elegant room, kitchenette, all improvements, in private dwelling.

92D ST., 309 WEST (near Riverside Drive,—Two large rooms, bath and kitchen; open fireplace.

93D ST., 317 WEST—Four rooms and bath; beautifully decorated; possession Dec. 1. Apply Apt. 3C.

95TH ST., 147 WEST—Large room, dressing room, bath and kitchenette; electricity.

97TH, 308 WEST—5 immense, all light rooms newly decorated; elevator; immediate.

98TH ST. AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE (Peter Stuyvesant)—Six rooms and two baths. Harris, Vought & Co., 6 East 46th St.

100TH, 314 WEST—Four rooms and bath; rent $1,900; immediate possession. SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

106TH ST., 229 WEST. 6 ROOMS, BATH; $1,900. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

108TH, 319 WEST—Entire floor; beautiful home; housekeeping; baths, steam heat; 2 and 3 rooms. Academy 3357.

109TH, 304 WEST—Large 1, 2 rooms, near Riverside Drive; private house.

113TH ST., 535 WEST—Cozy apartment, four rooms, bath, second floor; high grade elevator apartment house; every modern convenience; immediate possession; rental $110 per month.

122D, 506 WEST (Broadway).—Four decorated rooms; lease and furniture for sale.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

124TH, 534 WEST—Three rooms, apartment, newly decorated; elevator; latest improvements.

141ST, 630 WEST, corner Drive—

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER—Christian, quick and accurate, reference, 15 months' experience, $18. L. S., 836 East 165th.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, knowledge of bookkeeping, office details; 4 years' experience; $25-$28. A 1201 Times Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced, executive ability, intelligent, capable. D 300 Times.

YOUNG LADY, experienced, wishes position in doctor's office; prefers congenial surroundings to high salary; excellent references. R., care of Jacobson, 226 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY, Christian, as office assistant with doctor or dentist; has had hospital training. Phone 9456W Flatbush.

YOUNG lady, Spanish, speaking Spanish, English, Italian fluently desires position as interpreter. N. Rio, 85 Monroe St., Bklyn.

Employment Agencies.

COOK AND CHAMBERMAID—Two, lately landed, refined Spanish girls are looking for position by people speaking Spanish. Lazare's Agency, 200 East 72d St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, closed, audited, systematized, tax reports, consultants, certified statements. Industrial Audit, 51 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 5464.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, audited, systems, tax reports, arrangements firms without bookkeeper, $2.50 weekly up. Goldwater, 299 Broadway, Worth 5068.

ACCOUNTANT, 32, married, Christian, thoroughly competent assume full charge corporation's accounts, assist public accountant. Elter, 238 West 72d.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 35, general and cost, statements, executive ability; permanency and future desired. L 858 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Junior and senior; former equipped with six months' auditing practice; modern salaries; excellent reference. H 581 Times.

ADVERTISING—A trained advertising man with a clean-cut record as producer of energetic advertising and sales literature—the sort that makes every advertising dollar pay a dividend; he has proved himself on both domestic and foreign sales promotion; experience includes agency work; at present holding down a good position with a prominent national advertiser. This man wants a better job at a salary of about $75 a week; age 27, married. May he call and show you a few specimens of his past work? W 403 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER, thorough experience, tested ability; will develop mail order business of manufacturer, jobber, retailer. M 320 Times.

AUDITOR, accountant, office manager, executive, systematizer, young man, wishes responsible position, willing to travel; or traveling auditor; excellent references; interview solicited. E 249 Times.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANIC, expert, 16 years' experience high-grade car; capable manage garage and repair shop; seeks position California or Southern States. B 25 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, first class, experience; junior accountant training; thorough, reliable, accurate; university graduate; knowledge of Spanish; excellent references. J 932 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thorough double-entry man; A1 references; bond. Drummond, 315 West 35th St.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, experienced, correspondence, collections; salary moderate. J 934 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 22, experienced correspondent; capable full charge. S 740 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Christian, married, 25; thoroughly experienced; unemployed; $30. E. 581 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. S 922 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, six years' experience, initiative, ability; salary $25. E 85 Times.

BUTLER—Japanese, first class, or butler-valet, young; good character, thoroughly experienced; references. Kashima, 340 West 58th St.

BUTLER, Japanese, experienced, recommended. Toyo, 9 West 98th St. Phone Riverside 2210.

CHAUFFEUR, A1 mechanic, at present employed in a repair shop, former driver of high-gear cars, excellent references, wishes first-class private position; go anywhere. Write N. Stern, 135 East 113th, or call Columbus 4066.

CHAUFFEURS—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Telephone Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR—Best reference on Royles-Royce, Pierce-Arrow, Packard, Cadillac; careful driver; good mechanic. 229 East 60th St.

CHAUFFEUR, single, wishes position with private family; 2 years' references from last place. Alphonse Marcoux, 315 West 50th St., Room 11. Phone Circle 6565.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, wishes private position only; 10 years' of A1 references; my former employer's phone is Col. 4799. Edward Moore, 2,472 Marion Av., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR, single, wishes private position; over five years' experience; best references. Phone between 9 and 5, Longacre 790. Eric Thadden, 442 West 45th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 10 years' experience, desires position with private family; first-class references. Phone Gilbert, 9652 Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 16 years' experience; private references. J. Buckley, 920 5th Av. Circle 3578

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; make repairs; ten years' experience; references. L 567 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, fourteen years' experience, wishes position, city or country. Lamb, Box 258, Palisades Park, N. J.

COOK—Japanese, experienced and general housework; private family, city, country. E 996 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT for collections and claims, knowledge of credits; fine business experience; young man; college education. B 61 Times.

COST, general accountant; thoroughly competent, as references attest. Drummond, 506 West 171st St.

EXPORT traveler, recently returned from Central and South America, knowing Spanish and Portuguese, wants position with house engaged in exporting; American, Christian; age 27. L 558 Times.

HOTEL—Couple desire Southern position, man expert stenographer, experienced front or room clerk, assistant manager, age 33 years; wife experienced cashier, private office bookkeeper, housekeeper, age 32. J 941 Times.

HOUSEWORK and secondary cook, in small, private family; not much regard for salary; Japanese. G 383 Times.

JAPANESE wants position, any work, mornings; small wages. Seo, 730 Lexington Av.

OFFICE MANAGER, 30, college graduate, 8 years' thorough business experience, capable executive and office man. L 474 Times.

SALESMAN—High grade man, now living in Richmond, Va., producer, of good address and first-class references, experience in dry goods, notions and jewelry, wishes connection with reliable house; good opportunity for the right house. X 2347 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, 36, Christian, married, 10 years last employer, wants connection with well established concern where integrity, sincerity, common sense mean advancement and compensation adequate to ability. A 1000 Times Harlem.

SALES or executive position by young man with finest engineering education, sales and executive experience, knowledge of accounting; no objection to traveling; available Dec. 1. X 2261 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, export, in wholesale grocery; acquainted in New Jersey and New York. E 998 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, experienced private secretary, executive ability; expert stenographer and correspondent; familiar with accounts. L 898 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 21, capable assistant, Commercial High graduate, bookkeeping, Spanish, 3 years' experience, wishes change; sterling references. W 407 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, knowledge bookkeeping, now employed, business man wishes to place excellent office assistant. R. L. A., 202 West 116th St. University 6950.

WAITER—Chinese restaurant or up to date pastry shop; evenings, 7:30 on; by refined responsible young man; executive in business house. B 58 Times.

YOUNG MAN, under 40, five years owner and manager of successful out of town business, seeks managerial or other position where tact and hustle and integrity are appreciated; salary to depend on value to employer. H 754 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, good education, strong and active, wishes employment; prefers job as helper to machinist or mechanic; experience in that line; can do any clerical work; salary no object. Murray Lehmen, 911 Fox St., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, knowledge foreign languages, desires position export house; experienced; references. L 963 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, high school graduate, knowledge accountancy, position bookkeeping, junior accounting capacity; references. J, 900 Times Dowgtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school graduate, inexperienced, wishes any position with future. Max Aronson, 1,803 Park Place, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, alert, aggressive, 24, combining initiative with personality, college education, desiring suitable position. G 404 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, not afraid work; experience office, stock, shipping; best reference. B 15 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, 28, general business experience, desires responsible position with future opportunities. E 268 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, neat, intelligent, desires position at anything that will lead to advancement; references. G 127 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ASSISTANTS—I need two assistants, one from 9-1, other from 1-5; must be reliable stenographer, have high typing speed, accurate English, good business manner; only typewritten applications considered. Write P. T., Box 14, 1,358 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER for December; physician's office, 50th St.; hours, 9 to 3; salary $15. State age and experience. L 562 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; salary to start $15. Room 404, 1,182 Broadway.

CASHIER, experienced, quick and accurate; references. Apply Paul Kasiel & Sons, 9 Columbus Av., between 59th and 60th Sts.

CLERKS AND TYPISTS WANTED.
METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. Girls 18 years of age and over; hours 9 to 4:30 o'clock; Saturdays 9 to 12 o'clock; luncheons served free; salary to start $12; abilities of clerks reviewed each six months; those of average ability should be receiving from $16 to $18 per week after the second review; the variation is due to difference in clerical work. Free classes conducted in Typewriting, Stenography and Dictaphone Operating. Apply in person between 9 and 4:30 o'clock, Room 5033, Metropolitan Building, 1 Madison Av. (at 23d St.), New York City.

COMPANION for lady; permanent, very light duties, refined surroundings; salary $16 monthly. 579 Broadway, Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y. Hastings 731.

DEMONSTRATORS ON DOLLS, EXPERIENCED; GOOD PAY, STEADY, AVERILL MFG. CO., 144TH ST. AND WALES AV., BRONX.

GIRL WANTED by large insurance company; high school graduate; no previous experience necessary; must be good at mathematics; excellent opportunity for advancement; state salary desired, age. L 874 Times Downtown.

GIRL wanted, general cleaning. Mrs. Kessler, 655 W. 160th St.

HOUSEWORKER, general; good cook; good home, with good wages; small family. Call 9 to 1, 400 Riverside Drive, Apt. 2D. Phone Cathedral 6178.

HOUSEWORKER, general, wanted by Protestant family; competent white woman; comfortable home. Phone New Rochelle 2857.

HOUSEKEEPER — Working housekeeper, Catholic family. Apply in person, 5 to 5 P. M. Sat.-Sun. 68 Lincoln Pl., Brooklyn.

MODELS Wanted, perfect, Size 16; wonderful opportunity for right parties; apply in person Belle Cloak and Suit Co., 159 West 25th.

MOTHER'S HELPER—Young girl to take care of young baby and assist in light housekeeping. Call all day Saturday. Rosenfeld, 65 Fort Washington Av. Apt. 6T.

MOTHER'S HELPER wanted to care for 2-year-old child, light housework, plain cooking; good home for right party. Call 5,819 14th Av., Brooklyn.

NURSE, WHITE, TO CARE FOR INFANT AND SMALL BOY; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE AND BEST OF REFERENCES; REFINED HOME WITH SMALL FAMILY; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR PROPER PARTY. CALL 258 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, APARTMENT 10-A. PHONE 2245 RIVERSIDE.

NURSE—Girl as nurse, German or Norwegian preferred, no experience necessary, for two children, 4 to 6 years; small Christian family; good wages; best references required. Apply mornings. Wheeler, 15 Claremont Av. at 116th St., between Riverside and Broadway. Apt. 73.

NURSE GRADUATE, to take charge of floor at night. Apply Superintendent of Nurses, People's Hospital, 203 2d Av.

NURSES, graduates, wanted; good salary. B. C. Hospital, 850 Lafayette Ave., Brooklyn.

NURSE to care for 5-year-old girl; Protestant family. Telephone 3753 Morningside, Apt. 3-B, for appointment.

NURSE, graduate, for floor duty, modern sized hospital; state age, qualifications; salary expected. Nurse 220, 2,119 3d Av.

NURSES' HELPER, for night duty in hospital; $50 and meals. 231 East 57th.

NURSE, doctor's office; surgical training preferably. Dr. Hyman, 215 West 34th.

PROOFREADER and stenographer, having experience in job printing office; apply by letter or phone only. The Graphic Press, 946 Gates Av., Brooklyn. Phone Bushwick 160.

PUNCHERS AND OPERATORS—Two experienced, Hollerick system. Apply to A. B., W 787 Times Downtown.

SALESWOMEN.
JAMES McCREERY & CO.
has vacancies for saleswomen in the following departments:
STATIONERY,
LEATHER GOODS,
SILVERWARE,
TOILET ARTICLES,
TOYS AND DOLLS.
Would consider applicants desirous of holiday positions. Apply at the Employment Superintendent, 8th floor, 35th St. employes' entrance.

SALESWOMAN to call on business men, presenting a long-established and well-known financial and business magazine that is the leader in its field; working between 9:30 and 4:30, will enable an intelligent, well-spoken woman to earn $50 a week or more on our standard commission and bonus plan; payable weekly; this is a high-grade proposition and only experienced saleswomen need apply. Call in person Saturday, 9 A. M. till 1 P. M., Mr. Hildreth, Room 547, 42 Broadway.

SALESWOMEN,
experienced on dresses, coats, suits; steady position, good salary. Apply Post, 19 W. 42d.

STENOGRAPHER wanted for X-ray department; must be competent; increase of salary when technical terms have been acquired; steady position, $80 per month and luncheon. New York Post Graduate Hospital, corner 2d Av. and 20th St.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER, with ability to take entire charge of office; answer in long hand, stating age, references, experience, salary wanted, &c. T 395 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent; chance for advancement; good beginner considered; salary $25 to start. Apply Sec'y, Dr. Takamine, 120 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, must have experience and be well recommended. Call 56 West 25th.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR for publishing house, experienced preferred. Trade News Service, 10 Cortlandt St.

TELEPHONE SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR $45 month, board and room. Jewish Hospital, Classon and St. Mark's Avs., Brooklyn.

TYPIST for permanent work, by Christian real estate firm near Wall St., which desires a refined young girl who will appreciate refined associates in work; character and neatness most important; $18 a week to start. Call Room 1622, 31 Nassau St.

TYPIST for permanent position by an old-established American house; $15 to start. Apply Monday, 9-11, Room 410, 290 Broadway.

TYPIST AND CASHIER. APPLY POMEROY CO., 16 EAST 42D.

WOMAN, experienced and refined, for head of nursery department in Protestant Home for Children, ages 3 to 6 years. 1,435 Atlantic Av., corner of Kingston, Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY
IN PUBLICITY DEPARTMENT, take charge of lists; one who thoroughly understands checking, correcting and compiling; SALARY $18 TO $20.
McCALL, 236 WEST 37TH ST.

YOUNG LADY to assist in daily compilation of statistical tables on newspaper; knowledge of elementary arithmetic necessary; write, stating qualifications and salary desired. Box 100 Times, 2 Rector St.

YOUNG WOMAN, WHITE, LOOKING FOR GOOD HOME WITH SMALL REFINED FAMILY; BEST SURROUNDINGS; TO CARE FOR INFANT AND SMALL BOY; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR PROPER PARTY. REFERENCES NECESSARY. CALL 258 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, APT. 10-A. PHONE 2245 RIVERSIDE.

YOUNG WOMEN, for clerical and filing positions; experience unnecessary. P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, New York.

Instruction.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN—Big demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT and bookkeeper; must be thoroughly experienced and tax expert; good pay to the right man. Apply Monday, 483 5th Av., Suite 404.

BOND DEPARTMENT MANAGER, thorough knowledge of foreign and domestic securities, to take charge of this department in a prominent banking institution; must be thoroughly experienced and come well recommended; state salary, age and experience. W 412 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER—A prominent fire insurance company wishes a young man of about 25 or 26 years of age for position in its bookkeeping and accounting department; well educated and refined with facility in arithmetic and mathematics; a good opportunity for the right man. Answer, stating age, experience and salary and religion, E 988 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Stock Exchange firm has opening for experienced bookkeeper; state age, experience and expectations. Address "K. E." P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, WITH KNOWLEDGE OF SPANISH, AGE 22 TO 27; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE FULLY AND SALARY DESIRED. H 781 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced accounts payable ledger; must be accurate figurer; state experience; salary $30. E. S., 547 Times Harlem.

BOYS WANTED.
Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., over 16 years of age; good hours; salary to start, $12; opportunity for rapid advancement; luncheons served free. Apply in person, between 9 and 4:30 o'clock, Room 5033, Metropolitan Building, 1 Madison Av. (at 23d St.), New York City.

BOY,
16 to 18, in office of large dry goods commission house; high school graduate preferred, but not essential; good opportunity for advancement; give full particulars. H 764 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for import and export firm; must be grammar school graduate, neat and willing to begin at bottom for a good future, if not afraid of work or hours apply in handwriting, giving full particulars. V 900 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, about 15; excellent opportunity for advancement; with a large, old-established Christian firm. Apply 261 Broadway, New York, Room 1115.

BOY, intelligent, for errands and office work; must be of good appearance and ambitious to advance. Apply 279 Broadway, as ing for Mr. Valeur.

BOYS, 14-16, office work; public school graduate. Apply United Dressed Beef Co., 176 1st Av.

BUYER—Successful merchandise man and chief buyer for chain stores. Address X 2251 Times Annex.

CANVASSERS, EXPERIENCED, ON HOUSEHOLD SPECIALTIES; REFERENCES; COMMISSION. 31 AVENUE A, NEW YORK.

CANVASSERS wanted to sell silk handkerchiefs for Christmas trade; big commission earnings; deposit required. 240 Broadway, Room 16.

CASHIER'S ASSISTANT
in wholesale grocery; must have some knowledge of bookkeeping; opportunity for ambitious person.
JOHN S. SILLS & SONS, INC.,
604 WEST 37TH ST.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT—A wonderful opportunity is open to an experienced C. P. A. to become associated with an auditing firm whose scope is unlimited; he must possess executive ability, vision and lots of energy. Apply Monday, 489 5th Av., Suite 404.

CLERK wanted, for busy law office, filing and register clerk; legal experience essential; salary $35 per week; answer stating age, qualifications and references. T 392 Times.

COLLECTOR and solicitor for life insurance; salary and commission. Call 1,600 Broadway, Room 808.

DRUGGIST — Man thoroughly familiar with the wholesale drug business to check orders; good wages and steady employment. Reply, stating past experience, to R. & K. Co., 370 Plane St., Newark, N. J.

EDITOR wanted few hours daily. T. W., 294 West 92d St.

ENGINEER, with a thorough knowledge of Wolverine motor engine, also a license, to take charge of a portable boiler. Apply Merritt & Chapman Co., Room 1945, 17 Battery Place.

FOREIGN exchange and steamship ticket man wanted by Philadelphia bank; experienced preferred. Apply in own handwriting; state age, experience in detail, reference and salary desired. P. O. Box 1481, Philadelphia, Pa.

GUARDS or day watchmen for financial institution; applications to be considered should state height, weight, salary expected and a record of previous employment. L 902 Times Downtown.

JUNIOR CLERK wanted in the office of a large, fire insurance company; state age, salary and experience, if any. P. O. Box 729.

MAN, useful, with knowledge of gardening, for year-round position on farm in New Jersey; none but responsible person with best personal references need apply; full particulars on application. X 2340 Times Annex.

MAN wanted, experienced, for foreman of synthetic molding department of small but growing concern; excellent opportunity; must be capable of training help to produce quality work. Alden-Naylor Company, 52 Willow St., Springfield, Mass.

MAN between 25 and 35 years of age to sell well-known make of motor trucks at retail; must not be afraid of hard work or long hours; salary and commission. W 375 Times.

MANAGER for well-known club and restaurant; must be a clean-cut, hard worker with personality and ability to do things; state in confidence experience, age, salary wanted, references, &c. T 396 Times.

MEN wanted, age 25 to 70, to book orders for trees, shrubs, vines, roses; full or spare time; commission paid weekly; experience unnecessary. Western New York Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

MILLWRIGHT, first class, wanted, with tools, for roofing factory; give experience and references. X 2342 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY wanted in old established banking house; splendid opportunity for a boy about 16; other boys connected with this house who have shown ability and willingness to work are now holding important positions. Address, giving age, personal references and salary expected, Y. L., P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York.

OFFICE BOY—Must be willing to work in office of large manufacturing concern; good opportunity for bright boy; hours 8:30-6. Apply 12 West End Av.

OFFICE BOYS, age 14 to 16; large downtown concern; advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y.

OPERATOR, linotype, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.; splendid opportunity. Apply Mr. Hildreth, Magazine of Wall St., Room 547, 42 Broadway.

PHONOGRAPH SALESMEN wanted with established trade in greater New York, on phonographs and lateral-cut records; highest quality merchandise backed by national advertising; satisfactory compensation. Phone Mr. J. J. Jones, Murray Hill 9181, Friday or Saturday for interview.

PUNCHERS and Operators—2 experienced, Hollerich system. Apply to A. B., W 736 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, WATCH YOUR TERRITORY —Old established advertising firm wants 3 men as representatives in Illinois, California, Iowa, selling advertising services to retail trade; want men who have actually covered territory; good opportunity for men desiring to permanently return West; qualifications, age over 30, good education, real salesmanship ability, knowledge advertising advantageous; commission basis, with drawing account; give full information in first letter. W 436 Times.

SALESMAN wanted; well-known cloak and suit house requires the services of a bright young man who has a good following, is acquainted with cloth trade and who can sell on floor; only men of experience and following need apply; exceptional opportunity; salary or commission. Write J. C., 1214 Wilson Building.

SALESMEN, TOOL STEEL.
Representation wanted for New York City and surrounding territory by an old, established concern making a full line of crucible tool steels, die blocks, &c.; rare opportunity for a good, live organization or man who can produce; commission basis; state experience, &c., in replying. X 2350 Times Annex.

SALESMEN WITH NO EXPERIENCE SELLING SECURITIES, BETWEEN 25 AND 40 YEARS OF AGE, TO REPRESENT BANK OFFICIALS OF PROMINENT MEN; REAL WORKERS CAN EARN $150 PER WEEK AND UP; COMMISSION BASIS. W 665 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALES ENGINEER to call on architects, engineers and manufacturers; only those who have had heating and ventilating experience, with selling ability, need apply; give record and references; commission with drawing account. N. C. & S. Works, 9 17th Av., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN, Jewelry—Well-known manufacturing house has a vacancy for a good junior; local territory; salary, no commission; an opportunity for a capable young man with some jewelry experience. Give age, experience and salary expected. Jewelry, Box 803, Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, calling on retail dry goods trade, who wishes a side line of misses' and children's tam o'shanters; 6 per cent. commission basis. Call or phone H. Rand, 3,035 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Phone 4614 Cypress.

SALESMEN, security, to sell industrial stock that will bear rigid investigation; established business, patented article; attractive bonus to investors; liberal commissions; write for appointment. X 2358 Times Annex.

SALESMEN—Embroidery, a hand embroidery manufacturer is open to two good men to call on waist and dress manufacturers in city and Brooklyn; those who have handled similar line may apply; 10 per cent commission paid. W 383 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced in selling direct to consumer, electrical household appliances; leads furnished; salary and commission; high-class references required. Call Saturday after 1 P. M., We-Lektrify-U Corp., 3,103 3d Av., New York.

SALESMAN—Vacancy for experienced man, aluminum cooking utensils and flatware; territory New York; department and retail stores trade; state age, nationality, experience, references and salary expected. Address W 443 Times.

SALESMEN—Live wires, butter and egg; good commission. E 994 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted to sell motor trucks at retail; full line; manufacturer nationally known for years; established in New York since 1912; motor truck experience not essential; salary and commission. W 374 Times.

SALESMEN men's shoes; thoroughly experienced only need apply; good salary; excellent prospects for advancement to executive position for those with initiative. Call 10 A. M., 1,480 Broadway.

SALESMAN for notion trade, city, out of town, by a responsible, established notion manufacturer; can have side line; salary or commission. G 381 Times.

SALESMEN and canvassers wanted to sell silk handkerchiefs for Christmas trade; big commission earnings; deposit required. 240 Broadway, Room 16.

SALESMEN TO SELL FORD CARS ON COMMISSION BASIS. COUCH-HAAS CO., BEDFORD AV. AND EASTERN PARKWAY, BROOKLYN.

SALESMAN, woolens, having established merchant tailoring trade, city and vicinity; salary and commission; good opportunity to hustler who can produce. T 374 Times.

SALESMAN, auto supplies, capable of showing results; commission basis; exclusive local territory. Auto Trade Supply Co., 916 8th Av.

SALESMEN, city, road, handle children's rompers, creepers and dresses; drawing account against commission. Rosenberger & Turk, 640 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced on ladies' muslin underwear, for line of drawers, bloomers and gowns on 5 per cent. commission basis. M. & H. Stone, 122 Spring St.

SALESMAN, sell Mapleine to grocers, manufacturers; salary. Mapleine Co., 105 Hudson St.

SALESMAN—Grocery specialty; salary basis; state in detail experience and salary expected. Foods, 265 Times Square.

SALESMAN to sell Edison and Independent electric lamps on commission. Fruhling Art Light Co., 3 East 17th.

SHEET WRITER—Stock Exchange firm has opening for Clearing House sheet writer; must be good penman; please state age, experience and expectations. Address K. D., P. O. Box 922, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper, with ability to take entire charge of office; answer in long hand, stating age, references, experience, salary wanted, &c. T 397 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST—Must be able to read own notes. Weeks-Hand Corp., 380 Washington St.

STOCK BOY, HENRY FINE & SONS, 924 BROADWAY.

SUPERINTENDENT—GLOVE.
Experienced man wanted to take complete charge of old-established glove factory, doing a large business, manufacturing fine and work gloves, principally work gloves; factory is located in city of 800,000 population; man wanted must be capable of directing and supervising all operations from the purchasing of leather to the completed product ready for shipment; must be a good organizer; applicant must state whether married or single, nationality, experience, references and salary expected. Address Glove Manufacturer, care Old Colony Club, Biltmore Hotel, New York City.

TEACHER, college; physics, mathematics, chemistry, agronomy; not this city. B 62 Times.

TYPIST to answer telephone and act as inquiry clerk; good opportunity; rapid advancement; Christian house. 159 East 54th.

VALET-NURSE wanted for young gentleman, lame; must speak English or French; comfortable room; leisure in afternoon; salary $75; highest personal references required. P. O. Box 696, Woodmere, L. I.

WINDOW TRIMMER AND CARD WRITER; GOOD OPPORTUNITY. PERMANENT FOR EXPERIENCED MAN. INQUIRE TODAY BETWEEN 4 AND 6 P. M., H. WEDEEN, AT DESK, HOTEL BROADWAY CENTRAL.

WINDOW DECORATOR and card writer wanted for department store, first assistant now employed, capable to do both, will find this position offers exceptional inducements. Apply by letter, giving past experience, X 2352 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 17-20, possibly with high school education, wanted by downtown banking office for errands and general office work; knowledge of Italian preferred; good chance for advancement; state full particulars and salary desired. H 782 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN—Stock Exchange firm wants experienced young men as messengers; state age, experience and expectation. Address "M," P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

YOUNG MAN wanted in established uptown bank; splendid opportunity for beginner; experience unnecessary. Address, in own handwriting, P. O. Box 5, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, 17 or 18 years, to take charge of stockroom; must be industrious, accurate and courteous. Call Saturday, between 9 and 11, Mr. Beebe, 505 5th Av., 3d floor.

Instruction.

BEFORE YOU MAKE A CHANGE
in your present position, find out what your life work should be. Don't mortgage your future by doing work which you are not fitted. Through an analysis of your abilities from the study of the face our trained analysts can determine the vocation in which you will achieve the greatest success. This study is based on known scientific laws. Come in and ask us all about it. Booklet "K" on request.
MERTON INSTITUTE, INC.
96 5th Av. (at 15th St.), New York.
Tel. Watkins 9795.

AUTO ENGINEERING INSTITUTE.
14th Year—2,000 Students, 8,000 Graduates.
NEW $200,000 EQUIPMENT.
Auto Shop, Starting-Lighting, Driving, Oxy-Welding, Battery, Machine Shop, Vulcanizing, Overhauling.
40 OTHER COURSES. Free Pass.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.,
1,117 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

BOOKKEEPER—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 328 Pulman Bldg., New York.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN—Big demand for high salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

LEARN ELECTRICITY as applied to the automobile. Evening courses. Elementary and applied. Folder and pass to one session of class free on request. Educational Department, West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St., New York.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

FRENCH instruction wanted by gentleman residing West 11th St.; must be within few blocks. B 51 Times.

BROOKLYN

Congregational

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH
Hancock Street between Bedford and Franklin Avenues. (Take Fulton Street L or surface to Franklin Avenue.)
Pastor, Rev S. PARKES CADMAN, D. D.
11 A. M. Divine Service with Dr. Cadman preaching.
7:45 P. M. Divine Service with Dr. Cadman preaching.

HAYDN'S ORATORIO
"THE SEASONS,"
Grace Kerns, Arthur Hackett, James Stanley. Chorus of 20 Solo Voices.
CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS,
Henry and Remsen Sts., Brooklyn.
SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 28, AT 7:45 P. M.
Rev. Richard Roberts will preach at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH.
Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor.
Service in Academy of Music, Lafayette Av. and Ashland
11 A. M.—"THE INDISCOURAGED GOD." Sermon by Dr. HILLIS.
No evening service.

Ethical Culture

BROOKLYN ETHICAL SOCIETY,
Brooklyn Academy of Music.
11 A. M.—Mr. LINCOLN STEFFENS, member Bullitt Mission to Russia, "EVOLUTION OR REVOLUTION MORAL QUESTIONS RAISED BY THE WORLD CRISIS."

New Church

BROOKLYN SOCIETY of the NEW CHURCH
Monroe Place, corner of Clark St.
Take Interborough Subway to Clark St.
Service at 11 A. M.
Rev. E. M. L. Gould will preach.

Presbyterian

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Corner South Oxford St.
Dr. CHARLES C. ALBERTSON will preach.
11:00 A. M.—"The Preparation," first of a series of Advent sermons.
7:45 P. M.—"The White Side of the Cross."

Y. M. C. A.

DR. S. PARKES CADMAN,
"The Terrors of Anarchy."
Greetings by Canon E. A. Burroughs, Eng.
Bedford Branch Y. M. C. A., 1121 Bedford Av.
Sunday, 3:30 P. M. Men only. Free.
Greatest Men's Meeting in Greater New York

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Adventist

SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTIST TEMPLE,
120th St. and Lenox Av.
Sabbath Services, Saturday:
9:30—Sabbath School.
11:00—Sermon by Prof. W. W. PRESCOTT.
3:00—Sermon by Prof. W. W. PRESCOTT.
Sunday, 7:45 P. M.—Sermon by the Pastor, CARLYLE B. HAYNES. Subject: "Unmistakable Proof that the Messiah Will Appear in the Present Generation."

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH.
West 57th St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs.
REV. JOHN ROACH STRATON, D. D.
10:30—DR. STRATON: "What Does God's Word Teach About Money?"
12—Sunday School and Adult Bible Classes.
8—DR. DEAN: "CHRIST—A MYTH—A MAN—OR A GOD?"

CALVARY CHURCH,
Fourth Av. and Twenty-first St.
Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, D.D., Rector.
8:00 and 10:15 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Presentation of Pageant "Advance the Line."
8:00 P. M.—Evening service (the Rector).

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. E. corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Ave.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11—"WILL JESUS CHRIST RETURN TO THE EARTH?"
8—Lantern Lecture: "A Little Journey to the Homes of the Pilgrim Fathers."

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 to 8 West 46th Street.
Sunday School, Men's and Women's Classes, 9:40 A. M. Young People's Service, 6:30 P. M. Dr. Cornelius Woelfkin, Minister, will Preach at 11 A. M.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 70th St.,
PASTOR I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
11 A. M.—"WAS THE DEATH OF CHRIST A MURDER, A MARTYRDOM OR THE COMMAND OF GOD?"
8 P. M.—"IS THE MODERN REVOLT AGAINST FUTURE ETERNAL PUNISHMENT AND THE REFUSAL OF THE MODERN MINISTER TO PREACH HELL, ON THE GROUND THAT GOD IS TOO GOOD AND LOVING TO ALLOW MEN TO SUFFER FOREVER, JUSTIFIED EITHER BY NATURE OR THE BIBLE?"
Friday Night, Dec. 3, 8 o'clock—"Can the Dead Come Back and Communicate with the Living?"

JUDSON MEMORIAL, WASHINGTON SQ.
Rev. A. RAY PETTY, Pastor.
Preaching Services 11 and 8.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AV., at 31st St.
GEORGE CALEB MOOR, D. D., Minister.
Every Sunday, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
A series of Sunday Eve. Sermons on "STUMBLING BLOCKS"
Sun., Nov. 28—"CAIN AND THE WIFE."

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
5th Av., between 126th and 127th Sts.
CARL WALLACE PETTY, D. D.
11 A. M.—Preaching by Dr. Allyn K. Foster.
8 P. M.—"The First Lockout; or, When Divine Justice Closed the Door."

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, 145TH ST. and Convent Av.
Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D.
11—"Shall the Church Preach Hell?"
8—"God's Beautiful World." Illustrated.

Christian Science

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES, BRANCHES OF THE MOTHER CHURCH, Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church, Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West and 68th St.
Third Church, 58th St., just east of Park Av., Sundays, 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.
Fourth Church, 178th St. and Fort Washington Av.
Fifth Church, Avolian Hall, 34 West 43d St.
Sixth Church, 1,301 Boston Road, Bronx.
Seventh Church, 112th St., east of Broadway. Sunday, 11 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
Eighth Church, 103 East 77th St.
Ninth Church, Park Avenue Hotel, 4th Av. at 33d St.
Tenth Church, 163 West 57th St.
Eleventh Church, 2,562 Briggs Av., 11 A. M.
Twelfth Church, Anderson Galleries, Park Av. and 59th St.
Christian Science Society, 547 West 146th St., Sundays, 11 A. M.; Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
FREE READING ROOM, 33 West 42d St.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE LECTURES
will be delivered as follows:
Each Lecturer is a member of the Board of Lectureship of the Mother Church, the First Church of Christ Scientist in Boston, Mass.
FIRST C

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Medical Corps.

Capper, Maj. A. T., to Fort McPherson.
Maje. Maloney, J. E., and Bryant, W. A.; Capts. Dyer, J. H., Maloney, W. N., Akerley, A. W. K., Ireland, C. L., O'Reilly, M. H., Eve, R. C., Tucker, C. J.; 1st Lts. Barry, A. F. A., Berryhill, W. G., May, W. E. Jr., Burger, J. S., hon. discharged.

Infantry.

Cassaire, Lt. Col., is retired.
Oliver, Maj. E. J., to 11th, Camp Jackson.
Chisholm, Maj. H. G.; Smith, Capt. R., and Alexander, Capt. G. W.; Taylor, 1st Lt. O., and Correll, 1st Lt. M. L., hon. discharged.
Thralls, Capt. V. R., to Walter Reed Hosp.; sick.
Parry, Capt. A. J., to 40th.
Miller, 1st Lt. W. B., is transferred to the Tanks, Camp Meade.

Engineers.

Waldron, Lt. Col. A. E., to Camp Funston, with 5th.
Reisinger, Maj. P., to Fort Bliss, with 8th.
Taylor, Maj. C. J., to Norfolk.
Elliot, Maj. M., to Wheeling, W. Va.
Wyman, Capt. T. Jr., to Schenectady, N. Y.
Moore, 1st Lt. C. R., to Coblenz, Germany.
Wood, 1st Lt. J. E., as Assist. to Engr's Com'r of Dist. Col.

Ordnance Department.

Ford, Maj. A. W., to Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland.
Brittson, Maj. L. E.; Capts. Stacy, A. E.; Olney, R. T.; Beasley, W. C.; Tufts, G. E.; Humphrey, O. S., and Hasset, J. M., hon. discharged.

Coast Artillery.

Harrison, Maj. E. S., to Fort Monroe.
Twyman, Capt. J., to Fort Totten.
Wilson, Capt. J. K., and Marshall, Capt. E. E., hon. discharged.
Andrews, 1st Lt. W. T., to Fort Crockett.

Quartermaster Corps.

Harding, Maj. A.; Littlejohn, Maj. R. McG.; Bobrink, 1st Lt. H. W., and Hill, 1st Lt. D., to Q. M. subsistence school, Chicago.
Couchman, Capt. A. W.; Ford, Capt. C. D., and Boutchard, 1st Lt. L. R., hon. discharged.

Field Artillery.

Moon, Maj. B. G., hon. discharged.
Cox, Capt. M. R., to 21st, Camp Bragg.
Gammell, 1st Lt. J. L., to 10th, Fort Myer.
Bacon, 1st Lt. R. H., to 83d, Camp Knox.

Air Service.

Burge, Capt. V. L., to Fort Sill.
Pietrzak, Capt. K. T., hon. discharged.
Arnold, 1st Lt. W., to Chicago.

Signal Corps.

Halloran, Capt. E. R., and Pieri, 1st Lt. D., hon. discharged.

Cavalry.

Miller, 1st Lt. T. B., to 7th, Fort Bliss.
Morris, 1st Lt. P. H., to Pittsburgh as assist. to Recrg. Offr.

Miscellaneous.

Langdon, Col. R. C., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., to Governors Id. as second corps area Adjt.
Keith, Maj. W. H., Fin. Dept., to office Chief of Fin.
Stickney, Maj. H. H. Jr., Chem. War. Svc., to Edgewood Ars., Md.
O'Brien, 1st Lt. J. H., Vet. Corps, and Haslam, 1st Lt. G. D., U. S. A., hon. discharged.

Resignations.

Barker, Capt. F. K., Dental Corps.
Hale, 1st Lt. J. M., Phil. Scouts.

Leaves.

Lewis, Maj. R. H., Gen. Staff, 1 mo.
Millar, Maj. E. A. Jr., F .A., 1 mo. ext.
Woodlief, Maj. W. A., Adjt. Gen's. Dept., 10 days.
Sullivan, Maj. W. H., Phil. Scouts, 1 mo. extension.
Lewis, Maj. E. E., Infy., 14 days.
Plassmeyer, Maj. J., Cav., 1 mo.
Crane, Maj. W. C. Jr., F. A., 1 mo.
Walker, Maj. W. H., Inf., 2 mos.
Oliver, Maj. E. J., Inf., 2 mos.
Bowman, Capt. P. M., M. C., 1 mo.
Emery, Capt. E. E. Jr., C. A. C., 1 mo.
Schoenfeld, Capt. F., Inf., 10 days.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Weather forecast:

Ill.—Rain Sat., possibly mixed with snow in N., warmer; Sun., unsettled, moderate temp.
Mo.—Unsettled Sat., probably rain, warmer; Sun., cloudy, moderate temp.
Wis.—Unsettled Sat., probably light rain or snow; Sun. unsettled, moderate temp.
Minn.—Unsettled Sat. and Sun.; moderate temp.
Iowa—Unsettled Sat., probably light rain or snow, warmer; Sun. unsettled.
N. and S. Dak.—Fair Sat.; Sun. unsettled; moderate temp.
Neb. and Kans.—Fair in W., unsettled in e. Sat. and Sun.; moderate temp.
Mont.—Probably rain Sat.; Sun. cloudy, cooler.
Wyoming—Unsettled Sat.; rain N. and W.; Sun. cloudy.
N. C. and S. C.—Cloudy, followed by rain Sat.; Sun. rain, followed by clearing.
Ga., Fla. and Ky.—Rain Sat.; Sun. clearing.
Extreme N. W. Fla., Ala. and Miss.—Rain Sat., Sun.; moderate temp.
Ohio—Cloudy in e., probably rain in w., somewhat warmer Sat.; Sun. rain.
Ind.—Cloudy, somewhat warmer, with probably rain Sat.; Sun. rain, somewhat warmer.
Mich.—Rain or snow Sat. and probably Sun.; moderate temp.

Luigi Rava Elected Mayor of Rome.

ROME, Nov. 26.—Luigi Rava, a member of the Italian Senate and several times a minister in various Governments, has been elected Mayor of Rome. He was born in Ravenna in Nov. 1860 and, in addition to his work as a politician and legislator, he is a writer of works on political and sociological subjects. He succeeds Adolfo Apolloni, who was elected Mayor on Nov. 19, 1919.

Nicaragua Considers a Loan Here.

SAN SALVADOR, Nov. 25.—Consideration of a loan to Nicaragua by New York bankers, which is being negotiated by financial agents of that Government, has been begun by the Nicaraguan Congress, which has been called in extraordinary session.

Rossi to Be Italian Consul Here.

ROME, Nov. 26.—Adolfo R. Rossi, Italian Minister and Consul General at Asuncion, Paraguay, has been transferred to New York as Italian Consul General.

Regular Army Promotions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The War Department today announced these promotions in the Regular Army:

Majors to Be Colonels.

Garrard, L. F., Q. M. C.
Love, J. M., Inf.
McCook, P. H., Inf.
Coleman, F. W., F. D.
Price, F. S. L., Inf.

Captains to Be Majors.

Annin, R. O., Cav.
Duval, E. P., Cav.
Crawford, R. W., C. of E.
Glass, E. L. N., Cav.
Robertson, W. A., A. S.
Jouett, J. H., A. S.
Gross, C. P., C. of E.
Brooks, J. A., Jr., O. D.
Bandholtz, C. H., O. D.
Bawkins, A. E., Inf.
Ingles, H. C., S. C.
Elliott, D. O., C. of E.
Barnes, T., Jr., Cav.
Herman, F. W., C. of E.
Pearson, M., Inf.
Coyle, E. H., Cav.
Jordan, F. B., Inf.
Barker, R. W., F. A.
Sedlacek, E., F. A.
Somervill, B. B., C. of E.
Prentiss, A. M., C. W. S.
Anderson, J. B., F. A.
Damun, R. A., Q. M. C.
Skinner, F. S., C. of E.
Laradee, A. E., S. C.
Burr, J. G., F. A.
Rees, T. H., Jr., Cav.
Burr, W. E., F. A.
Stanford, L. H., S. C.
Abbey, H., Jr., A. S.
Hallet, E. O., C. A. C.
Garr, M., Cav.
Garmody, R. E., Cav.
Young, M. J., C. of E.
Loomis, H. F., C. A. C.
Larkin, T. B., C. of E.
Tompkins, W. F., C. of E.
Potts, A. E., C. A. C.
Stuart, L. L., C. A. C.
Hannum, R. H., C. A. C.
Thurber, P. L., F. A.
Wyeth, J. C., F. A.
Weart, D. L., C. of E.
Swing, J. M., F. A.
Kirby, M., A. S.
King, H. L., C. A. C.
Newman, A. D., Cav.
Foster, C. W., Cav.
Benson, C. C., Cav.
Lewis, C. W., Inf.
Paddock, R. B., F. A.
Hayes, C. H., F. A.
Clark, C. L., F. A.
Bradley, J. L., Inf.
Grant, C., Inf.
McClain, J. D., C. A. C.
Braxdon, S., C. of E.
Hogan, J. P., C. A. C.
Atkins, L. E., C. of E.
Packard, G., C. A. C.
Covell, W. E. R., C. of E.
Sayler, H. C., C. A. C.
Arthur, J. D., Jr., C. of E.
Hoge, B. F., Cav.
Small, H. E., C. A. C.
Lester, J. A., F. A.
Haskell, J. B., C. A. C.
Aurand, H. S., O. D.
Byrne, L. T., F. A.
Lamphire, G. G., A. S.
Kennard, J., Cav.
Herr, F., Cav.
Weir, B. G., A. S.
Stocker, B. S., Inf.
Smith, G. L., Inf.
Burr, J. L., Inf.
Joyce, M. A., Inf.
Lt. E. W. Austin, F. A., also promoted to be Major.
Ericson, S., Inf.
McCarron, T. R., Inf.
Hodgson, P. A., C. of E.
Wheeler, S. H., A. S.
Zundel, E. A., F. A.
Haselin, C. B., Cav.
Houghton, W. C., F. A.
Garahl, A. L., C. of E.
Hoskins, F. L., C. A. C.
Conklin, J. F., C. of E.
Royce, R., A. S.
Ward, O. F., A.
Miller, L. W., C. of E.
Gesler, E. E., C. of E.
Holcombe, W. H., C. of E.
Bullard, P. C., C. of E.
Yeager, E., F. A.
Warren, A. H., C. A. C.
Spatz, C., A. S.
Irwin, S. L., F. A.
Richards, G. J., C. of E.
Treat, J. B., F. A.
Kelton, E. C., C. of E.
Gillette, D. H., C. of E.
Davison, D. A., C. of E.
Homes, E. L., Cav.
McKinney, J. T., A. S.
Huston, N., Inf.
Lampert, L. L., Inf.
Burwell, H. B. S., A. S.
Busbee, C. M., F. A.
Howes, S. D., Jr., F. A.
Miller, B. A., C. of E.
Bethel, A., C. of E.
Marsh, R., F. A.
Villaret, E., C. A. C.
Clifford, C. L., Cav.
Brannan, F. M., Inf.
Parkinson, P. D., Inf.
Maher, W. F., F. A.
Monroe, T. H., Inf.
Paschal, P. C., Inf.
Bull, H. R., Inf.
Milligan, H. P., Inf.
Gullion, W. C., Inf.
Dunigan, F. J., F. A.
Waldron, A. W., F. A.
Kuentz, O. O., C. of E.
Howard, C. W., A. S.
Milliken, C. M., S. C.
Anderson, G. P., C. A. C.
Thompson, J. B., Cav.
Wallace, J. H., F. A.
Forbes, P. H., Inf.
Smylie, J. S., C. A. C.
Doe, J. A., Inf.
Orton, W. R., Inf.
Wilburn, F. W., Inf.
Landreth, E., Inf.
Harrison, R. B., Inf.
Bratton, R. S., Inf.
Whitten, R. G., Inf.
Schaller, C. A., Inf.
Byrom, J. F., Inf.
Ryder, C. W., Inf.
Gill, L. Jr., Inf.
Hatfield, F., Inf.
Jones, W. G., Inf.
Waltz, F. R., Inf.
Rockwood, A. P., C. A. C.
Carruth, J. H. C. of E.
Price, X. H., C. of E.
Woodberry, J. H., O. D.
Morrisett, D. G., Cav.
Tack, W. J., Inf.
Harris, A. R., F. A.
Belkema, H., F. A.
Parkinson, J. L., Inf.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Canaga, Cmdr. B. L., to Nav. Intel., Navy Dept., Washington.
Jacobs, Cmdr. W. F., to offr. in charge Radio School, Nav. Tr. Sta., Great Lakes, Ill.
Dresel, Lt. Cmdr. A. H., to Bur. Nav., Navy Dept.
Davidson, Lt. Cmdr. W. S., to aid and Flag Lt. on staff Rear Adm. A. H. Robertson, Cmdr. destroyer force, Atl. fleet.
Herndon, Lt. Cmdr. P., to command the Mars.
Vinson, Lt. Cmdr. T. N., to command the S-34.
Becker, Lt. Cmdr. J. F., to the Astoria, in command.
Pinkham, Lt. Cmdr. H. E., to command the Nanshan.
Keller, Lt. G. M., to the Shawmut.
Schlossbach, Lt. I., to the Rainbow.

Estates Appraised.

CONWAY, MAUD A. (April 5. Total assets, $83,083; net estate, $80,275; cash, $2,804; personal, $22,003; stocks and bonds, $58,273. Her husband, Eustace, receives $75,175 and small bequests were left to relatives.

FALLS, THOMAS J. (in Milford, Conn., May 22). Total estate of $352,701; real estate appraised at $12,500 and securities at $48,874, taxable in New York. His private secretary, Mabel Fahnestock of this city, is left $5,500. The rest of the estate goes to his family and relatives, living in Milford and elsewhere.

FREEMAN, EMMA D. (in Cleveland, Dec. 28, 1919). Total estate, $717,563. Taxable in this city, $70,078. A large portion of the estate is left to public and charitable institutions in the West.

KEEGAN, VINCENT E. (intestate, March, 1920, in Boston). Total estate, $74,094. Taxable in New York, $23,626. The estate goes to his nephews and nieces in Massachusetts.

KNABE, DIEDRICH (April 11, 1919). Total assets, $146,805; net estate, $135,856. Real estate, $124,990, which includes the home, 863 West End Avenue, $25,000; equity, $12,755; cash, $1,115; personal, $1,123; stocks and bonds, $19,570. His wife, Margaret, receives a life estate in $134,475.

WARD, FRANCES MORRIS (intestate, March 29). Total assets, $171,584; net estate, $162,040—real estate, $39,000; cash, $5,624; personal, $7,292; stocks and bonds, $116,846; additional assets, $2,821. Her brother and sister, John B. Morris of Saugatuck, Conn., and Susan A. Robbins of 9 East 36th Street, receive $54,016 each; her cousins, Abby W. Stevens and Mary M. Stevens of Rhode Island Avenue, Providence, receive $27,008 each.

THOMAS CAROLINE C. (Dec. 21, 1919). Total assets, $81,048; net estate, $76,867—cash, $505; personal, $950; stocks and bonds, $79,592. The estate goes to her children, Llewellyn Thomas of 179 Chestnut St., Chicago; Anne T. Stewart of Short Hills N. J., and Katherine Thomas of Litchfield, Conn., $27,172 each; the daughters receive also bequests of jewelry valued at $750 and $200.

The Civil Service.

City.

The following eligible lists are announced: Quartermaster, Municipal Ferry Service, William A. Canfield, 78.20; William F. Fox, 77.50. Italian interpreter, Manhattan, with a knowledge of French and Spanish, Naloti Collosano, 84.40. Dietitian (departmental), William M. Golden, 88.40; Elsa A. George, 85.70; Ines E. Reeves, 82.50; Elizabeth Hinchman, 81.80; Joseph H. Kane, 78.90; Elsa D. Curry, 74.66.

United States.

The commission announces an examination for associate farm economist qualified as live-stock accountant, man or woman, 25 to 45 years of age, in the office of Farm Management and Farm Economics, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., at $3,240 to $3,840 a year. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on (1) education, 30; (2) experience, 50; (3) Thesis or publications, 20. Applicants must have graduated from a college or university of recognized standing, including at least two years of collegiate work in accountancy. Persons not having accounting work in college must have graduated from at least a two-years' course in a resident school of accountancy, in addition to college graduation as required above. Applicants must have had at least two years of farm or ranch residence after reaching mature age, and in addition must have had at least two years of practical experience in cost accounting. Age limits do not apply to persons entitled to preference because of military or naval service. Classified employes who have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years are entitled to retirement with an annuity.

Coast Guard Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26. — These Coast Guard orders were promulgated today:

Scott, Lt. Comdr. P. H., to the Manning and in command when commissioned.
Covell, Lt. Comdr. L. C., to command the Gresham.
Usina, Lt. Comdr. M. N., to the Gresham.
Whitbeck, Lt. Comdr. J. E., to the Algonquin.
Roemer, Lt. Comdr. C. G., to the Bear.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The pressure is high generally east of the Mississippi River, with the crest of the high pressure area over the middle Atlantic States. Centres of low pressure are charted over the west Gulf of Mexico and the Western Canadian provinces. Clouds cover much of the country and there have been rains in the last twenty-four hours in the west Gulf States, the plains States and the northern plateau region of the Pacific States, except Southern California. Moderate temperatures for the season prevail generally over the United States.

In New England the weather will be partly cloudy Saturday and will be followed by rain or snow on Sunday. In the Middle Atlantic States, the upper Ohio Valley and the lower lake region the weather will be cloudy Saturday, followed by rain Saturday night and Sunday.

In the South Atlantic and east gulf States, Tennessee and the lower Ohio Valley there will be rain, and in the upper lake region rain and snow Saturday and Sunday.

Normal temperature will continue east of the Mississippi River through Saturday and Sunday. Storm warnings are displayed on the Gulf Coast and between Bay St Louis, Miss., and Carrabelle, Fla.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND SUNDAY.

North New England: Partly cloudy Saturday; Sunday unsettled, probably rain or snow; no change in temperature.

South New England: Partly cloudy Saturday; Sunday rain.

Eastern New York: Cloudy Saturday; Sunday, rain in south and rain or snow in north portion.

New Jersey: Cloudy Saturday, followed by rain Saturday and Sunday; moderate temperature.

Western New York: Cloudy Saturday; Sunday rain, moderate temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	35	52	4 P. M.	43	50
6 A. M.	36	55	6 P. M.	42	58
9 A. M.	38	53	9 P. M.	41	53
12 M.	41	54	11 P. M.	41	48

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 40; for the corresponding date last year it was 52; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 40.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 36; at 8 P. M. it was 42. Maximum temperature, 45 degrees at 12:20 P. M.; minimum, 35 degrees at 1 A. M. Humidity, 69 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 86 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.15 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.26 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
1:30	228 St. and Spuyten Duyvil Road (auto); Joseph Singer	Not given
7:00	Varick and Canal Sts. (auto)	Not given
8:10	17 Attorney St.	Not given
10:05	West and Horatio Sts. (manhole); Edison Co.	Not given
10:10	221 Broome St.; Gus Spealer	Not given
12:00	In front of 426 52 St. (tar pot); Max Lambert	Slight
P. M.		
12:10	252 W. 39 St.; Joseph Stern	Not given
12:20	3,042 Kingsbridge Terrace; Patrick Hardy	Slight
1:40	247 E. 119 St.; Max Weiner	Not given
3:45	2,250 University Av.; J. Burns	Slight
4:45	35 W. 30 St.; Kwong Yuen & Co.	Slight
5:10	Manhattan Av. and 110 St. (auto); James Butler	Slight
5:10	48 Canal St.	Not given
6:35	133 Wooster St.; Allen & Forscher	Slight
6:35	1,533 5 Av.; W. Greenberg	Not given
7:15	Front of 250 W. 62 St. (auto); J. Slinkler	Slight
7:30	167 Avenue B; Herman Bootler	Slight
7:55	228 E. Houston St.; Simon Blum	Not given
9:00	2,198 8 Av.; William Moll	Not given
9:00	1,305 Brook Av.; Thomas Jones	Slight
9:05	Pier 38 North River (bales of cotton)	Not given
9:40	1,225 Broadway; Gimbel Brothers	Not given
11:15	140 St. and Southern Boulevard (auto)	Not given
11:45	149 E. 4 St.; Feinstein & Benjamin	Not given

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A. M.	Sandy Hook. P. M.	Governors Island. A. M.	Governors Island. P. M.	Hell Gate. A. M.	Hell Gate. P. M.	SUN. Rises. A. M.	SUN. Sets. P. M.
High water	8:14	8:45	8:28	9:02	10:12	10:47	6:25	4:31
Low water	1:59	2:47	2:24	3:15	4:08	4:51		

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Kroonland	Southampton	Nov. 12
Ryndam	Rotterdam	Nov. 12
Atlantic City	Rotterdam	Nov. 6
Thordis	Christiania	Nov. 3
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Nov. 23
Smara	St. Thomas	Nov. 20
Sagua	Tela	Nov. 19
Radiant	Tampico	Nov. 17
Everglades	Calibarien	Nov. 20
Agwisun	Port Lobos	Nov. 18

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Rochambeau	Havre	Nov. 18
Steel Engineer	Marseilles	Oct. 30
P. de Epalza	Barcelona	Oct. 30
Bovic	Manchester	Nov. 7
Mar del Norte	Hamburg	Nov. 10
France	Havre	Nov. 20
City of Westminster	Rotterdam	Nov. 4

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Gothland	Cherbourg	Nov. 13
Clavana	Bilbao	Nov. 6
Argentina	Trieste	Nov. 10
Maraval	Trinidad	Nov. 17
Guiana	St. Thomas	Nov. 19
Wampum	Glasgow	Nov. 6
Welshman	London	Nov. 13
Londonier	Antwerp	Nov. 6
Javary	Turks Island	Nov. 22

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
City of Benares	Cape Town	Oct. 28
Stockholm	Gothenburg	Nov. 17
Calamares	Colon	Nov. 21

DUE MONDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Lapland	Southampton	Nov. 19
San Juan	Ponce	Nov. 24
United States	Christiania	Nov. 19

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail.

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Olympic, Southampton	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa.
Caronia, Plymouth	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa (specially addressed).
Savoie, Havre	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	France, Rumania, Bulgaria.
Panhandle State, London	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Ranenfjord, Bergen	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark.
Mystic, Hamburg	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Germany, Austria.
Toloa, Colon	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Cuba, Central America.
Ebro, Valparaiso	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	West Coast South America.
Vestris, Rio Janeiro	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Brazil, Argentina.
Morro Castle, Havana	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Cuba.
Mohawk, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico, St. Thomas.
Princess May, Port Antonio	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica.
Stavangeren, Ciudad Bolivar	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Venezuela.
Lysefjord, Cartagena	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Central America.
Ormes, Pt. Barrios	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Guatemala.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Justin, Para	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	North Brazil, Iquito.

SAIL MONDAY.

Catherine, Pt. Plata	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	San Domingo.
Colon, Haiti	12:00 M.	4:00 P.M.	Colon, Parama.

Other Outgoing Steamships.

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Patroclus, Batavia	Nov. 27	7:00 A.M.
Djembre, Batavia	Nov. 29	7:00 A.M.
Bovic, Manchester	Nov. 30	12:00 M.
City of Oran, Bombay	Nov. 30	10:00 A.M.
Langley, Antwerp	Dec. 1	12:00 M.
Romeu, Malaga	Dec. 1	11:00 A.M.
Songdal, Bergen	Dec. 1	12:00 M.
Valacia, London	Dec. 2	12:00 M.
Navarino, Hamburg	Dec. 2	12:00 M.
Burmese Prince, Havre	Dec. 4	10:00 A.M.
Cornishman, Liverpool	Dec. 4	12:00 M.
Hartmore, Alexandria	Dec. 4	10:00 A.M.

By Wireless.

SS France, incoming from Havre, was signaled. Due Nov. 27, forenoon. French Line.
SS United States, incoming from Copenhagen, was signaled. Due Nov. 29, forenoon. Scandinavian-American Line.
SS Rochambeau, incoming from Havre, was signaled. Due Nov. 27, forenoon. French Line.
SS Gothland, incoming from Danzig, was signaled. Due Nov. 27, forenoon. Red Star Line.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At.	Date.
Dalnazra	Genoa	Nov. 19
Westmoreland	Genoa	Nov. 20
Toronto	Antwerp	Nov. 23
Taxandim	Antwerp	Nov. 23
Neponsit	London	Nov. 23
Virgilia	Auckland	Nov. 25
Roseric	Perim	Nov. 25
Santa Luisa	Valparaiso	Nov. 23

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Essiquibo	Valparaiso	Nov. 20
Celtic Prince	Manilla	Nov. 23
Idaho	Lisbon	Nov. 23
Belvideer	Gibraltar	Nov. 23
Boswell	Cardiff	Nov. 24
Eclipse	Gibraltar	Nov. 25
Lake Fairport	Macelo	Nov. 22
Chevenne	Barrow	Nov. 25

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M. as follows:

Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only), via Seattle	Endicott	Nov. 27
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, French Indo-china, Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra) and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Nov. 28
Hawaii, Guam and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco	U.S.A.T. Madawaska	Dec. 1
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands and specially addressed mail for New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco	Tofua	Dec. 8
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Makura	Dec. 10

FOR SALE

POSTAGE stamps for collectors at public auction; a magnificent collection will be sold at the Collectors' Club, 120 West 49th St., on Nov. 29, 30 and Dec. 2, at 8 P. M. Walter S. Scott, Auctioneer.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used of furniture, oak or mahogany: desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

ADVANTAGEOUS. Unusual Offer—Several fine Oriental pearl necklaces. Nather & Co., 392 5th Av. Tel. 2229 Fitzroy.

THE finest of Niagara County apples at $2 per bushel, f. o. b. John A. Burns, Wilson, N. Y.

Furniture.

RUGS at 25c. on the dollar; imported Japanese jute rugs, 2½x5, $2.75; 3x6, $3.75; 4x7, $16.50; an exceptional opportunity. 68 West 45th St.

REED, willow, wicker furniture for all homes, direct from factory; largest selection; lowest prices. Long Beach Willow Co., 136 East 41st. Phone Murray Hill 4776.

BARGAIN—Walnut bookcase, mahogany music cabinet; by appointment. 5032 Riverside, Taylor.

Clothing.

WILL SACRIFICE original models French hand made underwear sets and negligees to individuals at very low prices. Call Monday Room 2-A, 201 West 33d St.

Pianos and Organs.

VERY desirable Mason & Hamlin mahogany baby grand. AA. W 447 Times.

VICTROLA and records, $60; will sell at once. 2,010 5th Ave., near 125th.

Wanted to Purchase.

WANTED—Motorboat, family cruiser type, about 30 feet, safe and comfortable, for 4 passengers; standard engine, speed 10-15 miles. Submit specifications and full details by letter only to R. T., Federal Advertising Agency, 6 East 39th St., New York City.

PAY highest cash prices for contents of houses, apartments, works of art, pianos, bronzes, bric-a-brac. Mr. Jack, 183 East 125th. Phone 8979 Harlem.

PAY TOP PRICES for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments, pianos, works of art, &c. Phone Harlem 1209, Merle's, 155 East 125th St.

HIGHEST cash price paid for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments, pianos, books, carpets, works of art. A. Jones, 161 East 125th St. Tel. Harlem 2787.

BEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR carpets and rugs; domestic and Oriental; get our offer before selling. 620 Madison Av. Plaza 8835.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3793.

HIGHEST cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments; pianos, china, rugs, bronzes. Polsen, 157 E. 47th. Murray Hill 165.

I PAY 25% more than any one for your furniture, rugs, pianos, paintings. Griffin, 115 University Place. Stuyvesant 2298.

BOUGHT FOR SPOT CASH—FURNITURE, Works of Art, Jewelry, Bronzes, Rugs. B. Schaffer, 68 W. 45th. Tel. Vanderbilt 2524.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BIDDLE MOTOR CAR CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, December 3, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1 West 142d St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of finished cars, finished chassis, tires, parts, general equipment, steel machinery, hardware, small tools, repair parts, etc. Also the Receiver's right, title and interest in and to the name and in and to the unexpired term of the lease of said premises, which has 5 years to run.

LOUIS JERSAWIT,
I. CLARENCE WILSON,
Receivers.

EDWARD B. LEVY, 200 Fifth Avenue; DAVIES, AUERBACH & CORNELL, 94 Nassau Street, Attorneys for Receiver.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of IRA FOX, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, December 3, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 826 Fourth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of silks, fixtures, etc. BONDY & SCHLOSS, Attorneys, 276 Fifth Avenue, New York.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

A market for used cars. All advertisements censored. Rate, 65 cents per agate line.

APPERSON Coupe, four-passenger, 1917, recently overhauled, perfect condition; private party. Phone Gramercy 3732.

BUICK 1919 "6" touring, like new, $1,275.
CHEVROLET 1919 "490" touring; $375.
PAIGE 1918 "light 6" touring, $876.
MARMON 1917 "6" touring, $1,250.
MAXWELL touring, 1919, $475.
RUSSELL, 128 West 54th St.

BUICK, 1920 COUPE, SACRIFICE, $2,000.
BRENNER, 2,124 B'way (74th). Col. 4077.

BUICK sedan, 7 passenger, late model; first-class order. Warehouse, 152 West 90th. Riverside 1773.

BUICK touring, 1920, 5 passenger; exceptional condition; $1,250 cash; act quick. Gotham, 1,684 Broadway. Circle 3572.

BUICK 1920 coupe, like new; price $2,250. 19 West 62d St., New York.

BUICK COUPES, TOURING, ROADSTERS. Flack Co., 238-240 West 54th St.

CADILLAC 1920 "50" Suburban Sedan.
CADILLAC 1920 "59" 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 Touring.
BUICK 1919 7-passenger Touring.
GRANT 1920 Touring Car.
HUDSON 1919 Touring Limousine.
STUTZ 1920 Touring.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,886 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1919 Victoria, metal back.
CADILLAC 1918 Brougham Limousine.
STEARNS 1919 5-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 Sport.
CADILLAC USED AUTO EXCHANGE, 159 West 56th St. Circle 5308. Just east of 7th Av.

CADILLAC 1917 standard landaulet in fine condition. J. J. Barrett, 30 Mamaroneck Av., White Plains, N. Y. Telephone 2620 White Plains.

CADILLAC, 7 pass. sedan, 1918; any demonstration; must sell by 5 P. M., your own price within reason. 203 W. 77th; Schuyler 3531.

CADILLAC 4-PASS. COUPE, 1919. Special New Haven body; practically new; guaranteed perfect; cost $6,200; will sacrifice for $3,500. Rippeth, Hotel Woodward.

CADILLAC limousine, 7 passenger, series 57; owner must sell. Warehouse, 152 West 90th. Riverside 1773.

CADILLAC, full limousine, good as new; will demonstrate; low price; no dealer. Phone Academy 140, Apt. 2C.

CADILLAC Victoria, 1919, series 57 D. D.; excellent condition. Warehouse, 152 West 90th St. Riverside 1773.

CADILLAC, 1919, sport model, four-passenger, touring, fully equipped; perfect; two extra new shoes. Oberweger, 136 West 52d.

CADILLAC VICTORIA COUPE, $1,950. TIRES ALMOST NEW. Brenner, 2,124 Broadway (74th). Col. 4077.

CADILLAC, 57, sedan; condition like new; consider trading for touring car. Brenner, 2,124 Broadway (74th). Columbus 4077.

CADILLAC 1920, suburban sedan, model 59; make offer. Auto Electric Service, 245 West 55th St.

CADILLAC 7-pass. 1917 sedan; excellent condition; price $2,200 Box 275, 209 Cable Bldg.

CADILLAC VICTORIA COUPE. Jacard, 56th St. at 7th Ave.

CADILLAC 1919 victoria coupe; particularly good condition. Cook-Macconnell, 620 5th Av.

CHALMERS 18, SEDAN, $900. Practically new, 7-passenger; guaranteed 6 months; payments arranged. 499 East 163d.

CHEVROLET, 1920, TOURING. First-class mechanical condition; in fact, like a new car. OAKLAND MOTOR CAR CO., 248 West 63d St. Columbus

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Southern Boulevard, Bronx, Thursday evening, from automobile, between Barretto St. and Tremont Av., black leather bag, containing lady's beaded bag and cash, also child's clothes; liberal reward. H. Schneider, 19 South 4th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y. Phone 2023.

LOST—Black box containing a Harper orifphone hearing device, Tuesday night, between West 87th and West 71st; probably left in taxicab privately owned; reward. Return to 6 West 71st.

LOST—On 7th Av. subway at 174th St., a handbag, contents valuable to owner only. Liberal reward if returned to J. Sohnen, 406 West 45th St., office. Tel. Longacre 500, or 1,890 Crotona Parkway, Apt. 58.

LOST—Bank book No. 150,574, issued by the Howard Savings Institution. Payment has been stopped. Finder is requested to leave same at the bank, 768 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

LOST—Beaded bag, money, 50-trip railroad ticket, Flatbush Av. to Morris Park, on Long Island R. R., Thanksgiving; reward. R. Huxford, 24 Casco St., Woodhaven, L. I. Richmond Hill 637 J.

LOST—Left in taxicab(42d St. Ferry to Van Rensselaer Hotel, Thanksgiving evening, about 5:30, leather portfolio marked with initials " J. G. P. Reward if returned to 1,482 Broadway, Room 1010.

LOST—Thanksgiving afternoon, about 5, in subway at Times Square, pair of opera glasses, pearl trimmed at top; reward. Communicate with Katherine Lyons, 20 Murray Place, Princeton, N. J.

LOST—Wednesday at rummage sale, corner 53d St., gray pocketbook bag, containing money, keys, ticket to Tuxedo. Reward paid for return of keys and ticket to 49 East 63d.

LOST—3A Graflex camera, at entrance to Camp Mills, Thanksgiving morning; reward. Alex Brown, 112 4th St., Garden City. Phone 1020 Garden City.

LOST—Man's brown pocketbook, containing $150 in bills, several coins, between 49th and 75th Sts., Broadway; reward. Telephone Schuyler 5302.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of vest, lost out of window at corner of Creston Av. and 184th St., Sunday night, containing papers and watch. Telephone Fordham 8940.

LOST—Black leather gold edged wallet, containing cards and papers valuable only to owner. Suitable reward for return of same to Dr. Muth, 33 West 42d St., Room 1230.

LOST—Between Montclair-Jersey City, two automobile shoes, inflated, 33x5, on rims; notify owner, receive reward. Alfred Dale, 211 Midland Av., Montclair, N. J.

LOST—Keys, Wednesday, between 84th and 85th, Broadway. Return 2,345 Broadway. Reward.

LOST—Silk moire bag, containing money, Wednesday evening, 6th Av. or Washington Place; reward. Bryant 8030. Miss Smith.

LOST—Bank book and money, vicinity 27th St., 5th Av. D. Fox, phone Madison Square 8894.

LOST—Pair tortoise shell eyeglasses, Williamsburg, Sunday. Sager, 220 Ross St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Thanksgiving, two opera glasses, velvet bag; reward. Reynolds, 132 West 73d St.

LOST—Tan handbag containing man's wearing apparel. Reward. 442 Columbus Av.

Jewelry.

LOST—Platinum bowknot pin containing 97 diamonds, Wednesday night, Nov. 17, at the Palais Royal or in taxicab to Reuben's; liberal reward and positively no questions asked. Walton F. Heley, 100 William St. Phone Beekman 9000.

LOST—Between Little Theatre and Waldorf-Astoria, possibly in taxicab, Nov. 24, diamond pin made in shape of a buckle, 2 inches long, 1 inch wide; $300 reward. Return to F. Dalter Lawrence, 527 5th Av.

LOST—One platinum lorgnette set with diamonds, about noon, Nov. 19, in taxicab, between East 52d and 830 Park Av. Finder return to J. Wattley, 511 5th Av. Liberal reward.

LOST—Monday evening, gold bracelet, filigree work, three large diamonds, inside inscription; on way to or at Commodore Hotel, either cloak or ball room; reward. Joyce, 115 8th Av., Brooklyn. Sterling 150.

LOST—Platinum ring set with small diamonds at or near Hotel Astor Thursday night, Nov. 25. Reward. L. Manheimer. Fitz Roy 5660.

LOST—Diamond bar pin Wednesday evening at the Ritz-Carlton ballroom; liberal reward; no questions asked. T. R. Lawson, John 1581.

LOST—Gold and silver cigarette case, between Commodore Hotel and subway station; $50 reward. W. B. Mensing, Hotel Commodore.

LOST—Gold platinum bar pin, square in centre, with small pearls and diamonds. Reward if returned to Apt. 4B, 362 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Silver wrist watch, with photo, vicinity Hotel Continental; reward. Mrs. Halpert, Hotel Continental.

LOST—Diamond stickpin; liberal reward. Phone Pitt rov 6319.

LOST—Thursday, black jet chain with silver cross. Reward. Tel. Lenox 937.

$300 REWARD

for return of tortoise shell and platinum hairpin containing 70 small diamonds. Lost Nov. 23 in vicinity of Madison Av. and 46th St. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$150 REWARD.

Diamond pin, two hearts intertwined, Biltmore Hotel, through 43d St. to 5th Av. bus, 54th St., west to 6th Av. Return to Black, Starr & Frost.

LIBERAL REWARD

Offered to party who returns package of jewels found in Gimbel Bros. phone booth; no questions asked. Phone Morningside 1780. Apt. 2, 507 West 130th.

$500 REWARD—Diamond brooch, lost Monday, Nov. 22, 7-11 P. M., between Hotel Astor and Morosco Theatre; no questions asked if returned to Hotel Astor Cashier.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Nutria muff, Thursday, about 7:30 P. M., between Lawrence St., Yonkers, and city line. M. Smyth, care of Blanchard, 16 Lawrence St., Yonkers. Phone Yonkers 1228, or 220 East 106th St., New York City. Office phone Stuyvesant 7680; reward.

LOST—Black Spanish lace scarf Thanksgiving, 7:30 P. M., in front of 35 West 47th or left in taxi; valued for associations; reward. 123 Waverly Pl. Apt. 5D. Spring 6136.

LOST—Dark brown skunk stole, 2 yards, taxi, Broad, Grand Central or subway, between 5:35 and 6:30, Nov. 24. Reward. Creedan, 1,189 3d Av.

LOST—Skunk neckpiece in Brown and White taxi on Sunday, 21st, at about 12 o'clock M. at 10th Av. and 42d St.; suitable reward. A. O. U., 307 West 51st St.

LOST — Box containing 2 dresses, gloves, grocer's or butcher's, Columbus Av., 104th-110th; reward. 112 Cathedral Parkway, Apartment 8I.

LOST—Will man who found kolinsky fur, Metropolitan Opera Thanksgiving matinee, return owner, Mrs. Burney, Hotel Collingwood? Reward.

LOST—Mink two-piece fur in taxi, between Churchill's and Hotel Netherland, Room 1001. Reward.

LOST—Tan fox neckpiece, between Grand Central and Public Library, Wednesday A. M. W 444 Times.

LOST—Skunk neck piece. Reward. Tel. South 4694R. N 2365 Times Annex.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—English collie Tuesday; yellow and white, 7 months old; playmates children heartbroken; license 10877; liberal reward. Harlem 7351.

Found.

FOUND—Black patent leather suit case, with inscription " E. A. Davis, Yokohama "; exchanged at Grand Central Station platform from Knickerbocker Limited. Will find same by calling at Langdon, Apt. 47, 2 East 55th St. Telephone 7100 Plaza.

FOUND—Lady's wrist watch, subway, Wednesday, monogram; describe. R K 249 Times.

FOUND, Nov. 21, Riverside Drive, female poodle. Telephone Cathedral 7146.

CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE

Published Monthly by The New York Times Company, Times Square, New York.

Describes important events in every country in the world during the preceding month. Information is procured from fundamental sources, verified, accurate, unquestionable.

Current History presents, in attractive form, the story of the month written by the leading men of the world, supplemented with official documents and texts of authentic records.

Profusely illustrated—International Cartoons.

35 cents a copy—$4 a year by mail—Canada, $4.50.

$150,000 RUM SEIZED AFTER WOMEN BUY

Agents Take Liquors of Eighth Avenue Wholesalers—Proprietors Are Summoned.

FORESEES BRITAIN DRY

Anti-Saloon Worker Says Scotland Will Embrace Prohibition Within Ten Years.

More than $150,000 worth of wines and liquors were seized yesterday by Prohibition Enforcement Agents Pollock and Fabricius of the staff of Federal Supervising Agent Frank L. Boyd in the place of J. & L. Alterman, wholesale liquor dealers for the last twenty-five years at 135 Eighth Avenue. The seizure followed the purchase by the two agents of two quarts of whisky, according to Mr. Boyd, after the agents saw two women leaving the establishment—one with a quart bottle under each arm, and which, they learned later, contained port wine.

The owners of the establishment, Louis L. and J. Jay Alterman, were summoned to appear before United States Commissioner Hitchcock this morning on a charge of violating the prohibition law. It was said at the office of Charles R. O'Connor, Federal Prohibition Director for this State, that his inspectors had recommended the revocation of the wholesale liquor dealers' permit held by the Alterman firm. Members of the firm had been cited, Mr. O'Connor said, to appear before the attorneys in his office on Dec. 4 to show cause, if any, why the permit should not be revoked. The records show, Mr. O'Connor added, that the firm had not withdrawn any liquors from bond since Oct. 29. The firm has a bond with Mr. O'Connor for $32,000.

Agents Pollock and Fabricius of Supervising Agent Boyd's staff had no knowledge, it is said, of the recommendation of Mr. O'Connor's Inspectors, but happened to be passing the establishment when the two women came out of the place with the wine. They asked the women what they had, and they frankly told the agents that it was port wine. At the request of the agents they went to Mr. Boyd's office, where they made an affidavit to the purchase of the wine. The agents then went to the establishment and, according to Mr. Boyd, they bought two quarts of whisky.

Seized Liquor Returned.

Sixteen barrels of alcohol, 440 barrels of wine, and other liquors seized a few days ago at the wholesale liquor house of Parazzo Brothers, 446 Sixth Street, Brooklyn, were ordered returned yesterday to the owners by United States Commissioner Henry Barmore, who intimated at the hearing that he had not been fully informed as to the facts of the search when he issued the search warrant Friday of last week. The Commissioner said that the warrant contained a clause for the seizure of forged liquor permits, and that on the return of the warrant the alleged forged permits were not included.

A permit, alleged to have been forged, for the removal of $127,000 worth of whisky from a warehouse in Trenton, N. J., was seized yesterday by Chief Enforcement Agent Joseph Adams at Trenton. The liquor was removed Thursday and is alleged to have been consigned to Alexander L. Sobel of Paterson. The shipment consisted of 600 cases and twenty barrels of whisky. The name of Federal Prohibition Director George Van Note of Newark is alleged to have been forged to the permit.

Dr. George W. Henry of the National Anti-Saloon League, with headquarters in Westerville, Ohio, who has just returned from an extensive campaign in Scotland, Ireland and England, said yesterday at the headquarters of the Anti-Saloon League of New York that Scotland would be dry in ten years. Ireland will be next after Scotland to adopt prohibition, while England will be the last. He said sentiment in the British Isles is growing in favor of prohibition for economic and industrial reasons. Dr. Henry was with the Overseas Y. M. C. A. during the war and since September, 1919, he has been helping the Scottish drys in their campaign.

William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of New York, in a statement issued yesterday, said that the league is pleased with the promise of " enforcement of the prohibition amendment through the activity of the local officials of New York City."

K. of C. to Oppose Rigid Blue Laws.

Supreme Knight James A. Flaherty of the Knights of Columbus announced yesterday that the organization's lecturers had been instructed, in their Winter campaign against extremism, to oppose the " mischievous interference " of attempting to promote rigid blue laws. He said the organization believed lawful Sunday sports were an aid to a healthy public life.

U. S. COURT ALLOWS GAS RATE OF $1.10.

Six Companies in Manhattan and Two in Brooklyn Get Increase.

An order of Federal Judges Hough, Ward and Mayer, filed yesterday, permits six subsidiaries of the Consolidated Gas Company and the Brooklyn Union Gas Company, with two of its subsidiaries, to increase the rates for gas to $1.10 on Dec. 1 and to continue making the increased charge until trial of the suits instituted by the companies to have the statutory rates declared unconstitutional.

The Consolidated Company is charging $1.20 per thousand cubic feet, 40 cents more than the rate fixed by the State statutes. This increase was also permitted by the Federal court pending a decision of its suit to have the law set aside. Its subsidiaries, favored yesterday by an increase from $1 to $1.10, are the Standard, New York Mutual, Northern Union, Central Union, East River and New Amsterdam Gas Companies.

The Brooklyn Union Company, which is nearly as big a concern as the Consolidated Company, was built up by the merging of several small concerns. It was charged, during the hearings, that the total capital stock of the several companies which were consolidated was $9,970,000 and that " the consolidationn resulted in the inflation of $15,630,000, which was the excess of securities issued by the Brooklyn Union Gas Company after consolidation over the securities of the constituent companies.

It is estimated that the increase would yield a 5 per cent. return on a capitalization of $35,000,000, which would produce for the company an 11 per cent. dividend.

DANCING TEACHERS BARRED.

Methodist Bishops Refuse to Accept Them as Converts.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 26.—With but brief consideration of a communication from two of the leading Dancing Teachers' Associations of the country, the House of Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in semi-annual meeting here, today refused to lift the ban on the reception of dancing teachers into the church.

The appeal for a change of policy was signed by the New York Dancing Teachers' Society and the American Conclave Dancing Teachers' Association. The petition was termed " impertinent " by Bishop W. F. Anderson of Cincinnati, Chairman of the committee to which it had been referred. This is the first time that the Board of Bishops has been called upon to act on the question.

INJURIES KILL O'DONNELL.

Another Automobile Racer Killed in Thanksgiving Race at Savannah.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 26.—Eddie O'Donnell, the racing driver injured yesterday at Beverly Hills Speedway, died this morning wfthout regaining consciousness.

The body of Gaston Chevrolet, who died in the collision in which O'Donnell was injured, will be taken to Indianapolis for burial.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 26.—H. L. Capps was in a serious condition today as a result of injuries received while racing here yesterday under the auspices of the Savannah Automobile Club. Neal Bolton, Capp's mechanician, was killed in the accident, which occurred when the machine burst into flames during the eighth lap. Louis Chevrolet, brother of Gaston Chevrolet, drove in an exhibition race here yesterday and was informed of the death of his brother while attending a dinner given by the Automobile Club.

BOY, AGED 5, SAVES MOTHER

Throws a Rope as She Jumps in Canal After Daughter.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 26.—Five-year-old Charles Roberts saved his mother's life today. Mrs. Roberts, who is the wife of Captain Perry Roberts of McKinley, Me., master of the barge Electra, had jumped into the harbor from the barge in an effort to rescue an infant daughter who had fallen overboard. The child was drowned and the mother was sinking when young Charles threw her a rope.

The boy was too weak to help his mother get aboard, and Mrs. Roberts clung to the rope until the Captain of a tug, who had seen her plight from the other side of the harbor, steamed to her assistance.

DIVORCES MAKE JUDGE ILL.

Goes to Sanitarium After Hearing 800 Cases in Eleven Weeks.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—Judge Kickham Scanlan, sitting in the Circuit Court in Chicago, heard 800 divorce cases in the last eleven weeks, and now he is resting in a Milwaukee sanitarium.

"Thursday was my day of real thanksgiving," he told friends before leaving the city. "What more could a Judge be thankful for than that his sentence to the Divorce Court has been completed? "

LANDIS BANS MORE CHICAGO SALOONS

Temporary Injunctions Are Issued by Federal Judge Against 72 Dealers.

100 MORE ARE PREPARING

Officials May Go Further and Order Seizure of Buildings Leased by Violators of Law.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—Judge Landis and Attorney General Brundage of Illinois today again pushed forward their efforts to make Chicago dry. They are using the abatement clause of the Volstead act, which permits the permanent closing of any saloon or place where liquors are sold as a public nuisance. They also have in view the using of power to seize a building the owner of which permits the sale of liquor, in any part, and keep it vacant for a year. This would force owners to weed out tenants who are violating the law.

Temporary injunctions were granted today by Judge Landis against seventy-two saloons whose closing had been asked by Attorney General Brundage. A period of ten days is permitted, and then proprietors and lessors must stand trial on the charge that they are conducting a nuisance. If they are convicted the places will be closed.

Judge Landis explained that he would have preferred to close the places immediately.

"To enjoin a man from violating the law," he said, " is, of course, ridiculous, but that is all the Volstead act permits me to do for the time being. The framers had the entire dictionary from which to choose words, and this is the result."

Evidence has been obtained against more than 100 other saloons, and they will be served with injunction notices within a day or so. Saloonkeepers served with the injunction said they would make no attempt to sell liquor for the ten days.

The Judge's orders, pending hearing of suits to close the bars for one year as public nuisances, forbid saloonkeepers to dispose of liquor or fixtures, under penalty of a year in jail for contempt.

Draft Rules for Liquor Transfer.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Regulations governing the transportation of liquor by owners from warehouses to their residences, necessitated by the recent Supreme Court decision, are expected to be issued shortly by the Bureau of Internal Revenue. Rapid progress is being made in framing the rules, officials said today, but many perplexing problems arising under the new interpretation of the law have called for the closest study.

Named the Wrong Doubleday.

In an interview in THE NEW YORK TIMES on Thursday describing his acquaintance with Mrs. Clare Sheridan, author of the diary on the Bolshevist leaders, Felix D. Doubleday's name was inadvertently made to read Felix N. Doubleday of Doubleday, Page & Co. Felix D. Doubleday is in no way connected with the publishers, Doubleday, Page & Co.

JUDGE FACES LIFE IN CELL.

Indicted for Second Degree Murder by Ohio Grand Jury.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 26.—William H. McGannon, Chief Justice of the Municipal Court, was indicted today for second degree murder by the County Grand Jury at the close of its second investigation of the slaying of Harold Kagy last May.

The penalty on conviction is life imprisonment. John W. Joyce was recently acquitted of the crime. Witnesses at the Joyce trial testified McGannon was present at the shooting.

SMOOT FOR WOOL EMBARGO.

Will Offer a Bill to Establish It as Soon as the Senate Meets.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 26.—With a view to safeguarding American wool interests and relieving what he termed to be a critical situation in the wool-growing industry, Senator Reed Smoot announced that as soon as the Senate assembled he would introduce a bill to place an embargo upon foreign wool. He said that it would be his intention to have the proposed embargo made effective for one year.

Hylan to Run City's First Trolley.

Staten Islanders along the lines of the proposed municipal trolleys will celebrate the opening of the first municipal system in the State next Wednesday afternoon, when Mayor Hylan will operate the first car over the line. Borough President Van Name and members of the Board of Estimate will be among the passengers.

Originators and Designers of Men's Hats

For the Evening

Fashion decrees Long's or Stetson's Derby or Velour.

Long's Hats, $3.50 to $8.00
Stetson's, $10.00 to $35.00

And every hat has the same label, the Guarantee of Quality, not the sign of a price.

LONG'S HATS
"WEAR LIKE THE NAME"

Broadway at 10th, 27th, 33rd—Nassau at Ann
Other Long's Hat Stores conveniently located in New York—Brooklyn—New Jersey

LONG-STETSON Style Booklet on Request

Monroe Clothes
"New York *Styles* America" — Monroe *Clothes* New York"

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Back

No Charge for Alterations

STYLE *and* QUALITY *at a* PRICE!

Men's and Young Men's All-Wool Ulsters, Ulsterettes and Leather-Lined Storm Coats

Now $27. worth up to $60

Men's and Young Men's All-Wool Two-Pants Suits

OF THE FINEST TEXTURES—INCLUDING STRONG-HEWAT'S VIRGIN WOOL FABRICS.

Now $27. worth up to $60

We know that when you see these OVERCOATS and TWO-PANTS SUITS at $27 you will fully realize that MONROE CLOTHES Save you from $20 to $30.

FULL DRESS SUITS $40 TUXEDO SUITS
Worth $65 and $75

Come up to-day and see Monroe Clothes—you'll not be urged to Buy—you'll want to.

—Open to-night until 10—

MANHATTAN
42nd Street cor. B'way
50 E. 42nd " " Madison
Nassau " " Frankfort
5 Cortlandt " " B'way
14th St. opp. Acad. Music
34th Street, cor. Broadway
46th Street & Broadway
59th " at Col. Circle
125th " cor. 7th Ave.
181st " cor. St.Nich's Av.

BRONX
Bergen Ave. at 149th St.
BROOKLYN
413 Fulton Street
587 Fulton at Flatbush
NEWARK—151 Market Street
JERSEY CITY—Newark Av. & Bay
PATERSON—220 Main Street
YONKERS—Getty Square
PHILADELPHIA—10th and Market Streets
ALBANY, N.Y.—Corner N. Pearl and State Sts.
SCRANTON—Lackawanna Ave.
BALTIMORE—Cor. Light and Balto. Sts.

JUMP IN—IT'S YOUR GREAT BIG OPPORTUNITY—NOTHING IN NEW YORK CAN EQUAL THESE VALUES—FINE HAND-TAILORED, CUSTOM-MADE, READY-TO-WEAR GARMENTS.

For $25 Every lightweight suit in stock. Broken sizes.
For $32 Every $50, $55, $60 and $62 suit or overcoat. Every size.
For $42 Every $65, $70, $75, $80 and $90 suit or overcoat, including ulsters. Every size.

Only at B'way & 9th St. and B'way & 51st St.

Arnheim

Our Entire Stock of
Hart Schaffner & Marx Winter Suits—Reduced

This Sale includes all our Blue, Black, Gray and Fancy suits. Astonishing savings at $37.50, $43.50, $49.50, $57.50, $67.50, $77.50.

Fine Overcoats
$50
made to sell at $85, $80, $75

We are leading the fight for good clothes at lower prices with these beautiful Hart Schaffner & Marx Overcoats at $50.

Full Dress or Tuxedo
(coat and trousers)
$58
made to sell at $85 and $75

The saving is doubly important because these Hart Schaffner & Marx Dress Clothes are perfect in every essential detail that constitutes the making of correct Dress Clothes.

Carr's & Brooke's Melton Overcoats
$85
formerly $115

Blues, Oxfords, Browns; Satin de Chene lined; mostly smart double breasters; tailored by Hart Schaffner & Marx in a manner befitting such distinguished fabrics.

Ladies' Overcoats
only at Broadway, cor. 29th
$49.50
made to retail at $85 and $75

Tailored with the same scrupulous care that characterizes our Hart Schaffner & Marx Men's Clothes; guaranteed—satisfaction or money back.

Boys' Suits and Overcoats in a SALE
(sizes: 8 to 19)

Our stylish Hart Schaffner & Marx Boys' clothes are now drastically reduced: Suits, $14.50, $18.50, $23.50, $29.50. Overcoats, $17.50 to $32.50.

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below [illegible]bers Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th 3d Ave., cor. 122d

What Bolsheviki Are Doing

H. G. Wells, in the fourth article of his series, tells about "Creative Effort in Russia."

The New York Times
TOMORROW